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In [1]: from sklearn import tree
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix
from sklearn import datasets
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from statistics import mean
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

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In [2]: # INPUT_FILENAME      The name of the file that contains the data (CSV format)
# TRAINING_PART             The amount of data used to train the model
#                           (0.5=50% of observations for training; 50% for validation)
# MINIMUMSPLIT              Controls the number of observations in each node
# MAX_DEPTH                 Controls the number of nodes in the tree
# OUTPUT_COLUMN             The name of the column we'd like to predict
INPUT_FILENAME              = "titanic.csv"
TRAINING_PART               = 0.6
MAX_DEPTH                   = 4
MINIMUMSPLIT                = 63
OUTPUT_COLUMN               = 'Survived'
```

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In [3]: #turning csv file to pandas dataframe & separating features and the label
df = pd.read_csv(INPUT_FILENAME)
df = df.dropna(axis=0, how='any')

features = df.drop(columns = ['PassengerId', OUTPUT_COLUMN])
target = df[OUTPUT_COLUMN]
print(features)
```

	Male	Age	Fare
0	1	80.00	30.00
1	1	74.00	7.78
2	1	71.00	34.65
3	1	71.00	49.50
4	1	70.50	7.75
..	...	...	...
709	1	0.83	18.75
710	0	0.75	19.26
711	0	0.75	19.26
712	1	0.67	14.50
713	1	0.42	8.52

[714 rows x 3 columns]

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In [4]: #getting the dummy values of the dataframe
dummyFeatures = pd.get_dummies(features)
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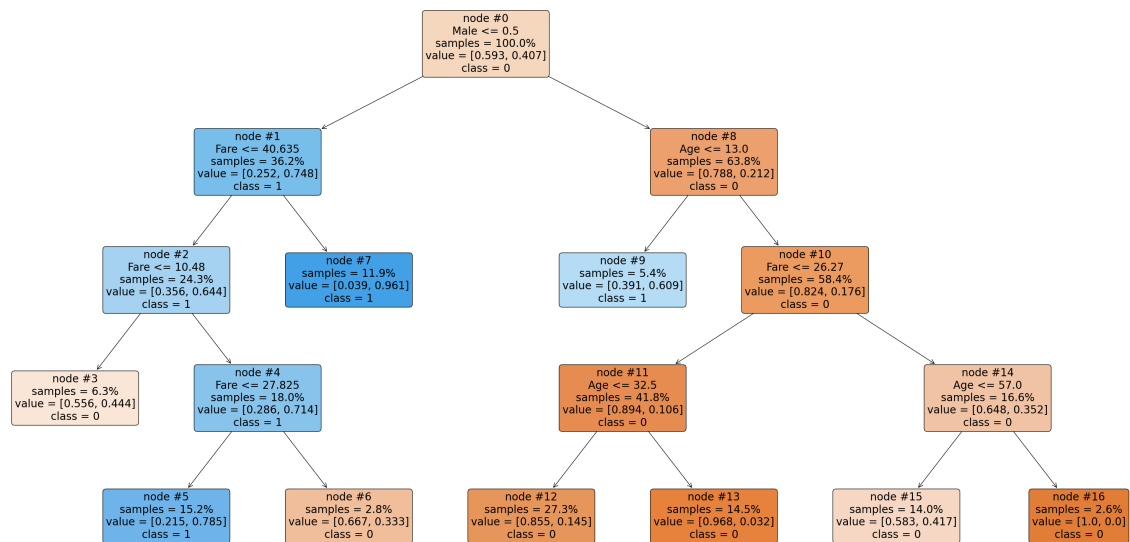
```
In [5]: #splitting the dataset into a training and testing set
xTrain,xTest,yTrain,yTest = train_test_split(dummyFeatures, target, train_size

#setting parameters for decision tree
dTree = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth = MAX_DEPTH, min_samples_split = MINIM

#fitting the tree to the training model
dTree.fit(xTrain, yTrain)

featureNames = list(dummyFeatures.columns)

fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (40,20))
tree.plot_tree(dTree, node_ids = True, proportion = True, impurity = False, for
plt.show()
```



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In [6]: #Getting predictions based on training and test sets
yTrainPred = dTree.predict(xTrain)
yTestPred = dTree.predict(xTest)

#evaluating the accuracy of each
trainAccuracy = accuracy_score(yTrainPred, yTrain)
testAccuracy = accuracy_score(yTestPred, yTest)
print(trainAccuracy, testAccuracy)
```

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0.8014018691588785 0.7657342657342657
```

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In [7]: # Generating Confusion Matrices for the training set:
predicted = yTrainPred
observed = yTrain
confusionMatrix = confusion_matrix(observed, predicted)

print(confusionMatrix)
```

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[[229 25]
 [ 60 114]]
```

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In [8]: # Generating Confusion Matrices for the validation set:
predictedVal = yTestPred
observedVal = yTest
confusionMatrixVal = confusion_matrix(observedVal, predictedVal)

print(confusionMatrixVal)
```

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[[150  20]
 [ 47  69]]
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In [9]: # Correct Classification Rate:
# Check whether there is a match between each predicted value (in pred) and the
predRateTraining = mean(yTrainPred == yTrain)
predRateValidation = mean(yTestPred == yTest)
trainingPercentage = "{:.2%}".format(predRateTraining)
validationPercentage = "{:.2%}".format(predRateValidation)
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print("The correct classification rate based on the training set is " + trainingPercentage)
print("The correct classification rate based on the validation set is " + validationPercentage)
```

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The correct classification rate based on the training set is 80.14%
The correct classification rate based on the validation set is 76.57%
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