# Information Architecture & Navigation

Guidelines for User Experience MIS3506 Fall 2025



#### What is a menu?



A navigational design element that provides users with a structured overview of the information and functionalities available within a website or application.



A temporary, interactive surface displaying a list of options that allows users to navigate a digital product or perform actions. It's a fundamental navigation pattern, crucial for organizing content and enhancing usability by providing a structured and accessible way for users to make choices and find information within an app or website

#### What is Menu Design?

The creation of structured, intuitive navigational elements (like top bars, sidebars, or dropdowns) that allow users to easily find information and functions within a digital product. Effective menu design prioritizes clarity, scannability, consistency, and mobile-friendliness to provide an efficient and satisfying user experience, helping users understand and navigate content

Where is the first place you look for a menu?

#### Why is Menu Design Important?

People rely on menus to discover and find content and features on your digital product 2

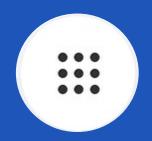
Menus help users understand the content structure and mapping between pages

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Menus help Conserve screen space by organizing numerous options until the user needs them

#### Common Menu Types

 Bento Menu: Grid-based navigation



 Kebab Menu: Three dots, popular on mobile interfaces



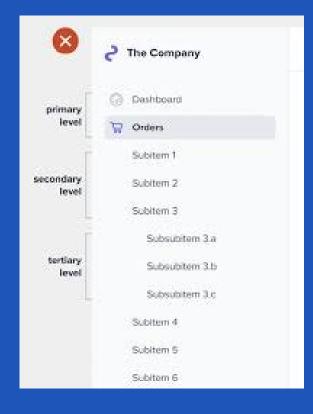
 Burger Menu: Three horizontal lines, universal mobile standard



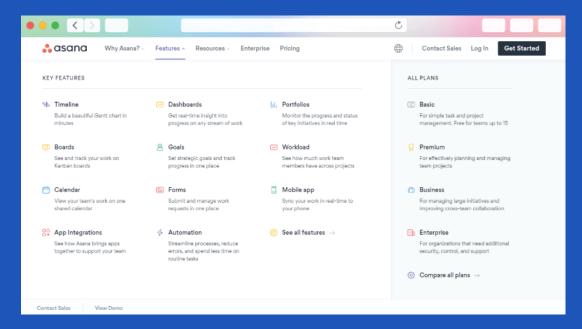
#### Common Menu Types

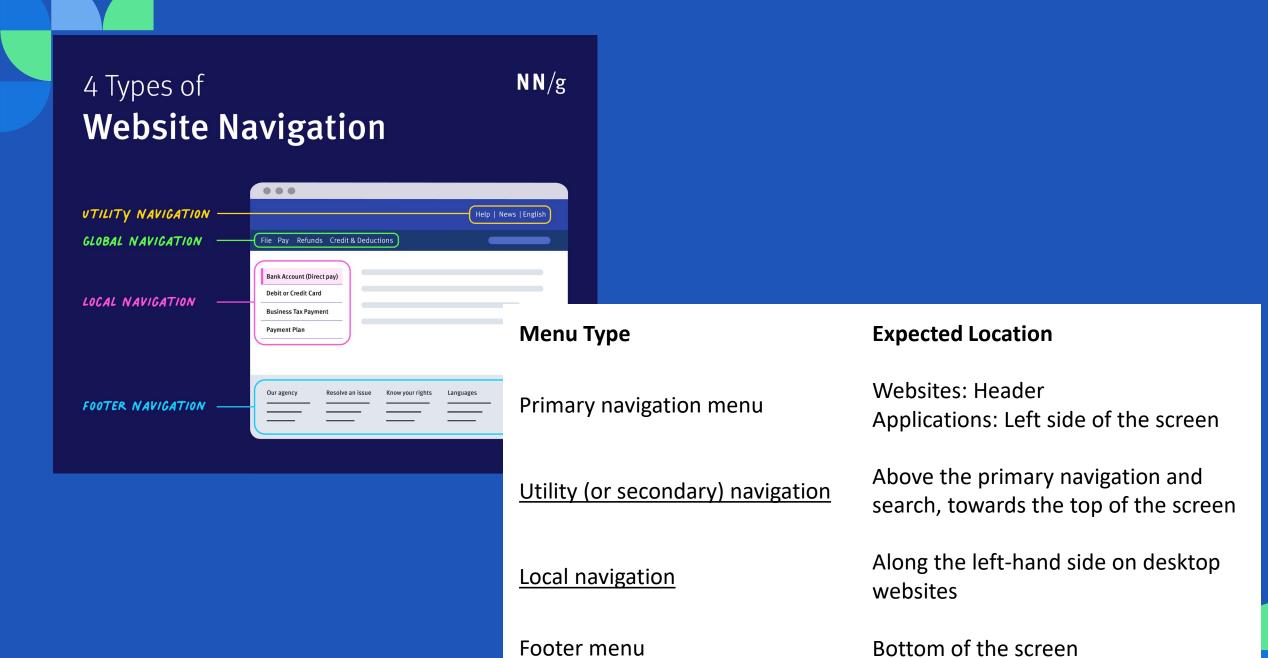
 Multilevel Menu: Complex hierarchies for content-rich

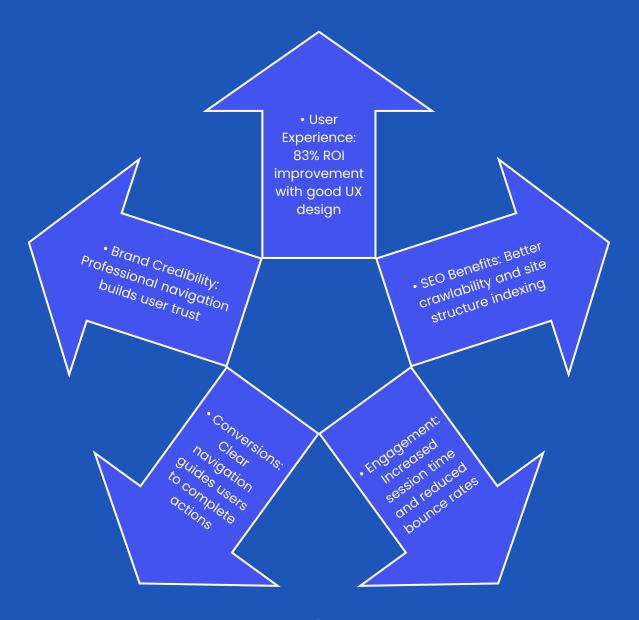
sites



 Mega Menu: Hoveractivated custom blocks with previews







**Business Impact of Good Menu Design** 

## Guideline 1: Make Menus/Navigation Visible

- Ensure menus are immediately visible upon page load
- Avoid hidden or hard-to-find navigation elements (hidden menus make navigation tricky!)
- Use top navigation bars, multilevel menus, or mega menus
- Hidden menus increase touchpoints and user frustration
- Visibility prevents user drop-offs and abandonment

#### Guideline 2: Reduce Cognitive Load

- Structure information to minimize mental effort required
- Use subcategories and multilevel organization for complex sites
- Prioritize content hierarchy over arbitrary item limits
- The "7-item rule" is a misconception for digital menus
- Focus on logical grouping rather than strict number limits

#### Guideline 3: Use Familiar Icons and Labels

- Follow Jakob Nielsen's usability heuristics
- Use universally recognized icons and terminology
- Match system language with real-world conventions
- Avoid confusing or creative labeling that requires explanation
- Enable users to navigate without assistance or learning curve

#### Guideline 4: Optimize for Mobile

- 96.2% of users access web through mobile devices
- Implement responsive design for smaller screens
- Use burger menus or bento menus for mobile interfaces
- Follow native app guidelines for iOS and Android
- Ensure touch-friendly sizing and spacing

#### Guideline 5: Follow Platform Guidelines

Guidelines provide structure, accessibility, and development standards. Use as starting point, not strict rules.

- Android: Material Design guidelines for consistency
- iOS: Apple Human Interface Guidelines for native feel
- Web: WCAG (Web Content Accessibility Guidelines)

#### Guideline 6: Design for Accessibility

- 16% of global population has some form of disability
- Use simple, clear language for menu labels
- Implement high-contrast colors and scalable fonts
- Include icons for faster recognition
- Add voice command features where possible
- Test with users who have disabilities

#### Guideline 7: Conduct User Testing

- Test menu designs with target audience in controlled environment
- Validate usability before full implementation
- Use remote testing platforms for broader reach
- Gather feedback on navigation flow and findability
- Iterate based on real user behavior and feedback

#### Guideline 8: Maintain Consistency

- Keep menu placement consistent across all pages
- Use single menu design pattern throughout site
- Maintain consistent labeling and terminology
- Follow brand guidelines for visual consistency
- Inconsistency leads to user confusion and distrust

#### Guideline 9: Prioritize Localization

- Adapt menu design for specific regional preferences
- Consider RTL (Right-to-Left) layouts for Middle Eastern markets
- Use local language and cultural conventions
- Research regional digital interface patterns
- Localization improves user comfort and adoption

#### Guideline 10: Conduct Regular Audits

- Regularly review menu performance and usability
- Check compliance with accessibility standards
- Monitor user behavior and navigation patterns
- Update based on changing user needs and technology
- Continuous improvement ensures long-term success

#### Key Takeaways

- Visible, well-structured menus are essential for user success
- Mobile optimization is critical with 96%+ mobile usage
- Accessibility and inclusion should be design priorities
- Regular testing and auditing ensure continued effectiveness
- Good menu design directly impacts business metrics and ROI

### Tree Testing

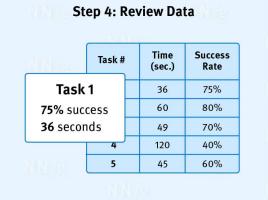
 An evaluation of hierarchical category structure (menu) by having users find locations in the tree where specific resources or features can be found

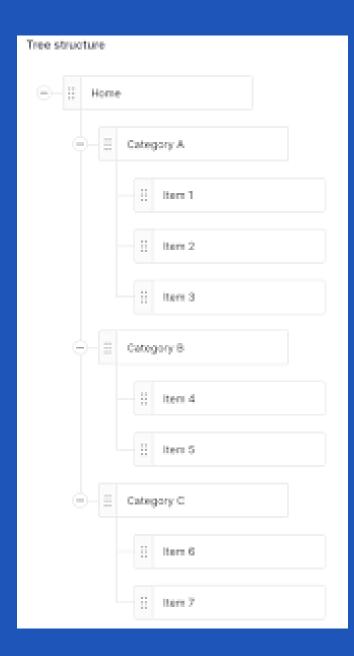
#### **Tree Testing Process**

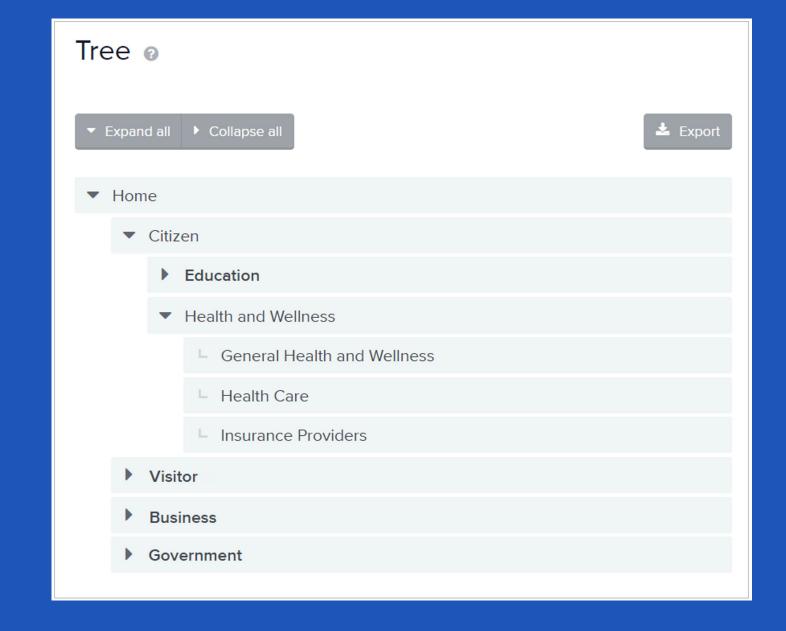












#### **Tree Testing**

Provides a quick way to evaluate and test your menu labels and categories



Helps you to design a menu that will make sense to the user

Tied to business metrics