

COBIT

Enabling Processes



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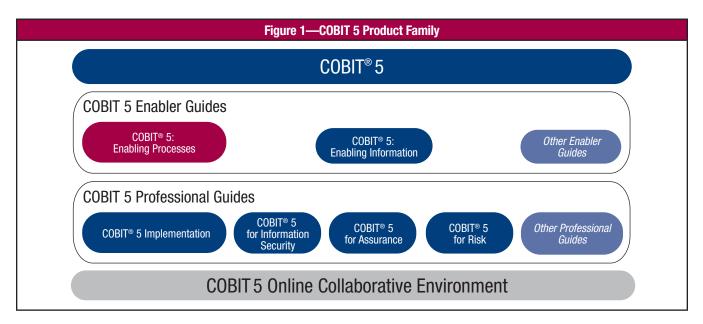
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Chapter 1 Introduction

COBIT 5: Enabling Processes complements COBIT 5 (figure 1). This publication contains a detailed reference guide to the processes that are defined in the COBIT 5 process reference model.



The COBIT 5 framework is built on five basic principles, which are covered in detail, and includes extensive guidance on enablers for governance and management of enterprise IT.

The COBIT 5 product family includes the following products:

- COBIT 5 (the framework)
- COBIT 5 enabler guides, in which governance and management enablers are discussed in detail. These include:
- COBIT 5: Enabling Processes
- COBIT 5: Enabling Information
- Other enabler guides (check www.isaca.org/cobit)
- COBIT 5 professional guides, which include:
- COBIT 5 Implementation
- COBIT 5 for Information Security
- COBIT 5 for Assurance
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- Other professional guides (check www.isaca.org/cobit)
- A collaborative online environment, which will be available to support the use of COBIT 5

This publication is structured as follows:

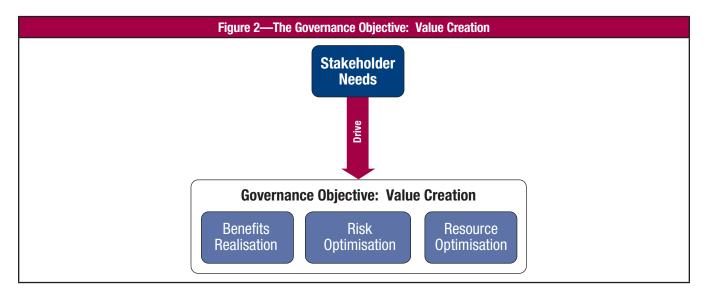
- In chapter 2, the COBIT 5 goals cascade—also explained in the COBIT 5 framework—is recapitulated and complemented with a set of example metrics for enterprise goals and IT-related goals.
- In chapter 3, the COBIT 5 process model is explained and its components defined. This chapter explains what information is included in the detailed process information section. The COBIT 5 process model includes 37 governance and management processes; this set of processes is the successor to the COBIT 4.1, Val IT and Risk IT processes, and includes all processes required for end-to-end treatment of governance and management of enterprise IT.
- Chapter 4 shows the diagram of the process reference model, which was developed based on good practices, standards and the opinion of experts. It is important to understand that the model and its contents are generic and not prescriptive, and it has to be adapted to suit the enterprise. Also, the guidance defines practices and activities at a relatively high level and does not describe how the process procedure is to be defined.
- Chapter 5—the main section in this publication—contains the detailed process information for all 37 COBIT 5 processes in the process reference model.
- A number of appendices are also included:
- Appendix A contains a mapping between the COBIT 4.1, Val IT 2.0 and Risk IT processes (and their control objectives or management practices) and their COBIT 5 equivalents.

 Appendices B and C contain the mapping tables from the goals cascade, i.e., mapping enterprise goals to IT-related goals and IT-related goals to processes.

Chapter 2 The Goals Cascade and Metrics for Enterprise Goals and IT-related Goals

COBIT 5 Goals Cascade

Enterprises exist to create value for their stakeholders. Consequently, any enterprise—commercial or not—will have value creation as a governance objective. Value creation means realising benefits at an optimal resource cost while optimising risk. (See **figure 2**.) Benefits can take many forms, e.g., financial for commercial enterprises or public service for government entities.



Enterprises have many stakeholders, and 'creating value' means different—and sometimes conflicting—things to each of them. Governance is about negotiating and deciding amongst different stakeholders' value interests. By consequence, the governance system should consider all stakeholders when making benefit, risk and resource assessment decisions. For each decision, the following questions can and should be asked: For whom are the benefits? Who bears the risk? What resources are required?

Stakeholder needs have to be transformed into an enterprise's actionable strategy. The COBIT 5 goals cascade is the mechanism to translate stakeholder needs into specific, actionable and customised enterprise goals, IT-related goals and enabler goals. This translation allows setting specific goals at every level and in every area of the enterprise in support of the overall goals and stakeholder requirements.

The COBIT 5 goals cascade is shown in **figure 3**.

Step 1. Stakeholder Drivers Influence Stakeholder Needs

Stakeholder needs are influenced by a number of drivers, e.g., strategy changes, a changing business and regulatory environment, and new technologies.

Step 2. Stakeholder Needs Cascade to Enterprise Goals

Stakeholder needs can be related to a set of generic enterprise goals. These enterprise goals have been developed using the balanced scorecard (BSC)¹ dimensions, and they represent a list of commonly used goals that an enterprise may define for itself. Although this list is not exhaustive, most enterprise-specific goals can be mapped easily onto one or more of the generic enterprise goals.

COBIT 5 defines 17 generic goals, as shown in figure 4, which includes the following information:

- The BSC dimension under which the enterprise goal fits
- Enterprise goals
- The relationship to the three main governance objectives—benefits realisation, risk optimisation and resource optimisation. ('P' stands for primary relationship and 'S' for secondary relationship, i.e., a less strong relationship.)

¹ Kaplan, Robert S.; David P. Norton; The Balanced Scorecard: Translating Strategy into Action, Harvard University Press, USA, 1996

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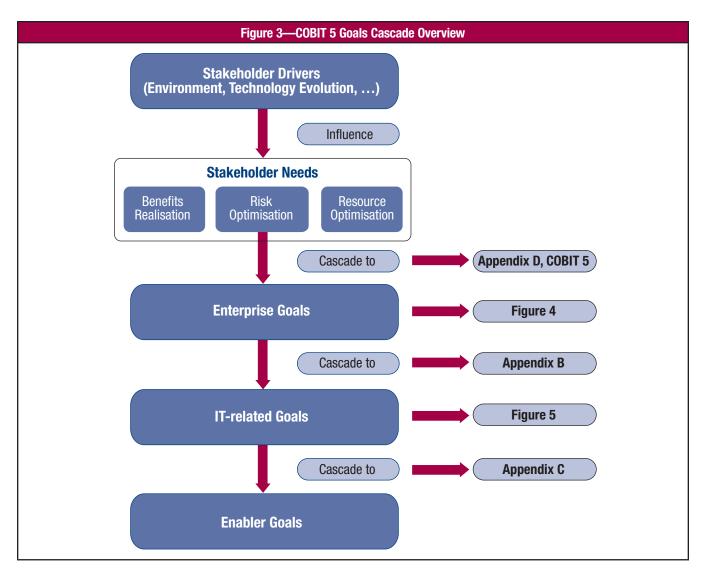


	Figure 4—COBIT 5 Enterprise Goals										
		Relation to Governance Objectives									
BSC Dimension	Enterprise Goal	Benefits Realisation	Risk Optimisation	Resource Optimisation							
Financial	1. Stakeholder value of business investments	Р		S							
	2. Portfolio of competitive products and services	Р	Р	S							
	3. Managed business risk (safeguarding of assets)		Р	S							
	4. Compliance with external laws and regulations		Р								
	5. Financial transparency	Р	S	S							
Customer	6. Customer-oriented service culture	Р		S							
	7. Business service continuity and availability		Р								
	8. Agile responses to a changing business environment	Р		S							
	9. Information-based strategic decision making	Р	Р	Р							
	10. Optimisation of service delivery costs	Р		Р							
Internal	11. Optimisation of business process functionality	Р		Р							
	12. Optimisation of business process costs	Р		Р							
	13. Managed business change programmes	Р	Р	S							
	14. Operational and staff productivity	Р		Р							
	15. Compliance with internal policies		Р								
Learning and Growth	16. Skilled and motivated people	S	Р	Р							
	17. Product and business innovation culture	Р									

Step 3. Enterprise Goals Cascade to IT-related Goals

Achievement of enterprise goals requires a number of IT-related outcomes,² which are represented by the IT-related goals. IT-related stands for information and related technology, and the IT-related goals are structured along the dimensions of the IT balanced scorecard (IT BSC). COBIT 5 defines 17 IT-related goals, listed in **figure 5**.

Figure 5—IT-related Goals								
IT BSC Dimension		Information and Related Technology Goal						
Financial	01	Alignment of IT and business strategy						
	02	IT compliance and support for business compliance with external laws and regulations						
	03	Commitment of executive management for making IT-related decisions						
	04	Managed IT-related business risk						
	05	Realised benefits from IT-enabled investments and services portfolio						
	06	Transparency of IT costs, benefits and risk						
Customer	07	Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements						
	08	Adequate use of applications, information and technology solutions						
Internal	09	IT agility						
	10	Security of information, processing infrastructure and applications						
	11	Optimisation of IT assets, resources and capabilities						
	12	Enablement and support of business processes by integrating applications and technology into business processes						
	13	Delivery of programmes delivering benefits, on time, on budget, and meeting requirements and quality standards						
	14	Availability of reliable and useful information for decision making						
	15	IT compliance with internal policies						
Learning and Growth	16	Competent and motivated business and IT personnel						
	17	Knowledge, expertise and initiatives for business innovation						

The mapping table between IT-related goals and enterprise goals is included in appendix B, and it shows how each enterprise goal is supported by a number of IT-related goals.

Step 4. IT-related Goals Cascade to Enabler Goals

Achieving IT-related goals requires the successful application and use of a number of enablers. Enablers include:

- Principles, policies and frameworks
- Processes
- Organisational structures
- Culture, ethics and behaviour
- Information
- Services, infrastructure and applications
- People, skills and competencies

For each enabler a set of specific, relevant goals can be defined in support of the IT-related goals. In this document, process goals are provided in the detailed process descriptions. Processes are one of the enablers, and appendix C contains a mapping between IT-related goals and COBIT 5 processes.

Using the COBIT 5 Goals Cascade

Benefits of the COBIT 5 Goals Cascade

The goals cascade³ is important, because it allows the definition of priorities for implementation, improvement and assurance of governance of enterprise IT based on (strategic) objectives of the enterprise and the related risk. In practice, the goals cascade:

- Defines relevant and tangible goals and objectives at various levels of responsibility
- Filters the knowledge base of COBIT 5, based on enterprise goals, to extract relevant guidance for inclusion in specific implementation, improvement or assurance projects
- Clearly identifies and communicates how (sometimes very operational) enablers are important to achieve enterprise goals

² IT-related outcomes obviously are not the only intermediate benefit required to achieve enterprise goals. All other functional areas in an organisation, such as finance and marketing, also contribute to the achievement of enterprise goals, but within the context of COBIT 5 only IT-related activities and goals are considered.

³ The goals cascade is based on research performed by the University of Antwerp Management School IT Alignment and Governance Institute in Belgium.

Using the COBIT 5 Goals Cascade Carefully

The goals cascade—with its mapping tables between enterprise goals and IT-related goals and between IT-related goals and COBIT 5 enablers (including processes)—does not contain the universal truth, and users should not attempt to use it in a purely mechanistic way, but rather as a guideline. There are various reasons for this, including:

- Every enterprise has different priorities in its goals, and priorities may change over time.
- The mapping tables do not distinguish between size and/or industry of the enterprise. They represent a sort of common denominator of how, in general, the different levels of goals are interrelated.
- The indicators used in the mapping use two levels of importance or relevance, suggesting that there are 'discrete' levels of relevance, whereas, in reality, the mapping will be close to a continuum of various degrees of correspondence.

Using the COBIT 5 Goals Cascade in Practice

From the previous disclaimer, it is obvious that the first step an enterprise should always apply when using the goals cascade is to customise the mapping, taking into account its specific situation. In other words, each enterprise should build its own goals cascade, compare it with COBIT and then refine it.

For example, the enterprise may wish to:

- Translate the strategic priorities into a specific 'weight' or importance for each of the enterprise goals.
- Validate the mappings of the goals cascade, taking into account its specific environment, industry, etc.

Metrics

The following pages contain the enterprise goals and IT-related goals, with sample metrics that can be used to measure the achievement of each goal. These metrics are samples, and every enterprise should carefully review the list, decide on relevant and achievable metrics for its own environment, and design its own scorecard system. In addition to the metrics below, process goals and metrics are contained in the detailed process descriptions.

Enterprise Goal Metrics

Figure 6 contains all enterprise goals as identified in the framework publication, with sample metrics for each.

		Figure 6—Enterprise Goal Sample Metrics
BSC Dimension	Enterprise Goal	Metric
Financial	1. Stakeholder value of business investments	 Percent of investments where value delivered meets stakeholder expectations Percent of products and services where expected benefits are realised Percent of investments where claimed benefits are met or exceeded
	2. Portfolio of competitive products and services	 Percent of products and services that meet or exceed targets in revenues and/or market share Ratio of products and services per life cycle phase Percent of products and services that meet or exceed customer satisfaction targets Percent of products and services that provide competitive advantage
	3. Managed business risk (safeguarding of assets)	 Percent of critical business objectives and services covered by risk assessment Ratio of significant incidents that were not identified in risk assessments vs. total incidents Frequency of update of risk profile
	4. Compliance with external laws and regulations	 Cost of regulatory non-compliance, including settlements and fines Number of regulatory non-compliance issues causing public comment or negative publicity Number of regulatory non-compliance issues relating to contractual agreements with business partners
	5. Financial transparency	 Percent of investment business cases with clearly defined and approved expected costs and benefits Percent of products and services with defined and approved operational costs and expected benefits Satisfaction survey of key stakeholders regarding the transparency, understanding and accuracy of enterprise financial information Percent of service cost that can be allocated to users

Chapter 2. The Goals Cascade and Metrics for Enterprise Goals and IT-related Goals

		Figure 6—Enterprise Goal Sample Metrics <i>(cont.)</i>
BSC Dimension	Enterprise Goal	Metric
Customer	6. Customer-oriented service culture	 Number of customer service disruptions due to IT service-related incidents (reliability) Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that customer service delivery meets agreed-on levels Number of customer complaints Trend of customer satisfaction survey results
	7. Business service continuity and availability	 Number of customer service interruptions causing significant incidents Business cost of incidents Number of business processing hours lost due to unplanned service interruptions Percent of complaints as a function of committed service availability targets
	8. Agile responses to a changing business environment	 Level of board satisfaction with enterprise responsiveness to new requirements Number of critical products and services supported by up-to-date business processes Average time to turn strategic enterprise objectives into an agreed-on and approved initiative
	9. Information-based strategic decision making	 Degree of board and executive management satisfaction with decision making Number of incidents caused by incorrect business decisions based on inaccurate information Time to provide supporting information to enable effective business decisions
	10. Optimisation of service delivery costs	 Frequency of service delivery cost optimisation assessments Trend of cost assessment vs. service level results Satisfaction levels of board and executive management with service delivery costs
Internal	11. Optimisation of business process functionality	 Frequency of business process capability maturity assessments Trend of assessment results Satisfaction levels of board and executives with business process capabilities
	12. Optimisation of business process costs	 Frequency of business process cost optimisation assessments Trend of cost assessment vs. service level results Satisfaction levels of board and executive management with business processing costs
	13. Managed business change programmes	 Number of programmes on time and within budget Percent of stakeholders satisfied with programme delivery Level of awareness of business change induced by IT-enabled business initiatives
	14. Operational and staff productivity	 Number of programmes/projects on time and within budget Cost and staffing levels compared to benchmarks
	15. Compliance with internal policies	 Number of incidents related to non-compliance to policy Percent of stakeholders who understand policies Percent of policies supported by effective standards and working practices
Learning and Growth	16. Skilled and motivated people	 Level of stakeholder satisfaction with staff expertise and skills Percent of staff whose skills are insufficient for the competency required for their role Percent of satisfied staff
	17. Product and business innovation culture	 Level of awareness and understanding of business innovation opportunities Stakeholder satisfaction with levels of product and innovation expertise and ideas Number of approved product and service initiatives resulting from innovative ideas

IT-related Goal Metrics

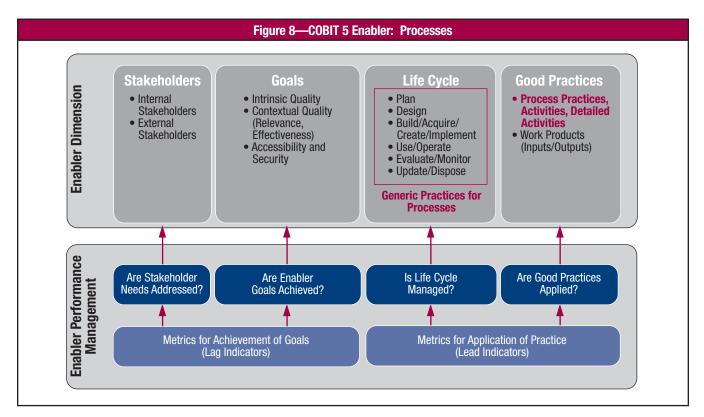
Figure 7 contains all IT-related goals as defined in the goals cascade and includes sample metrics for each goal.

		Figure 7—IT-related Goal Sample Metrics
BSC Dimension	IT-related Goal	Metric
Financial	01 Alignment of IT and business strategy	 Percent of enterprise strategic goals and requirements supported by IT strategic goals Level of stakeholder satisfaction with scope of the planned portfolio of programmes and services Percent of IT value drivers mapped to business value drivers
	02 IT compliance and support for business compliance with external laws and regulations	 Cost of IT non-compliance, including settlements and fines, and the impact of reputational loss Number of IT-related non-compliance issues reported to the board or causing public comment or embarrassment Number of non-compliance issues relating to contractual agreements with IT service providers Coverage of compliance assessments
	03 Commitment of executive management for making IT-related decisions	 Percent of executive management roles with clearly defined accountabilities for IT decisions Number of times IT is on the board agenda in a proactive manner Frequency of IT strategy (executive) committee meetings Rate of execution of executive IT-related decisions

		Figure 7—IT-related Goal Sample Metrics <i>(cont.)</i>
BSC Dimension	IT-related Goal	Metric
Financial <i>(cont.)</i>	04 Managed IT-related business risk	 Percent of critical business processes, IT services and IT-enabled business programmes covered by risk assessment Number of significant IT-related incidents that were not identified in risk assessment Percent of enterprise risk assessments including IT-related risk Frequency of update of risk profile
	05 Realised benefits from IT-enabled investments and services portfolio	 Percent of IT-enabled investments where benefit realisation is monitored through the full economic life cycle Percent of IT services where expected benefits are realised Percent of IT-enabled investments where claimed benefits are met or exceeded
	06 Transparency of IT costs, benefits and risk	 Percent of investment business cases with clearly defined and approved expected IT-related costs and benefits Percent of IT services with clearly defined and approved operational costs and expected benefits Satisfaction survey of key stakeholders regarding the level of transparency, understanding and accuracy of IT financial information
Customer	07 Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery
	08 Adequate use of applications, information and technology solutions	 Percent of business process owners satisfied with supporting IT products and services Level of business user understanding of how technology solutions support their processes Satisfaction level of business users with training and user manuals Net present value (NPV) showing business satisfaction level of the quality and usefulness of the technology solutions
Internal	09 IT agility	 Level of satisfaction of business executives with IT's responsiveness to new requirements Number of critical business processes supported by up-to-date infrastructure and applications Average time to turn strategic IT objectives into an agreed-on and approved initiative
	10 Security of information, processing infrastructure and applications	 Number of security incidents causing financial loss, business disruption or public embarrassment Number of IT services with outstanding security requirements Time to grant, change and remove access privileges, compared to agreed-on service levels Frequency of security assessment against latest standards and guidelines
	11 Optimisation of IT assets, resources and capabilities	 Frequency of capability maturity and cost optimisation assessments Trend of assessment results Satisfaction levels of business and IT executives with IT-related costs and capabilities
	12 Enablement and support of business processes by integrating applications and technology into business processes	 Number of business processing incidents caused by technology integration errors Number of business process changes that need to be delayed or reworked because of technology integration issues Number of IT-enabled business programmes delayed or incurring additional cost due to technology integration issues Number of applications or critical infrastructures operating in silos and not integrated
	13 Delivery of programmes delivering benefits, on time, on budget, and meeting requirements and quality standards	 Number of programmes/projects on time and within budget Percent of stakeholders satisfied with programme/project quality Number of programmes needing significant rework due to quality defects Cost of application maintenance vs. overall IT cost
	14 Availability of reliable and useful information for decision making	 Level of business user satisfaction with quality and timeliness (or availability) of management information Number of business process incidents caused by non-availability of information Ratio and extent of erroneous business decisions where erroneous or unavailable information was a key factor
	15 IT compliance with internal policies	 Number of incidents related to non-compliance to policy Percent of stakeholders who understand policies Percent of policies supported by effective standards and working practices Frequency of policies review and update
Learning and Growth	16 Competent and motivated business and IT personnel	 Percent of staff whose IT-related skills are sufficient for the competency required for their role Percent of staff satisfied with their IT-related roles Number of learning/training hours per staff member
	17 Knowledge, expertise and initiatives for business innovation	 Level of business executive awareness and understanding of IT innovation possibilities Level of stakeholder satisfaction with levels of IT innovation expertise and ideas Number of approved initiatives resulting from innovative IT ideas

Chapter 3 The COBIT 5 Process Model

Processes are one of the seven enabler categories for governance and management of enterprise IT, as explained in COBIT 5, chapter 5. The specifics for the processes enabler compared to the generic enabler description are shown in **figure 8**.



A process is defined as 'a collection of practices influenced by the enterprise's policies and procedures that takes inputs from a number of sources (including other processes), manipulates the inputs and produces outputs (e.g., products, services)'.

The process model shows:

- Stakeholders—Processes have internal and external stakeholders, with their own roles; stakeholders and their responsibility levels are documented in charts that show who is responsible, accountable, consulted or informed (RACI). External stakeholders include customers, business partners, shareholders and regulators. Internal stakeholders include board, management, staff and volunteers.
- **Goals**—Process goals are defined as 'a statement describing the desired outcome of a process. An outcome can be an artefact, a significant change of a state or a significant capability improvement of other processes'. They are part of the goals cascade, i.e., process goals support IT-related goals, which in turn support enterprise goals.

Process goals can be categorised as:

- Intrinsic goals—Does the process have intrinsic quality? Is it accurate and in line with good practice? Is it compliant with internal and external rules?
- **Contextual goals**—Is the process customised and adapted to the enterprise's specific situation? Is the process relevant, understandable, easy to apply?
- Accessibility and security goals—The process remains confidential, when required, and is known and accessible to those who need it.

At each level of the goals cascade, hence also for processes, metrics are defined to measure the extent to which goals are achieved. Metrics can be defined as 'a quantifiable entity that allows the measurement of the achievement of a process goal. Metrics should be SMART—specific, measurable, actionable, relevant and timely'.

To manage the enabler effectively and efficiently, metrics need to be defined to measure the extent to which the expected outcomes are achieved. In addition, a second aspect of performance management of the enabler describes the extent to which good practice is applied. Here also, associated metrics can be defined to help with the management of the enabler.

- Life cycle—Each process has a life cycle. It is defined, created, operated, monitored, and adjusted/updated or retired. Generic process practices such as those defined in the COBIT process assessment model based on ISO/IEC 15504 can assist with defining, running, monitoring and optimising processes.
- Good practices—*COBIT 5: Enabling Processes* contains a process reference model, in which process internal good practices are described in growing levels of detail: practices, activities and detailed activities.⁴ Practices:
- For each COBIT 5 process, the governance/management practices provide a complete set of high-level requirements for effective and practical governance and management of enterprise IT. They are:
 - Statements of actions to deliver benefits, optimise the level of risk and optimise the use of resources
 - Aligned with relevant generally accepted standards and good practices
 - Generic and therefore needing to be adapted for each enterprise
 - Covering business and IT role players in the process (end to end)

• The enterprise governance body and management need to make choices relative to these governance and management practices by:

- Selecting those that are applicable and deciding upon those that will be implemented
- Adding and/or adapting practices where required
- Defining and adding non-IT-related practices for integration in business processes
- Choosing how to implement them (frequency, span, automation, etc.)
- Accepting the risk of not implementing those that may apply

Activities-In COBIT the main actions to operate the process

- They are defined as 'guidance to achieve management practices for successful governance and management of enterprise IT'. The COBIT 5 activities provide the how, why and what to implement for each governance or management practice to improve IT performance and/or address IT solution and service delivery risk. This material is of use to:
 - Management, service providers, end users and IT professionals who need to plan, build, run or monitor (PBRM) enterprise IT
 - Assurance professionals who may be asked for their opinions regarding current or proposed implementations or necessary improvements
- A complete set of generic and specific activities that provide one approach consisting of all the steps that are necessary and sufficient for achieving the key governance practice (GP)/management practice (MP). They provide high-level guidance, at a level below the GP/MP, for assessing actual performance and for considering potential improvements. The activities:
 - Describe a set of necessary and sufficient action-oriented implementation steps to achieve a GP/MP
 - Consider the inputs and outputs of the process
 - Are based on generally accepted standards and good practices
 - Support establishment of clear roles and responsibilities

- Are non-prescriptive, and need to be adapted and developed into specific procedures appropriate for the enterprise **Detailed activities**—The activities may not be at a sufficient level of detail for implementation, and further guidance may need to be:

 Obtained from specific relevant standards and good practices such as Information Technology Infrastructure Library (ITIL), the International Organization for Standardization/International Electrotechnical Commission (ISO/IEC) 27000 series and PRojects IN Controlled Environments 2 (PRINCE2)

– Developed as more detailed or specific activities as additional developments in the COBIT 5 product family itself Inputs and outputs—The COBIT 5 inputs and outputs are the process work products/artefacts considered necessary to support operation of the process. They enable key decisions, provide a record and audit trail of process activities, and enable follow-up in the event of an incident. They are defined at the key governance/management practice level, may include some work products used only within the process, and are often essential inputs to other processes.⁵

External good practices can exist in any form or level of detail, and mostly refer to other standards and frameworks. Users can refer to these external good practices at all times, knowing that COBIT is aligned with these standards where relevant, and mapping information will be made available.

⁴ Only practices and activities are developed under the current project. The more detailed levels are subject to additional development(s), e.g., the various professional guides may provide more detailed guidance for their areas. Also, further guidance can be obtained through related standards and frameworks, as indicated in the detailed process descriptions.

⁵ The illustrative COBIT 5 inputs and outputs should not be regarded as an exhaustive list because additional information flows could be defined, depending on a particular enterprise's environment and process framework.

Enabler Performance Management

Enterprises expect positive outcomes from the application and use of enablers. To manage performance of the enablers, the following questions will have to be monitored and answered—based on metrics—on a regular basis:

- Are stakeholder needs addressed?
- Are enabler goals achieved?
- Is the enabler life cycle managed?
- Are good practices applied?

In the case of the process enabler, the first two bullets deal with the actual outcome of the process. The metrics used to measure the extent to which the goals are achieved can be called 'lag indicators'. In *COBIT 5: Enabling Processes*, a number of metrics are defined per process goal.

The last two bullets deal with the actual functioning of the enabler itself, and metrics for this can be called 'lead indicators'.

Process capability level—COBIT 5 includes an ISO/IEC 15504-based process capability assessment scheme. This is discussed in chapter 8 of COBIT 5 and further guidance is available from separate ISACA publications. In brief, the process capability level measures both achievement of goals and application of good practice.

Relationships with other enablers—Links between processes and the other enabler categories exist through the following relationships:

- Processes need information (as one of the types of inputs) and can produce information (as a work product).
- Processes need organisational structures and roles to operate, as expressed through the RACI charts, e.g., IT steering committee, enterprise risk committee, board, audit, chief information officer (CIO), chief executive officer (CEO).
- Processes produce, and also require, service capabilities (infrastructure, applications, etc.).
- Processes can, and will, depend on other processes.
- Processes produce, or need, policies and procedures to ensure consistent implementation and execution.
- Cultural and behavioural aspects determine how well processes are executed.

Chapter 4 The COBIT 5 Process Reference Model

Governance and Management Processes

One of the guiding principles in COBIT is the distinction made between governance and management. In line with this principle, every enterprise would be expected to implement a number of governance processes and a number of management processes to provide comprehensive governance and management of enterprise IT.

When considering processes for governance and management in the context of the enterprise, the difference between types of processes lies within the objectives of the processes:

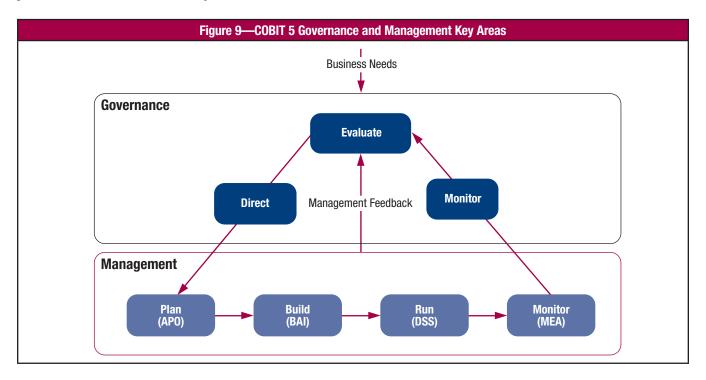
- **Governance processes**—Governance processes deal with the stakeholder governance objectives—value delivery, risk optimisation and resource optimisation—and include practices and activities aimed at evaluating strategic options, providing direction to IT and monitoring the outcome (Evaluate, direct and monitor [EDM]—in line with the ISO/IEC 38500 standard concepts).
- Management processes—In line with the definition of management (see COBIT 5, Executive Summary), practices and activities in management processes cover the responsibility areas of PBRM enterprise IT, and they have to provide end-to-end coverage of IT.

Although the outcome of both types of processes is different and intended for a different audience, internally, from the context of the process itself, all processes require 'planning', 'building or implementation', 'execution' and 'monitoring' activities within the process.

Model

COBIT 5 is not prescriptive, but from the previous text it is clear that it advocates that enterprises implement governance and management processes such that the key areas are covered, as shown in **figure 9**.

In theory, an enterprise can organise its processes as it sees fit, as long as the basic governance and management objectives are covered. Smaller enterprises may have fewer processes; larger and more complex enterprises may have many processes, all to cover the same objectives.



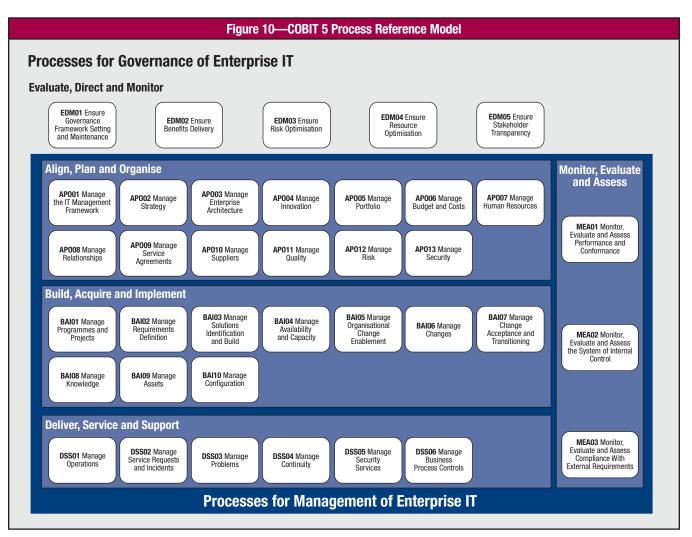
COBIT 5 includes a process reference model, defining and describing in detail a number of governance and management processes. It provides a process reference model that represents all of the processes normally found in an enterprise relating to IT activities, offering a common reference model understandable to operational IT and business managers. The proposed process model is a complete, comprehensive model, but it is not the only possible process model. Each enterprise must define its own process set, taking into account the specific situation.

Incorporating an operational model and a common language for all parts of the enterprise involved in IT activities is one of the most important and critical steps towards good governance. It also provides a framework for measuring and monitoring IT performance, communicating with service providers, and integrating best management practices.

The COBIT 5 process reference model subdivides the governance and management processes of enterprise IT into two main areas of activity—governance and management—divided into domains of processes:

- Governance—This domain contains five governance processes; within each process, EDM practices are defined.
- Management—These four domains are in line with the responsibility areas of PBRM (an evolution of the COBIT 4.1 domains), and they provide end-to-end coverage of IT. Each domain contains a number of processes, as in COBIT 4.1 and previous versions. Although, as described previously, most of the processes require 'planning', 'implementation', 'execution' and 'monitoring' activities within the process or within the specific issue being addressed—e.g., quality, security—they are placed in domains in line with what is generally the most relevant area of activity when regarding IT at the enterprise level.

The COBIT 5 process reference model is the successor of the COBIT 4.1 process model, with the Risk IT and Val IT process models integrated as well. **Figure 10** shows the complete set of 37 governance and management processes within COBIT 5.



Chapter 5 COBIT 5 Process Reference Guide Contents

This chapter describes the detailed process-related content for the COBIT 5 governance and management processes. For each process the following information is included, in line with the process model explained in the previous chapter:

- **Process identification**—On the first page:
 - Process label-The domain prefix (EDM, APO, BAI, DSS, MEA) and the process number
- Process name—A short description, indicating the main subject of the process
- Area of the process-Governance or management

- Domain name

- **Process description**—An overview of what the process does and a high-level overview of how the process accomplishes its purpose
- Process purpose statement—A description of the overall purpose of the process
- **Goals cascade information**—Reference and description of the IT-related goals that are primarily supported by the process,⁶ and metrics to measure the achievement of the IT-related goals
- Process goals and metrics—A set of process goals and a limited number of example metrics
- **RACI chart**—A suggested assignment of level of responsibility for process practices to different roles and structures. The enterprise roles listed are shaded darker than the IT roles. The different levels of involvement are:
- R(esponsible)—Who is getting the task done? This refers to the roles taking the main operational stake in fulfilling the activity listed and creating the intended outcome
- A(ccountable)—Who accounts for the success of the task? This assigns the overall accountability for getting the task done (Where does the buck stop?). Note that the role mentioned is the lowest appropriate level of accountability; there are, of course, higher levels that are accountable, too. To enable empowerment of the enterprise, accountability is broken down as far as possible. Accountability does not indicate that the role has no operational activities; it is very likely that the role gets involved in the task. As a principle, accountability cannot be shared.
- C(onsulted)—Who is providing input? These are key roles that provide input. Note that it is up to the accountable and responsible role(s) to obtain information from other units or external partners, too. However, inputs from the roles listed are to be considered and, if required, appropriate action has to be taken for escalation, including the information of the process owner and/or the steering committee.
- I(nformed)—Who is receiving information? These are roles who are informed of the achievements and/or deliverables of the task. The role in 'accountable', of course, should always receive appropriate information to oversee the task, as does the responsible roles for their area of interest.
- Detailed description of the process practices—For each practice:
- Practice title and description
- Practice inputs and outputs, with indication of origin and destination
- Process activities, further detailing the practices
- Related guidance-References to other standards and direction to additional guidance

Inputs and Outputs

The detailed process descriptions contain—at the level of the governance and management practices—inputs and outputs. In general, each output is sent to one or a limited number of destinations, typically another COBIT process practice. That output then becomes an input to its destination. However, there are a number of outputs that have many destinations, e.g., all COBIT processes, or all processes within a domain. For readability reasons, these outputs are NOT listed as inputs in these processes. A complete list of such outputs is included in **figure 11**.

For some inputs/outputs, the destination 'internal' is mentioned. This means that the input/output is between activities within the same process.

⁶ Only the IT-related goals with a 'P' in the mapping table between IT-related goals and processes (figure 17) are listed here.

	Figure 11—Outpu	ıts
	Outputs to all Proces	sses
From Practice	Output Description	Destination
AP013.02	Information security risk treatment plan	AII EDM; AII APO; AII BAI; AII DSS; AII MEA
	Outputs to all Governance	Processes
From Practice	Output Description	Destination
EDM01.01	Enterprise governance guiding principles	All EDM
EDM01.01	Decision-making model	All EDM
EDM01.01	Authority levels	All EDM
EDM01.02	Enterprise governance communications	All EDM
EDM01.03	Feedback on governance effectiveness and performance	All EDM
	Outputs to all Management	Processes
From Practice	Output Description	Destination
AP001.01	Communication ground rules	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
AP001.03	IT-related policies	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
AP001.04	Communication on IT objectives	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
AP001.07	Process improvement opportunities	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
AP002.06	Communication package	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
AP011.02	Quality management standards	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
AP011.04	Process quality of service goals and metrics	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
AP011.06	Communications on continual improvement and good practices	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
AP011.06	Examples of good practice to be shared	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
AP011.06	Quality review benchmark results	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
MEA01.02	Monitoring targets	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
MEA01.04	Performance reports	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
MEA01.05	Remedial actions and assignments	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
MEA02.01	Results of internal control monitoring and reviews	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
MEA02.01	Results of benchmarking and other evaluations	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
MEA02.03	Self-assessment plans and criteria	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
MEA02.03	Results of reviews of self-assessments	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
MEA02.04	Control deficiencies	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
MEA02.04	Remedial actions	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
MEA02.06	Assurance plans	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
MEA02.08	Refined scope	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
MEA02.08	Assurance review results	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
MEA02.08	Assurance review report	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea
MEA03.02	Communications of changed compliance requirements	Ali Apo; Ali Bai; Ali DSS; Ali Mea

Generic Guidance for Processes

The activities in the detailed process descriptions describe the functional purpose of the process—what the process is supposed to deliver. These will be different for every process, because every process has different process goals.

There is also guidance on how the process will be executed, i.e., generic guidance on how to build, execute, monitor and improve the process itself. This guidance is generic—identical for each process.

In COBIT 4.1, the process controls contained good practices that were not specific to any process, but were generic and applicable to all processes. The process controls were similar to some of the generic maturity attributes in the COBIT 4.1 maturity model.

In COBIT 5, an ISO/IEC 15504-compliant process capability assessment scheme is used. In this scheme, the capability attributes belonging to the higher process capability levels describe how better and more capable processes can be built, thus effectively replacing the COBIT 4.1 process controls.

This is important process-related guidance, and for that reason **figure 12** contains a high-level overview of both COBIT 4.1 process controls and their equivalent ISO/IEC 15504-based process capability attributes that are foundational to good processes.

	Figure 12—COBIT 4.1 Process Controls and Related ISO/IEC 15504 Process Capability Attributes										
	COBIT 4.1		Related ISO/IEC 15504 Process Capability Attributes								
PC1	Process Goals and Objectives	PA 2.1	Performance management attribute								
PC2	Process Ownership	PA 2.1	Performance management attribute								
PC3	Process Repeatability	PA 3.1	Process definition attribute								
PC4	Roles and Responsibilities	PA 2.1 PA 3.2	Performance management attribute Process deployment attribute								
PC5	Policy, Plans and Procedures	PA 2.1	Performance management attribute								
PC6	Process Performance Improvement	PA 2.1 PA 5.2	Performance management attribute Process optimization attribute								

EVALUATE, DIRECT AND MONITOR (EDM)

- **O1** Ensure governance framework setting and maintenance.
- **02** Ensure benefits delivery.
- **03** Ensure risk optimisation.
- **04** Ensure resource optimisation.
- **05** Ensure stakeholder transparency.

EDM01 Ensure Governance Framework Setting and Maintenance	Area: Governance Domain: Evaluate, Direct and Monitor							
Process Description Analyse and articulate the requirements for the governance of enterprise IT, processes and practices, with clarity of responsibilities and authority to achieve	and put in place and maintain effective enabling structures, principles, ve the enterprise's mission, goals and objectives.							
Process Purpose Statement Provide a consistent approach integrated and aligned with the enterprise gov with the enterprise's strategies and objectives, ensure that IT-related process regulatory requirements is confirmed, and the governance requirements for	ses are overseen effectively and transparently, compliance with legal and							
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	als:							
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics							
01 Alignment of IT and business strategy	 Percent of enterprise strategic goals and requirements supported by IT strategic goals Level of stakeholder satisfaction with scope of the planned portfolio of programmes and services Percent of IT value drivers mapped to business value drivers 							
03 Commitment of executive management for making IT-related decisions	 Percent of executive management roles with clearly defined accountabilities for IT decisions Number of times IT is on the board agenda in a proactive manner Frequency of IT strategy (executive) committee meetings Rate of execution of executive IT-related decisions 							
07 Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery 							
Process Goals and Metrics								
Process Goal	Related Metrics							
 Strategic decision-making model for IT is effective and aligned with the enterprise's internal and external environment and stakeholder requirements. 	 Actual vs. target cycle time for key decisions Level of stakeholder satisfaction (measured through surveys) 							
2. The governance system for IT is embedded in the enterprise.	 Number of roles, responsibilities and authorities that are defined, assigned and accepted by appropriate business and IT management Degree by which agreed-on governance principles for IT are evidenced in processes and practices (percentage of processes and practices with clear traceability to principles) Number of instances of non-compliance with ethical and professional behaviour guidelines 							
3. Assurance is obtained that the governance system for IT is operating effectively.	 Frequency of independent reviews of governance of IT Frequency of governance of IT reporting to the executive committee and board Number of governance of IT issues reported 							

EDM01 RACI Chart																										
Governance Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
EDM01.01 Evaluate the governance system.	A	R	с	С	R		R				С		С	С	С	С	С	R	С	С	С					
EDM01.02 Direct the governance system.	A	R	С	С	R	I	R	I	I	I	С	I	I	I	I	С	С	R	С	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
EDM01.03 Monitor the governance system.	A	R	С	С	R	I	R	I	I	1	С	I	I	I	I	С	С	R	С	I	I	I	I	I	I	I

Note: Some governance and management practices produce outputs that serve as inputs to many practices. Those outputs are detailed in **figure 11**. Please refer to **figure 11** to ensure completeness when working with the practices that follow.

EDM01 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activiti	00						
Governance Practice		Inputs	Outputs				
EDM01.01 Evaluate the governance system.	From	Description	Description	То			
Continually identify and engage with the enterprise's stakeholders, document an understanding of the requirements, and make a judgement on the current and future design of governance of enterprise IT.	MEA03.02	Communications of changed compliance requirements	Enterprise governance guiding principles	All EDM AP001.01 AP001.03			
	Outside COBIT	Business environment trends	Decision-making model	All EDM AP001.01			
		 Regulations Governance/decision- making model guidance Constitution/bylaws/ statutes of organisation 	Authority levels	All EDM AP001.02			
	Acti	vities	·	•			
1. Analyse and identify the internal and external environm environment that may influence governance design.	ental factors (legal	, regulatory and contractual ol	oligations) and trends in the bu	usiness			
2. Determine the significance of IT and its role with respec	ct to the business.						
3. Consider external regulations, laws and contractual obl	igations and deteri	mine how they should be appl	ied within the governance of e	enterprise IT.			
4. Align the ethical use and processing of information and the enterprise's direction, goals and objectives.	its impact on soci	ety, natural environment, and i	internal and external stakehold	der interests with			
5. Determine the implications of the overall enterprise cor	ntrol environment v	vith regard to IT.					
6. Articulate principles that will guide the design of govern	nance and decisior	n making of IT.					
7. Understand the enterprise's decision-making culture an	nd determine the o	ptimal decision-making mode	l for IT.				
8. Determine the appropriate levels of authority delegation	n, including thresh	old rules, for IT decisions.					
Governance Practice Inputs Outputs							
EDM01.02 Direct the governance system.	From	Description	Description	То			
Inform leaders and obtain their support, buy-in and commitment. Guide the structures, processes and practices for the governance of IT in line with agreed-on			Enterprise governance communications	All EDM AP001.04			
preserve in the gereinance of the infine that agrood off	1	1					

governance design principles, decision-making models and authority levels. Define the information required for informed decision making.

Activities

Reward system approach

AP007.03

AP007.04

1. Communicate governance of IT principles and agree with executive management on the way to establish informed and committed leadership.

Establish or delegate the establishment of governance structures, processes and practices in line with agreed-on design principles.

3. Allocate responsibility, authority and accountability in line with agreed-on governance design principles, decision-making models and delegation.

4. Ensure that communication and reporting mechanisms provide those responsible for oversight and decision-making with appropriate information.

5. Direct that staff follow relevant guidelines for ethical and professional behaviour and ensure that consequences of non-compliance are known and enforced.

6. Direct the establishment of a reward system to promote desirable cultural change.

Governance Practice		Inputs	Outputs				
EDM01.03 Monitor the governance system. Monitor the effectiveness and performance of the enterprise's governance of IT. Assess whether the governance system and implemented mechanisms (including structures, principles and processes) are	From	Description	Description	То			
	MEA01.04	Performance reports	Feedback on governance	All EDM APO01.07			
	MEA01.05	Status and results of actions	effectiveness and performance				
operating effectively and provide appropriate oversight of IT.	MEA02.01	 Results of benchmarking and other evaluations Results of internal control monitoring and reviews 					
	MEA02.03	Results of reviews of self-assessments					
	MEA02.06	Assurance plans					
	MEA03.03	Compliance confirmations					
	MEA03.04	 Reports of non-compliance issues and root causes Compliance assurance reports 					
	Outside COBIT	Obligations Audit reports					
	Acti	vities					
1. Assess the effectiveness and performance of those sta	keholders given de	legated responsibility and auth	nority for governance of enter	prise IT.			
2. Periodically assess whether agreed-on governance of	T mechanisms (str	uctures, principles, processes,	etc.) are established and ope	erating effective			
3. Assess the effectiveness of the governance design and	l identify actions to	rectify any deviations found.					
 Maintain oversight of the extent to which IT satisfies of professional guidelines. 	oligations (regulator	y, legislation, common law, co	ntractual), internal policies, st	tandards and			
5. Provide oversight of the effectiveness of, and complian	ce with, the enterp	rise's system of control.					
6. Monitor regular and routine mechanisms for ensuring t	that the use of IT co	molies with relevant obligation	ns (regulatory, legislation, con	nmon law.			

6. Monitor regular and routine mechanisms for ensuring that the use of IT complies with relevant obligations (regulatory, legislation, common law, contractual), standards and guidelines.

EDM01 Related Guidance									
Related Standard	Detailed Reference								
Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO)									
ISO/IEC 38500									
King III	 5.1. The board should be responsible for information technology (IT) governance. 5.3. The board should delegate to management the responsibility for the implementation of an IT governance framework. 								
Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)	Corporate Governance Principles								

Area: Governance EDM02 Ensure Benefits Delivery **Domain: Evaluate, Direct and Monitor Process Description** Optimise the value contribution to the business from the business processes, IT services and IT assets resulting from investments made by IT at acceptable costs. **Process Purpose Statement** Secure optimal value from IT-enabled initiatives, services and assets; cost-efficient delivery of solutions and services; and a reliable and accurate picture of costs and likely benefits so that business needs are supported effectively and efficiently. The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related goals: **IT-related Goal Related Metrics** 01 Alignment of IT and business strategy · Percent of enterprise strategic goals and requirements supported by IT strategic goals Level of stakeholder satisfaction with scope of the planned portfolio of programmes and services Percent of IT value drivers mapped to business value drivers 05 Realised benefits from IT-enabled investments and services portfolio · Percent of IT-enabled investments where benefit realisation is monitored through the full economic life cycle · Percent of IT services where expected benefits are realised · Percent of IT-enabled investments where claimed benefits are met or exceeded • Percent of investment business cases with clearly defined and approved 06 Transparency of IT costs, benefits and risk expected IT-related costs and benefits · Percent of IT services with clearly defined and approved operational costs and expected benefits Satisfaction survey of key stakeholders regarding the level of transparency, understanding and accuracy of IT financial information 07 Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements · Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels · Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery 17 Knowledge, expertise and initiatives for business innovation · Level of business executive awareness and understanding of IT innovation possibilities Level of stakeholder satisfaction with levels of IT innovation expertise and ideas Number of approved initiatives resulting from innovative IT ideas **Process Goals and Metrics Process Goal Related Metrics** 1. The enterprise is securing optimal value from its portfolio of approved Level of executive management satisfaction with IT's value delivery IT-enabled initiatives, services and assets. and cost Deviation between target and actual investment mix · Level of stakeholder satisfaction with the enterprise's ability to obtain value from IT-enabled initiatives • Number of incidents that occur due to actual or attempted circumvention 2. Optimal value is derived from IT investment through effective value of established value management principles and practices management practices in the enterprise. Percent of IT initiatives in the overall portfolio where value is being managed through the full life cycle 3. Individual IT-enabled investments contribute optimal value. • Level of stakeholder satisfaction with progress towards identified goals, with value delivery based on surveys

Percent of expected value realised

EDM02 RACI Chart																										
Governance Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
EDM02.01 Evaluate value optimisation.	A	R	R	С	R		R			С	С		С	С	С	С	С	R	С	С	С					
EDM02.02 Direct value optimisation.	A	R	R	С	R	I	R	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	R	С	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
EDM02.03 Monitor value optimisation.	A	R	R	С	R		R			R	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	R	С	С	С					

Note: Some governance and management practices produce outputs that serve as inputs to many practices. Those outputs are detailed in **figure 11**. Please refer to **figure 11** to ensure completeness when working with the practices that follow.

EDM02 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities											
Governance Practice		Inputs	Outputs								
EDM02.01 Evaluate value optimisation.	From	Description	Description	То							
Continually evaluate the portfolio of IT-enabled investments, services and assets to determine the likelihood of achieving enterprise objectives and delivering value at a reasonable cost. Identify and make judgement on any changes in direction that need to be given to management to optimise value creation.	AP002.05	Strategic road map	Evaluation of strategic alignment	AP002.04 AP005.03							
	AP005.02	Investment return expectations	Evaluation of investment and services portfolios	AP005.03 AP005.04							
	AP005.03	Selected programmes with return on investment (ROI) milestones		AP006.02							
	AP005.06	Benefit results and related communication									
	BAI01.06	Stage-gate review results									
	Act	ivities									
 Understand stakeholder requirements; strategic IT issu potential significance of IT for the enterprise's strategy. 	es, such as depen	dence on IT; and technology in	sights and capabilities regard	ing the actual and							
 Understand the key elements of governance required for new IT services, assets and resources. 	or the reliable, sec	ure and cost-effective delivery	of optimal value from the use	of existing and							
Understand and regularly discuss the opportunities that optimise the value created from those opportunities.	t could arise from	enterprise change enabled by	current, new or emerging tech	nnologies, and							
4. Understand what constitutes value for the enterprise, a enterprise's processes.	nd consider how v	vell it is communicated, unders	stood and applied throughout	the							
5. Evaluate how effectively the enterprise and IT strategie delivering value.	s have been integ	rated and aligned within the en	terprise and with enterprise g	oals for							
6. Understand and consider how effective current roles, re IT-enabled investments, services and assets.	esponsibilities, acc	countabilities and decision-mak	king bodies are in ensuring va	lue creation from							
7. Consider how well the management of IT-enabled inve- management practices.	stments, services	and assets aligns with enterpri	se value management and fin	ancial							
8. Evaluate the portfolio of investments, services and asse non-financial; risk, both delivery risk and benefits risk; and efficiency in terms of cost, redundancy and technic	business process										

EDM02 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs	and Activiti	es <i>(cont.)</i>								
Governance Practice			Inputs	Outputs						
EDM02.02 Direct value optimisation.		From	Description	Description	То					
Direct value management principles and pra to enable optimal value realisation from IT-en investments throughout their full economic I	nabled			Investment types and criteria	AP005.01 AP005.03					
				Requirements for stage-gate reviews	BAI01.01					
		Activ	vities							
1. Define and communicate portfolio and investment types, categories, criteria and relative weightings to the criteria to allow for overall relative value scores.										
2. Define requirements for stage-gates and of funding plans, and the delivery of key cap				se and associated risk, progra	mme schedules,					
3. Direct management to consider potential new business, increase competitiveness,			the enterprise to respond to n	ew opportunities or challenge	s, undertake					
 Direct any required changes in assignmer business processes and services. 	it of accounta	bilities and respon	sibilities for executing the inve	stment portfolio and delivering	g value from					
5. Define and communicate enterprise-level	value delivery	goals and outcom	e measures to enable effectiv	e monitoring.						
6. Direct any required changes to the portfolio of investments and services to realign with current and expected enterprise objectives and/or constraints.										
 Recommend consideration of potential innovations, organisational changes or operational improvements that could drive increased value for the enterprise from IT-enabled initiatives. 										
Governance Practice			Inputs	Outputs						
EDM02.03 Monitor value optimisation.		From	Description	Description	То					
Monitor the key goals and metrics to determ extent to which the business is generating the value and benefits to the enterprise from IT investments and services. Identify significant	ne expected enabled	AP005.04	Investment portfolio performance reports	Feedback on portfolio and programme performance	AP005.04 AP006.05 BAI01.06					
consider corrective actions.				Actions to improve value delivery	EDM05.01 AP005.04 AP006.02 BAI01.01					
		Activ	vities							
 Define a balanced set of performance objective lead and lag indicators for outcomes, as w IT and other business functions, and other 	ell as an app	ropriate balance of								
2. Collect relevant, timely, complete, credible and accurate data to report on progress in delivering value against targets. Obtain a succinct, high-level, all-around view of portfolio, programme and IT (technical and operational capabilities) performance that supports decision making, and ensure that										
expected results are being achieved.	nd IT (technic	al and operational								
 expected results are being achieved. 3. Obtain regular and relevant portfolio, prog identified goals and the extent to which pl risk mitigated. 	ramme and IT	(technological and	d functional) performance repo		rogress towards					
3. Obtain regular and relevant portfolio, prog identified goals and the extent to which pl	ramme and IT anned objecti	(technological and ves have been ach	d functional) performance repo ieved, deliverables obtained, p	erformance targets met and	rogress towards					
 Obtain regular and relevant portfolio, prog identified goals and the extent to which pl risk mitigated. 	ramme and IT anned objecti nanagement a	(technological and ves have been ach action as required	d functional) performance repo ieved, deliverables obtained, p to ensure that value is optimis	erformance targets met and ed.	rogress towards					
 Obtain regular and relevant portfolio, prog identified goals and the extent to which pl risk mitigated. Upon review of reports, take appropriate r Upon review of reports, ensure that appro 	ramme and IT anned objecti nanagement a	(technological and ves have been ach action as required	d functional) performance repo ieved, deliverables obtained, p to ensure that value is optimis	erformance targets met and ed.	rogress towards					
 Obtain regular and relevant portfolio, prog identified goals and the extent to which pl risk mitigated. Upon review of reports, take appropriate r 	ramme and IT anned objecti nanagement a	(technological and ves have been ach action as required	d functional) performance repo ieved, deliverables obtained, p to ensure that value is optimis	erformance targets met and ed.	rogress towards					

Related Standard	Detailed Reference
COSO	
ISO/IEC 38500	
King III	 5.2. IT should be aligned with the performance and sustainability objectives of the company. 5.4. The board should monitor and evaluate significant IT investments and expenditure.

Evaluate, Direct and Monitor

EDM03 Ensure Risk Optimisation	Area: Governance Domain: Evaluate, Direct and Monitor									
Process Description Ensure that the enterprise's risk appetite and tolerance are understood, article of IT is identified and managed.	ulated and communicated, and that risk to enterprise value related to the use									
Process Purpose Statement Ensure that IT-related enterprise risk does not exceed risk appetite and risk to and the potential for compliance failures is minimised.	olerance, the impact of IT risk to enterprise value is identified and managed,									
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related goals:										
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics									
04 Managed IT-related business risk	 Percent of critical business processes, IT services and IT-enabled business programmes covered by risk assessment Number of significant IT-related incidents that were not identified in risk assessment Percent of enterprise risk assessments including IT-related risk Frequency of update or risk profile 									
06 Transparency of IT costs, benefits and risk	 Percent of investment business cases with clearly defined and approved expected IT-related costs and benefits Percent of IT services with clearly defined and approved operational costs and expected benefits Satisfaction survey of key stakeholders regarding the level of transparency, understanding and accuracy of IT financial information 									
10 Security of information, processing infrastructure and applications	 Number of security incidents causing financial loss, business disruption or public embarrassment Number of IT services with outstanding security requirements Time to grant, change and remove access privileges, compared to agreed-on service levels Frequency of security assessment against latest standards and guidelines 									
15 IT compliance with internal policies	 Number of incidents related to non-compliance to policy Percent of stakeholders who understand policies Percent of policies supported by effective standards and working practices Frequency of policies review and update 									
Process Goals and Metrics										
Process Goal	Related Metrics									
1. Risk thresholds are defined and communicated and key IT-related risk is known.	 Level of alignment between IT risk and enterprise risk Number of potential IT risks identified and managed Refreshment rate of risk factor evaluation 									
2. The enterprise is managing critical IT-related enterprise risk effectively and efficiently.	 Percent of enterprise projects that consider IT risk Percent of IT risk action plans executed on time Percent of critical risk that has been effectively mitigated 									
3. IT-related enterprise risk does not exceed risk appetite and the impact of IT risk to enterprise value is identified and managed.	 Level of unexpected enterprise impact Percent of IT risk that exceeds enterprise risk tolerance 									

EDM03 RACI Chart																										
Governance Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
EDM03.01 Evaluate risk management.	Α	R	С	С	R	С	R			Ι	R	С		Ι	С	С	С	R	С							С
EDM03.02 Direct risk management.	A	R	С	С	R	С	R	I	I	I	R	Ι	I	I	С	С	С	R	С	I	I	I	I	I	I	Ι
EDM03.03 Monitor risk management.	A	R	С	С	R	С	R	I	I	I	R	R	I	I	С	С	С	R	С	I	I		I	I	I	С

Governance Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
EDM03.01 Evaluate risk management.	From	Description	Description	То
Continually examine and make judgement on the effect of risk on the current and future use of IT in	AP012.01	Emerging risk issues	Risk appetite guidance	AP012.03
the enterprise. Consider whether the enterprise's risk appetite is appropriate and that risk to enterprise value		and factors	Approved risk tolerance levels	AP012.03
related to the use of IT is identified and managed.	Outside COBIT	Enterprise risk management principles	Evaluation of risk management activities	AP012.01
	Acti	vities		
1. Determine the level of IT-related risk that the enterprise	e is willing to take t	to meet its objectives (risk ap	petite).	
2. Evaluate and approve proposed IT risk tolerance thresh	holds against the er	nterprise's acceptable risk an	d opportunity levels.	
3. Determine the extent of alignment of the IT risk strateg	y to enterprise risk	strategy.		
4. Proactively evaluate IT risk factors in advance of pendi	ng strategic enterp	rise decisions and ensure tha	t risk-aware enterprise decisio	ons are made
5. Determine that IT use is subject to appropriate risk ass	essment and evalu	lation, as described in relevar	t international and national sta	andards.
6. Evaluate risk management activities to ensure alignme	ent with the enterpr	ise's capacity for IT-related lo	ss and leadership's tolerance	of it.
Governance Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
EDM03.02 Direct risk management.	From	Description	Description	То
Direct the establishment of risk management practices to provide reasonable assurance that IT risk	AP012.03	Aggregated risk profile,	Risk management policies	AP012.01
management practices are appropriate to ensure that the actual IT risk does not exceed the board's risk appetite.		including status of risk management actions	Key objectives to be monitored for risk management	AP012.01
	Outside COBIT	Enterprise risk	Approved process	AP012.01
		management (ERM) profiles and mitigation plans	for measuring risk management	
		management (ERM) profiles and mitigation		
1. Promote an IT risk-aware culture and empower the en	Acti	management (ERM) profiles and mitigation plans vities	management	its.
· ·	Acti terprise to proactive	management (ERM) profiles and mitigation plans vities ely identify IT risk, opportunity	management and potential business impac	ts.
2. Direct the integration of the IT risk strategy and operation	Acti terprise to proactive ions with the enterp	management (ERM) profiles and mitigation plans vities ely identify IT risk, opportunity prise strategic risk decisions	and operations.	ts.
 Direct the integration of the IT risk strategy and operation Direct the development of risk communication plans (communication plans) 	Acti terprise to proactive ions with the enterp overing all levels or to respond quickly	management (ERM) profiles and mitigation plans vities ely identify IT risk, opportunity prise strategic risk decisions a f the enterprise) as well as ris to changing risk and report in	management v and potential business impac and operations. k action plans.	
 Promote an IT risk-aware culture and empower the en Direct the integration of the IT risk strategy and operati Direct the development of risk communication plans (c Direct implementation of the appropriate mechanisms management, supported by agreed-on principles of es Direct that risk, opportunities, issues and concerns ma published policies and procedures and escalated to the 	Acti terprise to proactive ions with the enterprovering all levels of to respond quickly calation (what to re y be identified and	management (ERM) profiles and mitigation plans vities ely identify IT risk, opportunity prise strategic risk decisions a f the enterprise) as well as ris to changing risk and report in port, when, where and how). reported by anyone at any tin	management v and potential business impact and operations. k action plans. nmediately to appropriate leve	els of

6. Identify key goals and metrics of risk governance and management processes to be monitored, and approve the approaches, methods, techniques and processes for capturing and reporting the measurement information.

EDM03 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities (cont.)										
Governance Practice		Inputs	Outputs							
EDM03.03 Monitor risk management.	From	Description	Description	То						
Monitor the key goals and metrics of the risk management processes and establish how deviations or problems will be identified, tracked and reported for remediation.	AP012.02	Risk analysis results	Remedial actions to address risk management deviations	AP012.06						
	AP012.04	 Opportunities for acceptance of greater risk Results of third-party risk assessments Risk analysis and risk profile reports for stakeholders 	Risk management issues EDM05.01 for the board							
	Acti	vities								
1. Monitor the extent to which the risk profile is managed	l within the risk ap	petite thresholds.								
2. Monitor key goals and metrics of risk governance and	management proc	esses against targets, analyse	the cause of any deviations, a	and initiate						

2. Monitor key goals and metrics of risk governance and management processes against targets, analyse the cause of any deviations, and initiate remedial actions to address the underlying causes.

3. Enable key stakeholders' review of the enterprise's progress towards identified goals.

4. Report any risk management issues to the board or executive committee.

EDM03 Related Guidance	
Related Standard	Detailed Reference
COSO/ERM	
ISO/IEC 31000	Framework for Risk Management
ISO/IEC 38500	
King III	 5.5. IT should form an integral part of the company's risk management. 5.7. A risk committee and audit committee should assist the board in carrying out its IT responsibilities.

EDM04 Ensure Resource Optimisation	Area: Governance Domain: Evaluate, Direct and Monitor								
Process Description Ensure that adequate and sufficient IT-related capabilities (people, process optimal cost.	s and technology) are available to support enterprise objectives effectively at								
Process Purpose Statement Ensure that the resource needs of the enterprise are met in the optimal man realisation and readiness for future change.	nner, IT costs are optimised, and there is an increased likelihood of benefit								
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related g	goals:								
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics								
09 IT agility	 Level of satisfaction of business executives with IT's responsiveness to new requirements Number of critical business processes supported by up-to-date infrastructure and applications Average time to turn strategic IT objectives into an agreed-on and approved initiative 								
11 Optimisation of IT assets, resources and capabilities	 Frequency of capability maturity and cost optimisation assessments Trend of assessment results Satisfaction levels of business and IT executives with IT-related costs and capabilities 								
16 Competent and motivated business and IT personnel	 Percent of staff whose IT-related skills are sufficient for the competency required for their role Percent of staff satisfied with their IT-related roles Number of learning/training hours per staff member 								
Process Goals and Metrics									
Process Goal	Related Metrics								
1. The resource needs of the enterprise are met with optimal capabilities.	 Level of stakeholder feedback on resource optimisation Number of benefits (e.g., cost savings) achieved through optimal utilisation of resources Number of deviations from the resource plan and enterprise architecture strategies 								
2. Resources are allocated to best meet enterprise priorities within budget constraints.	 Number of deviations from, and exceptions to, resource management principles Percent of projects with appropriate resource allocations 								
3. Optimal use of resources is achieved throughout their full economic life cycles.	 Percent of re-use of architecture components Percent of projects and programmes with a medium- or high-risk status due to resource management issues Number of resource management performance targets realised 								
EDM04 RACI Chart									

Governance Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
EDM04.01 Evaluate resource management.	A	R	С	С	R		R			I	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	R	С	С	С					
EDM04.02 Direct resource management.	A	R	С	С	R	I	R	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	R	С	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
EDM04.03 Monitor resource management.	A	R	С	С	R	I	R	I	I	I	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	R	С	С	С	I	I	I	I	I

EDM04 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activit	ies					
Governance Practice		Inputs	Outputs			
EDM04.01 Evaluate resource management.	From	Description	Description	То		
Continually examine and make judgement on the current and future need for IT-related resources, options for resourcing (including sourcing strategies), and allocation and management principles to meet the	AP002.04	Gaps and changes required to realise target capability	Guiding principles for allocation of resources and capabilities	AP002.01 AP007.01 BAI03.11		
needs of the enterprise in the optimal manner.	AP007.03	Skill development plans	Guiding principles for enterprise architecture	AP003.01		
	AP010.02	Decision results of supplier evaluations	Approved resources plan	AP002.05 AP007.01 AP009.02		
	Activ	vities				
 Examine and make judgement on the current and futur needs and future needs (including sourcing options). 	re strategy, options	for providing IT resources, an	d developing capabilities to m	eet current		
Define the principles for guiding the allocation and man required capability and capacity according to the agree			can meet the needs of the er	nterprise, wit		
3. Review and approve the resource plan and enterprise a	architecture strateg	ies for delivering value and m	itigating risk with the allocate	d resources.		
4. Understand requirements for aligning resource manage	ement with enterpr	ise financial and human resou	irces (HR) planning.			
5. Define principles for the management and control of th	e enterprise archite	ecture.				
Governance Practice		Inputs	Outputs			
EDM04.02 Direct resource management.	From	Description	Description	То		
Ensure the adoption of resource management principles to enable optimal use of IT resources throughout their full economic life cycle.			Communication of resourcing strategies	AP002.06 AP007.05 AP009.02		
			Assigned responsibilities for resource management	AP001.02 DSS06.03		
			Principles for safeguarding resources	AP001.04		
	Activ	vities				
 Communicate and drive the adoption of the resource n architecture strategies. 	nanagement strate	gies, principles, and agreed-or	n resource plan and enterprise)		
2. Assign responsibilities for executing resource manager	ment.					
3. Define key goals, measures and metrics for resource n	nanagement.					
4. Establish principles related to safeguarding resources.						
5. Align resource management with enterprise financial a	nd HR planning.					
Governance Practice		Inputs	Outputs			
EDM04.03 Monitor resource management.	From	Description	Description	То		
Monitor the key goals and metrics of the resource management processes and establish how deviations or problems will be identified, tracked and reported for remediation.			Feedback on allocation and effectiveness of resources and capabilities	EDM05.01 AP002.05 AP007.05 AP009.05		
			Remedial actions to address resource management deviations	AP002.05 AP007.01 AP007.03 AP009.04		
	Activ	vities				
1. Monitor the allocation and optimisation of resources in	accordance with e	nterprise objectives and priori	ties using agreed-on goals an	d metrics.		
 Monitor IT sourcing strategies, enterprise architecture s enterprise can be met. 	strategies, IT resou	rces and capabilities to ensure	e that current and future need	s of the		
chiciphise dan be met.						

EDM04 Related Guidance									
Related Standard	Detailed Reference								
ISO/IEC 38500									
King III	5.6. The board should ensure that information assets are managed effectively.								
The Open Group Architecture Forum (TOGAF) 9	The TOGAF components of an Architecture Board, Architecture Governance and Architecture Maturity Models map to resource optimisation.								

EDM05 Ensure Stakeholder Transparency	Area: Governance Domain: Evaluate, Direct and Monitor						
Process Description Ensure that enterprise IT performance and conformance measurement and and the necessary remedial actions.	reporting are transparent, with stakeholders approving the goals and metrics						
Process Purpose Statement Make sure that the communication to stakeholders is effective and timely ar areas for improvement, and confirm that IT-related objectives and strategies							
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	als:						
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics						
03 Commitment of executive management for making IT-related decisions	 Percent of executive management roles with clearly defined accountabilities for IT decisions Number of times IT is on the board agenda in a proactive manner Frequency of IT strategy (executive) committee meetings Rate of execution of executive IT-related decisions 						
06 Transparency of IT costs, benefits and risk	 Percent of investment business cases with clearly defined and approved expected IT-related costs and benefits Percent of IT services with clearly defined and approved operational costs and expected benefits Satisfaction survey of key stakeholders regarding the level of transparency, understanding and accuracy of IT financial information 						
07 Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery 						
Process Goals and Metrics							
Process Goal	Related Metrics						
1. Stakeholder reporting is in line with stakeholder requirements.	 Date of last revision to reporting requirements Percent of stakeholders covered in reporting requirements 						
2. Reporting is complete, timely and accurate.	 Percent of reports that are not delivered on time Percent of reports containing inaccuracies 						
3. Communication is effective and stakeholders are satisfied.	 Level of stakeholder satisfaction with reporting Number of breaches of mandatory reporting requirements 						

EDM05 RACI Chart																										
Governance Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
EDM05.01 Evaluate stakeholder reporting requirements.	А	R	С	С	с											С	С	R				-				
EDM05.02 Direct stakeholder communication and reporting.	A	R	С	С	С	I										С	С	R	I			I				
EDM05.03 Monitor stakeholder communication.	A	R	С	С	С	I										С	С	R	I			I				

Governance Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
EDM05.01 Evaluate stakeholder reporting	From	Description	Description	То
requirements. Continually examine and make judgement on the current and future requirements for stakeholder	EDM02.03	Actions to improve value delivery	Evaluation of enterprise reporting requirements	MEA01.01
communication and reporting, including both mandatory reporting requirements (e.g., regulatory)	EDM03.03	Risk management issues for the board	Reporting and communication principles	MEA01.01
and communication to other stakeholders. Establish the principles for communication.	EDM04.03	Feedback on allocation and effectiveness of resources and capabilities		
	MEA02.08	Refined scope		
	Activ	vities		•
 Examine and make a judgement on the current and future legislation, common law, contractual), including extent a Examine and make a judgement on the current and future including extent and conditions. 	and frequency.			
 Maintain principles for communication with external an for stakeholder acceptance and sign-off of reporting. 	d internal stakehol	ders, including communication	n formats and communication	n channels, and
Governance Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
EDM05.02 Direct stakeholder communication	From	Description	Description	То
and reporting. Ensure the establishment of effective stakeholder communication and reporting, including mechanisms for ensuring the quality and completeness of information,	AP012.04	Risk analysis and risk profile reports for stakeholders	Rules for validating and approving mandatory reports	MEA01.01 MEA03.04
oversight of mandatory reporting, and creating a communication strategy for stakeholders.			Escalation guidelines	MEA01.05
	Activ	vities	л	
1. Direct the establishment of the communication strategy	/ for external and i	nternal stakeholders.		
2. Direct the implementation of mechanisms to ensure that	at information mee	ts all criteria for mandatory IT	reporting requirements for th	e enterprise.
3. Establish mechanisms for validation and approval of ma	andatory reporting.			
4. Establish reporting escalation mechanisms.				
Governance Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
EDM05.03 Monitor stakeholder communication.	From	Description	Description	То
Monitor the effectiveness of stakeholder communication. Assess mechanisms for ensuring accuracy, reliability and effectiveness, and ascertain whether the requirements of different stakeholders are met.	MEA02.08	Assurance review report Assurance review results	Assessment of reporting effectiveness	MEA01.01 MEA03.04
	Activ	vities		
1. Periodically assess the effectiveness of the mechanism	s for ensuring the	accuracy and reliability of mar	idatory reporting.	

EDM05 Related Guidance								
Related Standard	Detailed Reference							
COSO								
ISO/IEC 38500								
King III								

ALIGN, PLAN AND ORGANISE (APO)

- **O1** Manage the IT management framework.
- Manage strategy.
- Manage enterprise architecture.
- Manage innovation.
- Manage portfolio.
- Manage budget and costs.
- Manage human resources.
- Manage relationships.
- Manage service agreements.
- Manage suppliers.
- Manage quality.
- Manage risk.
- Manage security.

AP001 Manage the IT Management Framework	Area: Management Domain: Align, Plan and Organise				
Process Description Clarify and maintain the governance of enterprise IT mission and vision. Imp the use of IT in the enterprise in support of governance objectives in line wit	lement and maintain mechanisms and authorities to manage information and n guiding principles and policies.				
Process Purpose Statement Provide a consistent management approach to enable the enterprise govern organisational structures, roles and responsibilities, reliable and repeatable a					
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	als:				
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics				
01 Alignment of IT and business strategy	 Percent of enterprise strategic goals and requirements supported by IT strategic goals Level of stakeholder satisfaction with scope of the planned portfolio of programmes and services Percent of IT value drivers mapped to business value drivers 				
02 IT compliance and support for business compliance with external laws and regulations	 Cost of IT non-compliance, including settlements and fines, and the impact of reputational loss Number of IT-related non-compliance issues reported to the board or causing public comment or embarrassment Number of non-compliance issues relating to contractual agreements with IT service providers Coverage of compliance assessments 				
09 IT agility	 Level of satisfaction of business executives with IT's responsiveness to new requirements Number of critical business processes supported by up-to-date infrastructure and applications Average time to turn strategic IT objectives into an agreed-on and approved initiative 				
11 Optimisation of IT assets, resources and capabilities	 Frequency of capability maturity and cost optimisation assessments Trend of assessment results Satisfaction levels of business and IT executives with IT-related costs and capabilities 				
15 IT compliance with internal policies	 Number of incidents related to non-compliance to policy Percent of stakeholders who understand policies Percent of policies supported by effective standards and working practices Frequency of policies review and update 				
16 Competent and motivated business and IT personnel	 Percent of staff whose IT-related skills are sufficient for the competency required for their role Percent of staff satisfied with their IT-related roles Number of learning/training hours per staff member 				
17 Knowledge, expertise and initiatives for business innovation	 Level of business executive awareness and understanding of IT innovation possibilities Level of stakeholder satisfaction with levels of IT innovation expertise and ideas Number of approved initiatives resulting from innovative IT ideas 				
Process Goals and Metrics					
Process Goal	Related Metrics				
1. An effective set of policies is defined and maintained.	 Percent of active policies, standards and other enablers documented and up to date Date of last updates to the framework and enablers Number of risk exposures due to inadequacies in the design of the control environment 				
2. Everyone is aware of the policies and how they should be implemented.	 Number of staff who attended training or awareness sessions Percent of third-party suppliers who have contracts defining control requirements 				

COBIT₆: Enabling Processes

AP001 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
AP001.01 Define the organisational structure.		С	С	С	С		I		С						R	I	I	A	С	С	С	R	С	С	С	
AP001.02 Establish roles and responsibilities.					1	С			С						С	С	С	A	С	С	С	R	С	С	С	с
AP001.03 Maintain the enablers of the management system.	С	A	С	R	С	С	I				С	С	С	С		С	С	R				R				
AP001.04 Communicate management objectives and direction.		A	R	R	R	I	R	I	I	I	R	R	I	I	I	I	I	R	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
AP001.05 Optimise the placement of the IT function.		С	С	С	С		A		С						С	С	С	R	С	С	С	R	С	С	С	
AP001.06 Define information (data) and system ownership.		I	Ι	С	A	R									С	С	С	С	С						С	с
AP001.07 Manage continual improvement of processes.				A		R			R				С		I	С	С	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
AP001.08 Maintain compliance with policies and procedures.		A				R			R				R		R	С	I	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	

AP001 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities								
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs					
AP001.01 Define the organisational structure.	From	Description	Description	То				
Establish an internal and extended organisational structure that reflects business needs and IT priorities. Put in place the required management structures (e.g., committees) that enable management decision making	EDM01.01	 Decision-making model Enterprise governance guiding principles 	Definition of organisational structure and functions	AP003.02				
to take place in the most effective and efficient manner.	AP003.02	Process architecture model	Enterprise operational guidelines	AP003.02				
			Communication ground rules	AII APO AII BAI AII DSS AII MEA				

AP001 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es <i>(cont.)</i>									
	AP001.01	Activities								
 Define the scope, internal and external functions, interr performed by third parties. 	al and external rol	es, and capabilities and decisi	on rights required, including t	hose IT activities						
2. Identify decisions required for the achievement of enter	rprise outcomes ar	id the IT strategy, and for the r	nanagement and execution o	f IT services.						
3. Establish the involvement of stakeholders who are critical to decision making (accountable, responsible, consulted or informed).										
4. Align the IT-related organisation with enterprise architecture organisational models.										
5. Define the focus, roles and responsibilities of each function within the IT-related organisational structure.										
Define the management structures and relationships to governance direction set.	support the functi	ons and roles of management	and execution, in alignment	with the						
Establish an IT strategy committee (or equivalent) at the governance, is adequately addressed; advise on strategy				enterprise						
 Establish an IT steering committee (or equivalent) comp investment programmes in line with the enterprise's bu monitor service levels and service improvements. 										
Provide guidelines for each management structure (inc well as required inputs for and expected outcomes of n		pjectives, meeting attendees, t	iming, tracking, supervision a	ind oversight) as						
10. Define ground rules for communication by identifying bottom-up and horizontal communication.	communication ne	eds, and implementing plans t	pased on those needs, conside	ering top-down,						
11. Establish and maintain an optimal co-ordination, comr and with entities outside the enterprise.	nunication and liai	son structure between the bus	iness and IT functions within	the enterprise						
12. Regularly verify the adequacy and effectiveness of the organisational structure.										
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	ř						
AP001.02 Establish roles and responsibilities. Establish, agree on and communicate roles and	From	Description	Description	То						
responsibilities of IT personnel, as well as other stakeholders with responsibilities for enterprise IT, that	EDM01.01	Authority levels	Definition of IT-related roles and responsibilities	DSS05.04						
clearly reflect overall business needs and IT objectives and relevant personnel's authority, responsibilities	EDM04.02	Assigned responsibilities for resource management	Definition of supervisory practices	AP007.01						
and accountability.	AP007.03	 Skill development plans Skills and competencies matrix 								
	AP011.01	Quality management system (QMS) roles, responsibilities and decision rights								
	AP013.01	Information security management system (ISMS) scope statement								
	DSS06.03	 Allocated levels of authority Allocated roles and responsibilities 								
	Activ	vities		1						
1. Establish, agree on and communicate IT-related roles a objectives. Clearly delineate responsibilities and account				ss needs and						
2. Consider requirements from enterprise and IT service c	ontinuity when def	ining roles, including staff bac	k-up and cross-training requi	rements.						
3. Provide input to the IT service continuity process by ma	-			_						
4. Include in role and responsibility descriptions adherence	e to management p	policies and procedures, the co	ode of ethics, and professiona	l practices.						
5. Implement adequate supervisory practices to ensure th sufficient authority and resources to execute their roles line with the sensitivity of the position and extent of res	at roles and respor and responsibilitie	nsibilities are properly exercise s, and to generally review per	ed, to assess whether all pers	onnel have						
6. Ensure that accountability is defined through roles and	responsibilities.									
7. Structure roles and responsibilities to reduce the possib	ility for a single rol	e to compromise a critical pro	Cess.							

Management Prosting		Innute	()	te .
Management Practice AP001.03 Maintain the enablers of the	From	Inputs Description	Output Description	To
management system. Maintain the enablers of the management system and	EDM01.01	Enterprise governance guiding principles	IT-related policies	All APO All BAI
control environment for enterprise IT, and ensure that they are integrated and aligned with the enterprise's	AP002.05	Strategic road map	-	All DSS
governance and management philosophy and operating	AP012.01	Emerging risk issues	4	All MEA
style. These enablers include the clear communication of expectations/requirements. The management		and factors	-	
system should encourage cross-divisional co-operation and teamwork, promote compliance and continuous improvement, and handle process deviations (including failure).	AP012.02	Risk analysis results		
	Ac	tivities	•	
1. Obtain an understanding of the enterprise vision, direct	tion and strategy.			
Consider the enterprise's internal environment, includir accountability, and requirements for management integ		ulture and philosophy, risk toler	rance, security, ethical value	s, code of condu
3. Derive and integrate IT principles with business princip	les.			
 Align the IT control environment with the overall IT polic and control frameworks. Assess industry-specific good appropriate. 	cy environment, I practices or requ	F governance and IT process fra irements (e.g., industry-specifi	ameworks, and existing ente c regulations) and integrate	erprise-level risk them where
 Align with any applicable national and international gov practices such as COSO's Internal Control—Integrated 				
Create a set of policies to drive the IT control expectation assets, ethics and intellectual property rights.	ons on relevant ke	ey topics such as quality, securi	ty, confidentiality, internal co	ontrols, usage of
7 Evoluate and undate the national at least very to the				
i. Evaluate and update the policies at least yearly to acco	mmodate changi	ng operating or business enviro	nments.	
		<u> </u>		
8. Roll out and enforce IT policies to all relevant staff, so t	hey are built into,	and are an integral part of, ent	erprise operations.	
8. Roll out and enforce IT policies to all relevant staff, so t	hey are built into,	and are an integral part of, ent	erprise operations.	ts
8. Roll out and enforce IT policies to all relevant staff, so t 9. Ensure that procedures are in place to track complianc Management Practice AP001.04 Communicate management objectives	hey are built into,	and are an integral part of, ent d define the consequences of r	erprise operations. non-compliance.	ts To
8. Roll out and enforce IT policies to all relevant staff, so t 9. Ensure that procedures are in place to track complianc Management Practice AP001.04 Communicate management objectives and direction. Communicate awareness and understanding of	hey are built into, e with policies an	and are an integral part of, ent d define the consequences of r Inputs	erprise operations. ion-compliance. Output	To Ali Apo Ali Bai
7. Evaluate and update the policies at least yearly to acco 8. Roll out and enforce IT policies to all relevant staff, so t 9. Ensure that procedures are in place to track complianc Management Practice APO01.04 Communicate management objectives and direction. Communicate awareness and understanding of IT objectives and direction to appropriate stakeholders and users throughout the enterprise.	hey are built into, e with policies an From	and are an integral part of, ent d define the consequences of r Inputs Description Enterprise governance	erprise operations. non-compliance. Output Description Communication on IT	To All APO
8. Roll out and enforce IT policies to all relevant staff, so t 9. Ensure that procedures are in place to track complianc Management Practice APO01.04 Communicate management objectives and direction. Communicate awareness and understanding of IT objectives and direction to appropriate stakeholders	hey are built into, with policies an From EDM01.02	and are an integral part of, ent d define the consequences of r Inputs Description Enterprise governance communication Principles for safeguarding	erprise operations. non-compliance. Output Description Communication on IT	To AII APO AII BAI AII DSS
8. Roll out and enforce IT policies to all relevant staff, so t 9. Ensure that procedures are in place to track complianc Management Practice APO01.04 Communicate management objectives and direction. Communicate awareness and understanding of IT objectives and direction to appropriate stakeholders	From EDM01.02 EDM04.02	and are an integral part of, ent d define the consequences of r Inputs Description Enterprise governance communication Principles for safeguarding resources Risk impact	erprise operations. non-compliance. Output Description Communication on IT	To AII APO AII BAI AII DSS
8. Roll out and enforce IT policies to all relevant staff, so t 9. Ensure that procedures are in place to track complianc Management Practice APO01.04 Communicate management objectives and direction. Communicate awareness and understanding of IT objectives and direction to appropriate stakeholders	From EDM01.02 AP012.06	and are an integral part of, ent d define the consequences of r Inputs Description Enterprise governance communication Principles for safeguarding resources Risk impact communication Communication on value	erprise operations. non-compliance. Output Description Communication on IT	To Ali Apo Ali Bai Ali DSS
8. Roll out and enforce IT policies to all relevant staff, so t 9. Ensure that procedures are in place to track complianc Management Practice APO01.04 Communicate management objectives and direction. Communicate awareness and understanding of IT objectives and direction to appropriate stakeholders	hey are built into, re with policies an From EDM01.02 EDM04.02 AP012.06 BAI08.01	and are an integral part of, ent d define the consequences of r Inputs Description Enterprise governance communication Principles for safeguarding resources Risk impact communication Communication on value of knowledge Policy and objectives for	erprise operations. non-compliance. Output Description Communication on IT	To AII APO AII BAI AII DSS
8. Roll out and enforce IT policies to all relevant staff, so t 9. Ensure that procedures are in place to track complianc Management Practice AP001.04 Communicate management objectives and direction. Communicate awareness and understanding of IT objectives and direction to appropriate stakeholders	hey are built into, with policies and From EDM01.02 EDM04.02 AP012.06 BAI08.01 DSS04.01	and are an integral part of, ent d define the consequences of r Inputs Description Enterprise governance communication Principles for safeguarding resources Risk impact communication Communication on value of knowledge Policy and objectives for business continuity Malicious software	erprise operations. ion-compliance. Description Communication on IT objectives	To Ali Apo Ali Bai Ali DSS
8. Roll out and enforce IT policies to all relevant staff, so t 9. Ensure that procedures are in place to track complianc Management Practice APO01.04 Communicate management objectives and direction. Communicate awareness and understanding of IT objectives and direction to appropriate stakeholders	hey are built into, with policies and From EDM01.02 EDM04.02 AP012.06 BAI08.01 DSS04.01 DSS05.01	and are an integral part of, ent d define the consequences of r Inputs Description Enterprise governance communication Principles for safeguarding resources Risk impact communication Communication on value of knowledge Policy and objectives for business continuity Malicious software prevention policy	erprise operations. ion-compliance. Description Communication on IT objectives	To AII APO AII BAI AII DSS

1. Continuously communicate IT objectives and direction. Ensure that communications are supported by executive management in action and words, using all available channels.

Ensure that the information communicated encompasses a clearly articulated mission, service objectives, security, internal controls, quality, code
of ethics/conduct, policies and procedures, roles and responsibilities, etc. Communicate the information at the appropriate level of detail for the
respective audiences within the enterprise.

3. Provide sufficient and skilled resources to support the communication process.

Align, Plan and Organise

APO01 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es <i>(cont.)</i>			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP001.05 Optimise the placement of the IT function.	From	Description	Description	То
osition the IT capability in the overall organisational tructure to reflect an enterprise model relevant to ne importance of IT within the enterprise, specifically	Outside COBIT	Enterprise operating model	Evaluation of options for IT organisation	AP003.02
s criticality to enterprise strategy and the level of perational dependence on IT. The reporting line of the IO should be commensurate with the importance of IT vithin the enterprise.		Enterprise strategy	Defined operational placement of IT function	AP003.02
	Acti	vities		
. Understand the context for the placement of the IT func federated, decentralised, hybrid), importance of IT, and s			strategy and operating model (centralised,
. Identify, evaluate and prioritise options for organisationa	al placement, sourc	ing and operating models.		
. Define placement of the IT function and obtain agreeme	ent.			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
P001.06 Define information (data) and	From	Description	Description	То
ystem ownership. efine and maintain responsibilities for ownership of iformation (data) and information systems. Ensure that wners make decisions about classifying information nd systems and protecting them in line with			Data classification guidelines	AP003.02 BAI02.01 DSS05.02 DSS06.01
his classification.			Data security and control guidelines	BAI02.01
			Data integrity procedures	BAI02.01 DSS06.01
	Acti	vities		
	Add	11100		
	nd consistent enter	prisewide classification of info	. ,	
Provide policies and guidelines to ensure appropriate and Define, maintain and provide appropriate tools, technique systems in collaboration with the owner. Create and maintain an inventory of information (system that are outcourced and those for which ownership sho	nd consistent enter ues and guidelines ns and data) that ir	prisewide classification of info to provide effective security a ncludes a listing of owners, cu	nd controls over information a	
2. Define, maintain and provide appropriate tools, technique systems in collaboration with the owner.	nd consistent enter ues and guidelines ns and data) that ir uld stay within the	prisewide classification of info to provide effective security a ncludes a listing of owners, cu enterprise.	nd controls over information a stodians and classifications. Ir	nclude systems
 Define, maintain and provide appropriate tools, technique systems in collaboration with the owner. Create and maintain an inventory of information (system that are outsourced and those for which ownership shot). Define and implement procedures to ensure the integrit 	nd consistent enter ues and guidelines ns and data) that ir uld stay within the	prisewide classification of info to provide effective security a ncludes a listing of owners, cu enterprise.	nd controls over information a stodians and classifications. Ir	nclude systems
Define, maintain and provide appropriate tools, techniques systems in collaboration with the owner. Create and maintain an inventory of information (system that are outsourced and those for which ownership sho . Define and implement procedures to ensure the integrite warehouses and data archives. Management Practice P001.07 Manage continual improvement	nd consistent enter ues and guidelines ns and data) that ir uld stay within the	prisewide classification of info to provide effective security a ncludes a listing of owners, cu enterprise. of all information stored in ele	nd controls over information a stodians and classifications. Ir ectronic form such as database	nclude systems
Define, maintain and provide appropriate tools, techniques systems in collaboration with the owner. Create and maintain an inventory of information (system that are outsourced and those for which ownership sho Define and implement procedures to ensure the integrite warehouses and data archives. Management Practice P001.07 Manage continual improvement f processes. ssess, plan and execute the continual improvement f processes and their maturity to ensure that they are	nd consistent enter ues and guidelines ns and data) that ir uld stay within the y and consistency	prisewide classification of info to provide effective security a ncludes a listing of owners, cu enterprise. of all information stored in ele Inputs	and controls over information a stodians and classifications. Ir ectronic form such as database Outputs	nclude systems es, data
Define, maintain and provide appropriate tools, techniques systems in collaboration with the owner. Create and maintain an inventory of information (system that are outsourced and those for which ownership sho Define and implement procedures to ensure the integrite warehouses and data archives. Management Practice PO01.07 Manage continual improvement f processes. ssess, plan and execute the continual improvement f processes and their maturity to ensure that they are apable of delivering against enterprise, governance, anagement and control objectives. Consider COBIT rocess implementation guidance, emerging standards, ompliance requirements, automation opportunities, and he feedback of process users, the process team and	nd consistent enter ues and guidelines ns and data) that ir uld stay within the y and consistency From	prisewide classification of info to provide effective security a ncludes a listing of owners, cu enterprise. of all information stored in ele Inputs Description Feedback on governance effectiveness and	Ind controls over information a stodians and classifications. In ectronic form such as database Outputs Description Process capability	nclude systems es, data To
 Define, maintain and provide appropriate tools, technique systems in collaboration with the owner. Create and maintain an inventory of information (system that are outsourced and those for which ownership shother the ownership shother and implement procedures to ensure the integrit warehouses and data archives. 	nd consistent enter ues and guidelines ns and data) that ir uld stay within the y and consistency From EDM01.03	prisewide classification of info to provide effective security a ncludes a listing of owners, cu enterprise. of all information stored in ele Inputs Description Feedback on governance effectiveness and performance Updated policies, principles, procedures	Ind controls over information a stodians and classifications. In ectronic form such as database Outputs Description Process capability assessments Process improvement	To MEA01.03 All APO All BAI All DSS
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Define, maintain and provide appropriate tools, techniques systems in collaboration with the owner. Create and maintain an inventory of information (system that are outsourced and those for which ownership sho Define and implement procedures to ensure the integrite warehouses and data archives. Management Practice PO01.07 Manage continual improvement f processes ssess, plan and execute the continual improvement f processes and their maturity to ensure that they are apable of delivering against enterprise, governance, hanagement and control objectives. Consider COBIT rocess implementation guidance, emerging standards, ompliance requirements, automation opportunities, and he feedback of process users, the process team and ther stakeholders. Update the process and consider npacts on process enablers.	And consistent enter ues and guidelines ins and data) that in uld stay within the y and consistency From EDM01.03 MEA03.02 Actin the and conformar y and control. Iden	prisewide classification of info to provide effective security a ncludes a listing of owners, cu enterprise. of all information stored in ele Inputs Description Feedback on governance effectiveness and performance Updated policies, principles, procedures and standards	Ind controls over information a stodians and classifications. In ectronic form such as database Outputs Description Process capability assessments Process improvement opportunities Performance goals and metrics for process improvement tracking	All APO All BAI All DSS All MEA01.02
 Define, maintain and provide appropriate tools, technique systems in collaboration with the owner. Create and maintain an inventory of information (system that are outsourced and those for which ownership shother that are outsourced and those for which ownership shother that are outsourced and those for which ownership shother that are outsourced and those for which ownership shother that are outsourced and those for which ownership shother that are outsourced and those for which ownership shother that are outsourced and those for which ownership shother that are outsourced and those for which ownership shother that are outsourced and those for which ownership shother that are outsourced and those for which ownership shother that are outsourced and those for which ownership shother that are outsourced and those for which ownership shother that are outsourced and those for which ownership shother the the set as a shother the continual improvement for the processes and their maturity to ensure that they are apable of delivering against enterprise, governance, inanagement and control objectives. Consider COBIT rocess implementation guidance, emerging standards, ompliance requirements, automation opportunities, and ther stakeholders. Update the process team and ther stakeholders. Update the process and consider npacts on process enablers. Identify business-critical processes based on performar improvement targets. Analyse gaps in process capabilit for process improvement based on potential benefits are stakeholders. 	Ad consistent enter ues and guidelines ins and data) that in uld stay within the y and consistency From EDM01.03 MEA03.02 Actin the and conformar y and control. Iden id costs.	prisewide classification of info to provide effective security a ncludes a listing of owners, cu enterprise. of all information stored in ele Inputs Description Feedback on governance effectiveness and performance Updated policies, principles, procedures and standards vities ice drivers and related risk. As	Ind controls over information a stodians and classifications. In ectronic form such as database Outputs Description Process capability assessments Process improvement opportunities Performance goals and metrics for process improvement tracking	To To MEA01.03 All APO All BAI All DSS All MEA MEA01.02 Identify ioritise initiativ
 Define, maintain and provide appropriate tools, technique systems in collaboration with the owner. Create and maintain an inventory of information (system that are outsourced and those for which ownership sho Define and implement procedures to ensure the integrite warehouses and data archives. Management Practice PO01.07 Manage continual improvement for processes and their maturity to ensure that they are apable of delivering against enterprise, governance, the forecesses implementation guidance, emerging standards, compliance requirements, automation opportunities, and the stakeholders. Update the process and consider name the stakeholders. Identify business-critical processes based on performar improvement targets. Analyse gaps in process capability for process improvement based on potential benefits ar process improvements. 	And consistent enter ues and guidelines ins and data) that in uld stay within the y and consistency From EDM01.03 MEA03.02 Action the and conformar y and control. Iden id costs.	prisewide classification of info to provide effective security a ncludes a listing of owners, cu enterprise. of all information stored in ele Inputs Description Feedback on governance effectiveness and performance Updated policies, principles, procedures and standards vities te drivers and related risk. As tify options for improvement a	Ind controls over information a stodians and classifications. In ectronic form such as database Outputs Description Process capability assessments Process improvement opportunities Performance goals and metrics for process improvement tracking seess process capability and ic ind redesign of the process. Pr and metrics to enable monitori	To MEA01.03 All APO All BAI All DSS All MEA MEA01.02 Identify fioritise initiativ
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AP001 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es <i>(cont.)</i>						
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs				
AP001.08 Maintain compliance with policies	From	Description	Description	То			
and procedures. Put in place procedures to maintain compliance with	DSS01.04	Environmental policies	Non-compliance	MEA01.05			
and performance measurement of policies and other enablers of the control framework, and enforce the consequences of non-compliance or inadequate performance. Track trends and performance and consider these in the future design and improvement of the control framework.	MEA03.02	Updated policies, principles, procedures and standards	remedial actions				
	Activ	vities					
1. Track compliance with policies and procedures.							
2. Analyse non-compliance and take appropriate action (th	iis could include ch	nanging requirements).					
3. Integrate performance and compliance into individual st	aff members' perf	ormance objectives.					
4. Regularly assess the performance of the framework's en	nablers and take a	ppropriate action.					
5. Analyse trends in performance and compliance and take	e appropriate actio	n.	-				

APO01 Related Guidance							
Related Standard	Detailed Reference						
ISO/IEC 20000	 3.1 Management responsibility 4.4 Continual improvement						
ISO/IEC 27002	6. Organisation of Information Security						
ITIL V3 2011	Continual Service Improvement, 4.1 The 7-Step Improvement Process						

APO02 Manage Strategy	Area: Management Domain: Align, Plan and Organise
Process Description Provide a holistic view of the current business and IT environment, the futur environment. Leverage enterprise architecture building blocks and component nimble, reliable and efficient response to strategic objectives.	e direction, and the initiatives required to migrate to the desired future ents, including externally provided services and related capabilities to enable
Process Purpose Statement Align strategic IT plans with business objectives. Clearly communicate the o the IT strategic options identified, structured and integrated with the business	bjectives and associated accountabilities so they are understood by all, with ss plans.
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related g	pals:
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics
01 Alignment of IT and business strategy	 Percent of enterprise strategic goals and requirements supported by IT strategic goals Level of stakeholder satisfaction with scope of the planned portfolio of programmes and services Percent of IT value drivers mapped to business value drivers
07 Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery
17 Knowledge, expertise and initiatives for business innovation	 Level of business executive awareness and understanding of IT innovation possibilities Level of stakeholder satisfaction with levels of IT innovation expertise and ideas Number of approved initiatives resulting from innovative IT ideas
Process Goals and Metrics	
Process Goal	Related Metrics
1. All aspects of the IT strategy are aligned with the enterprise strategy.	 Percent of objectives in the IT strategy that support the enterprise strategy Percent of enterprise objectives addressed in the IT strategy
 The IT strategy is cost-effective, appropriate, realistic, achievable, enterprise-focussed and balanced. 	 Percent of initiatives in the IT strategy that are self-funding (financial benefits in excess of costs) Trends in ROI of initiatives included in the IT strategy Level of enterprise stakeholder satisfaction survey feedback on the IT strategy
3. Clear and concrete short-term goals can be derived from, and traced back to, specific long-term initiatives, and can then be translated into operational plans.	• Percent of projects in the IT project portfolio that can be directly traced back to the IT strategy
4. IT is a value driver for the enterprise.	 Percent of strategic enterprise objectives obtained as a result of strategic IT initiatives Number of new enterprise opportunities realised as a direct result of IT developments Percent of IT initiatives/projects championed by business owners
5. There is awareness of the IT strategy and a clear assignment of accountability for delivery.	 Achievement of measurable IT strategy outcomes part of staff performance goals Frequency of updates to the IT strategy communication plan Percent of strategic initiatives with accountability assigned

COBIT: Enabling Processes

AP002 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
AP002.01 Understand enterprise direction.		С	С	С	А	С	С				С	С		С				R	С	R	R		R	R	R	
AP002.02 Assess the current environment, capabilities and performance.		С	С	С	R	С	С				С					С	С	A	R	R	R	С	С	С	С	
AP002.03 Define the target IT capabilities.		A	С	С	С	I	R		I		С		С			С	С	R	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
AP002.04 Conduct a gap analysis.					R	R	С				С				С	R	R	А	R	R	R	R	R	R	С	
AP002.05 Define the strategic plan and road map.		С	1	С	С		С		R		С	С				С	С	A	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
AP002.06 Communicate the IT strategy and direction.	I	R	I	I	R	I	A	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	R	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I

AP002 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es						
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs				
AP002.01 Understand enterprise direction.	From	Description	Description	То			
Consider the current enterprise environment and business processes, as well as the enterprise strategy and future objectives. Consider also the external environment of the enterprise (industry drivers, relevant	EDM04.01	Guiding principles for allocation of resources and capabilities	Sources and priorities for changes	Internal			
regulations, basis for competition).	AP004.02	Innovation opportunities linked to business drivers					
	Outside COBIT	Enterprise strategy and enterprise strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, threats (SWOT) analysis					
	Acti	vities					
1. Develop and maintain an understanding of enterprise stra	ategy and objective	s, as well as the current enterp	rise operational environment a	ind challenges.			
2. Develop and maintain an understanding of the external	environment of the	e enterprise.					
3. Identify key stakeholders and obtain insight on their req	uirements.						
4. Identify and analyse sources of change in the enterprise	e and external envi	ronments.					
5. Ascertain priorities for strategic change.							
6. Understand the current enterprise architecture and wor	k with the enterpri	se architecture process to dete	ermine any potential architect	ural gaps.			

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP002.02 Assess the current environment,	From	Description	Description	То
capabilities and performance. Assess the performance of current internal business and IT capabilities and external IT services, and develop	AP006.05	Cost optimisation opportunities	Baseline of current capabilities	Internal
an understanding of the enterprise architecture in elation to IT. Identify issues currently being experienced	AP008.05	Definition of potential improvement projects	Gaps and risk related to current capabilities	AP012.01
IND develop recommendations in areas that could penefit from improvement. Consider service provider lifferentiators and options and the financial impact and	AP009.01	Identified gaps in IT services to the business	Capability SWOT analysis	Internal
ptential costs and benefits of using external services.	AP009.04	Improvement action plans and remediations		
	AP012.01	Emerging risk issues and factors		
	AP012.02	Risk analysis results		
	AP012.03	Aggregated risk profile, including status of risk management actions		
	AP012.05	Project proposals for reducing risk		
	BAI04.03	 Performance and capacity plans Prioritised improvements 		
	BAI04.05	Corrective actions		
	BAI09.01	Results of fit-for-purpose reviews		
	BAI09.04	 Opportunities to reduce asset costs or increase value Results of cost optimisation reviews 		
	Ac	tivities		
 Develop a baseline of the current business and IT envir the relevant high-level detail of the current enterprise a processes, IT processes and procedures, the IT organis and competencies. 	rchitecture (busi	ness, information, data, applicati	ons and technology domains)), business
2. Identify risk from current, potential and declining technology	ologies.			
 Identify gaps between current business and IT capabilitic capabilities, and comparative benchmarks of good practice. 			od practices, competitor busi	ness and IT
4. Identify issues, strengths, opportunities and threats in t		<u> </u>	to understand current perfor	mance. Iden

areas for improvement in terms of IT's contribution to enterprise objectives.

APO02 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie		Innuto	Outworks	
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	-
AP002.03 Define the target IT capabilities. Define the target business and IT capabilities and	From	Description	Description	То
required IT services. This should be based on the	AP004.05	 Analysis of rejected initiatives 	High-level IT-related goals	Internal
understanding of the enterprise environment and requirements; the assessment of the current		Results and recommendations	Required business and IT capabilities	Internal
business process and IT environment and issues; and consideration of reference standards, good practices and validated emerging technologies or innovation proposals.		from proof-of-concept initiatives	Proposed enterprise architecture changes	AP003.03
	Acti	vities		
1. Consider validated emerging technology or innovation in	deas.			
2. Identify threats from declining, current and newly acquir	red technologies.			
3. Define high-level IT objectives/goals and how they will o	contribute to the e	nterprise's business objectives		
 Define required and desired business process and IT ca (business, information, data, applications and technolog providers, governance of IT, and IT skills and competence 	y domains), busin			
5. Align and agree with the enterprise architect on propose	ed enterprise archi	itecture changes.		
6. Demonstrate traceability to the enterprise strategy and	requirements.			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP002.04 Conduct a gap analysis.	From	Description	Description	То
		-		
Identify the gaps between the current and target environments and consider the alignment of assets (the capabilities that support services) with business	EDM02.01	Evaluation of strategic alignment	Gaps and changes required to realise target capability	EDM04.01 AP013.02 BAI03.11
Identify the gaps between the current and target environments and consider the alignment of assets (the capabilities that support services) with business outcomes to optimise investment in and utilisation of the internal and external asset base. Consider the critical	EDM02.01 AP004.06		required to realise target	AP013.02
Identify the gaps between the current and target environments and consider the alignment of assets (the capabilities that support services) with business outcomes to optimise investment in and utilisation of the internal and external asset base. Consider the critical		alignment Assessments of using	required to realise target capability Value benefit statement for	AP013.02 BAI03.11
Identify the gaps between the current and target environments and consider the alignment of assets (the capabilities that support services) with business outcomes to optimise investment in and utilisation of the internal and external asset base. Consider the critical	AP004.06	alignment Assessments of using innovative approaches Investment return	required to realise target capability Value benefit statement for	AP013.02 BAI03.11
Identify the gaps between the current and target environments and consider the alignment of assets (the capabilities that support services) with business outcomes to optimise investment in and utilisation of the internal and external asset base. Consider the critical	AP004.06 AP005.02	alignment Assessments of using innovative approaches Investment return expectations Results of programme goal	required to realise target capability Value benefit statement for	AP013.02 BAI03.11
Identify the gaps between the current and target environments and consider the alignment of assets (the capabilities that support services) with business outcomes to optimise investment in and utilisation of the internal and external asset base. Consider the critical success factors to support strategy execution.	AP004.06 AP005.02 BAI01.05	alignment Assessments of using innovative approaches Investment return expectations Results of programme goal achievement monitoring	required to realise target capability Value benefit statement for	AP013.02 BAI03.11
dentify the gaps between the current and target environments and consider the alignment of assets (the capabilities that support services) with business butcomes to optimise investment in and utilisation of the internal and external asset base. Consider the critical	AP004.06 AP005.02 BAI01.05 BAI01.06 BAI01.13	alignment Assessments of using innovative approaches Investment return expectations Results of programme goal achievement monitoring Stage-gate review results Post-implementation	required to realise target capability Value benefit statement for	AP013.02 BAI03.11
Identify the gaps between the current and target environments and consider the alignment of assets (the capabilities that support services) with business outcomes to optimise investment in and utilisation of the internal and external asset base. Consider the critical	AP004.06 AP005.02 BAI01.05 BAI01.06 BAI01.13 Acti	alignment Assessments of using innovative approaches Investment return expectations Results of programme goal achievement monitoring Stage-gate review results Post-implementation review results	required to realise target capability Value benefit statement for	AP013.02 BAI03.11
Identify the gaps between the current and target environments and consider the alignment of assets (the capabilities that support services) with business outcomes to optimise investment in and utilisation of the internal and external asset base. Consider the critical success factors to support strategy execution.	AP004.06 AP005.02 BAI01.05 BAI01.06 BAI01.13 Acti get environment. er the value of pote	alignment Assessments of using innovative approaches Investment return expectations Results of programme goal achievement monitoring Stage-gate review results Post-implementation review results vities	required to realise target capability Value benefit statement for target environment	AP013.02 BAI03.11 BAI03.11
Identify the gaps between the current and target environments and consider the alignment of assets (the capabilities that support services) with business outcomes to optimise investment in and utilisation of the internal and external asset base. Consider the critical success factors to support strategy execution.	AP004.06 AP005.02 BAI01.05 BAI01.06 BAI01.13 Actinget environment. er the value of potelised.	alignment Assessments of using innovative approaches Investment return expectations Results of programme goal achievement monitoring Stage-gate review results Post-implementation review results vities ential changes to business and	required to realise target capability Value benefit statement for target environment IT capabilities, IT services and	AP013.02 BAI03.11 BAI03.11

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP002.05 Define the strategic plan and road map.	From	Description	Description	То
Create a strategic plan that defines, in co-operation with relevant stakeholders, how IT-related goals will contribute to the enterprise's strategic goals. Include	EDM04.01	Approved resources plan	Definition of strategic initiatives	AP005.01
how IT will support IT-enabled investment programmes, business processes, IT services and IT assets. Direct IT to define the initiatives that will be required to close the gaps, the sourcing strategy and the measurements to be used to monitor achievement of goals, then prioritise the initiatives and combine them in a high-level road map.	EDM04.03	 Feedback on allocation and effectiveness of resources and capabilities Remedial actions to address resource management deviations 	Risk assessment initiatives	AP005.01 AP012.01
	AP003.01	 Defined scope of architecture Architecture concept business case and value proposition 	Strategic road map	EDM02.01 AP001.03 AP003.01 AP005.01 AP008.01
	AP003.02	Information architecture model		
	AP003.03	 Transition architectures High-level implementation and migration strategy 		
	AP005.01	Feedback on strategy and goals		
	AP005.02	Funding options	-	
	AP006.02	Budget allocations		
	AP006.03	 IT budget and plan Budget communications 		
	AP013.02	Information security business cases		
	BAI09.05	Action plan to adjust licence numbers and allocations		
	DSS04.02	Approved strategic options		
	Act	vities		
 Define the initiatives required to close gaps and migrate sources, sourcing strategy and acquisition strategy. 	e from the current	to the target environment, incl	uding investment/operational	budget, fundi
Identify and adequately address risk, costs and implica process re-engineering, staffing, insourcing and outsou				, business
3. Determine dependencies, overlaps, synergies and impa	acts amongst initia	tives, and prioritise the initiativ	es.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1. Identify resource requirements, schedule and investme	nt/operational bud	gets for each of the initiatives.		
Create a read man indicating the relative astronomic ar	d interdenender	an of the statistics a		

5. Create a road map indicating the relative scheduling and interdependencies of the initiatives.

6. Translate the objectives into outcome measures represented by metrics (what) and targets (how much) that can be related to enterprise benefits.

7. Formally obtain support from stakeholders and obtain approval for the plan.

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs		
AP002.06 Communicate the IT strategy and direction. Create awareness and understanding of the business	From	Description	Description	То	
	EDM04.02	Communication of	Communication plan	Internal	
and IT objectives and direction, as captured in the IT strategy, through communication to appropriate stakeholders and users throughout the enterprise.		resourcing strategies	Communication package	AII APO AII BAI AII DSS AII MEA	
	Acti	vities			
1. Develop and maintain a network for endorsing, support	ting and driving the	e IT strategy.			
2. Develop a communication plan covering the required I	nessages, target al	idiences, communication med	hanisms/channels and schedu	ules.	
3. Prepare a communication package that delivers the pl	an effectively using	available media and technolo	gies.		
4. Obtain feedback and update the communication plan	and delivery as requ	uired.			

AP002 Related Guidance						
Related Standard	Detailed Reference					
ISO/IEC 20000	 4.0 Planning and implementing service management 5.0 Planning and implementing new or changed services 					
ITIL V3 2011	Service Strategy, 4.1 Strategy Management for IT Services					

AP003 Manage Enterprise Architecture	Area: Management Domain: Align, Plan and Organise
Process Description Establish a common architecture consisting of business process, information and efficiently realising enterprise and IT strategies by creating key models a requirements for taxonomy, standards, guidelines, procedures, templates and increase agility, improve quality of information and generate potential cost sa	and practices that describe the baseline and target architectures. Define d tools, and provide a linkage for these components. Improve alignment,
Process Purpose Statement Represent the different building blocks that make up the enterprise and their evolution over time, enabling a standard, responsive and efficient delivery of	inter-relationships as well as the principles guiding their design and operational and strategic objectives.
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	als:
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics
01 Alignment of IT and business strategy	 Percent of enterprise strategic goals and requirements supported by IT strategic goals Level of stakeholder satisfaction with scope of the planned portfolio of programmes and services Percent of IT value drivers mapped to business value drivers
09 IT agility	 Level of satisfaction of business executives with IT's responsiveness to new requirements Number of critical business processes supported by up-to-date infrastructure and applications Average time to turn strategic IT objectives into an agreed-on and approved initiative
11 Optimisation of IT assets, resources and capabilities	 Frequency of capability maturity and cost optimisation assessments Trend of assessment results Satisfaction levels of business and IT executives with IT-related costs and capabilities
Process Goals and Metrics	
Process Goal	Related Metrics
1. The architecture and standards are effective in supporting the enterprise.	 Number of exceptions to architecture standards and baselines applied for and granted Level of architecture customer feedback Project benefits realised that can be traced back to architecture involvement (e.g., cost reduction through re-use)
2. A portfolio of enterprise architecture services supports agile enterprise change.	 Percent of projects using enterprise architecture services Level of architecture customer feedback
3. Appropriate and up-to-date domain and/or federated architectures exist that provide reliable architecture information.	 Date of last update to domain and/or federated architectures Number of identified gaps in models across enterprise, information, data, application and technology architecture domains Level of architecture customer feedback regarding quality of information provided
4. A common enterprise architecture framework and methodology as well as an integrated architecture repository are used to enable re-use efficiencies across the enterprise.	 Percent of projects that utilise the framework and methodology to re-use defined components Number of people trained in the methodology and tool set Number of exceptions to architecture standards and baselines applied for and granted

COBIT₆: Enabling Processes

AP003 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
AP003.01 Develop the enterprise architecture vision.		A	С	С	R	С	R					С	R	С	С	С	С	R	R	С	С	С		С		
AP003.02 Define reference architecture.		С	С	с	R	с	R					С	А	С	С	С	С	R	R	С	С	С		С		\square
AP003.03 Select opportunities and solutions.		A	С	С	R	С	R					С	R	С	С	С	С	R	R	С	С	С		С		
AP003.04 Define architecture implementation.		A	С	R	С	С	R					С	R	С	С	С	С	R	R	С	С	С		С		
AP003.05 Provide enterprise architecture services.		A	С	R	С	С	R					С	R	С	С	С	С	R	R	С	С	С		С		

AP003 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es							
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs					
AP003.01 Develop the enterprise	From	Description	Description	То				
architecture vision. The architecture vision provides a first-cut, high-level description of the baseline and target architectures,	EDM04.01	Guiding principles for enterprise architecture	Defined scope of architecture	AP002.05				
covering the business, information, data, application and technology domains. The architecture vision provides the sponsor with a key tool to sell the benefits	AP002.05	Strategic road map	Architecture principles	BAI02.01 BAI03.01 BAI03.02				
of the proposed capability to stakeholders within the enterprise. The architecture vision describes how the new capability will meet enterprise goals and strategic objectives and address stakeholder concerns when implemented.	Outside COBIT	Enterprise strategy	Architecture concept business case and value proposition	AP002.05 AP005.03				

AP003 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activiti	es <i>(cont.)</i>			
	AP003.0	I Activities		
1. Identify the key stakeholders and their concerns/objective views to be developed to satisfy the various stakehold		he key enterprise requirement	s to be addressed as well as th	he architecture
2. Identify the enterprise goals and strategic drivers of the constraints and project-specific constraints (time, sch	ne enterprise and d ledule, resources, e	efine the constraints that mus	t be dealt with, including enter	rprisewide
3. Align architecture objectives with strategic programm	e priorities.			
4. Understand the capabilities and desires of the busines	ss, then identify op	tions to realise those capabilit	es.	
5. Assess the enterprise's readiness for change.				
6. Define what is inside and what is outside the scope o target need not be described at the same level of deta		itecture and target architectur	e efforts, understanding that th	e baseline and
7. Confirm and elaborate architecture principles, includin of ambiguity.	ng enterprise princ	iples. Ensure that any existing	definitions are current and cla	rify any areas
8. Understand the current enterprise strategic goals and architecture opportunities are leveraged in the develo			process to ensure that IT-relat	ed enterprise
9. Based on stakeholder concerns, business capability re of the baseline and target architectures.	equirements, scope	e, constraints and principles, c	reate the architecture vision: a	a high-level viev
0. Define the target architecture value propositions, goal	ls and metrics.			
 Identify the enterprise change risk associated with the develop a mitigation strategy for each significant risk. 		n, assess the initial level of ris	k (e.g., critical, marginal or ne	gligible) and
2. Develop an enterprise architecture concept business aligned and integrated with the enterprise strategy.	case, outline plans	and statement of architecture	work, and secure approval to	initiate a projec
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP003.02 Define reference architecture.	From	Description	Description	То
The reference architecture describes the current and arget architectures for the business, information, data, application and technology domains.	AP001.01	 Enterprise operational guidelines Definition of organisational structure and functions 	Baseline domain descriptions and architecture definition	AP013.02 BAI02.01 BAI03.01 BAI03.02
	AP001.05	 Defined operational placement of IT function Evaluation of options for IT organisation 	Process architecture model	AP001.01
	AP001.06	Data classification guidelines	Information architecture model	AP002.05 BAI02.01
	Outside COBIT	Enterprise strategy		BAI03.02 DSS05.03 DSS05.04 DSS05.06

AP003 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activiti	es <i>(cont.)</i>			
	AP003.02	Activities		
1. Maintain an architecture repository containing standa uniformity of architectural organisation and maintenan		onents, modelling artefacts, re	elationships, dependencies an	d views to enable
2. Select reference viewpoints from the architecture rep addressed in the architecture.	ository that will ena	ble the architect to demonstra	ate how stakeholder concerns	are being
3. For each viewpoint, select the models needed to supp of decomposition.	ort the specific view	w required, using selected too	ls or methods and the approp	riate level
4. Develop baseline architectural domain descriptions, u possible, identifying relevant architecture building blo			pport the target architecture a	and, to the extent
 Maintain a process architecture model as part of the l processes. Define the roles and responsibilities of the stakeholders who should be involved. 				
 Maintain an information architecture model as part of optimal use of information for decision making. Maint scheme that includes details about data ownership, d 	ain an enterprise da	ata dictionary that promotes a	common understanding and	a classification
 Verify the architecture models for internal consistency and define new or modified components that must be inconsistencies or conflicts within the envisioned arch 	developed for the	perform a gap analysis betwe target architecture. Resolve po	en the baseline and target. Pr otential impacts such as incon	oritise gaps npatibilities,
8. Conduct a formal stakeholder review by checking the statement of architecture work.	proposed architect	ure against the original motiva	ation for the architecture proje	ct and the
9. Finalise business, information, data, applications and	technology domain	architectures, and create an a	architecture definition docume	nt.
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
APO03.03 Select opportunities and solutions. Rationalise the gaps between baseline and target	From	Description	Description	То
architectures, taking both business and technical perspectives, and logically group them into project	AP002.03	Proposed enterprise architecture changes	High-level implementation and migration strategy	AP002.05
work packages. Integrate the project with any related IT-enabled investment programmes to ensure that the architectural initiatives are aligned with and enable these initiatives as part of overall enterprise change. Make this a collaborative effort with key enterprise stakeholders from business and IT to assess the enterprise's transformation readiness, and identify opportunities, solutions and all implementation constraints.	Outside COBIT	 Enterprise strategies Enterprise drivers 	Transition architectures	AP002.05
	Activ	vities		
1. Determine and confirm key enterprise change attribut implementation, as well as the enterprise's transition		nterprise's culture and how thi	s will impact enterprise archit	ecture
2. Identify any enterprise drivers that would constrain the strategic and business plans, and consideration of the			v of the enterprise and line of	business
3. Review and consolidate the gap analysis results betw solutions/opportunities, interdependencies and alignm			sess their implications with re	spect to potentia
4. Assess the requirements, gaps, solutions and factors would lead to a more efficient and effective implement			ts whose integration into wor	k packages
5. Reconcile the consolidated requirements with potentia	al solutions.			
6. Refine the initial dependencies, ensuring that any con dependency analysis report.	straints on the imp	lementation and migration pla	ns are identified, and consolid	ate them into a
7. Confirm the enterprise's readiness for, and the risk as	sociated with, ente	rprise transformation.		
8. Formulate a high-level implementation and migration architectures in alignment with enterprise strategic of			plementation and structure the	e transition
מיטוונפטנטיפט ווי מוטוווופות שונו פותפוטווטב געמנפטול טו				
 Identify and group major work packages into a cohere and approach. 	ent set of programn	nes and projects, respecting th	e enterprise strategic implem	entation directio

AP003 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es <i>(cont.)</i>			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP003.04 Define architecture implementation.	From	Description	Description	То
Create a viable implementation and migration plan in alignment with the programme and project portfolios.			Resource requirements	BAI01.02
Ensure that the plan is closely co-ordinated to ensure that value is delivered and the required resources are			Implementation phase descriptions	BAI01.01 BAI01.02
available to complete the necessary work.			Architecture governance requirements	BAI01.01
	Activ	vities		
1. Establish what the implementation and migration plan requirements of applicable decision makers.	should include as p	art of programme and project	planning and ensure that it is	aligned with the
2. Confirm transition architecture increments and phases	and update the arc	hitecture definition document		
3. Define architecture implementation governance require	ements.			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP003.05 Provide enterprise architecture services.	From	Description	Description	То
The provision of enterprise architecture services within the enterprise includes guidance to and monitoring of implementation projects, formalising ways of working through architecture contracts, and measuring and communicating architecture's value-add and compliance monitoring.			Solution development guidance	BAI02.01 BAI02.02 BAI03.02
	Activ	vities	<u>.</u>	^
1. Confirm scope and priorities and provide guidance for s	solution developme	nt and deployment.		
2. Manage the portfolio of enterprise architecture services	s to ensure alignme	nt with strategic objectives ar	nd solution development.	
3. Manage enterprise architecture requirements and supp	ort with architectu	al principles, models and buil	ding blocks.	
 Identify and align enterprise architecture priorities to va architecture value. 	lue drivers. Define	and collect value metrics and	measure and communicate e	enterprise
5. Establish a technology forum to provide architectural g with these standards and guidelines, including complia				sure compliance
AP003 Related Guidance				
Related Standard Detailed Re	ference			

Related Standard	Detailed Reference
TOGAF 9	At the core of TOGAF is the Architecture Development Method (ADM), which maps to the COBIT 5 practices of developing an architecture vision (ADM Phase A), defining reference architectures (ADM Phases B,C,D), selecting opportunities and solutions (ADM Phase E), and defining architecture implementation (ADM Phases F, G). A number of TOGAF components map to the COBIT 5 practice of providing enterprise architecture services. These include ADM Requirements Management, Architecture Principles, Stakeholder Management, Business Transformation Readiness Assessment, Risk Management, Capability-Based Planning, Architecture Compliance and Architecture Contracts.

AP004 Manage Innovation	Area: Management Domain: Align, Plan and Organise
Process Description Maintain an awareness of information technology and related service trends in relation to business needs. Analyse what opportunities for business innov or IT-enabled business innovation, as well as through existing established te planning and enterprise architecture decisions.	ation or improvement can be created by emerging technologies, services
Process Purpose Statement Achieve competitive advantage, business innovation, and improved operation technology developments.	nal effectiveness and efficiency by exploiting information
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related g	Dals:
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics
05 Realised benefits from IT-enabled investments and services portfolio	 Percent of IT-enabled investments where benefit realisation is monitored through the full economic life cycle Percent of IT services where expected benefits are realised Percent of IT-enabled investments where claimed benefits are met or exceeded
08 Adequate use of applications, information and technology solutions	 Percent of business process owners satisfied with supporting IT products and services Level of business user understanding of how technology solutions support their processes Satisfaction level of business users with training and user manuals NPV showing business satisfaction level of the quality and usefulness of the technology solutions
09 IT agility	 Level of satisfaction of business executives with IT's responsiveness to new requirements Number of critical business processes supported by up-to-date infrastructure and applications Average time to turn strategic IT objectives into an agreed-on and approved initiative
11 Optimisation of IT assets, resources and capabilities	 Frequency of capability maturity and cost optimisation assessments Trend of assessment results Satisfaction levels of business and IT executives with IT-related costs and capabilities
17 Knowledge, expertise and initiatives for business innovation	 Level of business executive awareness and understanding of IT innovation possibilities Level of stakeholder satisfaction with levels of IT innovation expertise and ideas Number of approved initiatives resulting from innovative IT ideas
Process Goals and Metrics	
Process Goal	Related Metrics
1. Enterprise value is created through the qualification and staging of the most appropriate advances and innovations in technology, IT methods and solutions.	 Increase in market share or competitiveness due to innovations Enterprise stakeholder perceptions and feedback on IT innovation
 Enterprise objectives are met with improved quality benefits and/or reduced cost as a result of the identification and implementation of innovative solutions. 	 Percent of implemented initiatives that realise the envisioned benefits Percent of implemented initiatives with a clear linkage to an enterprise objective
3. Innovation is promoted and enabled and forms part of the enterprise culture.	 Inclusion of innovation or emerging technology-related objectives in performance goals for relevant staff Stakeholder feedback and surveys

COBIT₆: Enabling Processes

AP004 RACI Chart		-			-			-	-	-	-			-			-	-			-	-		-		
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
AP004.01 Create an environment conducive to innovation.		A			R	R	R								R			R	R	R	R		R	R		
AP004.02 Maintain an understanding of the enterprise environment.				A	R	R	С											R	R	R	R					
AP004.03 Monitor and scan the technology environment.																		A	R	R	R		R	R		
AP004.04 Assess the potential of emerging technologies and innovation ideas.		I		I	С	с	с				С							A	R	R	R		R	R		
AP004.05 Recommend appropriate further initiatives.				I	R	R	А						С					R	R	R	R		R	R		
AP004.06 Monitor the implementation and use of innovation.					С	С	A						С					R	С	С	С		С	С		

Note: Some governance and management practices produce outputs that serve as inputs to many practices. Those outputs are detailed in **figure 11**. Please refer to **figure 11** to ensure completeness when working with the practices that follow.

APO04 Manage Innovation Process Practices, Inputs/C	Outputs and Activ	ities					
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs				
AP004.01 Create an environment conducive	From	Description	Description	То			
to innovation. Create an environment that is conducive to innovation,			Innovation plan	Internal			
considering issues such as culture, reward, collaboration, technology forums, and mechanisms to promote and capture employee ideas.			Recognition and reward programme	AP007.04			
	Activ	vities					
1. Create an innovation plan that includes risk appetite, the	e envisioned budge	et to spend on innovation initia	tives, and innovation objective	es.			
2. Provide infrastructure that can be an enabler for innovation	on, such as collaboi	ration tools for enhancing work	between geographic locations	and divisions.			
3. Create an environment that is conducive to innovation b appropriate job rotation, and discretionary time for expe	, ,	vant HR initiatives, such as inr	novation recognition and rewa	rd programmes,			
4. Maintain a programme enabling staff to submit innovati these ideas forward.	on ideas and creat	e an appropriate decision-ma	king structure to assess and t	ake			
5 Encourage innovation ideas from quatemore auguliers	nd huginggo parts	oro					

5. Encourage innovation ideas from customers, suppliers and business partners.

AP004 Manage Innovation Process Practices, Inputs/0	Outputs and Activ	ities <i>(cont.)</i>					
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs				
AP004.02 Maintain an understanding of the	From	Description	Description	То			
enterprise environment. Work with relevant stakeholders to understand their challenges. Maintain an adequate understanding of enterprise strategy and the competitive environment or other constraints so that opportunities enabled by new technologies can be identified.	Outside COBIT	Enterprise strategy and enterprise SWOT analysis	Innovation opportunities linked to business drivers	AP002.01			
	Activ	vities	•				
 Maintain an understanding of the business drivers, enter value-add of technologies or IT innovation can be identi 		lustry drivers, enterprise opera	ations and other issues so that	the potential			
 Conduct regular meetings with business units, divisions bottlenecks, or other constraints where emerging technic 				OCESS			
3. Understand enterprise investment parameters for innov	ation and new tech	nnologies so appropriate strate	egies are developed.				
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs				
AP004.03 Monitor and scan the technology environment.	From	Description	Description	То			
Perform systematic monitoring and scanning of the enterprise's external environment to identify emerging technologies that have the potential to create value (e.g., by realising the enterprise strategy, optimising costs, avoiding obsolescence, and better enabling enterprise and IT processes). Monitor the marketplace, competitive landscape, industry sectors, and legal and regulatory trends to be able to analyse emerging technologies or innovation ideas in the enterprise context.	Outside COBIT	Emerging technologies	Research analyses of innovation possibilities	BAI03.01			
	Activ	vities	•				
 Understand the enterprise's interest and potential for ac technology innovations. Perform research and scanning of the external environr 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		opportunistic			
emerging technologies.							
3. Consult with third-party experts where needed to confir			n on emerging technologies.				
4. Capture staff members' IT innovation ideas and analyse	inem for potentia	· · ·	Outpute				
Management Practice AP004.04 Assess the potential of emerging	From	Inputs Description	Outputs Description	То			
technologies and innovation ideas. Analyse identified emerging technologies and/or other IT innovation suggestions. Work with stakeholders	FIUII	Description	Evaluations of innovation ideas	BAI03.01			
to validate assumptions on the potential of new technologies and innovation.			Proof-of-concept scope and outline business case	AP005.03 AP006.02			
			Test results from proof-of-concept initiatives	Internal			
	Acti	vities					
1. Evaluate identified technologies, considering aspects su implications), fit with the enterprise architecture, and po			w technologies (including pote	ntial legal			
2. Identify any issues that may need to be resolved or prov	ven through a proo	f-of-concept initiative.					
3. Scope the proof-of-concept initiative, including desired	outcomes, require	d budget, time frames and res	ponsibilities.				
4. Obtain approval for the proof-of-concept initiative.							
5. Conduct proof-of-concept initiatives to test emerging te implementation or roll-out should be considered based	chnologies or othe on feasibility and p	r innovation ideas, identify any potential ROI.	y issues, and determine wheth	er further			

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs				
AP004.05 Recommend appropriate	From	Description	Description	То			
further initiatives. Evaluate and monitor the results of proof-of-concept initiatives and, if favourable, generate recommendations for further initiatives and gain stakeholder support.			Results and recommendations from proof-of-concept initiatives	AP002.03 BAI03.09			
			Analysis of rejected initiatives	AP002.03 BAI03.08			
	Activ	vities					
1. Document proof-of-concept results, including guidance	and recommendat	ions for trends and innovatior	n programmes.				
2. Communicate viable innovation opportunities into the l	T strategy and ente	rprise architecture processes.					
3. Follow up on proof-of-concept initiatives to measure th	e degree to which	they have been leveraged in a	ctual investment.				
4. Analyse and communicate reasons for rejected proof-o	f-concept initiative	3.					
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs				
AP004.06 Monitor the implementation and use	From	Description	Description	То			
of innovation. Monitor the implementation and use of emerging technologies and innovations during integration,			Assessments of using innovative approaches	AP002.04 BAI03.02			
adoption and for the full economic life cycle to ensure that the promised benefits are realised and to identify			Evaluation of innovation benefits	AP005.04			
lessons learned.			Adjusted innovation plans	Internal			
	Activ	vities					
1. Assess the implementation of the new technologies or realisation during programme management of initiative		ted as part of IT strategy and	enterprise architecture develo	pments and the			
2. Capture lessons learned and opportunities for improve	ment.						
3. Adjust the innovation plan, if required.							
4. Identify and evaluate the potential value to be realised	from the use of inne	ovation.					
APO04 Related Guidance							

None

AP005 Manage Portfolio

Area: Management Domain: Align, Plan and Organise

Process Description

Execute the strategic direction set for investments in line with the enterprise architecture vision and the desired characteristics of the investment and related services portfolios, and consider the different categories of investments and the resources and funding constraints. Evaluate, prioritise and balance programmes and services, managing demand within resource and funding constraints, based on their alignment with strategic objectives, enterprise worth and risk. Move selected programmes into the active services portfolio for execution. Monitor the performance of the overall portfolio of services and programmes, proposing adjustments as necessary in response to programme and service performance or changing enterprise priorities.

Process Purpose Statement

Optimise the performance of the overall portfolio of programmes in response to programme and service performance and changing enterprise priorities and demands.

The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	als:
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics
01 Alignment of IT and business strategy	 Percent of enterprise strategic goals and requirements supported by IT strategic goals Level of stakeholder satisfaction with scope of the planned portfolio of programmes and services Percent of IT value drivers mapped to business value drivers
05 Realised benefits from IT-enabled investments and services portfolio	 Percent of IT-enabled investments where benefit realisation is monitored through the full economic life cycle Percent of IT services where expected benefits are realised Percent of IT-enabled investments where claimed benefits are met or exceeded
13 Delivery of programmes delivering benefits, on time, on budget, and meeting requirements and quality standards	 Number of programmes/projects on time and within budget Percent of stakeholders satisfied with programme/project quality Number of programmes needing significant rework due to quality defects Cost of application maintenance vs. overall IT cost
Process Goals and Metrics	
Process Goal	Related Metrics
1. An appropriate investment mix is defined and aligned with enterprise strategy.	 Percent of IT investments that have traceability to the enterprise strategy Degree to which enterprise management is satisfied with IT's contribution to the enterprise strategy
2. Sources of investment funding are identified and available.	 Ratio between funds allocated and funds used Ratio between funds available and funds allocated
3. Programme business cases are evaluated and prioritised before funds are allocated.	 Percent of business units involved in the evaluation and prioritisation process
 A comprehensive and accurate view of the investment portfolio performance exists. 	Level of satisfaction with the portfolio monitoring reports
 Investment programme changes are reflected in the relevant IT service, asset and resource portfolios. 	 Percent of changes from the investment programme reflected in the relevant IT portfolios
6. Benefits have been realised due to benefit monitoring.	 Percent of investments where realised benefits have been measured and compared to the business case

COBIT : Enabling Processes

AP005 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
AP005.01 Establish the target investment mix.	A	R	R		с					I	С	С				С	С	С	С							
AP005.02 Determine the availability and sources of funds.	С		A		R					С								R								
AP005.03 Evaluate and select programmes to fund.	С	A	R		R		R			R								R	С							
AP005.04 Monitor, optimise and report on investment portfolio performance.	I	С	С	С	с	с	R			A						С	С	С	С				С			
AP005.05 Maintain portfolios.			1	1	R	с	A		R									R		с	с		С			
AP005.06 Manage benefits achievement.		с	с	с	A	R		R		1						С	С	R	С				С			

Note: Some governance and management practices produce outputs that serve as inputs to many practices. Those outputs are detailed in figure 11. Please refer to figure 11 to ensure completeness when working with the practices that follow.

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP005.01 Establish the target investment mix.	From	Description	Description	То
Review and ensure clarity of the enterprise and IT strategies and current services. Define an appropriate investment mix based on cost, alignment with strategy,	EDM02.02	Investment types and criteria	Defined investment mix	Internal
and financial measures such as cost and expected ROI over the full economic life cycle, degree of risk, and type of benefit for the programmes in the portfolio. Adjust the enterprise and IT strategies where necessary.	AP002.05	 Strategic road map Risk assessment initiatives Definition of strategic initiatives 	Identified resources and capabilities required to support strategy	Internal
	AP006.02	Prioritisation and ranking of IT initiatives	Feedback on strategy and goals	AP002.05
	AP009.01	Definitions of standard services		
	BAI03.11	Service definitions]	
	Acti	vities		
1. Validate that IT-enabled investments and current IT sem enterprise architecture vision, and priorities.	vices are aligned v	vith enterprise vision, enterpris	se principles, strategic goals a	and objectives

3. Create an investment mix that achieves the right balance amongst a number of dimensions, including an appropriate balance of short- and long-term returns, financial and non-financial benefits, and high- and low-risk investments.

4. Identify the broad categories of information systems, applications, data, IT services, infrastructure, IT assets, resources, skills, practices, controls and relationships needed to support the enterprise strategy.

5. Agree on an IT strategy and goals, taking into account the inter-relationships between the enterprise strategy and the IT services, assets and other resources. Identify and leverage synergies that can be achieved.

AP005 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activiti	es <i>(cont.)</i>			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP005.02 Determine the availability and	From	Description	Description	То
sources of funds. Determine potential sources of funds, different funding options and the implications of the funding source on the investment return expectations.			Funding options Investment return expectations	AP002.05 EDM02.01 AP002.04 AP006.02 BAI01.06
	Acti	vities	<u> </u>	5/10/100
1. Understand the current availability and commitment of			ctual amount spent to date.	
2. Identify options for obtaining additional funds for IT-ena	abled investments,	internally and from external se	ources.	
3. Determine the implications of the funding source on th	e investment returi	n expectations.		
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP005.03 Evaluate and select programmes to fund.	From	Description	Description	То
Based on the overall investment portfolio mix requirements, evaluate and prioritise programme business cases, and decide on investment proposals. Allocate funds and initiate programmes.	EDM02.01	 Evaluation of investment and services portfolios Evaluation of strategic alignment 	Programme business case	AP006.02 BAI01.02
	EDM02.02	Investment types and criteria	Business case assessments	AP006.02 BAI01.06
	AP003.01	Architecture concept business case and value proposition	Selected programmes with return on investment (ROI) milestones	EDM02.01 BAI01.04
	AP004.04	Proof-of-concept scope and outline business case		
	AP006.02	Budget allocations		
	AP006.03	 Budget communications IT budget and plan 		
	AP009.01	Identified gaps in IT services to the business		
	AP009.03	SLAs		
	BAI01.02	 Programme benefit realisation plan Programme mandate and brief Programme concept business case 		
	Acti	vities		
1. Recognise investment opportunities and classify them all initiatives required to achieve the expected outcome				tcome(s),
2. Perform detailed assessments of all programme busine	ess cases, evaluati	ng strategic alignment, enterp	rise benefits, risk and availabi	lity of resources
Assess the impact on the overall investment portfolio o other programmes.	f adding candidate	programmes, including any c	hanges that might be required	l to
 Decide which candidate programmes should be moved future consideration or provided with some seed funding 				Ild be held for
5. Determine the required milestones for each selected p milestone. Move the programme into the active investr		onomic life cycle. Allocate and	l reserve total programme fur	iding per
Establish procedures to communicate the cost, benefit benefit management processes.	and risk-related as	spects of these portfolios to th	e budget prioritisation, cost m	anagement and

AP005 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activiti	es <i>(cont.)</i>			
Management Practice		Inputs	Output	S
APO05.04 Monitor, optimise and report on	From	Description	Description	То
nvestment portfolio performance. On a regular basis, monitor and optimise the performance of the investment portfolio and individual	EDM02.01	Evaluation of investment and services portfolios	Investment portfolio performance reports	EDM02.03 AP009.04
programmes throughout the entire investment life cycle.	EDM02.03	 Actions to improve value delivery Feedback on portfolio and programme performance 		BAI01.06 MEA01.03
	AP004.06	Evaluation of innovation benefits		
	BAI01.06	Stage-gate review results		
	Acti	vities		
1. Review the portfolio on a regular basis to identify and ϵ	exploit synergies, e	liminate duplication between p	programmes, and identify ar	nd mitigate risk.
When changes occur, re-evaluate and reprioritise the p of investments is maintained so the portfolio is optimis programmes to be initiated.				
Adjust the enterprise targets, forecasts, budgets and, if benefits to be realised by programmes in the active inv				
A. Provide an accurate view of the performance of the inv	estment portfolio t	o all stakeholders.		
Provide management reports for senior management's spent and accomplished over what time frames.	review of the ente	rprise's progress towards ider	ntified goals, stating what st	ill needs to be
Include in the regular performance monitoring informat created, deliverables obtained and performance targets		o which planned objectives ha	ve been achieved, risk mitig	jated, capabilitie
 7. Identify deviations for: Budget control between actual and budget Benefit management of: Actual vs. targets for investments for solutions, pos The actual trend of service portfolio cost for service 	sibly expressed in e delivery production	terms of ROI, NPV or internal r vity improvements	rate of return (IRR)	
 Bevelop metrics for measuring IT's contribution to the enterprise capability targets. Use guidance from extern 				ired IT and
Management Practice		Inputs	Output	S
AP005.05 Maintain portfolios.	From	Description	Description	То
Maintain portfolios of investment programmes and projects, IT services and IT assets.	BAI01.14	Communication of programme retirement and ongoing accountabilities	Updated portfolios of programmes, services and assets	AP009.02 BAI01.01
	BAI03.11	Updated service portfolio		
	Acti	vities		
 Create and maintain portfolios of IT-enabled investmen support the IT tactical and strategic plans. 	t programmes, IT s	services and IT assets, which f	form the basis for the currer	t IT budget and
2. Work with service delivery managers to maintain the service prioritise portfolios to support investment decisions.	ervice portfolios ar	d with operations managers a	nd architects to maintain th	e asset portfolio
3. Remove the programme from the active investment po will not be achieved within the value criteria set for the		esired enterprise benefits have	been achieved or when it is	clear that bene

AP005 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activiti	ies <i>(cont.)</i>			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP005.06 Manage benefits achievement.	From	Description	Description	То
Monitor the benefits of providing and maintaining appropriate IT services and capabilities, based on the agreed-on and current business case.	BAI01.04	Programme budget and benefits register	Benefit results and related communications	EDM02.01 AP009.04 BAI01.06
	BAI01.05	Results of benefit realisation monitoring	Corrective actions to improve benefit realisation	AP009.04 BAI01.06
	Acti	vities		
1. Use the agreed-on metrics and track how benefits are being delivered from IT services, and how they compa				ts, how they are
2. Implement corrective action when achieved benefits si implement business process and service improvement	0 ,	from expected benefits. Upda	te the business case for new	initiatives and
3. Consider obtaining guidance from external experts, inc	lustry leaders and (comparative benchmarking da	ta to test and improve the me	trics and targets.
APO05 Related Guidance				

APOUS Related Guidance	
Related Standard	Detailed Reference
IS0/IEC 20000	 3.1 Management responsibility 4.0 Planning and implementing service management 5.0 Planning and implementing new or changed services
ITIL V3 2011	Service Strategy, 4.2 Service Portfolio Management
Skills Framework for the Information Age (SFIA)	

Align, Plan and Organise

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Area: Management

AP006 Manage Budget and Costs	Area: Management Domain: Align, Plan and Organise
Process Description Manage the IT-related financial activities in both the business and IT function spending through the use of formal budgeting practices and a fair and equiti identify and control the total costs and benefits within the context of the IT s	able system of allocating costs to the enterprise. Consult stakeholders to
Process Purpose Statement Foster partnership between IT and enterprise stakeholders to enable the eff and accountability of the cost and business value of solutions and services. solutions and services.	
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related g	oals:
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics
05 Realised benefits from IT-enabled investments and services portfolio	 Percent of IT-enabled investments where benefit realisation is monitored through the full economic life cycle Percent of IT services where expected benefits are realised Percent of IT-enabled investments where claimed benefits are met or exceeded
06 Transparency of IT costs, benefits and risk	 Percent of investment business cases with clearly defined and approved expected IT-related costs and benefits Percent of IT services with clearly defined and approved operational costs and expected benefits Satisfaction survey of key stakeholders regarding the level of transparency, understanding and accuracy of IT financial information
Process Goals and Metrics	
Process Goal	Related Metrics
 A transparent and complete budget for IT accurately reflects planned expenditures. 	 Number of budget changes due to omissions and errors Numbers of deviations between expected and actual budget categories
 The allocation of IT resources for IT initiatives is prioritised based on enterprise needs. 	 Percent of alignment of IT resources with high-priority initiatives Number of resource allocation issues escalated
3. Costs for services are allocated in an equitable way.	 Percent of overall IT costs that are allocated according to the agreed-on cost models
4. Budgets can be accurately compared to actual costs.	Percent of variance amongst budgets, forecasts and actual costs
	·

AP006 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
AP006.01 Manage finance and accounting.			A	С	С				С	R							С	С				R				
AP006.02 Prioritise resource allocation.		I	R		С	С	С	1	С	С		I						А	Ι	С	С	R	С	С		
AP006.03 Create and maintain budgets.		I	Α		С	С	С	С	С	С								R	С	С	С	R	С	С	С	
AP006.04 Model and allocate costs.			с		с	С	с	С	С	с								А	С	С	С	R	С	С		
AP006.05 Manage costs.			R		С	С	С	С	С	С								А	С	С	С	R	С	С		

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
APO06.01 Manage finance and accounting.	From	Description	Description	То
stablish and maintain a method to account for all I-related costs, investments and depreciation as an	BAI09.01	Asset register	Accounting processes	Internal
ntegral part of the enterprise financial systems and hart of accounts to manage the investments and			IT costs classification scheme	Internal
costs of IT. Capture and allocate actual costs, analyse variances between forecasts and actual costs, und report using the enterprise's financial neasurement systems.			Financial planning practices	Internal
	Ac	tivities	•	•
 Define processes, inputs and outputs, and responsibilit systematically drive IT budgeting and costing; enable f portfolio of IT-enabled business programmes; and ensu 	air, transparent, r	epeatable and comparable estir	nation of IT costs and benefit	s for input to the
2. Define a classification scheme to identify all IT-related	cost elements, ho	ow they are allocated across bu	dgets and services, and how	they are captur
3. Use financial and portfolio information to provide input	to business case	s for new investments in IT ass	ets and services.	
I. Define how to analyse, report (to whom and how), and	use the budget c	ontrol and benefit management	t processes.	
 Establish and maintain practices for financial planning, costs to deliver maximum value to the enterprise for th 			and the optimisation of recur	ring operational
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP006.02 Prioritise resource allocation.	From	Description	Description	То
mplement a decision-making process to prioritise he allocation of resources and rules for discretionary nvestments by individual business units. Include the	EDM02.01	Evaluation of investment and services portfolios	Prioritisation and ranking of IT initiatives	AP005.01
potential use of external service providers and consider he buy, develop and rent options.	EDM02.03	Actions to improve value delivery	Budget allocations	AP002.05 AP005.03
	AP004.04	Proof-of-concept scope and outline business case		AP007.05 BAI03.11
	AP005.02	Investment return expectations		
	AP005.03	 Business case assessments Programme business case 		
		tivities		

allocations for II-enabled programmes, II services and II assets as established by the strategic and tactical plans. Consider th developing capitalised assets and services vs. externally utilised assets and services on a pay-for-use basis.

2. Rank all IT initiatives based on business cases and strategic and tactical plans, and establish procedures to determine budget allocations and cut-off. Establish a procedure to communicate budget decisions and review them with the business unit budget holders.

3. Identify, communicate and resolve significant impacts of budget decisions on business cases, portfolios and strategy plans (e.g., when budgets may require revision due to changing enterprise circumstances, when they are not sufficient to support strategic objectives or business case objectives).

4. Obtain ratification from the executive committee for the overall IT budget changes that negatively impact the entity's strategic or tactical plans and offer suggested actions to resolve these impacts.

PO06 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitio Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
•	From	Description	Description	То
AP006.03 Create and maintain budgets. Prepare a budget reflecting the investment priorities supporting strategic objectives based on the portfolio of T-enabled programmes and IT services.	FIOIII	Description	IT budget and plan	AP002.05 AP005.03 AP007.01 BAI03.11
			Budget communications	AP002.05 AP005.03 AP007.01 BAI03.11
	Activ	vities	•	
 Implement a formal IT budget, including all expected IT programmes and portfolios. 	costs of IT-enable	d programmes, IT services	and IT assets as directed by the	e strategy,
 When creating the budget, consider the following comp Alignment with the business Alignment with the sourcing strategy Authorised sources of funding Internal resource costs, including personnel, informat Third-party costs, including outsourcing contracts, co Capital and operational expenses Cost elements that depend on the workload 	ion assets and acc			
3. Document the rationale to justify contingencies and rev	iew them regularly	Ι.		
I. Instruct process, service and programme owners, as w	ell as project and a	asset managers, to plan bu	dgets.	
5. Review the budget plans and make decisions about bu	dget allocations. Co	ompile and adjust the budg	et based on changing enterpris	e needs and
financial considerations.			,	
			rrent expenditures, considering	
 Record, maintain and communicate the current IT budg recorded in the IT-enabled investment portfolios and op 	peration and mainte	enance of asset and servic	rrent expenditures, considering e portfolios.	IT projects
 Record, maintain and communicate the current IT budg recorded in the IT-enabled investment portfolios and op Monitor the effectiveness of the different aspects of budget 	peration and mainte	enance of asset and servic	rrent expenditures, considering e portfolios.	IT projects budgets are
 Record, maintain and communicate the current IT budg recorded in the IT-enabled investment portfolios and op 7. Monitor the effectiveness of the different aspects of bud accurate, reliable and cost-effective. Management Practice AP006.04 Model and allocate costs. 	peration and mainte	enance of asset and servic e results to implement imp	rrent expenditures, considering e portfolios. rovements to ensure that future	IT projects budgets are
B. Record, maintain and communicate the current IT budg recorded in the IT-enabled investment portfolios and op Monitor the effectiveness of the different aspects of bud accurate, reliable and cost-effective. Management Practice APO06.04 Model and allocate costs. Establish and use an IT costing model based on the service definition, ensuring that allocation of costs for	peration and mainted dgeting and use th	enance of asset and servic e results to implement imp Inputs	rrent expenditures, considering e portfolios. rovements to ensure that future Outputs Description Categorised IT costs	IT projects budgets are
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6. Record, maintain and communicate the current IT budg recorded in the IT-enabled investment portfolios and op 7. Monitor the effectiveness of the different aspects of bur accurate, reliable and cost-effective. Management Practice AP006.04 Model and allocate costs. Establish and use an IT costing model based on the service definition, ensuring that allocation of costs for services is identifiable, measurable and predictable, to encourage the responsible use of resources including those provided by service providers. Regularly review and benchmark the appropriateness of the cost/chargeback model to maintain its relevance and appropriateness to the evolving business	dgeting and mainte dgeting and use th From	enance of asset and servic e results to implement imp Inputs	rrent expenditures, considering e portfolios. rovements to ensure that future Outputs Description Categorised IT costs Cost allocation model Cost allocation communications	IT projects budgets are To Internal Internal Internal
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 6. Record, maintain and communicate the current IT budg recorded in the IT-enabled investment portfolios and op 7. Monitor the effectiveness of the different aspects of buraccurate, reliable and cost-effective. Management Practice APO06.04 Model and allocate costs. Establish and use an IT costing model based on the service definition, ensuring that allocation of costs for services is identifiable, measurable and predictable, to encourage the responsible use of resources ncluding those provided by service providers. Regularly review and benchmark the appropriateness of the cost/chargeback model to maintain its relevance and appropriateness to the evolving business and IT activities. 1. Categorise all IT costs appropriately, including those relaccounting framework. 2. Inspect service definition catalogues to identify service: 3. Define and agree on a model that: Supports the calculation of chargeback rates per service Defines how IT costs will be calculated/charged Is differentiated, where and when appropriate Is aligned with the IT budget 	Peration and mainted dgeting and use the From Active ating to service pro- s subject to user cl vice	enance of asset and servic e results to implement imp Inputs Description vities oviders, according to the e hargeback and those that a	rrent expenditures, considering e portfolios. rovements to ensure that future Description Categorised IT costs Cost allocation model Cost allocation communications Operational procedures nterprise management are shared services.	IT projects budgets are i Internal Internal Internal Internal Internal Internal Internal Internal
 6. Record, maintain and communicate the current IT budg recorded in the IT-enabled investment portfolios and op 7. Monitor the effectiveness of the different aspects of buraccurate, reliable and cost-effective. Management Practice AP006.04 Model and allocate costs. Establish and use an IT costing model based on the service definition, ensuring that allocation of costs for services is identifiable, measurable and predictable, to encourage the responsible use of resources including those provided by service providers. Regularly review and benchmark the appropriateness of the cost/chargeback model to maintain its relevance and appropriateness to the evolving business and IT activities. 1. Categorise all IT costs appropriately, including those relaccounting framework. 2. Inspect service definition catalogues to identify service: 3. Define and agree on a model that: Supports the calculation of chargeback rates per service befines how IT costs will be calculated/charged Is differentiated, where and when appropriate Is aligned with the IT budget 	Active ating to service pro- s subject to user ch vice	enance of asset and service e results to implement imp Inputs Description	rrent expenditures, considering e portfolios. rovements to ensure that future Description Categorised IT costs Cost allocation model Cost allocation communications Operational procedures nterprise management arges, and to better enable predi	IT projects budgets are To Internal Internal Internal Internal Internal Internal Internal

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP006.05 Manage costs.	From	Description	Description	То
Implement a cost management process comparing actual costs to budgets. Costs should be monitored and reported and, in the case of deviations, identified in a	EDM02.03	Feedback on portfolio and programme performance	Cost data collection method	Internal
timely manner and their impact on enterprise processes and services assessed.	BAI01.02	Programme benefit realisation plan	Cost consolidation method	Internal
	BAI01.04	Programme budget and benefits register	Cost optimisation opportunities	AP002.02
	BAI01.05	Results of benefit realisation monitoring		
	Acti	vities		
1. Ensure proper authority and independence between IT	budget holders and	d the individuals who capture,	analyse and report financial in	nformation.
2. Establish time scales for the operation of the cost man	agement process i	n line with budgeting and acco	ounting requirements.	
 Benefit management of: Actual vs. targets for investments for solutions; pos The actual trend of service cost for cost optimisation Actual vs. budget for responsiveness and predictable 	on of services (e.g., pility improvements	, defined as cost per user) s of solutions delivery		
Cost distribution between direct and indirect (absorb				
 Cost distribution between direct and indirect (absorb 4. Define how costs are consolidated for the appropriate information to enable the timely identification of require 			ented to the stakeholders. The	e reports provic
4. Define how costs are consolidated for the appropriate	ed corrective action ture, collect and co alyse deviations an	ns. onsolidate the data, and presen d compare performance to int	nt and report the data to the a	ppropriate
 Define how costs are consolidated for the appropriate information to enable the timely identification of require Instruct those responsible for cost management to cap budget owners. Budget analysts and owners jointly and 	ed corrective action ture, collect and co alyse deviations an ations and the sug	ns. onsolidate the data, and presend d compare performance to int gested corrective actions.	nt and report the data to the a ernal and industry benchmark	ppropriate
 Define how costs are consolidated for the appropriate information to enable the timely identification of require Instruct those responsible for cost management to cap budget owners. Budget analysts and owners jointly and the analysis provides an explanation of significant devi 	ed corrective action ture, collect and co alyse deviations an ations and the sugg ew the results of th	ns. onsolidate the data, and presend d compare performance to int gested corrective actions. The analysis and approve sugge	nt and report the data to the a ernal and industry benchmark	ppropriate
 Define how costs are consolidated for the appropriate information to enable the timely identification of require Instruct those responsible for cost management to cap budget owners. Budget analysts and owners jointly and the analysis provides an explanation of significant devi Ensure that the appropriate levels of management revi 	ed corrective action ture, collect and co alyse deviations an ations and the sugg ew the results of the nterprise processes	ns. onsolidate the data, and presend d compare performance to int gested corrective actions. ne analysis and approve suggets s and owners who use them.	nt and report the data to the a ernal and industry benchmark ested corrective actions.	ppropriate

AP006 Related Guidance					
Related Standard	Detailed Reference				
ISO/IEC 20000 6.4 Budgeting and accounting for IT services					
ITIL V3 2011	Service Strategy, 4.3 Financial Management of IT Services				

AP007 Manage Human Resources	Area: Management Domain: Align, Plan and Organise									
Process Description Provide a structured approach to ensure optimal structuring, placement, dec defined roles and responsibilities, learning and growth plans, and performan										
Process Purpose Statement Optimise human resources capabilities to meet enterprise objectives.										
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	als:									
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics									
01 Alignment of IT and business strategy	 Percent of enterprise strategic goals and requirements supported by IT strategic goals Level of stakeholder satisfaction with scope of the planned portfolio of programmes and services Percent of IT value drivers mapped to business value drivers 									
11 Optimisation of IT assets, resources and capabilities	 Frequency of capability maturity and cost optimisation assessments Trend of assessment results Satisfaction levels of business and IT executives with IT-related costs and capabilities 									
13 Delivery of programmes delivering benefits, on time, on budget, and meeting requirements and quality standards	 Number of programmes/projects on time and within budget Percent of stakeholders satisfied with programme/project quality Number of programmes needing significant rework due to quality defects Cost of application maintenance vs. overall IT cost 									
16 Competent and motivated business and IT personnel	 Percent of staff whose IT-related skills are sufficient for the competency required for their role Percent of staff satisfied with their IT-related roles Number of learning/training hours per staff member 									
17 Knowledge, expertise and initiatives for business innovation	 Level of business executive awareness and understanding of IT innovation possibilities Level of stakeholder satisfaction with levels of IT innovation expertise and ideas Number of approved initiatives resulting from innovative IT ideas 									
Process Goals and Metrics										
Process Goal	Related Metrics									
1. The IT organisational structure and relationships are flexible and responsive.	 Number of service definitions and service catalogues Level of executive satisfaction with management decision making Number of decisions that could not be resolved within management structures and were escalated to governance structures 									
2. Human resources are effectively and efficiently managed.	 Percent of staff turnover Average duration of vacancies Percent of IT posts vacant 									

AP007 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
AP007.01 Maintain adequate and appropriate staffing.									R		I				R			A	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
AP007.02 Identify key IT personnel.									R						R			А	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
AP007.03 Maintain the skills and competencies of personnel.									R						R			A	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
AP007.04 Evaluate employee job performance.									R						R			A	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
AP007.05 Plan and track the usage of IT and business human resources.					R	С	A	R	R						I			R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
AP007.06 Manage contract staff.									R						R			А	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs			
AP007.01 Maintain adequate and	From	Description	Description	То		
appropriate staffing. Evaluate staffing requirements on a regular basis or upon major changes to the enterprise or operational or IT environments to ensure that the enterprise has sufficient human resources to support enterprise goals and objectives. Staffing includes both internal and external resources.	EDM04.01	 Approved resources plan Guiding principles for allocation of resources and capabilities 	Staffing requirement evaluations	Internal		
	EDM04.03	Remedial actions to address resource management deviations	Competency and career development plans	Internal		
	AP001.02	Definition of supervisory practices	Personnel sourcing plans	Internal		
	AP006.03	 Budget communications IT budget and plan 				
	Outside COBIT	 Enterprise goals and objectives Enterprise HR policies and procedures 				
	Acti	vities				
 Evaluate staffing requirements on a regular basis or up IT function has sufficient resources to adequately an Enterprise has sufficient resources to adequately an 	d appropriately sup	port enterprise goals and obje		ives		
2. Maintain business and IT personnel recruitment and re	tention processes i	n line with the overall enterpri	se's personnel policies and pr	ocedures.		
 Include background checks in the IT recruitment proce depend on the sensitivity and/or criticality of the function 		contractors and vendors. The e	xtent and frequency of these	checks should		
 Establish flexible resource arrangements to support ch service arrangements. 	anging business ne	eds, such as the use of transf	ers, external contractors and	third-party		
5. Ensure that cross-training takes place and there is bac	kup to key staff to	reduce single-person depende	ency.			

AP007 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es <i>(cont.)</i>			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP007.02 Identify key IT personnel.	From	Description	Description	То
Identify key IT personnel while minimising reliance on a single individual performing a critical job function through knowledge capture (documentation), knowledge sharing, succession planning and staff backup.			List of key personnel	Internal
	Activ	vities	•	
 Minimise reliance on a single individual performing a ci planning, staff backup, cross-training and job rotation in 		hrough knowledge capture (d	ocumentation), knowledge sha	aring, succession
2. As a security precaution, provide guidelines on a minim	um time of annual	vacation to be taken by key ir	ndividuals.	
3. Take expedient actions regarding job changes, especial	ly job terminations			
4. Regularly test staff backup plans.				
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	1
AP007.03 Maintain the skills and competencies	From	Description	Description	То
of personnel. Define and manage the skills and competencies required of personnel. Regularly verify that personnel have the competencies to fulfil their roles on the basis	EDM01.02	Reward system approach	Skills and competencies matrix	AP001.02 BAI01.02 BAI01.04
of their education, training and/or experience, and verify that these competencies are being maintained, using qualification and certification programmes where	EDM04.03	Remedial actions to address resource management deviations	Skills development plans	EDM04.01 AP001.02
appropriate. Provide employees with ongoing learning and opportunities to maintain their knowledge, skills and competencies at a level required to achieve	BAI08.03	Published knowledge repositories	Review reports	Internal
enterprise goals.	BAI08.04	Knowledge awareness and training schemes		
	DSS04.06	 Monitoring results of skills and competencies Training requirements 		
	Outside COBIT	Enterprise goals and objectives		
	Activ	vities		
1. Define the required and currently available skills and co	ompetencies of inte	ernal and external resources to	achieve enterprise, IT and pr	ocess goals.
 Provide formal career planning and professional develo reduced dependence on key individuals. 	pment to encourag	e competency development, c	opportunities for personal adva	ancement and
3. Provide access to knowledge repositories to support the	e development of s	kills and competencies.		
 Identify gaps between required and available skills and (technical and behavioural skills), recruitment, redeploy 			vidual and collective basis, su	ch as training
 Develop and deliver training programmes based on org internal control, ethical conduct and security. 	anisational and pro	ocess requirements, including	requirements for enterprise k	nowledge,
6. Conduct regular reviews to assess the evolution of the	skills and compete	ncies of the internal and exter	nal resources. Review succes	sion planning.
 Review training materials and programmes on a regula on necessary knowledge, skills and abilities. 	r basis to ensure a	dequacy with respect to chan	ging enterprise requirements	and their impact

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP007.04 Evaluate employee job performance.	From	Description	Description	То
Perform timely performance evaluations on a regular basis against individual objectives derived from the	EDM01.02	Reward system approach	Personnel goals	Internal
enterprise's goals, established standards, specific job responsibilities, and the skills and competency	AP004.01	Recognition and reward programme	Performance evaluations	Internal
framework. Employees should receive coaching on performance and conduct whenever appropriate.	BAI05.04	Aligned HR performance objectives	Improvement plans	Internal
	BAI05.06	HR performance review results		
	DSS06.03	Allocated access rights		
	Outside COBIT	Enterprise goals and objectives		
	Acti	vities		
1. Consider functional/enterprise goals as the context for	setting individual g	oals.		
 Set individual goals aligned with the relevant process g objectives (specific, measurable, achievable, relevant a for the role(s). 				
3. Compile 360-degree performance evaluation results.				
4. Implement and communicate a disciplinary process.				
Provide specific instructions for the use and storage of and employment legislation.	personal informati	on in the evaluation process, in	n compliance with applicable	personal data
6. Provide timely feedback regarding performance agains	t the individual's g	oals.		
Implement a remuneration/recognition process that re- performance goals. Ensure that the process is applied				inment of
8. Develop performance improvement plans based on the	results of the eval	uation process and identified t	raining and skills developmer	nt requiremen
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP007.05 Plan and track the usage of IT and	From	Description	Description	То
business human resources. Understand and track the current and future demand for business and IT human resources with responsibilities	EDM04.02	Communication of resourcing strategies	Inventory of business and IT human resources	BAI01.04
for enterprise IT. Identify shortfalls and provide input into sourcing plans, enterprise and IT recruitment processes sourcing plans, and business and IT	EDM04.03	Feedback on allocation and effectiveness of resources and capabilities	Resourcing shortfall analyses	BAI01.06
recruitment processes.	AP006.02	Budget allocations	Resource utilisation	BAI01.06
	BAI01.04	Resource requirements and roles	records	
	BAI01.12	Project resource requirements		
	Outside COBIT	Enterprise organisation structure		
	Acti	vities		
1. Create and maintain an inventory of business and IT hu	ıman resources.			
2. Understand the current and future demand for human				ind solutions
based on the portfolio of current IT-related initiatives, the		te portiono and day to day opt		
 based on the portfolio of current II-related initiatives, th Identify shortfalls and provide input into sourcing plans keeping track of actual usage. 				ffing plan,

4. Maintain adequate information on the time spent on different tasks, assignments, services or projects.

AP007 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es <i>(cont.)</i>											
Management Practice		Inputs Ou										
AP007.06 Manage contract staff.	From	Description	Description	То								
Ensure that consultants and contract personnel who support the enterprise with IT skills know and comply vith the organisation's policies and meet agreed-on	BAI01.04	Resource requirements and roles	Contract staff policies	Internal								
contractual requirements.	BAI01.12	Project resource requirements	Contract agreements	Internal								
BAI01.14 Communication of programme retirement and ongoing accountabilities Contract agreement Internal												
Activities												
1. Implement policies and procedures that describe when contractors, in accordance with the organisation's enter				and/or								
 Obtain formal agreement from contractors at the comm framework, such as policies for security clearance, phy non-disclosure agreements. 												
3. Advise contractors that management reserves the right all programs and data files.	to monitor and ins	pect all usage of IT resources,	including email, voice comm	unications, and								
4. Provide contractors with a clear definition of their roles work to agreed-on standards and formats.	and responsibilities	s as part of their contracts, inc	luding explicit requirements to	o document their								
5. Review contractors' work and base the approval of pay	ments on the resul	ts.										
6. Define all work performed by external parties in formal	and unambiguous	contracts.										
7. Conduct periodic reviews to ensure that contract staff h	ave signed and ag	reed on all necessary agreem	ents.									
8. Conduct periodic reviews to ensure that contractors' ro	les and access righ	its are appropriate and in line	with agreements.									

AP007 Related Guidance	
Related Standard	Detailed Reference
ISO/IEC 27002	8. Human Resources Security
SFIA	Skills reference

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AP008 Manage Relationships	Area: Management Domain: Align, Plan and Organise
Process Description Manage the relationship between the business and IT in a formalised and tra of successful enterprise outcomes in support of strategic goals and within the trust, using open and understandable terms and common language and a w	
Process Purpose Statement Create improved outcomes, increased confidence, trust in IT and effective us	se of resources.
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	pals:
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics
01 Alignment of IT and business strategy	 Percent of enterprise strategic goals and requirements supported by IT strategic goals Level of stakeholder satisfaction with scope of the planned portfolio of programmes and services Percent of IT value drivers mapped to business value drivers
07 Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery
12 Enablement and support of business processes by integrating applications and technology into business processes	 Number of business processing incidents caused by technology integration errors Number of business process changes that need to be delayed or reworked because of technology integration issues Number of IT-enabled business programmes delayed or incurring additional cost due to technology integration issues Number of applications or critical infrastructures operating in silos and not integrated
17 Knowledge, expertise and initiatives for business innovation	 Level of business executive awareness and understanding of IT innovation possibilities Level of stakeholder satisfaction with levels of IT innovation expertise and ideas Number of approved initiatives resulting from innovative IT ideas
Process Goals and Metrics	
Process Goal	Related Metrics
1. Business strategies, plans and requirements are well understood, documented and approved.	Percent of alignment of IT services with enterprise business requirements
2. Good relationships exist between the enterprise and IT.	Ratings of user and IT personnel satisfaction surveys
3. Business stakeholders are aware of technology-enabled opportunities.	 Survey of business stakeholder technology level of awareness Inclusion rate of technology opportunities in investment proposals

AP008 RACI Chart	_																									
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
AP008.01 Understand business expectations.		С	С	С	С	R	С		С		С					С	С	A	С	R	R	С	R	R	R	
AP008.02 Identify opportunities, risk and constraints for IT to enhance the business.		I		1	1	R	R				С			1		С	С	A	R	R	R		R			
AP008.03 Manage the business relationship.		С	С	с	R	R	I											А		R	R		R			
AP008.04 Co-ordinate and communicate.		R		R	R	R	1											А		R	R		R			
AP008.05 Provide input to the continual improvement of services.		С		I	С	R	I		С							С	С	A	С	R	R		R	С	С	

AP008 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es						
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs				
AP008.01 Understand business expectations.	From	Description	Description	То			
Understand current business issues and objectives and business expectations for IT. Ensure that requirements are understood, managed and communicated, and their status agreed on and approved.	AP002.05	Strategic road map	Clarified and agreed-on business expectations	Internal			
	Acti	vities					
1. Identify business stakeholders, their interests and their	areas of responsib	ilities.					
2. Review current enterprise direction, issues, strategic ob	jectives, and align	ment with enterprise architect	ure.				
3. Maintain an awareness of business processes and asso	ociated activities a	nd understand demand patterr	ns that relate to service volum	es and use.			
 Clarify business expectations for IT-enabled services ar criteria and metrics. 	nd solutions and er	sure that requirements are de	fined with associated busines	s acceptance			
5. Confirm agreement of business expectations, acceptan	ce criteria and me	trics to relevant parts of IT by a	all stakeholders.				
6. Manage expectations by ensuring that business units u	nderstand prioritie	s, dependencies, financial con	straints and the need to sche	dule requests.			
7. Understand the current business environment, process	constraints or issu	es, geographical expansion or	contraction, and industry/reg	ulatory drivers.			

AP008 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es <i>(cont.)</i>			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP008.02 Identify opportunities, risk and constraints	From	Description	Description	То
for IT to enhance the business. Identify potential opportunities for IT to be an enabler of enhanced enterprise performance.	AP009.01	Identified gaps in IT services to the business	Agreed-on next steps and action plans	Internal
	AP009.04	 Improvement action plans and remediations Service level performance reports 		
	AP011.05	Root causes of quality delivery failures		
	Acti	vities		
1. Understand technology trends and new technologies ar	nd how these can b	pe applied innovatively to enha	nce business process perforn	nance.
2. Play a proactive role in identifying and communicating technologies, services and business process models.	with key stakehold	ers on opportunities, risk and o	constraints. This includes curr	ent and emerging
3. Collaborate in agreeing on next steps for major new init	tiatives in co-opera	ation with portfolio manageme	nt, including business case de	velopment.
4. Ensure that the business and IT understand and apprec	iate the strategic o	bjectives and enterprise archi	tecture vision.	
5. Co-ordinate when planning new IT initiatives to ensure	integration and ali	gnment with the enterprise arc	chitecture.	
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP008.03 Manage the business relationship.	From	Description	Description	То
Manage the relationship with customers (business representatives). Ensure that relationship roles and responsibilities are defined and assigned, and communication is facilitated.	DSS02.02	Classified and prioritised incidents and service requests	Agreed-on key decisions	Internal
	DSS02.06	 User confirmation of satisfactory fulfilment or resolution Closed service requests and incidents 	Complaint and escalation status	Internal
	DSS02.07	 Request fulfilment status and trends report Incident status and trends report 		
	Acti	vities		
1. Assign a relationship manager as a single point of conta business organisation and the counterpart has business				
2. Manage the relationship in a formalised and transparen outcomes in support of strategic goals and within the c			ion and shared goal of succes	sful enterprise
3. Define and communicate a complaints and escalation \ensuremath{p}	procedure to resolv	e any relationship issues.		
			(comico and norfermonico re	viou montingo
4. Plan specific interactions and schedules based on mutureview of new strategies or plans, etc.).	ially agreed-on ob	jectives and common language	e (service and performance re	view meetings,

5. Ensure that key decisions are agreed on and approved by relevant accountable stakeholders.

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	Outputs					
AP008.04 Co-ordinate and communicate.	From	Description	Description	То					
Work with stakeholders and co-ordinate the end-to-end delivery of IT services and solutions	AP009.03	SLAs	Communication plan	Internal					
provided to the business.	AP012.06	Risk impact communication	Communication packages	Internal					
	BAI05.05	Operation and use plan	Customer responses	Internal					
	BAI07.07	Supplemental support plan							
	BAI09.02	Communications of planned maintenance downtime							
	DSS03.04	Communication of knowledge learned							
	Act	tivities							
 Co-ordinate and communicate operational activities, re outages (planned and unplanned), and contents and fr Take ownership of the response to the business for ma if required. Maintain an end-to-end communication plan that defin value delivered and any risk identified. 	equency of service ajor events that ma	e reports. ay influence the relationship wit	h the business. Provide direct	support					
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs						
	From	Description	Description	То					
improvement of services.	From AP009.02	Description Service catalogues	Description Satisfaction analyses	To AP009.04					
AP008.05 Provide input to the continual improvement of services. Continually improve and evolve IT-enabled services and service delivery to the enterprise to align with changing enterprise and technology requirements.	_	· ·	-						
improvement of services. Continually improve and evolve IT-enabled services and service delivery to the enterprise to align with changing	AP009.02	Service catalogues Review results of quality of service, including customer feedback Customer requirements 	Satisfaction analyses Definition of potential	AP009.04 AP002.02					
improvement of services. Continually improve and evolve IT-enabled services and service delivery to the enterprise to align with changing	AP009.02 AP011.03	Service catalogues Review results of quality of service, including customer feedback Customer requirements for quality management Results of quality reviews	Satisfaction analyses Definition of potential	AP009.04 AP002.02					

Activities
1. Perform customer and provider satisfaction analysis. Ensure that issues are actioned and report results and status.

BAI03.10

BAI05.05

BAI07.07

2. Work together to identify, communicate and implement improvement initiatives.

3. Work with service management and process owners to ensure that IT-enabled services and service management processes are continually improved and the root causes of any issues are identified and resolved.

Maintenance plan

Success measures and results

Supplemental support plan

AP008 Related Guidance								
Related Standard	Detailed Reference							
ISO/IEC 20000	7.2 Business relationship management							
ITIL V3 2011	 Service Strategy, 4.4 Demand Management Service Strategy, 4.5 Business Relationship Management 							

AP009 Manage Service Agreements	Area: Management Domain: Align, Plan and Organise					
Process Description Align IT-enabled services and service levels with enterprise needs and experience and monitoring of IT services, service levels and performance indicators.	ectations, including identification, specification, design, publishing, agreement,					
Process Purpose Statement Ensure that IT services and service levels meet current and future enterprise	e needs.					
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related g	oals:					
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics					
07 Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery 					
14 Availability of reliable and useful information for decision making	 Level of business user satisfaction with quality and timeliness (or availability) of management information Number of business process incidents caused by non-availability of information Ratio and extent of erroneous business decisions where erroneous or unavailable information was a key factor 					
Process Goals and Metrics						
Process Goal	Related Metrics					
1. The enterprise can effectively utilise IT services as defined in a catalogue.	Number of business processes with undefined service agreements					
2. Service agreements reflect enterprise needs and the capabilities of IT.	 Percent of live IT services covered by service agreements Percent of customers satisfied that service delivery meets agreed-on levels 					
3. IT services perform as stipulated in service agreements.	 Number and severity of service breaches Percent of services being monitored to service levels Percent of service targets being met 					
AP009 RACI Chart						

AP009 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
AP009.01 Identify IT services.		С		R	R	R	С		I							I	I	R	I	С	С	С	А	I	I	
AP009.02 Catalogue IT-enabled services.					I	I			I							Ι	I	R	Ι	С	С	С	А	Ι	I	
AP009.03 Define and prepare service agreements.					R	С			С		С					С	С	R		С	R	R	A	С	С	
AP009.04 Monitor and report service levels.		I		I	Ι	R					С							I		I	I	I	A			
AP009.05 Review service agreements and contracts.					A	С			С		С					С	С	R		С	R	R	R	С	С	I

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs			
AP009.01 Identify IT services.	From	Description	Description	То		
Analyse business requirements and the way in which T-enabled services and service levels support business processes. Discuss and agree on potential services and			Identified gaps in IT services to the business	AP002.02 AP005.03 AP008.02		
service levels with the business, and compare them with the current service portfolio to identify new or changed services or service level options.			Definitions of standard services	AP005.01		
	Acti	vities		<u>,</u>		
 Assess current IT services and service levels to identify improvement of existing services and service level opti 		isting services and the busines	ss activities they support. Ide	ntify areas for		
2. Analyse, study and estimate future demand and confiri	n capacity of existi	ing IT-enabled services.				
3. Analyse business process activities to identify the need	l for new or redesiç	gned IT services.				
 Compare identified requirements to existing service co level options and service packages) into new service p 				T services, ser		
5. Where possible, match demands to service packages a	and create standard	dised services to obtain overal	l efficiencies.			
 Regularly review the portfolio of IT services with portfo retirement and propose change. 	lio management ar	nd business relationship mana	gement to identify obsolete s	ervices. Agree		
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs			
AP009.02 Catalogue IT-enabled services.	From	Description	Description	То		
Define and maintain one or more service catalogues for relevant target groups. Publish and maintain live	EDM04.01	Approved resources plan	Service catalogues	AP008.05		
-enabled services in the service catalogues.	EDM04.02	Communication of resourcing strategies				
	AP005.05	Updated portfolios of programmes, services and assets				
	Acti	vities	·	•		
1. Publish in catalogues relevant live IT-enabled services,	, service packages	and service level options from	the portfolio.			
2. Continually ensure that the service components in the	portfolio and the re	elated service catalogues are o	complete and up to date.			
3. Inform business relationship management of any upda	tes to the service c	catalogues.				
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs			
AP009.03 Define and prepare service agreements.	From	Description	Description	To		
P009.03 Define and prepare service agreements. efine and prepare service agreements based on		Docomption	Description	То		
the options in the service catalogues. Include internal	AP011.03	Customer requirements for quality management	SLAs	AP005.03 AP008.04		
the options in the service catalogues. Include internal	AP011.03 BAI03.02	Customer requirements for	-	AP005.03 AP008.04 DSS01.02 DSS02.01 DSS02.02 DSS04.01 DSS05.02 DSS05.03		
the options in the service catalogues. Include internal		Customer requirements for quality management	-	AP005.03 AP008.04 DSS01.02 DSS02.01 DSS02.02 DSS04.01 DSS05.02		
the options in the service catalogues. Include internal	BAI03.02	Customer requirements for quality management	SLAs	AP005.03 AP008.04 DSS01.02 DSS02.01 DSS02.02 DSS04.01 DSS05.02 DSS05.03 DSS01.02 DSS01.02 DSS02.07 DSS04.03		
the options in the service catalogues. Include internal operational agreements.	BAI03.02 Activements received fr	Customer requirements for quality management SLA and OLA revisions Vities	SLAs OLAs nagement to ensure that the i	AP005.03 AP008.04 DSS01.02 DSS02.01 DSS02.02 DSS04.01 DSS05.02 DSS05.03 DSS01.02 DSS02.07 DSS02.07 DSS04.03 DSS05.03		
the options in the service catalogues. Include internal operational agreements. 1. Analyse requirements for new or changed service agree can be matched. Consider aspects such as service tim usability, and demand constraints.	BAI03.02 Activements received frees, availability, perf	Customer requirements for quality management SLA and OLA revisions vities rom business relationship mar formance, capacity, security, c	SLAs OLAs nagement to ensure that the i ontinuity, compliance and reg	AP005.03 AP008.04 DSS01.02 DSS02.01 DSS02.02 DSS05.02 DSS05.03 DSS01.02 DSS02.07 DSS04.03 DSS05.03		
 the options in the service catalogues. Include internal operational agreements. 1. Analyse requirements for new or changed service agree can be matched. Consider aspects such as service tim usability, and demand constraints. 2. Draft customer service agreements based on the servi 	BAI03.02 Activements received frees, availability, perfects, service package	Customer requirements for quality management SLA and OLA revisions vities rom business relationship mar formance, capacity, security, c ges and service level options i	SLAs OLAs OLAs nagement to ensure that the ontinuity, compliance and reg	AP005.03 AP008.04 DSS01.02 DSS02.01 DSS02.02 DSS05.02 DSS05.03 DSS01.02 DSS02.07 DSS04.03 DSS05.03		
the options in the service catalogues. Include internal operational agreements. 1. Analyse requirements for new or changed service agree can be matched. Consider aspects such as service tim	BAI03.02 Activements received frees, availability, perfects, service package al agreements to un	Customer requirements for quality management SLA and OLA revisions vities rom business relationship mar formance, capacity, security, c ges and service level options i nderpin the customer service a	SLAs OLAs OLAs nagement to ensure that the r ontinuity, compliance and reg n the relevant service catalog agreements, if applicable.	AP005.03 AP008.04 DSS01.02 DSS02.01 DSS02.02 DSS04.01 DSS05.02 DSS05.03 DSS01.02 DSS02.07 DSS04.03 DSS05.03 requirements gulatory issues		

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
PO09.04 Monitor and report service levels.	From	Description	Description	То
Nonitor service levels, report on achievements and dentify trends. Provide the appropriate management nformation to aid performance management.	EDM04.03	Remedial actions to address resource management deviations	Service level performance reports	AP008.02 MEA01.03
	AP005.04	Investment portfolio performance reports	Improvement action plans and remediations	AP002.02 AP008.02
	AP005.06	 Corrective actions to improve benefit realisation Benefit results and related communications 		
	AP008.05	Satisfaction analyses		
	AP011.04	Results of quality reviews and audits		
	AP011.05	 Root causes of quality delivery failures Results of solution and service delivery quality monitoring 		
	DSS02.02	Classified and prioritised incidents and service requests		
	DSS02.06	Closed service requests and incidents		
	DSS02.07	 Request fulfilment status and trends report Incident status and trends report 		
	Ac	tivities		
I. Establish and maintain measures to monitor and colle	ect service level da	ta.		
 Evaluate performance and provide regular and formal Distribute this report to business relationship manage 		e agreement performance, incl	uding deviations from the agr	eed-on value
3. Perform regular reviews to forecast and identify trend	s in service level p	erformance.		
4. Provide the appropriate management information to a	id performance m	anagement.		
5. Agree on action plans and remediations for any perfo	rmance issues or n	egative trends.		
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP009.05 Review service agreements	From	Description	Description	То
and contracts. Conduct periodic reviews of the service agreements and revise when needed.	EDM04.03	Feedback on allocation and effectiveness of resources and capabilities	SLA revisions	Internal
	AP011.03	Results of quality of service, including customer feedback		
	AP011.04	Results of quality reviews and audits		
	BAI04.01	Evaluations against SLAs		
	1.0	tivities		

AP009 Related Guidance							
Related Standard	Detailed Reference						
ISO/IEC 20000	 5.0 Planning and implementing new or changed services 6.1 Service level management 						
ITIL V3 2011	 Service Strategy, 4.4 Demand Management Service Strategy, 4.2 Service Portfolio Management Service Design, 4.2 Service Catalogue Management Service Design, 4.3 Service Level Management 						

AP010 Manage Suppliers	Area: Management Domain: Align, Plan and Organise							
Process Description Manage IT-related services provided by all types of suppliers to meet enterp relationships, management of contracts, and reviewing and monitoring of su								
Process Purpose Statement Minimise the risk associated with non-performing suppliers and ensure com	petitive pricing.							
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	pals:							
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics							
04 Managed IT-related business risk	 Percent of critical business processes, IT services and IT-enabled business programmes covered by risk assessment Number of significant IT-related incidents that were not identified in risk assessment Percent of enterprise risk assessments including IT-related risk Frequency of update of risk profile 							
07 Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery 							
09 IT agility	 Level of satisfaction of business executives with IT's responsiveness to new requirements Number of critical business processes supported by up-to-date infrastructure and applications Average time to turn strategic IT objectives into an agreed-on and approved initiative 							
Process Goals and Metrics								
Process Goal	Related Metrics							
1. Suppliers perform as agreed.	 Percent of suppliers meeting agreed-on requirements Number of service breaches to IT-related services caused by suppliers 							
2. Supplier risk is assessed and properly addressed.	 Number of risk-related events leading to service incidents Frequency of risk management sessions with supplier Percent of risk-related incidents resolved acceptably (time and cost) 							
3. Supplier relationships are working effectively.	 Number of supplier review meetings Number of formal disputes with suppliers Percent of disputes resolved amicably in a reasonable time frame 							

AP010 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
AP010.01 Identify and evaluate supplier relationships and contracts.			С			С									С	С	С	А	с	С	С	R	С	С	с	
AP010.02 Select suppliers.			С			С									С	С	С	Α	С	С	С	R	С	С	С	
AP010.03 Manage supplier relationships and contracts.						I									С	С	С	А	с	R	R	R	С	С	с	
AP010.04 Manage supplier risk.						С					R				С	С	С	A	С	R	R		С	С	С	С
AP010.05 Monitor supplier performance and compliance.			I			С					с				С	С	С	А	с	R	R		С	С	с	с

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP010.01 Identify and evaluate supplier	From	Description	Description	То
relationships and contracts. dentify suppliers and associated contracts and categorise them into type, significance and criticality.	Outside COBIT	Supplier contracts	Supplier significance and evaluation criteria	Internal
Establish supplier and contract evaluation criteria and			Supplier catalogue	BAI02.02
evaluate the overall portfolio of existing and alternative suppliers and contracts.			Potential revisions to supplier contracts	Internal
	Acti	vities	·	
 Establish and maintain criteria relating to type, significa important suppliers. 	nce and criticality	of suppliers and supplier cont	racts, enabling a focus on pref	ferred and
2. Establish and maintain supplier and contract evaluation	criteria to enable	overall review and compariso	n of supplier performance in a	consistent w
 Identify, record and categorise existing suppliers and connect to be managed carefully. Periodically evaluate and compare the performance of example. 				
current supplier contracts.				
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP010.02 Select suppliers.	From	Description	Description	То
Select suppliers according to a fair and formal practice to ensure a viable best fit based on specified requirements. Requirements should be optimised with input from potential suppliers.	BAI02.02	High-level acquisition/ development plan	Supplier requests for information (RFIs) and requests for proposals (RFPs)	BAI02.01 BAI02.02
			RFI and RFP evaluations	BAI02.02
			Decision results of supplier evaluations	EDM04.01 BAI02.02
	Acti	vities	·	
 Review all RFIs and RFPs to ensure that they: Clearly define requirements Include a procedure to clarify requirements Allow vendors sufficient time to prepare their proposa Clearly define award criteria and the decision process Evaluate RFIs and RFPs in accordance with the approve Verify the references of candidate vendors. 	3	ess/criteria, and maintain docu	imentary evidence of the evalu	uations.
3. Select the supplier that best fits the RFP. Document and	communicate the	decision and sign the contra	ct	
 Concerning supplier that been instruction in Document and obligations may include ownership and licencing of inte purpose, including security, escrow and access rights. 	enforce the rights	and obligations of all parties	in the contractual terms. These	
 In the specific case of acquisition of development resour These rights and obligations may include ownership an testing; quality management processes, including requi procedures; human resource management; and compli 	d licencing of intel red performance of	lectual property; fit for purpos criteria; performance reviews;	e, including development meth	nodologies;
6. Obtain legal advice on resource development acquisitio	n agreements rega	arding ownership and licencin	g of intellectual property.	
 In the specific case of acquisition of infrastructure, facil contractual terms. These rights and obligations may inc 	ities and related se	ervices, include and enforce th	e rights and obligations of all	

Wanadomont Uractico		Inputs	Outputs	
Management Practice				
APO10.03 Manage supplier relationships and contracts.	From	Description	Description	То
Formalise and manage the supplier relationship for each supplier. Manage, maintain and monitor contracts	BAI03.04	Approved acquisition plans	Supplier roles and responsibilities	Internal
and service delivery. Ensure that new or changed contracts conform to enterprise standards and legal and			Communication and review process	Internal
regulatory requirements. Deal with contractual disputes.			Results and suggested improvements	Internal
	Activ	vities	_ ·	1
1. Assign relationship owners for all suppliers and make t	hem accountable fo	or the quality of service(s) prov	vided.	
2. Specify a formal communication and review process, ir	Icluding supplier in	teractions and schedules.		
 Agree on, manage, maintain and renew formal contract regulatory requirements. 	s with the supplier.	Ensure that contracts conform	n to enterprise standards and	legal and
 Within contracts with key service suppliers include provindependent third parties. 	visions for the revie	w of supplier site and internal	practices and controls by ma	nagement or
5. Evaluate the effectiveness of the relationship and identi	ify necessary impro	ovements.		
6. Define, communicate and agree on ways to implement	required improvem	nents to the relationship.		
Use established procedures to deal with contract dispuservice problems.	tes, first using, whe	erever possible, effective relati	onships and communications	to overcome
 Define and formalise roles and responsibilities for each lead contractor role to one of the suppliers to take resp 			ne to provide a service, consi	der allocating
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP010.04 Manage supplier risk.	From	Description	Description	То
dentify and manage risk relating to suppliers' ability o continually provide secure, efficient and effective service delivery.	AP012.04	 Results of third-party risk assessments Risk analysis and risk 	Identified supplier delivery risk	AP012.01 AP012.03 BAI01.01
		profile reports for stakeholders	Identified contract requirements to minimise risk	Internal
	Activ	vities	I	1
	elating to the supp	lier's ability to deliver service (efficiently, effectively, securely	, reliably
 Identify, monitor and, where appropriate, manage risk r and continually. 				
and continually.				
and continually. 2. When defining the contract, provide for potential service alternative suppliers or standby agreements to mitigate				
and continually. 2. When defining the contract, provide for potential service alternative suppliers or standby agreements to mitigate or regulatory requirements. Management Practice APO10.05 Monitor supplier performance		failure; security and protection	of intellectual property (IP); a	
and continually. 2. When defining the contract, provide for potential service alternative suppliers or standby agreements to mitigate or regulatory requirements. Management Practice APO10.05 Monitor supplier performance and compliance. Periodically review the overall performance of suppliers,	possible supplier f	failure; security and protection	of intellectual property (IP); a Outputs	nd any legal
and continually. 2. When defining the contract, provide for potential service alternative suppliers or standby agreements to mitigate or regulatory requirements.	possible supplier f	failure; security and protection	of intellectual property (IP); a Outputs Description Supplier compliance	nd any legal
and continually. 2. When defining the contract, provide for potential service alternative suppliers or standby agreements to mitigate or regulatory requirements. Management Practice APO10.05 Monitor supplier performance and compliance. Periodically review the overall performance of suppliers, compliance to contract requirements, and value for	e possible supplier f	failure; security and protection	of intellectual property (IP); a Outputs Description Supplier compliance monitoring criteria Supplier compliance	nd any legal To Internal
and continually. 2. When defining the contract, provide for potential service alternative suppliers or standby agreements to mitigate or regulatory requirements. Management Practice APO10.05 Monitor supplier performance and compliance. Periodically review the overall performance of suppliers, compliance to contract requirements, and value for money, and address identified issues.	e possible supplier f From Activ	failure; security and protection Inputs Description vities	of intellectual property (IP); a Outputs Description Supplier compliance monitoring criteria Supplier compliance monitoring review results	nd any legal To Internal MEA01.03
and continually. 2. When defining the contract, provide for potential service alternative suppliers or standby agreements to mitigate or regulatory requirements. Management Practice APO10.05 Monitor supplier performance and compliance. Periodically review the overall performance of suppliers, compliance to contract requirements, and value for money, and address identified issues. 1. Define and document criteria to monitor supplier perfor transparently reports on agreed-on criteria.	Prossible supplier f From Activ mance aligned with	failure; security and protection Inputs Description vities h service level agreements an	of intellectual property (IP); a Outputs Description Supplier compliance monitoring criteria Supplier compliance monitoring review results d ensure that the supplier reg	Internal MEA01.03
and continually. 2. When defining the contract, provide for potential service alternative suppliers or standby agreements to mitigate or regulatory requirements. Management Practice APO10.05 Monitor supplier performance and compliance. Periodically review the overall performance of suppliers, compliance to contract requirements, and value for money, and address identified issues. 1. Define and document criteria to monitor supplier perfor transparently reports on agreed-on criteria. 2. Monitor and review service delivery to ensure that the service delivery to ensure the servi	Prossible supplier f From Activ mance aligned with supplier is providing	failure; security and protection Inputs Description vities h service level agreements an g an acceptable quality of serv	of intellectual property (IP); a Outputs Description Supplier compliance monitoring criteria Supplier compliance monitoring review results d ensure that the supplier reg vice, meeting requirements an	To Internal MEA01.03 Iularly and
and continually. 2. When defining the contract, provide for potential service alternative suppliers or standby agreements to mitigate or regulatory requirements. Management Practice APO10.05 Monitor supplier performance and compliance. Periodically review the overall performance of suppliers, compliance to contract requirements, and value for money, and address identified issues. 1. Define and document criteria to monitor supplier perfor transparently reports on agreed-on criteria. 2. Monitor and review service delivery to ensure that the s contract conditions. 3. Review supplier performance and value for money to en-	Prossible supplier f From Activ Trance aligned with supplier is providing Insure that they are	failure; security and protection Inputs Description vities h service level agreements an g an acceptable quality of serv reliable and competitive, com	of intellectual property (IP); a Outputs Description Supplier compliance monitoring criteria Supplier compliance monitoring review results d ensure that the supplier reg vice, meeting requirements an	To Internal MEA01.03 Iularly and

APO10 Related Guidance							
Related Standard	Detailed Reference						
ISO/IEC 20000	7.3 Supplier management						
ITIL V3 2011	Service Design, 4.8 Supplier Management						
Project Management Body of Knowledge (PMBOK)	PMBOK's procurement processes						

AP011 Manage Quality	Area: Management Domain: Align, Plan and Organise										
Process Description Define and communicate quality requirements in all processes, procedures and the related enterprise outcomes, including controls, ongoing monitoring, and the use of proven practices and standards in continuous improvement and efficiency efforts.											
Process Purpose Statement Ensure consistent delivery of solutions and services to meet the quality requirements of the enterprise and satisfy stakeholder needs.											
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related goals:											
IT-related Goal Related Metrics											
05 Realised benefits from IT-enabled investments and services portfolio	 Percent of IT-enabled investments where benefit realisation is monitored through the full economic life cycle Percent of IT services where expected benefits are realised Percent of IT-enabled investments where claimed benefits are met or exceeded 										
07 Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery 										
13 Delivery of programmes delivering benefits, on time, on budget, and meeting requirements and quality standards	 Number of programmes/projects on time and within budget Percent of stakeholders satisfied with programme/project quality Number of programmes needing significant rework due to quality defects Cost of application maintenance vs. overall IT cost 										
Process Goals and Metrics											
Process Goal	Related Metrics										
1. Stakeholders are satisfied with the quality of solutions and services.	 Average stakeholder satisfaction rating with solutions and services Percent of stakeholders satisfied with IT quality Number of services with a formal quality management plan 										
2. Project and service delivery results are predictable.	 Percent of projects reviewed that meet target quality goals and objectives Percent of solutions and services delivered with formal certification Number of defects uncovered prior to production 										
3. Quality requirements are implemented in all processes.	 Number of processes with a defined quality requirement Number of processes with a formal quality assessment report Number of SLAs that include quality acceptance criteria 										

AP011 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
AP011.01 Establish a quality management system (QMS).		с		A	С	I	С	ı	I				С			С	С	R	С	С	I	R	R	I	I	I
AP011.02 Define and manage quality standards, practices and procedures.		С			С	R	С		R				С			С	С	A	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
AP011.03 Focus quality management on customers.					A	R	С		1							С	С	R	I	I	1	1	R	I	I	
AP011.04 Perform quality monitoring, control and reviews.			С		С	R	С	R	С		R					С	С	A	С	С	С	С	R	С	С	с
AP011.05 Integrate quality management into solutions for development and service delivery.					С	С					I							A	С	R	R		R			
AP011.06 Maintain continuous improvement.					С	R	С		R							С	С	A	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	

AP011 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities												
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs									
AP011.01 Establish a quality management	From	Description	Description	То								
system (QMS). Establish and maintain a QMS that provides a standard, formal and continuous approach to quality management	Outside COBIT	Enterprisewide quality system	QMS roles, responsibilities and decision rights	AP001.02 DSS06.03								
for information, enabling technology and business			Quality management plans	BAI01.09								
processes that are aligned with business requirements and enterprise quality management.			Results of QMS effectiveness reviews	BAI03.06								
	Activities											
1. Ensure that the IT control framework and the business and IT processes include a standard, formal and continuous approach to quality management that is aligned with enterprise requirements. Within the IT control framework and the business and IT processes, identify quality requirements and criteria (e.g., based on legal requirements and requirements from customers).												
2. Define roles, tasks, decision rights and responsibilities t	or quality manage	ment in the organisational stru	icture.									
 Define quality management plans for important process policies. Record quality data. 	ses, projects or obj	ectives in alignment with ente	rprise quality management cri	iteria and								
4. Monitor and measure the effectiveness and acceptance	of quality manage	ement, and improve them whe	n needed.									
5. Align IT quality management with an enterprisewide qu	ality system to enc	ourage a standardised and co	ntinuous approach to quality.									
6. Obtain input from management and external and intern	al stakeholders on	the definition of quality requir	ements and quality managem	ent criteria.								
7. Effectively communicate the approach (e.g., through re	gular, formal qualit	y training programmes).										
 Regularly review the continued relevance, efficiency an quality objectives. 	d effectiveness of s	specific quality management p	processes. Monitor the achieve	ement of								

AP011 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities (cont.)												
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs									
AP011.02 Define and manage quality standards,	From	Description	Description	То								
practices and procedures. Identify and maintain requirements, standards,	BAI02.04	Approved quality reviews	Quality management	All APO								
procedures and practices for key processes to guide the enterprise in meeting the intent of the agreed-on QMS. This should be in line with the IT control framework requirements. Consider certification for key processes, organisational units, products or services.	Outside COBIT	 Industry good practices Available quality certifications 	standards	aii bai Aii dss Aii mea								
	Activ	vities										
1. Define the quality management standards, practices an for reference when improving and tailoring the enterprise	se's quality practic		rk's requirements. Use industr	y good practices								
2. Consider the benefits and costs of quality certifications.												
Management Practice	_	Inputs	Outputs	_								
AP011.03 Focus quality management on customers. Focus quality management on customers by	From	Description	Description	То								
determining their requirements and ensuring alignment with the quality management practices.	Outside COBIT	Business and customer quality requirements	Customer requirements for quality management	AP008.05 AP009.03 BAI01.09								
			Acceptance criteria	BAI02.01 BAI02.02								
			Review results of quality of service, including customer feedback	AP008.05 AP009.05 BAI05.01 BAI07.07								
	Activ	vities										
1. Focus quality management on customers by determining practices. Define and communicate roles and responsible to the second se												
2. Manage the business needs and expectations for each acceptance criteria. Capture quality acceptance criteria	business process, for inclusion in SL	IT operational service and nev As.	v solutions, and maintain their	quality								
3. Communicate customer requirements and expectations	s throughout the bu	isiness and IT organisation.										
4. Periodically obtain customer views on business process practices and to ensure that customer expectations are			y, to determine the impact on	IT standards and								
5. Regularly monitor and review the QMS against agreed- discrepancies in review results to continuously improve		eria. Include feedback from cu	stomers, users and managem	ent. Respond to								
6. Capture quality acceptance criteria for inclusion in SLAs	3.											

	Inputs	Outputs		
From	Description	Description	То	
BAI03.06	 Quality review results, exceptions and corrections Quality assurance plan 	Results of quality reviews and audits	AP008.05 AP009.04 AP009.05 BAI07.08	
DSS02.07	 Request fulfilment status and trends report Incident status and trends report 	Process quality of service goals and metrics	AII APO AII BAI AII DSS AII MEA	
Act	ivities			
ngoing and systema	atic basis by describing, measu	ring, analysing, improving/er	ngineering and	
here appropriate.				
ity provides. Ensure ventive actions.	e that measurement, monitoring	g and recording of informatio	n is used by th	
quality objectives o	overing the quality of individua	l projects and services.		
ly review quality m	anagement performance again	st defined quality metrics.		
ults.				
	Inputs	Outputs		
From	Description	Description	То	
		Results of solution and service delivery quality monitoring	AP008.05 AP009.04 BAI07.08	
		Root causes of quality delivery failures	AP008.02 AP009.04 BAI07.08 MEA02.04 MEA02.07 MEA02.08	
	Act BAI03.06 DSS02.07 Act agoing and systema there appropriate. ity provides. Ensure rentive actions. quality objectives of ly review quality m lts.	From Description BAI03.06 • Quality review results, exceptions and corrections • Quality assurance plan • Quality assurance plan DSS02.07 • Request fulfilment status and trends report • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report • Request fulfilment status and trends report • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report • Inputs • Inputs	From Description Description BAI03.06 • Quality review results, exceptions and corrections Results of quality reviews and audits • Quality assurance plan Results of quality reviews and audits DSS02.07 • Request fulfilment status and trends report Process quality of service goals and metrics • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report Process quality of service goals and metrics • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report Process quality of service goals and metrics • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report Process quality of service goals and metrics • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report Process quality of service goals and metrics • Incident status and trends report • Incident status and trends report Process quality of service • Inputs • Inputs • Inputs • Inputs • Inputs • Outputs • Results of solution and service delivery quality monitoring • Results of solution and service delivery quality • Results of solution and service delivery quality	

Continuously monitor service levels and incorporate quality management practices in the service delivery processes and practices.

3. Identify and document root causes for non-conformance, and communicate findings to IT management and other stakeholders in a timely manner to enable remedial action to be taken. Where appropriate, perform follow-up reviews.

AP011 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities (cont.)												
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs									
AP011.06 Maintain continuous improvement.	From	Description	Description	То								
Maintain and regularly communicate an overall quality plan that promotes continuous improvement. This should include the need for, and benefits of, continuous improvement. Collect and analyse data about the QMS, and improve its effectiveness. Correct non-conformities			Communications on continual improvement and good practices	AII APO AII BAI AII DSS AII MEA								
to prevent recurrence. Promote a culture of quality and continual improvement.			Examples of good practice to be shared	AII APO AII BAI AII DSS AII MEA								
			Quality review benchmark results	AII APO AII BAI AII DSS AII MEA								
	Activ	vities										
1. Maintain and regularly communicate the need for, and b	penefits of, continu	ous improvement.										
2. Establish a platform to share good practices and to cap	ture information or	defects and mistakes to enal	ble learning from them.									
 Identify recurring examples of quality defects, determine service and project delivery teams. 	e their root cause,	evaluate their impact and resu	ult, and agree on improvemen	t actions with the								
 Identify examples of excellent quality delivery processes delivery teams to encourage improvement. 	s that can benefit o	ther services or projects, and	share these with the service a	and project								
5. Promote a culture of quality and continual improvement												
6. Establish a feedback loop between quality management	t and problem mar	agement.										
7. Provide employees with training in the methods and too	ls of continual imp	rovement.										
8. Benchmark the results of the quality reviews against int	8. Benchmark the results of the quality reviews against internal historical data, industry guidelines, standards and data from similar types of enterprises.											

APO11 Related Guidance									
	Related Standard	Detailed Reference							
	ISO/IEC 9001:2008								

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AP012 Manage Risk	Area: Management Domain: Align, Plan and Organise									
Process Description Continually identify, assess and reduce IT-related risk within levels of toleran	ce set by enterprise executive management.									
Process Purpose Statement Integrate the management of IT-related enterprise risk with overall ERM, and IT-related enterprise risk.	balance the costs and benefits of managing									
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	als:									
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics									
02 IT compliance and support for business compliance with external laws and regulations	 Cost of IT non-compliance, including settlements and fines, and the impact of reputational loss Number of IT-related non-compliance issues reported to the board or causing public comment or embarrassment Number of non-compliance issues relating to contractual agreements with IT service providers Coverage of compliance assessments 									
04 Managed IT-related business risk	 Percent of critical business processes, IT services and IT-enabled business programmes covered by risk assessment Number of significant IT-related incidents that were not identified in risk assessment Percent of enterprise risk assessments including IT-related risk Frequency of update of risk profile 									
06 Transparency of IT costs, benefits and risk	 Percent of investment business cases with clearly defined and approved expected IT-related costs and benefits Percent of IT services with clearly defined and approved operational costs and expected benefits Satisfaction survey of key stakeholders regarding the level of transparency, understanding and accuracy of IT financial information 									
10 Security of information, processing infrastructure and applications	 Number of security incidents causing financial loss, business disruption or public embarrassment Number of IT services with outstanding security requirements Time to grant, change and remove access privileges compared to agreed-on service levels Frequency of security assessment against latest standards and guidelines 									
13 Delivery of programmes delivering benefits, on time, on budget, and meeting requirements and quality standards	 Number of programmes/projects on time and within budget Percent of stakeholders satisfied with programme/project quality Number of programmes needing significant rework due to quality defects Cost of application maintenance vs. overall IT cost 									
Process Goals and Metrics										
Process Goal	Related Metrics									
1. IT-related risk is identified, analysed, managed and reported.	 Degree of visibility and recognition in the current environment Number of loss events with key characteristics captured in repositories Percent of audits, events and trends captured in repositories 									
2. A current and complete risk profile exists.	 Percent of key business processes included in the risk profile Completeness of attributes and values in the risk profile 									
3. All significant risk management actions are managed and under control.	 Percent of risk management proposals rejected due to lack of consideration of other related risk Number of significant incidents not identified and included in the risk management portfolio 									
4. Risk management actions are implemented effectively.	 Percent of IT risk action plans executed as designed Number of measures not reducing residual risk 									

AP012 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
AP012.01 Collect data.		1				R			R		R	R		1		С	С	А	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
AP012.02 Analyse risk.		1				R			С		R	С		1		R	R	А	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
AP012.03 Maintain a risk profile.		1				R			С		Α	С		I		R	R	R	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
AP012.04 Articulate risk.		1				R			С		R	С		I		С	С	Α	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
AP012.05 Define a risk management action portfolio.						R			с		A	С		I		С	С	R	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	с
AP012.06 Respond to risk.		1				R			R		R	R		1		С	С	А	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R

AP012 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities											
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs								
AP012.01 Collect data.	From	Description	Description	То							
Identify and collect relevant data to enable effective IT-related risk identification, analysis and reporting.	EDM03.01	Evaluation of risk management activities	Data on the operating environment relating to risk	Internal							
	EDM03.02	 Approved process for measuring risk management Key objectives to be monitored for risk management Risk management policies 	Data on risk events and contributing factors	Internal							
	AP002.02	Gaps and risk related to current capabilities	Emerging risk issues and factors	EDM03.01 AP001.03							
	AP002.05	Risk assessment initiatives		AP002.02							
	AP010.04	Identified supplier delivery risk									
	DSS02.07	Incident status and trends report									

AP012 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es <i>(cont.)</i>			
	AP012.01	I Activities		
1. Establish and maintain a method for the collection, clas categories of IT risk and multiple risk factors.	sification and anal	ysis of IT risk-related data, ac	commodating multiple type	s of events, multiple
2. Record relevant data on the enterprise's internal and ex	ternal operating e	nvironment that could play a s	ignificant role in the manag	ement of IT risk.
3. Survey and analyse the historical IT risk data and loss e event logs, databases, and industry agreements for con			nds, industry peers through	industry-based
4. Record data on risk events that have caused or may ca operations and service delivery. Capture relevant data f				very, and/or IT
5. For similar classes of events, organise the collected dat multiple events.	a and highlight co	ntributing factors. Determine o	common contributing factors	s across
 Determine the specific conditions that existed or were a and loss magnitude. 	absent when risk e	events occurred and the way the	ne conditions affected even	t frequency
 Perform periodic event and risk factor analysis to identi external risk factors. 	fy new or emergin	g risk issues and to gain an u	nderstanding of the associa	ted internal and
Management Practice		Inputs	Output	ts
AP012.02 Analyse risk.	From	Description	Description	То
Develop useful information to support risk decisions that take into account the business relevance of risk factors.	DSS04.02	Business impact analyses	Scope of risk analysis efforts	Internal
	DSS05.01	Evaluations of potential threats	IT risk scenarios	Internal
	Outside COBIT	Threat advisories	Risk analysis results	EDM03.03 AP001.03 AP002.02 BAI01.10
	Acti	vities	•	İ
 Define the appropriate breadth and depth of risk analys scope after performing a cost-benefit analysis. 	is efforts, consider	ring all risk factors and the bu	siness criticality of assets. S	Set the risk analysis
 Build and regularly update IT risk scenarios, including c specific control activities, capabilities to detect and other 	ompound scenario er response measu	os of cascading and/or coincid Ires.	ental threat types, and deve	elop expectations for
 Estimate the frequency and magnitude of loss or gain a operational controls and estimate residual risk levels. 	ssociated with IT ı	risk scenarios. Take into accou	nt all applicable risk factors	s, evaluate known
4 Compare residual risk to acceptable risk tolerance and i	dentify exposures	that may require a risk respor	ISE.	
 Analyse cost-benefit of potential risk response options s optimal risk response. 	such as avoid, red	uce/mitigate, transfer/share, a	nd accept and exploit/seize	. Propose the
 Specify high-level requirements for projects or program for appropriate key controls for risk mitigation response 		ement the selected risk respo	nses. Identify requirements	and expectations
Validate the risk analysis results before using them in d that estimations were properly calibrated and scrutinise		onfirming that the analysis alig	ns with enterprise requirem	nents and verifying

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP012.03 Maintain a risk profile.	From	Description	Description	То
Maintain an inventory of known risk and risk attributes including expected frequency, potential impact and esponses) and of related resources, capabilities and surrent control activities.	EDM03.01	 Approved risk tolerance levels Risk appetite guidance 	Documented risk scenarios by line of business and function	Internal
	AP010.04	ldentified supplier delivery risk	Aggregated risk profile, including status of risk	EDM03.02 AP002.02
	DSS05.01	Evaluations of potential threats	management actions	
	Activ			
 Inventory business processes, including supporting per outsourcers, and document the dependency on IT servi 				suppliers and
Determine and agree on which IT services and IT infrast dependencies and identify weak links.	tructure resources	are essential to sustain the o	peration of business processes	s. Analyse
3. Aggregate current risk scenarios by category, business	line and functional	area.		
4. On a regular basis, capture all risk profile information a	nd consolidate it in	to an aggregated risk profile.		
5. Based on all risk profile data, define a set of risk indica	tors that allow the	quick identification and monit	oring of current risk and risk tr	rends.
6. Capture information on IT risk events that have materia	lised, for inclusion	in the IT risk profile of the ent	terprise.	
7. Capture information on the status of the risk action plan	n, for inclusion in th	ne IT risk profile of the enterpr	ise.	
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
AP012.04 Articulate risk. Provide information on the current state of IT-related	From	Description	Description	То
exposures and opportunities in a timely manner to all required stakeholders for appropriate response.			Risk analysis and risk profile reports for stakeholders	EDM03.03 EDM05.02 AP010.04 MEA02.08
			Results of third-party risk assessments	EDM03.03 AP010.04 MEA02.01
			Opportunities for acceptance of greater risk	EDM03.03
	Activ	vities		
 Report the results of risk analysis to all affected stakeh probabilities and ranges of loss or gain along with confi 				ossible, inclu
Provide decision makers with an understanding of wors or regulatory considerations.	st-case and most-p	probable scenarios, due dilige	nce exposures, and significant	reputation, l
Report the current risk profile to all stakeholders, includ redundancies, remediation status, and their impacts on		of the risk management proce	ss, control effectiveness, gaps	, inconsisten
Review the results of objective third-party assessments identified gaps and exposures to determine the need for			nd map them to the risk profile	e. Review
On a periodic basis, for areas with relative risk and risk and enhanced growth and return.	capacity parity, ide	entify IT-related opportunities	that would allow the acceptan	ce of greater
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	1
AP012.05 Define a risk management action portfolio.	From	Description	Description	То
Manage opportunities to reduce risk to an acceptable level as a portfolio.			Project proposals for reducing risk	AP002.02 AP013.02
	Activ	vities		
 Maintain an inventory of control activities that are in pla Classify control activities and map them to specific IT ri 			ken in line with risk appetite ar	d tolerance.
2. Determine whether each organisational entity monitors	risk and accepts a	ccountability for operating wi	thin its individual and portfolio	tolerance le
3. Define a balanced set of project proposals designed to	reduce risk and/or	projects that enable strategic	enterprise opportunities. cons	iderina

AP012 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es <i>(cont.)</i>				
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs		
AP012.06 Respond to risk.	From	Description	Description	То	
Respond in a timely manner with effective measures to limit the magnitude of loss from IT-related events.	EDM03.03	Remedial actions to address risk	Risk-related incident response plans	DSS02.05	
		management deviations	Risk impact communications	AP001.04 AP008.04 DSS04.02	
			Risk-related root causes	DSS02.03 DSS03.01 DSS03.02 DSS04.02 MEA02.04 MEA02.07 MEA02.08	
	Activ	vities	•	•	
1. Prepare, maintain and test plans that document the spe incident with serious business impact. Ensure that plan				evelopment	
2. Categorise incidents, and compare actual exposures agreporting, and update the risk profile.	ainst risk tolerance	e thresholds. Communicate bu	isiness impacts to decision m	akers as part of	
3. Apply the appropriate response plan to minimise the im	pact when risk inc	idents occur.			
 Examine past adverse events/losses and missed opporrequirements and process improvements to appropriate are included in risk governance processes. 					

AP012 Related Guidance	
Related Standard	Detailed Reference
ISO/IEC 27001:2005	Information security management systems—Requirements, Section 4
ISO/IEC 27002:2011	
ISO/IEC 31000	6. Processes for Managing Risk

AP013 Manage Security		Area: Management Domain: Align, Plan and Organise					
Process Description Define, operate and monitor a system for information security management.							
Process Purpose Statement Keep the impact and occurrence of information security incidents within the	enterprise's risk app	petite levels.					
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	als:						
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics						
02 IT compliance and support for business compliance with external laws and regulations	 impact of reputa Number of IT-rel causing public c Number of non-with IT service p 	lated non-compliance issues reported to the board or omment or embarrassment compliance issues relating to contractual agreements					
04 Managed IT-related business risk	 business progra Number of signirisk assessment Percent of enter 	al business processes, IT services and IT-enabled mmes covered by risk assessment ficant IT-related incidents that were not identified in rise risk assessments including IT-related risk date of risk profile					
06 Transparency of IT costs, benefits and risk	 Percent of investment business cases with clearly defined and approved expected IT-related costs and benefits Percent of IT services with clearly defined and approved operational costs and expected benefits Satisfaction survey of key stakeholders regarding the level of transparency, understanding and accuracy of IT financial information 						
10 Security of information, processing infrastructure and applications	or public embarn • Number of IT se • Time to grant, cl agreed-on servio	rvices with outstanding security requirements nange and remove access privileges, compared to					
14 Availability of reliable and useful information for decision making	(or availability) oNumber of busir of informationRatio and extent	s user satisfaction with quality and timeliness f management information ness process incidents caused by non-availability t of erroneous business decisions where erroneous or rmation was a key factor					
Process Goals and Metrics							
Process Goal	Related Metrics						
1. A system is in place that considers and effectively addresses enterprise information security requirements.		security roles clearly defined rity related incidents					
2. A security plan has been established, accepted and communicated throughout the enterprise.	the enterprise • Number of secu	lder satisfaction with the security plan throughout rity solutions deviating from the plan rity solutions deviating from the enterprise architecture					
 Information security solutions are implemented and operated consistently throughout the enterprise. 	 Number of security plan 	ces with confirmed alignment to the security plan rity incidents caused by non-adherence to the ions developed with confirmed alignment to the					

AP013 RACI Chart		icer	cer	licer	Si	Dwners	Committee	(Programmes/Projects) Committee	nt Office	t Office		security Officer		Risk Committee	urces)fficer				tion		ly Manager	y Manager	
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Program	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Co	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
AP013.01 Establish and maintain an ISMS.		С		С	С	I	С	I	I		С	А	С	С		С	С	R	I	I	I	R	I	R	С	С
AP013.02 Define and manage an information security risk treatment plan.		С		С	С	С	С	I	I		С	A	С	С		С	С	R	С	С	С	R	С	R	С	c
AP013.03 Monitor and review the ISMS.					С	R	С		R			A				С	С	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R

Note: Some governance and management practices produce outputs that serve as inputs to many practices. Those outputs are detailed in **figure 11**. Please refer to **figure 11** to ensure completeness when working with the practices that follow.

AP013 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es				
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs		
AP013.01 Establish and maintain an information	From	Description	Description	То	
security management system (ISMS). Establish and maintain an ISMS that provides a	Outside COBIT	Enterprise security	ISMS policy	Internal	
standard, formal and continuous approach to security management for information, enabling secure technology and business processes that are aligned with business requirements and enterprise security management.		approach	ISMS scope statement	AP001.02 DSS06.03	
	Activ	vities			
1. Define the scope and boundaries of the ISMS in terms of Include details of, and justification for, any exclusions fr		cs of the enterprise, the organ	isation, its location, assets and	d technology.	
2. Define an ISMS in accordance with enterprise policy an	d aligned with the	enterprise, the organisation, it	s location, assets and technol	ogy.	
3. Align the ISMS with the overall enterprise approach to t	he management of	f security.			
4. Obtain management authorisation to implement and op	erate or change th	e ISMS.			
5. Prepare and maintain a statement of applicability that of	lescribes the scope	e of the ISMS.			
6. Define and communicate Information security manager	ment roles and res	oonsibilities.			
7. Communicate the ISMS approach.					

Align, Plan and Organise

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	;
P013.02 Define and manage an information	From	Description	Description	То
ecurity risk treatment plan. Maintain an information security plan that describes ow information security risk is to be managed and ligned with the enterprise strategy and enterprise rchitecture. Ensure that recommendations for nplementing security improvements are based on	AP002.04	Gaps and changes required to realise target capability	Information security risk treatment plan	AII EDM AII APO AII BAI AII DSS AII MEA
pproved business cases and implemented as an itegral part of services and solutions development, nen operated as an integral part of business operation.	AP003.02	Baseline domain descriptions and architecture definition	Information security business cases	AP002.05
	AP012.05	Project proposals for reducing risk		
	Act	ivities		
 Formulate and maintain an information security risk treplan identifies the appropriate and optimal management managing identified information security risk. Maintain as part of the enterprise architecture an invertigent of the security risk. 	nt practices and se	ecurity solutions, with associat	ed resources, responsibilities	and priorities
Develop proposals to implement the information securi		<u> </u>	,	
funding and allocation of roles and responsibilities.	ity risk treatment p	nan, supported by suitable bus	siness cases, which include c	onsideration of
. Provide input to the design and development of manag	ement practices a	nd solutions selected from the	information security risk trea	atment plan.
Define how to measure the effectiveness of the selecter effectiveness to produce comparable and reproducible		actices and specify how these	measurements are to be use	ed to assess
6. Recommend information security training and awarene	ess programmes.			
. Integrate the planning, design, implementation and mo prevention, detection of security events and response t			other controls capable of ena	bling prompt
	1	Innerte	Outputs	
Management Practice		Inputs		;
PO13.03 Monitor and review the ISMS.	From	Description	Description	То
PO13.03 Monitor and review the ISMS. Anintain and regularly communicate the need for,	From DSS02.02	Description Classified and prioritised		1
Management Practice APO13.03 Monitor and review the ISMS. Maintain and regularly communicate the need for, and benefits of, continuous information security mprovement. Collect and analyse data about the ISMS, and improve the effectiveness of the ISMS. Correct non-conformities to prevent recurrence. Promote a culture of security and continual improvement.		Description	Description	То
AP013.03 Monitor and review the ISMS. Maintain and regularly communicate the need for, and benefits of, continuous information security mprovement. Collect and analyse data about the ISMS, and improve the effectiveness of the ISMS. Correct ion-conformities to prevent recurrence. Promote a	DSS02.02	Description Classified and prioritised incidents and service	Description ISMS audit reports Recommendations for	To MEA02.01
PO13.03 Monitor and review the ISMS. Maintain and regularly communicate the need for, nd benefits of, continuous information security nprovement. Collect and analyse data about the ISMS, nd improve the effectiveness of the ISMS. Correct on-conformities to prevent recurrence. Promote a ulture of security and continual improvement.	DSS02.02 Acti SMS including mee	Description Classified and prioritised incidents and service requests ivities eting ISMS policy and objective	Description ISMS audit reports Recommendations for improving the ISMS es, and review of security pra	To MEA02.01 Internal ctices. Take int
PO13.03 Monitor and review the ISMS. Maintain and regularly communicate the need for, nd benefits of, continuous information security nprovement. Collect and analyse data about the ISMS, nd improve the effectiveness of the ISMS. Correct on-conformities to prevent recurrence. Promote a ulture of security and continual improvement. . Undertake regular reviews of the effectiveness of the IS account results of security audits, incidents, results fro	DSS02.02 Acti SMS including mee	Description Classified and prioritised incidents and service requests ivities eting ISMS policy and objective	Description ISMS audit reports Recommendations for improving the ISMS es, and review of security pra	To MEA02.01 Internal ctices. Take int
PO13.03 Monitor and review the ISMS. Maintain and regularly communicate the need for, nd benefits of, continuous information security nprovement. Collect and analyse data about the ISMS, nd improve the effectiveness of the ISMS. Correct on-conformities to prevent recurrence. Promote a ulture of security and continual improvement.	DSS02.02 Acti SMS including mee m effectiveness m	Description Classified and prioritised incidents and service requests ivities eting ISMS policy and objective easurements, suggestions and	Description ISMS audit reports Recommendations for improving the ISMS es, and review of security pra	To MEA02.01 Internal ctices. Take int parties.
APO13.03 Monitor and review the ISMS. Maintain and regularly communicate the need for, ind benefits of, continuous information security mprovement. Collect and analyse data about the ISMS, ind improve the effectiveness of the ISMS. Correct ion-conformities to prevent recurrence. Promote a ulture of security and continual improvement. . Undertake regular reviews of the effectiveness of the IS account results of security audits, incidents, results fro 2. Conduct internal ISMS audits at planned intervals. B. Undertake a management review of the ISMS on a regi	DSS02.02 Acti SMS including mee m effectiveness m ular basis to ensur	Description Classified and prioritised incidents and service requests ivities eting ISMS policy and objective easurements, suggestions and ensurements and ensurements adecember of the scope remains adocember	Description ISMS audit reports Recommendations for improving the ISMS s, and review of security pra teedback from all interested quate and improvements in the	To MEA02.01 Internal ctices. Take int parties.

AP013 Related Guidance	
Related Standard	Detailed Reference
ISO/IEC 27001:2005	Information security management systems-Requirements, Section 4
ISO/IEC 27002:2011	
National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) SP800-53 Rev 1	Recommended Security Controls for USA Federal Information Systems
ITIL V3 2011	Service Design, 4.7 Information Security Management

BUILD, ACQUIRE AND IMPLEMENT (BAI)

- **01** Manage programmes and projects.
- **02** Manage requirements definition.
- **O3** Manage solutions identification and build.
- **04** Manage availability and capacity.
- **05** Manage organisational change enablement.
- **06** Manage changes.
- **07** Manage change acceptance and transitioning.
- **08** Manage knowledge.
- **O9** Manage assets.
- **10** Manage configuration.

BAI01 Manage Programmes and Projects	Area: Management Domain: Build, Acquire and Implement
Process Description Manage all programmes and projects from the investment portfolio in alignr and execute programmes and projects, and close with a post-implementation	nent with enterprise strategy and in a co-ordinated way. Initiate, plan, control, on review.
Process Purpose Statement Realise business benefits and reduce the risk of unexpected delays, costs an business and end users, ensuring the value and quality of project deliverable	nd value erosion by improving communications to and involvement of as and maximising their contribution to the investment and services portfolio.
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related g	pals:
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics
01 Alignment of IT and business strategy	 Percent of enterprise strategic goals and requirements supported by IT strategic goals Level of stakeholder satisfaction with scope of the planned portfolio of programmes and services Percent of IT value drivers mapped to business value drivers
04 Managed IT-related business risk	 Percent of critical business processes, IT services and IT-enabled business programmes covered by risk assessment Number of significant IT-related incidents that were not identified in risk assessment Percent of enterprise risk assessments including IT-related risk Frequency of update of risk profile
05 Realised benefits from IT-enabled investments and services portfolio	 Percent of IT-enabled investments where benefit realisation is monitored through the full economic life cycle Percent of IT services where expected benefits are realised Percent of IT-enabled investments where claimed benefits are met or exceeded
13 Delivery of programmes delivering benefits, on time, on budget, and meeting requirements and quality standards	 Number of programmes/projects on time and within budget Percent of stakeholders satisfied with programme/project quality Number of programmes needing significant rework due to quality defects Cost of application maintenance vs. overall IT cost
Process Goals and Metrics	
Process Goal	Related Metrics
1. Relevant stakeholders are engaged in the programmes and projects.	 Percent of stakeholders effectively engaged Level of stakeholder satisfaction with involvement
2. The scope and outcomes of programmes and projects are viable and aligned with objectives.	 Percent of stakeholders approving enterprise need, scope, planned outcome and level of project risk Percent of projects undertaken without approved business cases
3. Programme and project plans are likely to achieve the expected outcomes.	 Percent of activities aligned to scope and expected outcomes Percent of active programmes undertaken without valid and updated programme value maps
 The programme and project activities are executed according to the plans. 	 Frequency of status reviews Percent of deviations from plan addressed Percent of stakeholder sign-offs for stage-gate reviews of active programmes
There are sufficient programme and project resources to perform activities according to the plans.	Number of resource issues (e.g., skills, capacity)
The programme and project expected benefits are achieved and accepted.	 Percent of expected benefits achieved Percent of outcomes with first-time acceptance Level of stakeholder satisfaction expressed at project closure review

BAI01 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
BAI01.01 Maintain a standard approach for programme and project management.	1	A	с	с	R		R		С		С					С	С	R								
BAI01.02 Initiate a programme.	1	R	С	С	A	R	R	R	R									С	С	С	С		С	С	С	С
BAI01.03 Manage stakeholder engagement.		A	с	R	R	R	С	R	1	I								R	С	с	с		С	С	С	с
BAI01.04 Develop and maintain the programme plan.			С	С	А	С		R	R	R	С					С	С	С	С	С	с		С	С	С	С
BAI01.05 Launch and execute the programme.			С	С	A	R		R	R	I	С					С	С	R	R	R	R		С	С	С	С
BAI01.06 Monitor, control and report on the programme outcomes.					A	С	I	R	R	R	С					С	R	R		с	С			С		
BAI01.07 Start up and initiate projects within a programme.					R	R	I	A	R									С	С	R	с		С	С	С	С
BAI01.08 Plan projects.						С	I	Α	R									С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
BAI01.09 Manage programme and project quality.					R	R	I	A	R		С					С	С	С	С	R	С		С	С	С	с
BAI01.10 Manage programme and project risk.					R	R	I	A	R		С					С	С	С	С	R	с		С	С	С	С
BAI01.11 Monitor and control projects.					I	R	I	А	R		С					С	R	С	С	R	с		С	С	С	с
BAI01.12 Manage project resources and work packages.						R	1	A	R		С					С	С	С	С	R	с		С	С	С	с
BAI01.13 Close a project or iteration.					С	С		A	R		С					С	С	С	С	С	С		С	С	С	С
BAI01.14 Close a programme.		С	С	С	А	R	1	R	R	R								R	С	С	С		С	С	С	С

BAI01 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities	S			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI01.01 Maintain a standard approach for	From	Description	Description	То
programme and project management. Maintain a standard approach for programme and project management that enables governance and	EDM02.02	Requirements for stage-gate reviews	Updated programme and project management	Internal
management review and decision making and delivery management activities focussed on achieving value and	EDM02.03	Actions to improve value delivery	approaches	
goals (requirements, risk, costs, schedule, quality) for the business in a consistent manner.	AP003.04	 Architecture governance requirements Implementation phase descriptions 		
	AP005.05	Updated portfolios of programmes, services and assets		
	AP010.04	ldentified supplier delivery risk		
	Activ	vities		·
 Maintain and enforce a standard approach to programm practice based on defined process and use of appropria including the management of scope, resources, risk, co integration and benefit realisation. Indate the programme and project management appro- 	te technology. Ensist, quality, time, co	ure that the approach covers mmunication, stakeholder inve	he full life cycle and discipline	es to be followed,
2. Update the programme and project management appro	ach based on lesso		Outputs	
Management Practice	From	Inputs	•	То
BAI01.02 Initiate a programme. Initiate a programme to confirm the expected benefits and obtain authorisation to proceed. This includes agreeing on programme sponsorship, confirming the programme mandate through approval of the conceptual	AP003.04	Description Implementation phase descriptions Resource requirements	Description Programme concept business case	AP005.03
business case, appointing programme board or committee members, producing the programme brief,	AP005.03	Programme business case	Programme mandate and brief	AP005.03
reviewing and updating the business case, developing a benefits realisation plan, and obtaining approval from sponsors to proceed.	AP007.03	Skills and competencies matrix	Programme benefit realisation plan	AP005.03 AP006.05
	BAI05.02	Common vision and goals		
	Activ	vities		
 Agree on programme sponsorship and appoint a progra have responsibility for the investment decision making, of the change. 				
Confirm the programme mandate with sponsors and sta delivery, improvement and benefits that are expected to		° ,		ategies for
denter j, improtement and benefite that are expected to			and document a complete ur	
 Develop a detailed business case for a programme, if w the expected enterprise outcomes, how they will be me the enterprise. Identify and assess alternative courses of 	asured, the full sco	pe of initiatives required, the	risk involved and the impact o	
3. Develop a detailed business case for a programme, if w the expected enterprise outcomes, how they will be me	asured, the full sco of action to achieve	pe of initiatives required, the the desired enterprise outcon	isk involved and the impact on the impact of the second	on all aspects of
 Develop a detailed business case for a programme, if w the expected enterprise outcomes, how they will be me the enterprise. Identify and assess alternative courses of 4. Develop a benefits realisation plan that will be managed 	asured, the full scc of action to achieve d throughout the pr conceptual) progra	pe of initiatives required, the the desired enterprise outcon ogramme to ensure that plan mme business case, providing	risk involved and the impact on the sector of the sector o	n all aspects of ners and are

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI01.03 Manage stakeholder engagement.	From	Description	Description	То
Manage stakeholder engagement to ensure an active exchange of accurate, consistent and timely information that reaches all relevant stakeholders. This includes			Stakeholder engagement plan	Internal
planning, identifying and engaging stakeholders and managing their expectations.			Results of stakeholder engagement effectiveness assessments	Internal
	Acti	vities		•
1. Plan how stakeholders inside and outside the enterprise	e will be identified,	analysed, engaged and mana	ged through the life cycle of t	he projects.
Identify, engage and manage stakeholders by establishi that they are involved in the programme/project.	ng and maintainin	g appropriate levels of co-ordi	nation, communication and lia	aison to ensure
3. Measure the effectiveness of stakeholder engagement	and take remedial	actions as required.		
4. Analyse stakeholder interests and requirements.				
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI01.04 Develop and maintain the programme plan.	From	Description	Description	То
Formulate a programme to lay the initial groundwork and to position it for successful execution by formalising the scope of the work to be accomplished and identifying the deliverables that will satisfy its goals	AP005.03	Selected programmes with return on investment (ROI) milestones	Programme plan	Internal
and deliver value. Maintain and update the programme olan and business case throughout the full economic ife cycle of the programme, ensuring alignment with strategic objectives and reflecting the current status and updated insights gained to date.	AP007.03	Skills and competencies matrix	Programme budget and benefits register	AP005.06 AP006.05
	AP007.05	Inventory of business and IT human resources	Resource requirements and roles	AP007.05 AP007.06
	BAI05.02	Implementation team and roles		
	BAI05.03	Vision communication plan		
	BAI05.04	Identified quick wins		
	BAI07.03	Approved acceptance test plan		
	BAI07.05	Approved acceptance and release for production		
	Acti	vities		
 Define and document the programme plan covering all and services; business processes; people skills and nur organisational restructuring required to achieve the programme organisational restructuring restru	nbers; relationship	os with stakeholders, custome		
Specify required resources and skills to execute the pro funding, cost, schedule and inter-dependencies of multi contractors to the projects. Define the roles and response	ple projects. Spec	ify the basis for acquiring and	assigning competent staff me	
 Assign accountability clearly and unambiguously for eac co-ordinating the project activities. 	ch project, includin	g achieving the benefits, contr	olling the costs, managing the	e risk and
 Ensure that there is effective communication of program that any changes made to individual plans are reflected 			ects and with the overall prog	ıramme. Ensur
 Maintain the programme plan to ensure that it is up to a changes to outcomes, benefits, costs and risk. Have the as designed will meet enterprise requirements. Review milestones releases. 	business drive th	e objectives and prioritise the	work throughout to ensure that	at the program
Update and maintain throughout the programme's econ from undertaking the programme.	omic life the busir	less case and a benefits regist	er to identify and define key b	enefits arising
7. Prepare a programme budget that reflects the full econ	omic life cycle cos	ts and the associated financial	and non-financial benefits	

BAI01 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	s <i>(cont.)</i>			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI01.05 Launch and execute the programme.	From	Description	Description	То
Launch and execute the programme to acquire and direct the resources needed to accomplish the goals and benefits of the programme as defined in the programme	BAI05.03	Vision communications	Results of benefit realisation monitoring	AP005.06 AP006.05
plan. In accordance with stage-gate or release review criteria, prepare for stage-gate, iteration or release			Results of programme goal achievement monitoring	AP002.04
reviews to report on the progress of the programme and to be able to make the case for funding up to the following stage-gate or release review.			Programme audit plans	MEA02.06
	Activ	vities		
1. Plan, resource and commission the necessary projects stage-gate review.	required to achieve	e the programme results, base	d on funding review and appr	ovals at each
 Establish agreed-on stages of the development process criteria with the stakeholders. After successful completi obtain formal approval and sign-off from all stakeholde 	on of functionality,	performance and quality revie	stage, facilitate formal discus ws, and before finalising stag	sions of approved e activities,
 Undertake a benefits realisation process throughout the sustained and optimised. Monitor benefits delivery and root cause analysis for deviations from the plan and ide 	report against perf	ormance targets at the stage-	gate or iteration and release r	
4. Manage each programme or project to ensure that deci and goals in a consistent manner, addressing risk and a			on value by achieving benefit	s for the business
5. Set up programme/project management office(s) and p	lan audits, quality ı	reviews, phase/stage-gate rev	iews and reviews of realised b	enefits.
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI01.06 Monitor, control and report on the	From	Description	Description	То
programme outcomes. Monitor and control programme (solution delivery) and enterprise (value/outcome) performance against plan	EDM02.03	Feedback on portfolio and programme performance	Results of programme performance reviews	MEA01.03
throughout the full economic life cycle of the investment. Report this performance to the programme steering	AP005.02	Investment return expectations	Stage-gate review results	EDM02.01 AP002.04
committee and the sponsors.	AP005.03	Business case assessments		AP005.04
	AP005.04	Investment portfolio performance reports		
	AP005.06	 Corrective actions to improve benefit realisation Benefit results and related communications 		
	AP007.05	 Resource utilisation records Resourcing shortfall analyses 		
	BAI05.04	Communication of benefits		
	BAI06.03	Change request status reports		

COBIT: Enabling Processes

BAI01 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	s (cont.)			
	BAI01.06	Activities		
 Monitor and control the performance of the overall prog to the projects, and report in a timely, complete and acc controls and acceptance of accountabilities. 				
Monitor and control performance against enterprise and benefits realised against the benefits realisation plan, a				plemented,
3. Monitor and control IT services, assets and resources c Report to management on performance levels, sustaine			Note implementation and in-	service dates.
 Manage programme performance against key criteria (the plan and take timely remedial action when required 		ule, quality, benefits realisation	, costs, risk, velocity), identify	deviations from
Monitor individual project performance related to delive identify potential impacts on programme performance.			s realisation, costs, risk or oth	er metrics to
6. Update operational IT portfolios reflecting changes that	result from the pro	ogramme in the relevant IT ser	vice, asset or resource portfol	ios.
7. In accordance with stage-gate, release or iteration revie can make go/no-go or adjustment decisions and approv				hat management
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI01.07 Start up and initiate projects within	From	Description	Description	То
a programme.			Project scope statements	Internal
Define and document the nature and scope of the project to confirm and develop amongst stakeholders a common understanding of project scope and how it relates to other projects within the overall IT-enabled investment programme. The definition should be formally approved by the programme and project sponsors.			Project definitions	Internal
	Acti	vities		
 To create a common understanding of project scope an scope and benefit of every project. 	iongst stakeholder	rs, provide to the stakeholders	a clear written statement defi	ning the nature,
2. Ensure that each project has one or more sponsors with	n sufficient authori	ty to manage execution of the	project within the overall prog	ramme.
 Ensure that key stakeholders and sponsors within the e project success (acceptance) criteria and key performance 			ements for the project, includin	g definition of
 Ensure that the project definition describes the requiren communications. 	nents for a project	communication plan that iden	tifies internal and external pro	ject
5. With the approval of stakeholders, maintain the project	definition through	out the project, reflecting chan	ging requirements.	
6. To track the execution of a project, put in place mechan with appropriate approval.	isms such as regu	lar reporting and stage-gate, r	elease or phase reviews in a t	imely manner
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI01.08 Plan projects.	From	Description	Description	То
Establish and maintain a formal, approved integrated	BAI07.03	Approved acceptance	Project plans	Internal
project plan (covering business and IT resources) to guide project execution and control throughout the		test plan	Project baseline	Internal
life of the project. The scope of projects should be clearly defined and tied to building or enhancing business capability.			Project reports and communications	Internal
	L	vities	I	
 Develop a project plan that provides information to enal project deliverables and acceptance criteria, required in packages, estimates of resources required, milestones/ 	ole management to ternal and externa	o control project progress prog Il resources and responsibilitie	s, clear work breakdown struc	
 Maintain the project plan and any dependent plans (e.g actual progress and approved material changes. 				date and reflect
 Ensure that there is effective communication of project any changes made to individual plans are reflected in the 		s reports amongst all projects	and with the overall program	ne. Ensure that
4. Determine the activities, interdependencies and require	d collaboration an	d communication among mult	iple projects within a program	me.
5. Ensure that each milestone is accompanied by a significant significant strength of the second sec	cant deliverable re	quiring review and sign-off.		
6. Establish a project baseline (e.g., cost, schedule, scope, project plan.	, quality) that is ap	propriately reviewed, approved	d and incorporated into the into	egrated

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
3Al01.09 Manage programme and project quality.	From	Description	Description	То
Prepare and execute a quality management plan, processes and practices, aligned with the QMS that describes the programme and project quality approach and how it will be implemented. The plan should	AP011.01	Quality management plans	Quality management plan	BAI02.04 BAI03.06 BAI07.01
the formally reviewed and agreed on by all parties concerned and then incorporated into the integrated programme and project plans.	AP011.03	Customer requirements for quality management	Requirements for independent verification of deliverables	BAI07.03
	Activ	vities		
 Identify assurance tasks and practices required to supp and include them in the integrated plans. Ensure that the defined requirements. To provide quality assurance for the project deliverables performance metrics. 	ne tasks provide as	surance that internal controls	and security solutions meet th	1e
3. Define any requirements for independent validation and	l verification of the	quality of deliverables in the p	olan.	
4. Perform quality assurance and control activities in acco	rdance with the qu	ality management plan and Q	MS.	
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
3AI01.10 Manage programme and project risk.	From	Description	Description	То
liminate or minimise specific risk associated with rogrammes and projects through a systematic process f planning, identifying, analysing, responding to, and	AP012.02	Risk analysis results	Project risk management plan	Internal
nonitoring and controlling the areas or events that have he potential to cause unwanted change. Risk faced by programme and project management should be	BAI02.03	 Risk mitigation actions Requirements risk register 	Project risk assessment results	Internal
established and centrally recorded.	Outside COBIT	ERM framework	Project risk register	Internal
	Activ	vities		
 Establish a formal project risk management approach a responding to, mitigating, monitoring and controlling ris 		M framework. Ensure that the	approach includes identifying	ı, analysing,
 Assign to appropriately skilled personnel the responsibil ensuring that this is incorporated into the solution developied or a project is considered. 	lopment practices.			
	quantifying risk cor	ntinuously throughout the proje	ect. Manage and communicat	e risk
Perform the project risk assessment of identifying and or appropriately within the project governance structure.				
 Perform the project risk assessment of identifying and of appropriately within the project governance structure. Reassess project risk periodically, including at initiation 	of each major proj	ect phase and as part of majo	r change request assessment	S.
appropriately within the project governance structure.		ect phase and as part of majo	r change request assessment	ïS.

BAI01 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	s <i>(cont.)</i>			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI01.11 Monitor and control projects.	From	Description	Description	То
Measure project performance against key project performance criteria such as schedule, quality, cost and risk. Identify any deviations from the expected. Assess			Project performance criteria	Internal
the impact of deviations on the project			Project progress reports	Internal
and overall programme, and report results to key stakeholders.			Agreed-on changes to project	Internal
	Activ	vities		
1. Establish and use a set of project criteria including, bu	t not limited to, sco	ope, schedule, quality, cost and	d level of risk.	
2. Measure project performance against key project performance, and assess positive and negative effects on the			shed key project performanc	e criteria for
3. Report to identified key stakeholders project progress potential positive and negative effects on the program			ed key project performance o	criteria, and
4. Monitor changes to the programme and review existin progress.	g key project perfo	rmance criteria to determine	whether they still represent v	alid measures of
5. Document and submit any necessary changes to the p to project managers for use in future performance rep		takeholders for their approval	before adoption. Communica	te revised criteri
6. Recommend and monitor remedial action, when requi	red, in line with the	e programme and project gove	rnance framework.	
7. Gain approval and sign-off on the deliverables produce affected business and IT functions.	ed in each iteration	, release or project phase from	n designated managers and i	users in the
8. Base the approval process on clearly defined acceptar iteration deliverable.	nce criteria agreed	on by key stakeholders prior t	o work commencing on the p	project phase or
9. Assess the project at agreed-on major stage-gates, re success criteria.	leases or iterations	and make formal go/no-go d	ecisions based on predeterm	ined critical
 Establish and operate a change control system for the appropriately reviewed, approved and incorporated int 				
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	-
BAI01.12 Manage project resources and	From	Description	Description	То
work packages. Manage project work packages by placing formal requirements on authorising and accepting work			Project resource requirements	AP007.05 AP007.06
backages, and assigning and co-ordinating appropriate business and IT resources.			Project roles and responsibilities	Internal
			Gaps in project planning	Internal
	Activ	vities		
 Identify business and IT resource needs for the project a authorities agreed on and understood. 	and clearly map ap	propriate roles and responsib	lities, with escalation and de	cision-making
Identify required skills and time requirements for all ind	ividuals involved ir	the project phases in relation	to defined roles. Staff the ro	les based on
available skills information (e.g., IT skills matrix).				
 Identify required skills and time requirements for all ind available skills information (e.g., IT skills matrix). Utilise experienced project management and team lead 	er resources with s	skills appropriate to the size, c	omplexity and risk of the pro	
available skills information (e.g., IT skills matrix). 3. Utilise experienced project management and team lead				ject.
available skills information (e.g., IT skills matrix). 3. Utilise experienced project management and team lead 4. Consider and clearly define the roles and responsibilitie	s of other involved	parties, including finance, leg	al, procurement, HR, internal	ject. audit and
available skills information (e.g., IT skills matrix). 3. Utilise experienced project management and team lead 4. Consider and clearly define the roles and responsibilitie compliance.	s of other involved rement and manag	parties, including finance, leg	al, procurement, HR, internal	ject. audit and

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs			
3Al01.13 Close a project or iteration.	From	Description	Description	То		
At the end of each project, release or iteration, require he project stakeholders to ascertain whether the project, release or iteration delivered the planned results	BAI07.08	Remedial action plan Post-implementation	Post-implementation review results	AP002.04		
nd value. Identify and communicate any outstanding		review report	Project lessons learned	Internal		
activities required to achieve the planned results of he project and the benefits of the programme, and dentify and document lessons learned for use on future projects, releases, iterations and programmes.			Stakeholder project acceptance confirmations	Internal		
	Activ	vities				
. Define and apply key steps for project closure, includir and benefits.	ig post-implementa	tion reviews that assess whe	ther a project attained desired	results		
 Plan and execute post-implementation reviews to deter and system development process methodology. 	ermine whether proj	ects delivered expected bene	fits and to improve the project	management		
3. Identify, assign, communicate and track any uncomple	ted activities requir	ed to achieve planned progra	mme project results and benef	its.		
 Regularly, and upon completion of the project, collect the delivered benefits and value. Analyse the data and ma for future projects. 	ke recommendation	ns for improving the current p				
5. Obtain stakeholder acceptance of project deliverables	and transfer owners	ship.				
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs			
BAI01.14 Close a programme.	From	Description	Description	То		
Remove the programme from the active investment portfolio when there is agreement that the desired value has been achieved or when it is clear it will not be uchieved within the value criteria set for the programme.	BAI07.08	 Remedial action plan Post-implementation review report 	Communication of programme retirement and ongoing accountabilities	AP005.05 AP007.06		
	Activ	vities				
. Bring the programme to an orderly closure, including f deliverables, and communication of retirement.	ormal approval, dist	panding of the programme or	ganisation and supporting func	tion, validation		
2. Review and document lessons learned. Once the prog	ramme is retired, re	move it from the active inves	tment portfolio.			
B. Put accountability and processes in place to ensure th investments may be required at some future time to e			n the service, asset or resource	es. Additional		
BAI01 Related Guidance						
BAILLT Belated Guidance						
Related Standard Detailed R						

PMBOK PRINCE2

ensure that they are in line with enterprise strategic requirements covering es. Co-ordinate with affected stakeholders the review of feasible options nts and proposed solutions.
g risk.
als:
Related Metrics
 Percent of enterprise strategic goals and requirements supported by IT strategic goals Level of stakeholder satisfaction with scope of the planned portfolio of programmes and services Percent of IT value drivers mapped to business value drivers
 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery
 Number of business processing incidents caused by technology integration errors Number of business process changes that need to be delayed or reworked because of technology integration issues Number of IT-enabled business programmes delayed or incurring additional cost due to technology integration issues Number of applications or critical infrastructures operating in silos and not integrated
Related Metrics
 Percent of requirements reworked due to misalignment with enterprise needs and expectations Level of stakeholder satisfaction with requirements
 Percent of requirements satisfied by proposed solution
 Number of incidents not identified as risk Percent of risk unsuccessfully mitigated
 Percent of business case objectives met by proposed solution Percent of stakeholders not approving solution in relation to business case

COBIT : Enabling Processes

BAI02 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
BAI02.01 Define and maintain business functional and technical requirements.					I	R		A	R		с					С	С	С	R	R	С		С	С	С	с
BAI02.02 Perform a feasibility study and formulate alternative solutions.					R	R		A	R							С	С	С	С	R	С		С	С	С	с
BAI02.03 Manage requirements risk.					R	R		А	R		R					С	С	R	С	R	R		С	С	С	С
BAI02.04 Obtain approval of requirements and solutions.					R	R		A	R							С	С	С	С	С	С		С	С	С	с

BAI02 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities							
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs				
BAI02.01 Define and maintain business functional	From	Description	Description	То			
and technical requirements. Based on the business case, identify, prioritise, specify and agree on business information, functional, technical and control requirements covering the scope/understanding of all initiatives required to achieve the expected outcomes of the proposed IT-enabled business solution.	AP001.06	 Data integrity procedures Data security and control guidelines Data classification guidelines 	Requirements definition repository	BAI03.01 BAI03.02 BAI04.01 BAI05.01			
	AP003.01	Architecture principles	Confirmed acceptance criteria from stakeholders	BAI03.01 BAI03.02 BAI04.03 BAI05.01 BAI05.02			
	AP003.02	 Information architecture model Baseline domain descriptions and architecture definition 	Record of requirement change requests	BAI03.09			
	AP003.05	Solution development guidance					
	AP010.02	Supplier RFIs and RFPs					
	AP011.03	Acceptance criteria					

BAI02 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es <i>(cont.)</i>				
	BAI02.0	1 Activities			
 Define and implement a requirements definition and m complexity, objectives and risk of the initiative that the 			itory that are appropriate fo	the size,	
Express business requirements in terms of how the ga interact with and use the solution.	p between curren	t and desired business capabili	ties needs to be addressed	and how a role will	
 Throughout the project, elicit, analyse and confirm that prioritised and recorded in a way that is understandabl that the requirements may change and will become merican that the requirement merican that the requirem	le to the stakehold	lers, business sponsors and tec			
 Specify and prioritise the information, functional and te control requirements in the business processes, autom regulations and commercial contracts. 					
5. Validate all requirements through approaches such as	peer review, mode	el validation or operational prote	otyping.		
6. Confirm acceptance of key aspects of the requirements, including enterprise rules, information controls, business continuity, legal and regulatory compliance, auditability, ergonomics, operability and usability, safety, and supporting documentation.					
 Track and control scope, requirements and changes th solution evolves. 	rough the life cycle	e of the solution throughout the	project as understanding o	f the	
 Consider requirements relating to enterprise policies a business and IT processes, security requirements, requireme					
Management Practice		Inputs	Output	S	
BAI02.02 Perform a feasibility study and formulate	From	Description	Description	То	
alternative solutions. Perform a feasibility study of potential alternative solutions, assess their viability and select the preferred	AP003.05	Solution development guidance	Feasibility study report	BAI03.02 BAI03.03	
option. If appropriate, implement the selected option as	AP010.01	Supplier catalogue	High-level acquisition/	AP010.02	
a pilot to determine possible improvements.	AP010.02	 Decision results of supplier evaluations RFI and RFP evaluations Supplier RFIs and RFPs 	development plan	BAI03.01	
	AP011.03	Acceptance criteria			
	Act	tivities			
 Define and execute a feasibility study, pilot or basic wo business and functional requirements. Include an evalu 				nat will satisfy the	
 Identify required actions for solution acquisition or development of the budget limitations. 	elopment based o	n the enterprise architecture, a	nd take into account scope a	and/or time and/or	
3. Review the alternative solutions with all stakeholders a	and select the mos	st appropriate one based on fea	sibility criteria, including ris	k and cost.	
	el acquisition/deve				

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs				
BAI02.03 Manage requirements risk.	From	Description	Description	То			
Identify, document, prioritise and mitigate functional, technical and information processing-related risk associated with the enterprise requirements and proposed solution.			Requirements risk register	BAI01.10 BAI03.02 BAI04.01 BAI05.01			
			Risk mitigation actions	BAI01.10 BAI03.02 BAI05.01			
	Acti	vities					
1. Involve the stakeholders to create a list of potential qua (due to, e.g., lack of user involvement, unrealistic expension)				cessing			
2. Analyse and prioritise the requirements risk according	to probability and i	mpact. If applicable, determin	e budget and schedule impac	ts.			
3. Identify ways to control, avoid or mitigate the requirem	ents risk in order o	f priority.					
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs				
BAI02.04 Obtain approval of requirements	From	Description	Description	То			
and solutions. Co-ordinate feedback from affected stakeholders and, at predetermined key stages, obtain business sponsor or product owner approval and sign-off on functional	BAI01.09	Quality management plan	Sponsor approvals of requirements and proposed solutions	BAI03.02 BAI03.03 BAI03.04			
and technical requirements, feasibility studies, risk analyses and recommended solutions.			Approved quality reviews	AP011.02			
	Activ	vities					
 Ensure that the business sponsor or product owner ma design, according to the business case. Co-ordinate fee authorities (e.g., business process owner, enterprise ar 	edback from affect	ed stakeholders and obtain sig	gn-off from appropriate busine				
	ach kev project sta	ge, iteration or release to asse	ess the results against the orig	inal acceptance			

BAI02 Related Guidance	
Related Standard	Detailed Reference
ITIL V3 2011	Service Design, 4.1 Design Coordination

BAI03 Manage Solutions Identification and Build	Area: Management Domain: Build, Acquire and Implement									
Process Description Establish and maintain identified solutions in line with enterprise requirements covering design, development, procurement/sourcing and partnering with suppliers/vendors. Manage configuration, test preparation, testing, requirements management and maintenance of business processes, applications, information/data, infrastructure and services.										
Process Purpose Statement Establish timely and cost-effective solutions capable of supporting enterprise	e strategic and operational objectives.									
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	als:									
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics									
07 Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery 									
Process Goals and Metrics										
Process Goal	Related Metrics									
 The solution design, including relevant components, meets enterprise needs, aligns with standards and addresses all identified risk. 	 Number of reworked solution designs due to misalignment with requirements Time taken to approve that design deliverable has met requirements 									
2. The solution conforms to the design, is in accordance with organisational standards, and has appropriate control, security and auditability.	Number of solution exceptions to design noted during stage reviews									
3. The solution is of acceptable quality and has been successfully tested.	 Number of errors found during testing Time and effort to complete tests 									
 Approved changes to requirements are correctly incorporated into the solution. 	Number of tracked approved changes that generate new errors									

BAI03 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
BAI03.01 Design high-level solutions.						R		1	R							С	С	I	С	A	С		С	С	с	С
BAI03.02 Design detailed solution components.						R			R							С	С	1	С	A	С		С	С	с	с
BAI03.03 Develop solution components.						R		1	R							С	С	1	С	A	С		С	С	С	С
BAI03.04 Procure solution components.					1	R		1	1							С	С	A	1	R	R	R	С	С	С	С
BAI03.05 Build solutions.						R		1	R							С	С	I	С	A	С		С	С	С	С
BAI03.06 Perform quality assurance.					I	R		A	R							С	С	I	С	R	с		С	с	с	С
BAI03.07 Prepare for solution testing.						R		A	I							С	С	I		R	R		R	R	R	R
BAI03.08 Execute solution testing.						R		A	I							Ι	I	I		R	R		I	I	I	I
BAI03.09 Manage changes to requirements.					I	R		A	R							I	I	С	R	R	С		С	С	С	с
BAI03.10 Maintain solutions.						R			R							С	С	I	С	A	С		С	С	С	С
BAI03.11 Define IT services and maintain the service portfolio.					Ι	I			Ι							Ι	Ι	R	Ι	С	С	С	A	I	I	

BAI03 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	S			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI03.01 Design high-level solutions.	From	Description	Description	То
Develop and document high-level designs using agreed-on and appropriate phased or rapid agile	AP003.01	Architecture principles	Approved high-level	BAI04.03
development techniques. Ensure alignment with the IT strategy and enterprise architecture. Reassess and update the designs when significant issues occur during	AP003.02	Baseline domain descriptions and architecture definition	design specification	BAI05.01
detailed design or building phases or as the solution evolves. Ensure that stakeholders actively participate in the design and approve each version.	AP004.03	Research analyses of innovation possibilities		
	AP004.04	Evaluations of innovation ideas		
	BAI02.01	 Confirmed acceptance criteria from stakeholders Requirements definition repository 		
	BAI02.02	High-level acquisition/ development plan		
	Acti	l vities	<u> </u>	
1. Establish a high-level design specification that translate			s, supporting services, applica	ations,
infrastructure, and information repositories capable of I		· ·		
Involve appropriately qualified and experienced users a optimally uses the proposed IT capabilities to enhance			sure that the design provides	a solution that
 Create a design that is compliant with the organisation method and consistent with business, enterprise and IT and contracts. After quality assurance approval, submit the final high- 	strategies, the en	terprise architecture, security project stakeholders and the s	plan, and applicable laws, re	gulations
based on agreed-on criteria. This design will evolve thr	oughout the projec		Outouto	
Management Practice BAI03.02 Design detailed solution components.	From	Inputs Description	Outputs Description	То
Develop, document and elaborate detailed designs progressively using agreed-on and appropriate phased	AP003.01	Architecture principles	Approved detailed design specification	BAI04.03 BAI05.01
or rapid agile development techniques, addressing all components (business processes and related automated and manual controls, supporting IT applications, infrastructure services and technology products, and partners/suppliers). Ensure that the detailed design includes internal and external SLAs and OLAs.	AP003.02	 Information architecture model Baseline domain descriptions and architecture definition 	SLA and OLA revisions	AP009.03 BAI04.02
	AP003.05	Solution development guidance		
	AP004.06	Assessments of using innovative approaches		
	BAI02.01	 Confirmed acceptance criteria from stakeholders Requirements definition repository 		
	BAI02.02	Feasibility study report]	
	BAI02.03	Risk mitigation actions Requirements risk register		
	BAI02.04	Sponsor approvals of requirements and proposed solutions		

BAI03 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	s (cont.)			
	BA103.02	Activities		
 Design progressively the business process activities a meet the enterprise objectives, including the design of 			junction with the new applicat	ion system to
 Design the application processing steps, including spe definitions/business objects, use cases, external intern internationalisation/localisation). 				
 Classify data inputs and outputs according to enterprise inputs (regardless of source) and validation for proces data sources. 	se architecture sta sing transactions a	ndards. Specify the source da as well as the methods for val	ta collection design, documen idation. Design the identified o	ting the data utputs, including
4. Design system/solution interface, including any autom	ated data exchan	je.		
5. Design data storage, location, retrieval and recoverabi	lity.			
6. Design appropriate redundancy, recovery and backup.				
7. Design the interface between the user and the system	application so that	at it is easy to use and self-do	cumenting.	
 Consider the impact of the solution's need for infrastru and time sensitivity of the information. 	ucture performance	e, being sensitive to the numb	er of computing assets, bandv	vidth intensity
 Proactively evaluate for design weaknesses (e.g., inco when required. 	nsistencies, lack o	f clarity, potential flaws) throu	ghout the life cycle, identifying) improvements
10. Provide an ability to audit transactions and identify roo	ot causes of proces	ssing errors.		
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI03.03 Develop solution components.	From	Description	Description	То
Develop solution components progressively in accordance with detailed designs following	BAI02.02	Feasibility study report	Documented solution	BAI04.03
development methods and documentation standards, quality assurance (QA) requirements, and approval standards. Ensure that all control requirements in the business processes, supporting IT applications and infrastructure services, services and technology products, and partners/suppliers are addressed.	BAI02.04	Sponsor approvals of requirements and proposed solutions	components	BAI05.05 BAI08.03 BAI08.04
	l Acti	vities		
 Develop business processes, supporting services, app and business, functional and technical requirements. 			ositories based on agreed-on	specifications
When third-party providers are involved with the solut addressed and adhered to in contractual obligations.	ion development, e	ensure that maintenance, sup	oort, development standards a	nd licencing are
3. Track change requests and design, performance and o	quality reviews, en	suring active participation of a	Il impacted stakeholders.	
 Document all solution components according to define associated documentation. 	ed standards and r	naintain version control over a	all developed components and	
5. Assess the impact of solution customisation and confi existing applications, operating systems and other infr	astructure. Adapt	business processes as require	ed to leverage the application of	capability.
Ensure that responsibilities for using high security or r develop and integrate infrastructure components. The			clearly defined and understoo	d by those who
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI03.04 Procure solution components.	From	Description	Description	То
Procure solution components based on the acquisition plan in accordance with requirements and detailed designs, architecture principles and standards, and the enterprise's overall procurement and contract	BAI02.04	Sponsor approvals of requirements and proposed solutions	Approved acquisition plan	AP010.03
procedures, QA requirements, and approval standards. Ensure that all legal and contractual requirements are identified and addressed by the supplier.			Updates to asset inventory	BAI09.01
	Acti	vities		
 Create and maintain a plan for the acquisition of solut upgrades over the lifetime of the project. 	ion components, c	onsidering future flexibility for	capacity additions, transition	costs, risk and
2. Review and approve all acquisition plans, considering	risk, costs, benefit	s and technical conformance	with enterprise architecture st	andards.
 Assess and document the degree to which acquired s acquired solution. 	olutions require ad	aptation of business process	to leverage the benefits of the	
4. Follow required approvals at key decision points durin	g the procurement	t processes.		
5. Record receipt of all infrastructure and software acqui	sitions in an asset	inventory.		

BAI03 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities	s <i>(cont.)</i>											
Management Practice												
BAI03.05 Build solutions.	From	Description	Description	То								
Install and configure solutions and integrate with business process activities. Implement control, security and auditability measures during configuration, and during integration of hardware and infrastructural software, to protect resources and ensure availability and data integrity. Update the services catalogue to reflect the new solutions.			Integrated and configured solution components	BAI06.01								
	Activ	vities										
1. Integrate and configure business and IT solution compo Consider the role of users, business stakeholders and the				lity requirements.								
2. Complete and update business process and operational the implementation.	l manuals, where n	ecessary, to account for any c	sustomisation or special condi	tions unique to								
3. Consider all relevant information control requirements in controls, where appropriate, into automated application	controls such that	processing is accurate, comp	lete, timely, authorised and au	ıditable.								
4. Implement audit trails during configuration and integrat and integrity.	ion of hardware an	d infrastructural software to p	rotect resources and ensure a	availability								
5. Consider when the effect of cumulative customisations specifications) require a high-level reassessment of the			t were not subjected to forma	l design								
6. Ensure the interoperability of solution components with	supporting tests, p	referably automated.										
7. Configure acquired application software to meet busine	ss processing requ	irements.										
8. Define service catalogues for relevant internal and exter	rnal target groups l	based on business requirement	its.									
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs									
BAI03.06 Perform quality assurance (QA). Develop, resource and execute a QA plan aligned	From	Description	Description	То								
with the QMS to obtain the quality specified in the requirements definition and the enterprise's quality	AP011.01	Results of QMS effectiveness reviews	Quality assurance plan	AP011.04								
policies and procedures.	BAI01.09	Quality management plan	Quality review results, exceptions and corrections	AP011.04								
	Activ	vities										
 Define a QA plan and practices including, e.g., specifica reviewed, necessary qualifications of quality reviewers, 				quality will be								
 Frequently monitor the solution quality based on project management procedures and acceptance criteria. 	t requirements, ent	erprise policies, adherence to	development methodologies,	quality								
3. Employ code inspection, test-driven development practi appropriate. Report on outcomes of the monitoring proc												
4. Monitor all quality exceptions and address all corrective reviews, where appropriate, based on the amount of rev			, exceptions and corrections.	Repeat quality								
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs									
BAI03.07 Prepare for solution testing. Establish a test plan and required environments to test	From	Description	Description	То								
the individual and integrated solution components,			Test plan	BAI07.03								
including the business processes and supporting services, applications and infrastructure.			Test procedures	BAI07.03								
	Activ	vities										
 Create an integrated test plan and practices commensu creation of suitable testing and simulation environments intended results and that controls are adequate. 	rate with the enter s to help verify that	prise environment and strateq the solution will operate succ	jic technology plans that will e essfully in the live environme	enable the nt and deliver the								
2. Create a test environment that supports the full scope or processes and procedures, range of users, transaction t			, real-world conditions, includ	ing the business								
Create test procedures that align with the plan and practice the test procedures evaluate the adequacy of the control and are approved by project stakeholders and the sponse	ols, based on enter	prisewide standards that defir										

	es <i>(cont.)</i>			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI03.08 Execute solution testing.	From	Description	Description	То
Execute testing continually during development, including control testing, in accordance with the defined test plan and development practices in the appropriate	AP004.05	Analysis of rejected initiatives	Test result logs and audit trails	BAI07.03
environment. Engage business process owners and end users in the test team. Identify, log and prioritise errors and issues identified during testing.			Test result communications	BAI07.03
	Acti	vities		
 Undertake testing of solutions and their components in representative business process owners and end users 				
 Use clearly defined test instructions, as defined in the t interactive user testing. 	est plan, and consi	der the appropriate balance b	etween automated scripted te	sts and
 Undertake all tests in accordance with the test plan an non-functional requirements (e.g., security, interoperab 		g the integration of business	processes and IT solution com	ponents and of
 Identify, log and classify (e.g., minor, significant and mis Ensure that an audit trail of test results is maintained. 	ssion-critical) error	s during testing. Repeat tests	until all significant errors have	been resolved
5. Record testing outcomes and communicate results of t	esting to stakehold	lers in accordance with the tes	st plan.	
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI03.09 Manage changes to requirements.	From	Description	Description	То
Track the status of individual requirements (including all rejected requirements) throughout the project life cycle and manage the approval of changes to requirements.	AP004.05	Results and recommendations from proof-of-concept initiatives	Record of all approved and applied change requests	BAI06.03
	BAI02.01	Record of requirement change requests		
	Acti	vities		
1 Access the impact of all solution change requests on th	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ment the original business of		
prioritise them accordingly.	ie solution develop	ment, the original business ca	se and the budget, and catego	orise and
 Assess the impact of all solution change requests on th prioritise them accordingly. Track changes to requirements, enabling all stakeholde process are fully understood and agreed on by all the s 	ers to monitor, revie	w and approve the changes. E	Ensure that the outcomes of th	
prioritise them accordingly. 2. Track changes to requirements, enabling all stakeholde process are fully understood and agreed on by all the s	ers to monitor, revie takeholders and th egration and config re criteria (such as	w and approve the changes. E e sponsor/business process o uration of solution component enterprise requirements), base	Ensure that the outcomes of the wner. s. Assess the impact of any med on the outcome of analysis	e change ajor solution
prioritise them accordingly. 2. Track changes to requirements, enabling all stakeholde process are fully understood and agreed on by all the s 3. Apply change requests, maintaining the integrity of inte upgrade and classify it according to agreed-on objectiv	ers to monitor, revie takeholders and th egration and config re criteria (such as	w and approve the changes. E e sponsor/business process o uration of solution component enterprise requirements), base	Ensure that the outcomes of the wner. s. Assess the impact of any med on the outcome of analysis	e change ajor solution
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prioritise them accordingly. 2. Track changes to requirements, enabling all stakeholde process are fully understood and agreed on by all the s 3. Apply change requests, maintaining the integrity of inte upgrade and classify it according to agreed-on objective involved (such as impact on existing systems and proc Management Practice BAI03.10 Maintain solutions. Develop and execute a plan for the maintenance of solution and infrastructure components. Include periodic reviews against business needs and	ers to monitor, revie takeholders and th egration and config re criteria (such as esses or security), From	w and approve the changes. E e sponsor/business process o uration of solution component enterprise requirements), base cost-benefit justification and o Inputs	Ensure that the outcomes of the wner. s. Assess the impact of any method on the outcome of analysis ther requirements. Description Maintenance plan Updated solution components and related	ajor solution of the risk To AP008.05
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 prioritise them accordingly. 2. Track changes to requirements, enabling all stakeholde process are fully understood and agreed on by all the s 3. Apply change requests, maintaining the integrity of integrity of a greed-on objective involved (such as impact on existing systems and processes) Management Practice BAI03.10 Maintain solutions. Develop and execute a plan for the maintenance of solution and infrastructure components. Include periodic reviews against business needs and operational requirements. 1. Develop and execute a plan for the maintenance of solution and requirements. 2. Assess the significance of a proposed maintenance acting impact and resource availability. Ensure that the busines 3. In the event of major changes to existing solutions that 	ers to monitor, revie takeholders and the egration and configue criteria (such as esses or security), From Activition components ta tategies, risk, vulner ivity on current sol ess process owners result in significant . For maintenance of tivities are analysed	w and approve the changes. E e sponsor/business process o uration of solution components enterprise requirements), base cost-benefit justification and o Inputs Description vities that includes periodic reviews rabilities assessment and secu- ution design, functionality and s understand the effect of desi t change in current designs ar updates, use the change mana- d periodically for abnormal tre	Ensure that the outcomes of the wner. Is. Assess the impact of any meed on the outcome of analysis ther requirements. Description Maintenance plan Updated solution components and related documentation against business needs and o urity requirements. /or business processes. Consi gnating changes as maintenan ind/or functionality and/or businagement process.	e change ajor solution of the risk To AP008.05 BAI05.05 BAI05.05 perational der risk, user nce.

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI03.11 Define IT services and maintain the	From	Description	Description	То
service portfolio. Define and agree on new or changed IT services and service level options. Document new or changed service definitions and service level options to be updated in the services portfolio.	EDM04.01	Guiding principles for allocation of resources and capabilities	Service definitions	AP005.01 DSS01.03
	AP002.04	 Value benefit statement for target environment Gaps and changes required to realise target capability 	Updated service portfolio	AP005.05
	AP006.02	Budget allocations		
	AP006.03	 Budget communications IT budget and plan 		
	AP008.05	Definition of potential improvement projects		
	BAI10.02	Configuration baseline		
	BAI10.03	Approved changes to baseline		
	BAI10.04	Configuration status reports		
	Acti	vities		
1. Propose definitions of the new or changed IT services to portfolio list of services to be developed.	o ensure that the s	ervices are fit for purpose. Do	cument the proposed service	definitions in the
Propose new or changed service level options (service usability) to ensure that the IT services are fit for use. D				, compliance and
3. Interface with business relationship management and p	oortfolio managem	ent to agree on the proposed s	service definitions and service	e level options.
 If service change falls within agreed-on approval autho change to portfolio management for investment review 		or changed IT services or serv	ice level options. Otherwise, p	bass the service

BAI03 Related Guidance	
Related Standard	Detailed Reference
None	

BAI04 Manage Availability and Capacity	Area: Management Domain: Build, Acquire and Implement							
Process Description Balance current and future needs for availability, performance and capacity v capabilities, forecasting of future needs based on business requirements, an actions to meet the identified requirements.								
Process Purpose Statement Maintain service availability, efficient management of resources, and optimis capacity requirements.	ation of system performance through prediction of future performance and							
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	als:							
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics							
07 Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery 							
11 Optimisation of IT assets, resources and capabilities	 Frequency of capability maturity and cost optimisation assessments Trend of assessment results Satisfaction levels of business and IT executives with IT-related costs and capabilities 							
14 Availability of reliable and useful information for decision making	 Level of business user satisfaction with quality and timeliness (or availability) of management information Number of business process incidents caused by non-availability of information Ratio and extent of erroneous business decisions where erroneous or unavailable information was a key factor 							
Process Goals and Metrics								
Process Goal	Related Metrics							
 The availability plan anticipates the business expectation of critical capacity requirements. 	Number of unplanned capacity, performance or availability upgrades							
2. Capacity, performance and availability meet requirements.	 Number of transaction peaks where target performance is exceeded Number of availability incidents Number of events where capacity has exceeded planned limits 							
3. Availability, performance and capacity issues are identified and routinely resolved.	 Number and percentage of unresolved availability, performance and capacity issues 							

BAI04 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
BAI04.01 Assess current availability, performance and capacity and create a baseline.						I												С		С	A		R	С	С	
BAI04.02 Assess business impact.						A												С		С	R		R	С	С	
BAI04.03 Plan for new or changed service requirements.						R												С		С	A		R	С	С	
BAI04.04 Monitor and review availability and capacity.						R												С		С	A		R	С	С	
BAI04.05 Investigate and address availability, performance and capacity issues.					I	R												I	R	С	А		R	I	I	

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs							
BAI04.01 Assess current availability, performance	From	Description	Description	То						
and capacity and create a baseline. Assess availability, performance and capacity of services and resources to ensure that cost-justifiable capacity	BAI02.01	Requirements definition repository	Availability, performance and capacity baselines	Internal						
and performance are available to support business needs and deliver against SLAs. Create availability, performance and capacity baselines for future comparison.	BAI02.03	Requirements risk register	Evaluations against SLAs	AP009.05						
	Acti	vities								
1. Consider the following (current and forecasted) in the as requirements, business priorities, business objectives, b				: customer						
2. Monitor actual performance and capacity usage against	t defined threshold	ls, supported where necessary	with automated software.							
3. Identify and follow up on all incidents caused by inadequate performance or capacity.										
 Identify and follow up on all incidents caused by inadequate performance or capacity. Regularly evaluate the current levels of performance for all processing levels (business demand, service capacity and resource capacity) by comparing them against trends and SLAs, taking into account changes in the environment. 										

BAI04 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities	s <i>(cont.)</i>												
Management Practice													
BAI04.02 Assess business impact.	From	Description	Description	То									
Identify important services to the enterprise, map services and resources to business processes, and identify business dependencies. Ensure that the	AP009.03	SLAs and OLAs	Availability, performance and capacity scenarios	Internal									
impact of unavailable resources is fully agreed on and accepted by the customer. Ensure that, for vital business functions, the SLA availability requirements can be satisfied.	BAI03.02	SLA and OLA revisions	Availability, performance and capacity business impact assessments	Internal									
	Activ	vities											
1. Identify only those solutions or services that are critical	in the availability a	ind capacity management pro	Cess.										
2. Map the selected solutions or services to application(s) for availability planning.	and infrastructure	(IT and facility) on which they	depend to enable a focus on o	critical resources									
3. Collect data on availability patterns from logs of past fai usage trends and management expectations of new en			g tools that help predict failur	es based on past									
4. Create scenarios based on the collected data, describin achieve the availability performance objective.	g future availability	<i>v</i> situations to illustrate a varie	ty of potential capacity levels	needed to									
5. Determine the likelihood that the availability performance objective will not be achieved based on the scenarios.													
	 6. Determine the impact of the scenarios on the business performance measures (e.g., revenue, profit, customer services). Engage the business line, functional (especially finance) and regional leaders to understand their evaluation of impact. 												
7. Ensure that business process owners fully understand a unacceptable risk scenarios that require a response to			e business owners, obtain a lis	t of									
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs										
BAI04.03 Plan for new or changed	From	Description	Description	То									
service requirements. Plan and prioritise availability, performance and capacity implications of changing business needs and service	BAI02.01	Confirmed acceptance criteria from stakeholders	Prioritised improvements	AP002.02									
requirements.	BAI03.01	Approved high-level design specification	Performance and capacity plans	AP002.02									
	BAI03.02	Approved detailed design specification											
	BAI03.03	Documented solution components											
	Activ	vities											
1. Review availability and capacity implications of service	trend analysis.												
Identify availability and capacity implications of changin availability, performance and capacity plans.	g business needs	and improvement opportunitie	s. Use modelling techniques t	o validate									
3. Prioritise needed improvements and create cost-justifia	ble availability and	capacity plans.											
 Adjust the performance and capacity plans and SLAs ba applications and infrastructure changes as well as review 				porting services,									
5. Ensure that management performs comparisons of actu techniques and make improvements where possible.	ual demand on reso	ources with forecasted supply	and demand to evaluate curre	ent forecasting									

Management Practice	Inputs		Outputs	
BAI04.04 Monitor and review availability	From	Description	Description	То
and capacity. Monitor, measure, analyse, report and review availability, performance and capacity. Identify deviations from established baselines. Review trend analysis reports identifying any significant issues and variances, initiating actions where necessary, and ensuring that all outstanding issues are followed up.			Availability, performance and capacity reports	MEA01.03
	Activ	vities		
1. Establish a process for gathering data to provide manag workload of all information-related resources.	ement with monito	pring and reporting informatio	n for availability, performance	and capacity
Provide regular reporting of the results in an appropriate enterprise management.	e form for review b	y IT and business manageme	nt and communication to	
3. Integrate monitoring and reporting activities in the iterat	ive capacity mana	gement activities (monitoring,	analysis, tuning and impleme	entations).
4. Provide capacity reports to the budgeting processes.				
Management Practice	Inputs Outputs			
BAI04.05 Investigate and address availability, performance and capacity issues. Address deviations by investigating and resolving identified availability, performance and capacity issues.	From	Description	Description	То
			Performance and capacity gaps	Internal
			Corrective actions	AP002.02
			Emergency escalation	DSS02.02
			procedure	
	Activ	vities	procedure	1
1. Obtain guidance from vendor product manuals to ensure				rkloads.
 Obtain guidance from vendor product manuals to ensure Identify performance and capacity gaps based on monit specifications to classify resources and allow prioritisati 	e an appropriate le oring current and f	vel of performance availability	/ for peak processing and wo	
Identify performance and capacity gaps based on monit specifications to classify resources and allow prioritisati	e an appropriate le oring current and f on.	vel of performance availability forecasted performance. Use t	r for peak processing and wor he known availability, continu	iity and recove
2. Identify performance and capacity gaps based on monit	e an appropriate le oring current and f on. sing tasks or addir	vel of performance availability forecasted performance. Use t ng resources, when performar	r for peak processing and wor he known availability, continu	iity and recove

BAIO4 Related Guidance	
Related Standard	Detailed Reference
ISO/IEC 20000	6.3 Service continuity and availability management
ITIL V3 2011	 Service Design, 4.4 Availability Management Service Design, 4.5 Capacity Management

BAI05 Manage Organisational Change Enablement	Area: Management Domain: Build, Acquire and Implement
Process Description Maximise the likelihood of successfully implementing sustainable enterprise complete life cycle of the change and all affected stakeholders in the busine	
Process Purpose Statement Prepare and commit stakeholders for business change and reduce the risk	of failure.
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related g	pals:
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics
08 Adequate use of applications, information and technology solutions	 Percent of business process owners satisfied with supporting IT products and services Level of business user understanding of how technology solutions support their processes Satisfaction level of business users with training and user manuals NPV showing business satisfaction level of the quality and usefulness of the technology solutions
13 Delivery of programmes delivering benefits, on time, on budget, and meeting requirements and quality standards	 Number of programmes/projects on time and within budget Percent of stakeholders satisfied with programme/project quality Number of programmes needing significant rework due to quality defects Cost of application maintenance vs. overall IT cost
17 Knowledge, expertise and initiatives for business innovation	 Level of business executive awareness and understanding of IT innovation possibilities Level of stakeholder satisfaction with levels of IT innovation expertise and ideas Number of approved initiatives resulting from innovative IT ideas
Process Goals and Metrics	
Process Goal	Related Metrics
1. Stakeholder desire for the change has been understood.	 Level of stakeholder desire for the change Level of senior management involvement
2. Implementation team is competent and able to drive the change.	 Satisfaction ratings of implementation team by affected stakeholders Number of identified skills or capacity issues
3. Desired change is understood and accepted by stakeholders.	 Stakeholder feedback on level of understanding Number of queries received
4. Role players are empowered to deliver the change.	 Percent of role players with appropriately assigned authority Role player feedback on level of empowerment
5. Role players are enabled to operate, use and maintain the change.	 Percent of role players trained Role player self-assessment of relevant capabilities Level of satisfaction of role players operating, using and maintaining the change
6. The change is embedded and sustained.	 Percent of users appropriately trained for the change Level of satisfaction of users with adoption of the change

COBIT₆: Enabling Processes

BAI05 RACI Chart							•	•	•																	
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
BAI05.01 Establish the desire to change.	R	А	С	с	R	С	R	R			С				R	С	С	R	С	С	С	С	С	С		
BAI05.02 Form an effective implementation team.		1	1	С	A	С	С	R	R						С	С	С	R		R	С	С	С	С	С	с
BAI05.03 Communicate desired vision.		А	С	с	R	I	R	I	I				I		I	I	I	R	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
BAI05.04 Empower role players and identify short-term wins.				R	A	С	С	R	С						R	С	С	R	С	С	С		С	С	С	с
BAI05.05 Enable operation and use.				С	А	R			R									R	С	R	R		R	R	R	R
BAI05.06 Embed new approaches.		R	R	R	А	R			R									R	С	R	R		R	R	R	R
BAI05.07 Sustain changes.	R	R	R	R	А	R			R									R	С	R	R		R	R	R	R

Note: Some governance and management practices produce outputs that serve as inputs to many practices. Those outputs are detailed in **figure 11**. Please refer to **figure 11** to ensure completeness when working with the practices that follow.

BAI05 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	s			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI05.01 Establish the desire to change.	From	Description	Description	То
Understand the scope and impact of the envisioned change and stakeholder readiness/willingness to change. Identify actions to motivate stakeholders to accept and want to make the change work successfully.	AP011.03	Results of quality of service, including customer feedback	Communications of drivers for change	Internal
	BAI02.01	 Confirmed acceptance criteria from stakeholders Requirements definition repository 	Communications from executive management committing to change	Internal
	BAI02.03	 Risk mitigation actions Requirements risk register 		
	BAI03.01	Approved high-level design specification		
	BAI03.02	Approved detailed design specification		
	Acti	vities		
1. Assess the scope and impact of the envisioned change required from each stakeholder group, and the current			nature of the impact on and in	volvement
 Identify, leverage and communicate current pain points benefits, future opportunities and rewards, and compet 				II as initial
3. Issue key communications from the executive committ	ee or CEO to demo	nstrate the commitment to the	e change.	
A Dravida visible loadership from conjer monoroment to	atabliab direction	and to align mativate and inco		

4. Provide visible leadership from senior management to establish direction and to align, motivate and inspire stakeholders to desire the change.

BAI05 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	s (cont.)			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI05.02 Form an effective implementation team.	From	Description	Description	То
Establish an effective implementation team by assembling appropriate members, creating trust, and establishing common goals and effectiveness measures.	BAI02.01	Confirmed acceptance criteria from stakeholders	Implementation team and roles	BAI01.04
			Common vision and goals	BAI01.02
	Acti	vities		
 Identify and assemble an effective core implementation required amount of time and contribute knowledge and consultants to provide an independent view or to addre the core team can work to support the vision and casca 	l expertise, experie ss skill gaps. Ident	nce, credibility and authority. (ify potential change agents wi	Consider including external pai	rties such as
2. Create trust within the core implementation team throu	gh carefully planne	ed events with effective comm	unication and joint activities.	
3. Develop a common vision and goals that support the er	nterprise objectives).		
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
3AI05.03 Communicate desired vision.	From	Description	Description	То
Communicate the desired vision for the change in the anguage of those affected by it. The communication			Vision communication plan	BAI01.04
should be made by senior management and include the rationale for, and benefits of, the change, the mpacts of not making the change; and the vision, the oad map and the involvement required of the various stakeholders.			Vision communications	BAI01.05
	Acti	vities	•	
 Develop a vision communication plan to address the co channels, and principles. 	re audience group	s, their behavioural profiles an	d information requirements, c	ommunication
2. Deliver the communication at appropriate levels of the	enterprise in accor	dance with the plan.		
3. Reinforce the communication through multiple forums	and repetition.			
 Check understanding of the desired vision and respond 	to any issues high	lighted by staff.		
5. Make all levels of leadership accountable for demonstra	ating the vision.			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	•
3AI05.04 Empower role players and identify	From	Description	Description	То
short-term wins. Empower those with implementation roles by ensuring hat accountabilities are assigned, providing training,	Outside COBIT	Enterprise organisational structure	Aligned HR performance objectives	AP007.04
and aligning organisational structures and HR			Identified quick wins	BAI01.04
rocesses. Identify and communicate short-term wins hat can be realised and are important from a change enablement perspective.			Communications of benefits	BAI01.06
	Acti	vities		
. Identify organisational structures compatible with the v	ision; if required, m	nake changes to ensure alignn	nent.	
2. Plan the training staff needs to develop the appropriate	skills and attitude	s to feel empowered.		
B. Align HR processes and measurement systems (e.g., per to support the vision.	erformance evaluat	tion, compensation decisions,	promoting decisions, recruitin	g and hiring)
I. Identify and manage leaders who continue to resist nee	eded change.			
5. Identify, prioritise and deliver opportunities for quick wi be addressed urgently.	ns. These could be	related to current known area	s of difficulty or external facto	rs that need to
 Leverage delivered quick wins by communicating the b board and build momentum. 	enefits to those im	pacted to show the vision is o	n track. Fine-tune the vision, k	keep leaders on

Management Practice	es <i>(cont.)</i>	Inputs	Outputs			
•	- Francisco - Fran	1		То		
BAI05.05 Enable operation and use. Plan and implement all technical, operational and usage aspects such that all those who are involved in the future state environment can exercise their responsibility.	From BAI03.03	Description Documented solution components	Description Operation and use plan	AP008.04 BAI08.04 DSS01.01 DSS01.02 DSS06.02		
	BAI03.10	Updated solution components and related documentation	Success measures and results	AP008.05 BAI07.07 BAI07.08 MEA01.03		
	Acti	vities	•			
 Develop a plan for operation and use of the change that of the broader transition, and increases buy-in and eng (e.g., procedures), mentoring, training, coaching, know Implement the operation and use plan. Define and trac how people feel about a change, taking remedial action 	agement. Ensure ti ledge transfer, enha k success measure	hat the plan covers a holistic v anced immediate post-go-live s, including hard business mo	view of the change and provide support and ongoing support. easures and perception measu	es documenta		
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs			
BAI05.06 Embed new approaches.	From	Description	Description	То		
Embed the new approaches by tracking implemented changes, assessing the effectiveness of the operation and use plan, and sustaining ongoing awareness			Compliance audit results	MEA02.02 MEA03.03		
through regular communication. Take corrective measures as appropriate, which may include			Awareness communications	Internal		
enforcing compliance.			HR performance review results	AP007.04		
	Acti	vities				
1. Celebrate successes and implement reward and recog	nition programmes	to reinforce the change.				
2. Use performance measurement systems to identify roo	t causes for low ac	loption and take corrective ac	tion.			
3. Make process owners accountable for normal day-to-o	lay operations.					
4. Conduct compliance audits to identify root causes for l	ow adoption and re	commend corrective action.				
5. Provide ongoing awareness through regular communic	ation of the change	e and its adoption.				
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs			
BAI05.07 Sustain changes.	From	Description	Description	То		
Sustain changes through effective training of new staff, ongoing communication campaigns, continued top management commitment, adoption monitoring and			Knowledge transfer plans	BAI08.03 BAI08.04		
sharing of lessons learned across the enterprise.			Communications of management's commitment	Internal		
			Reviews of operational use	MEA02.02		
	Acti	vities				
1. Provide mentoring, training, coaching and knowledge t	ransfer to new staf	f to sustain the change.				
2. Sustain and reinforce the change through regular com	nunication demons	strating top management com	imitment.			
3. Perform periodic reviews of the operation and use of the	e change and iden	tify improvements.				

BAI05 Related Guidance							
Related Standard Detailed Reference							
	Kotter, John; Leading Change, Harvard Business School Press, USA, 1996						

BAI06 Manage Changes										Area: Management Domain: Build, Acquire and Implement																
	ge st	anda								s and emergency maintenance relating to business processes, applications and assessment, prioritisation and authorisation, emergency changes, tracking,																
Process Purpose Statement Enable fast and reliable delivery o changed environment.	f cha	ange	to th	e bus	sines	s an	d mit	igatio	on of	the	risk	of ne	gativ	ely i	npac	ting	the s	stabil	ity or	r inte	grity	of th	ie			
The process supports the achie	he process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related																									
IT-related Goal										Related Metrics																
04 Managed IT-related business risk										 Percent of critical business processes, IT services and IT-enabled business programmes covered by risk assessment Number of significant IT-related incidents that were not identified in risk assessment Percent of enterprise risk assessments including IT-related risk Frequency of update of risk profile 																
07 Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements										 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery 											ts					
10 Security of information, processing infrastructure and applications										 Number of security incidents causing financial loss, business disruption or public embarrassment Number of IT services with outstanding security requirements Time to grant, change and remove access privileges, compared to agreed-on service levels Frequency of security assessment against latest standards and guidelines 											1 or					
Process Goals and Metrics																										
Process Goal										Related Metrics																
1. Authorised changes are made in minimal errors.	ı a ti	mely	mar	ner a	and v	with				 Amount of rework caused by failed changes Reduced time and effort required to make changes Number and age of backlogged change requests 																
2. Impact assessments reveal the affected components.										Percent of unsuccessful changes due to inadequate impact assessments																
3. All emergency changes are revi	ewe	d and	l auth	noris	ed af	ter th	ne ch	lange).	 Percent of total changes that are emergency fixes Number of emergency changes not authorised after the change 																
4. Key stakeholders are kept inform	med	of al	lasp	ects	of th	e cha	ange.			Stakeholder feedback ratings on satisfaction with communications																
BAI06 RACI Chart		1																								
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer

Note: Some governance and management practices produce outputs that serve as inputs to many practices. Those outputs are detailed in figure 11. Please refer to figure 11 to ensure completeness when working with the practices that follow.

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the changes.

change requests. BAI06.02

Close and document

Evaluate, prioritise and authorise

Manage emergency changes.

Track and report change status.

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BAI06 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities	S												
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs										
BAI06.01 Evaluate, prioritise and authorise	From	Description	Description	То									
change requests. Evaluate all requests for change to determine the impact on business processes and IT services, and to assess	BAI03.05	Integrated and configured solution components	Impact assessments	Internal									
whether change will adversely affect the operational environment and introduce unacceptable risk. Ensure	DSS02.03	Approved service requests	Approved requests for change	BAI07.01									
that changes are logged, prioritised, categorised, assessed, authorised, planned and scheduled.	DSS03.03	Proposed solutions to known errors											
	DSS03.05	Identified sustainable solutions	Change plan and schedule	BAI07.01									
	DSS04.08	Approved changes to the plans											
	DSS06.01	Root cause analyses and recommendations											
Activities Use formal change requests to enable business process owners and IT to request changes to business process, infrastructure, systems or													
 Use formal change requests to enable business process owners and IT to request changes to business process, infrastructure, systems or applications. Make sure that all such changes arise only through the change request management process. 													
 Categorise all requested changes (e.g., business proces application software) and relate affected configuration i 		perating systems, networks, a	pplication systems, purchase	d/packaged									
3. Prioritise all requested changes based on the business reasons for the requested change.	and technical requ	irements, resources required,	and the legal, regulatory and (contractual									
4. Plan and evaluate all requests in a structured fashion. In business continuity plans (BCPs) and service providers affecting the operational environment and the risk of im requested change. Consider also inter-dependencies an	to ensure that all a plementing the ch	ffected components have bee ange. Consider security, legal,	n identified. Assess the likeliho contractual and compliance in	ood of adversely mplications of the									
 Formally approve each change by business process ow low-risk and relatively frequent should be pre-approved 			Iders, as appropriate. Change	s that are									
6. Plan and schedule all approved changes.													
 Consider the impact of contracted services providers (e services) on the change management process, includin processes of service providers and the impact on contra 	g integration of org	anisational change managem											
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs										
BAI06.02 Manage emergency changes.	From	Description	Description	То									
Carefully manage emergency changes to minimise further incidents and make sure the change is controlled and takes place securely. Verify that emergency changes are appropriately assessed and authorised after the change.			Post-implementation review of emergency changes	Internal									
	Activ	vities											
1. Ensure that a documented procedure exists to declare,	assess, give prelim	inary approval, authorise afte	r the change and record an en	nergency change.									
2. Verify that all emergency access arrangements for char	iges are appropriat	ely authorised, documented a	nd revoked after the change h	as been applied.									
 Monitor all emergency changes, and conduct post-impl corrective actions based on root causes such as problem and test environments, documentation and manuals, and 	ms with business p												
4. Define what constitutes an emergency change.													

BAI06 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities	s <i>(cont.)</i>												
Management Practice	Inputs Outputs nge status. From Description To Isystem to document the status of approved mplete changes. BAI03.09 Record of all approved and applied change requests Change request status reports BAI01.06 Activities Activities BAI01.03 BAI03.09 Change requests BAI03.09 BAI												
BAI06.03 Track and report change status.	From	Description	Description	То									
Maintain a tracking and reporting system to document rejected changes, communicate the status of approved	BAI03.09												
and in-process changes, and complete changes. Make certain that approved changes are implemented		applied change requests		DAIT0.03									
as planned.													
	Activ	vities											
1. Categorise change requests in the tracking process (e.g., rejected, approved but not yet initiated, approved and in process, and closed).													
 Implement change status reports with performance metrics to enable management review and monitoring of both the detailed status of changes and the overall state (e.g., aged analysis of change requests). Ensure that status reports form an audit trail so changes can subsequently be tracked from inception to eventual disposition. Monitor open changes to ensure that all approved changes are closed in a timely fashion, depending on priority. 													
3. Monitor open changes to ensure that all approved chan	ges are closed in a	timely fashion, depending on	priority.										
4. Maintain a tracking and reporting system for all change	requests.												
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs										
BAI06.04 Close and document the changes.	From	Description	Description	То									
Whenever changes are implemented, update accordingly the solution and user documentation and the procedures affected by the change.			Change documentation	Internal									
	Activ	vities	•										
 Include changes to documentation (e.g., business and l' configuration information, application documentation, h part of the change. 													
2. Define an appropriate retention period for change documentation and pre- and post-change system and user documentation.													
3. Subject documentation to the same level of review as the	ne actual change.												
BAI06 Related Guidance													

BAIO6 Related Guidance	
Related Standard	Detailed Reference
ISO/IEC 20000	9.2 Change management
ITIL V3 2011	Service Transition, 4.2 Change Management

BAI07 Manage Change Acceptance and Transitioning	Area: Management Domain: Build, Acquire and Implement
Process Description Formally accept and make operational new solutions, including implementat communication, release preparation, promotion to production of new or char post-implementation review.	ion planning, system and data conversion, acceptance testing, nged business processes and IT services, early production support, and a
Process Purpose Statement Implement solutions safely and in line with the agreed-on expectations and o	putcomes.
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	als:
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics
08 Adequate use of applications, information and technology solutions	 Percent of business process owners satisfied with supporting IT products and services Level of business user understanding of how technology solutions support their processes Satisfaction level of business users with training and user manuals NPV showing business satisfaction level of the quality and usefulness of the technology solutions
12 Enablement and support of business processes by integrating applications and technology into business processes	 Number of business processing incidents caused by technology integration errors Number of business process changes that need to be delayed or reworked because of technology integration issues Number of IT-enabled business programmes delayed or incurring additional cost due to technology integration issues Number of applications or critical infrastructures operating in silos and not integrated
Process Goals and Metrics	
Process Goal	Related Metrics
1. Acceptance testing meets stakeholder approval and takes into account all aspects of the implementation and conversion plans.	 Percent of stakeholders satisfied with the completeness of testing process
2. Releases are ready for promotion into production with stakeholder readiness and support.	Number and percent of releases not ready for release on schedule
3. Releases are promoted successfully, are stable and meet expectations.	 Number or percent of releases that fail to stabilise within an acceptable period Percent of releases causing downtime
4. Lessons learned contribute to future releases.	Number and percent of root cause analyses completed

COBIT₆: Enabling Processes

BAI07 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
BAI07.01 Establish an implementation plan.					С	R		A	С		R					С	С	R	С	R	С		R	R	R	с
BAI07.02 Plan business process, system and data conversion.					С	R		A	С		R					С	С	R	С	R	С		R	R	R	с
BAI07.03 Plan acceptance tests.					А	R		R	1								С	I		R	R		I	R	R	С
BAI07.04 Establish a test environment.					А	R		R	1									I		R	R		I	R	R	С
BAI07.05 Perform acceptance tests.					А	R		R	I									I		R	R		I	R	R	С
BAI07.06 Promote to production and manage releases.						R		A	I									I		R	R		R	I	I	I
BAI07.07 Provide early production support.						R		A	I									I		R	R		R	I	I	I
BAI07.08 Perform a post-implementation review.						R		A	I							С	С	I		R	R		R	С	I	Ι

BAI07 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	S							
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs					
BAI07.01 Establish an implementation plan.	From	Description	Description	То				
Establish an implementation plan that covers system and data conversion, acceptance testing criteria, communication, training, release preparation,	BAI01.09	Quality management plan	Approved implementation plan	Internal				
promotion to production, early production support, a fallback/backout plan, and a post-implementation review. Obtain approval from relevant parties.	BAI06.01	 Change plan and schedule Approved requests for change 	Implementation fallback and recovery process	Internal				
	Activ	vities						
 Create an implementation plan that reflects the broad i inter-dependencies, criteria for management acceptance for production support, and update of BCPs. 								
2. Confirm that all implementation plans are approved by	technical and busir	ness stakeholders and reviewe	ed by internal audit, as approp	riate.				
3. Obtain commitment from external solution providers to	their involvement i	n each step of the implementa	ation.					
4. Identify and document the fallback and recovery proces	SS.							
 Formally review the technical and business risk associa planning process. 	ated with implemer	tation and ensure that the key	risk is considered and addre	ssed in the				

BAI07 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities <i>(cont.)</i>													
Management Practice Inputs Outputs													
BAI07.02 Plan business process, system and	From	Description	Description	То									
data conversion. Prepare for business process, IT service data and			Migration plan	DSS06.02									
infrastructure migration as part of the enterprise's													
development methods, including audit trails and a recovery plan should the migration fail.													
	Activ	vities											
1. Define a business process, IT: service data and infrastru			dware, networks, operating sy	/stems, software,									
transaction data, master files, backups and archives, int business procedures, and system documentation, in the	terfaces with other	systems (both internal and ex											
 Consider all necessary adjustments to procedures, inclu conversion plan. 	iding revised roles	and responsibilities and contr	ol procedures, in the business	process									
3. Incorporate in the data conversion plan methods for col found during conversion. Include comparing the original				lving any errors									
4. Confirm that the data conversion plan does not require changes in data values unless absolutely necessary for business reasons. Document changes made to data values, and secure approval from the business process data owner.													
5. Rehearse and test the conversion before attempting a live conversion.													
6. Consider the risk of conversion problems, business con migration plan where there are risk management, busin				rastructure									
7. Co-ordinate and verify the timing and completeness of t data. Where necessary, in the absence of any other alter	the conversion cuto rnative, freeze live	over so there is a smooth, con operations.	tinuous transition with no loss	of transaction									
8. Plan to back up all systems and data taken at the point that there is a recovery plan covering rollback of migrat				d and ensure									
9. Plan retention of backup and archived data to conform t	to business needs	and regulatory or compliance	requirements.										
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs										
BAI07.03 Plan acceptance tests.	From	Description	Description	То									
Establish a test plan based on enterprisewide standards that define roles, responsibilities, and entry and exit criteria. Ensure that the plan is approved by relevant parties.	BAI01.09	Requirements for independent verification of deliverables	Approved acceptance test plan	BAI01.04 BAI01.08									
	BAI03.07	Test proceduresTest plan											
	BAI03.08	• Test result											
		communicationsTest result logs and											
		audit trails											
	Activ	vities											
1. Develop and document the test plan, which aligns to the consult with appropriate business process owners and		project quality plan and releva	nt organisational standards. C	ommunicate and									
Ensure that the test plan reflects an assessment of risk assessment of the risk of system failure and faults on in and security testing.													
3. Ensure that the test plan addresses the potential need for regulatory requirements).	or internal or exter	nal accreditation of outcomes	of the test process (e.g., finan	cial									
4. Ensure that the test plan identifies necessary resources test environments and use of staff time for the test grou environments. Ensure that stakeholders are consulted or	p, including potent	ial temporary replacement of											
 Ensure that the test plan identifies testing phases appro- include unit test, system test, integration test, user accer readiness test, and backup and recovery tests. 													
6. Confirm that the test plan considers test preparation (in environment, planning/performing/documenting/retaining/													
7. Ensure that the test plan establishes clear criteria for m and IT stakeholders in defining the success criteria. Det (e.g., in a case of significant failures in a testing phase, implementation).	ermine that the pla	in establishes remediation pro	cedures when the success cr	iteria are not met									
8. Confirm that all test plans are approved by stakeholders application development managers, project managers a			ppropriate. Examples of such	stakeholders are									

BAI07 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities	s <i>(cont.)</i>			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI07.04 Establish a test environment. Define and establish a secure test environment	From	Description	Description	То
representative of the planned business process and			Test data	Internal
IT operations environment, performance and capacity, security, internal controls, operational practices, data				
quality and privacy requirements, and workloads.				
		vities		
 Create a database of test data that are representative environment according to business needs and organis of sanitised data). 				
Protect sensitive test data and results against disclosu organisational systems with those of third parties.	re, including acces	s, retention, storage and dest	ruction. Consider the effect of	interaction of
3. Put in place a process to enable proper retention or dis and subsequent analysis as required by the test plan.				equate review
 Ensure that the test environment is representative of the roles, likely workload stress, operating systems, necess infrastructure found in the production environment. 				
5. Ensure that the test environment is secure and incapa	ble of interacting w	vith production systems.		
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI07.05 Perform acceptance tests. Test changes independently in accordance with the	From	Description	Description	То
defined test plan prior to migration to the live			Test results log	Internal
operational environment.			Evaluation of acceptance results	BAI01.06
			Approved acceptance and release for production	BAI01.04
	Activ	vities		
 Review the categorised log of errors found in the testir formally accepted. 	ng process by the o	development team, verifying th	nat all errors have been remed	liated or
Evaluate the final acceptance against the success crite understandable to business process owners and IT so				hat is
Approve the acceptance with formal sign-off by the bu promotion to production.	siness process ow	ners, third parties (as appropr	iate) and IT stakeholders prior	to
4. Ensure that testing of changes is undertaken in accord independent from the development team. Consider the that testing is conducted only within the test environm	e extent to which b			
5. Ensure that the tests and anticipated outcomes are in	accordance with th	ne defined success criteria set	out in the testing plan.	
 Consider using clearly defined test instructions (scripts test script to confirm that it adequately addresses test system meets security requirements. 				
7. Consider the appropriate balance between automated	scripted tests and	interactive user testing.		
8. Undertake tests of security in accordance with the test incidents since construction of the test plan. Consider			es or loopholes. Consider the e	ffect of security
 Undertake tests of system and application performanc response times and database management system up 			nge of performance metrics (e.g., end-user
10. When undertaking testing, ensure that the fallback and	d rollback elements	s of the test plan have been ac	ldressed.	
 Identify, log and classify (e.g., minor, significant, mission Communicate results of testing to stakeholders in according to stakeholders. 				

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs						
3AI07.06 Promote to production and	From	Description	Description	То					
nanage releases. Promote the accepted solution to the business and			Release plan	BAI10.01					
opperations. Where appropriate, run the solution as a pilot mplementation or in parallel with the old solution for a defined period and compare behaviour and results. If significant problems occur, revert back to the original environment based on the fallback/backout plan. Manage releases of solution components.			Release log	Internal					
	Activ	vities	·						
I. Prepare for transfer of business procedures and support accordance with organisational change management st		cations and infrastructure from	n testing to the production en	vironment in					
2. Determine the extent of pilot implementation or parallel	processing of the	old and new systems in line w	vith the implementation plan.						
3. Promptly update relevant business process and system	documentation, co	onfiguration information and c	ontingency plan documents, a	s appropriate.					
 Ensure that all media libraries are updated promptly wit environment. Archive the existing version and its suppor infrastructure is under configuration control. 									
5. Where distribution of solution components is conducted occurs only to authorised and correctly identified destina to be reviewed in the event of a malfunction or error.									
 Where distribution takes physical form, keep a formal lo when each has been updated. 	g of what items ha	we been distributed, to whom	, where they have been imple	mented, and					
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs						
BAI07.07 Provide early production support.	From	Description	Description	То					
Provide early support to the users and IT operations for	AP011.03	Review results of quality of service, including	Supplemental support plan	AP008.04 AP008.05 DSS02.04					
an agreed-on period of time to deal with issues and help stabilise the new solution.		customer feedback		00002.01					
	BAI05.05	Success measures and results		50002.01					
		Success measures		00002.01					
	Activ	Success measures and results /ities	lised.						

BAI07 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es <i>(cont.)</i>								
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs						
BAI07.08 Perform a post-implementation review.	From	Description	Description	То					
Conduct a post-implementation review to confirm outcome and results, identify lessons learned, and develop an action plan. Evaluate and check the actual	AP011.04	Results of quality reviews and audits	Post-implementation review report	BAI01.13 BAI01.14					
performance and outcomes of the new or changed service against the predicted performance and outcomes (i.e., the service expected by the user or customer).	AP011.05	 Root causes of quality delivery failures Results of solution and service delivery quality monitoring 	Remedial action plan	BAI01.13 BAI01.14					
	BAI05.05	Success measures and results							
	Ac	tivities		P-					
 Establish procedures to ensure that post-implementation Enterprise requirements have been met. Expected benefits have been realised. The system is considered usable. Internal and external stakeholder expectations are methods and external stakeholder expectations are methods. 	iet.	fy, assess and report on the exte	ent to which:						

- Unexpected impacts on the enterprise have occurred.
- Key risk is mitigated.
- The change management, installation and accreditation processes were performed effectively and efficiently.
- 2. Consult business process owners and IT technical management in the choice of metrics for measurement of success and achievement of requirements and benefits.
- 3. Conduct the post-implementation review in accordance with the organisational change management process. Engage business process owners and third parties, as appropriate.
- 4. Consider requirements for post-implementation review arising from outside business and IT (e.g., internal audit, ERM, compliance).
- 5. Agree on and implement an action plan to address issues identified in the post-implementation review. Engage business process owners and IT technical management in the development of the action plan.

BAI07 Related Guidance									
Related Standard	Detailed Reference								
ISO/IEC 20000 0.1 Release management process									
ITIL V3 2011	 Service Transition, 4.1 Transition Planning and Support Service Transition, 4.4 Release and Deployment Management Service Transition, 4.5 Service Validation and Testing Service Transition, 4.6 Change Evaluation 								
PMBOK	PMBOK quality assurance and acceptance of all products								
PRINCE2	PRINCE2 product-based planning								

BAI08 Manage Knowledge	Area: Management Domain: Build, Acquire and Implement										
Process Description Maintain the availability of relevant, current, validated and reliable knowledg the identification, gathering, organising, maintaining, use and retirement of k	edge to support all process activities and to facilitate decision making. Plan for of knowledge.										
Process Purpose Statement Provide the knowledge required to support all staff in their work activities and	d for informed decision making and enhanced productivity.										
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	goals:										
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics										
09 IT agility	 Level of satisfaction of business executives with IT's responsiveness to new requirements Number of critical business processes supported by up-to-date infrastructure and applications Average time to turn strategic IT objectives into an agreed-on and approved initiative 										
17 Knowledge, expertise and initiatives for business innovation	 Level of business executive awareness and understanding of IT innovation possibilities Level of stakeholder satisfaction with levels of IT innovation expertise and ideas Number of approved initiatives resulting from innovative IT ideas 										
Process Goals and Metrics											
Process Goal	Related Metrics										
1. Sources of information are identified and classified.	 Percent of information categories covered Volume of information classified Percent of categorised information validated 										
2. Knowledge is used and shared.	 Percent of available knowledge actually used Number of users trained in using and sharing knowledge 										
3. Knowledge sharing is embedded in the culture of the enterprise.	 Level of satisfaction of users Percent of knowledge repository used 										
4. Knowledge is updated and improved to support requirements.	Frequency of update										
BAI08 RACI Chart											
BAI08 RACI CUAIL	Officer Officer										

Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
BAI08.01 Nurture and facilitate a knowledge-sharing culture.					А	R										R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
BAI08.02 Identify and classify sources of information.					А	R									С	С	С	R		R	R		R			
BAI08.03 Organise and contextualise information into knowledge.						с									С	I	I	А		R	R	R				
BAI08.04 Use and share knowledge.						А										R	R	R	С	С	С	R	С	С	С	С
BAI08.05 Evaluate and retire information.						A										С	С	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R

BAI08 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	S										
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs								
BAI08.01 Nurture and facilitate a	From	Description	Description	То							
knowledge-sharing culture. Devise and implement a scheme to nurture and facilitate a knowledge-sharing culture.			Communications on value of knowledge	AP001.04							
	Activ	Activities									
1. Proactively communicate the value of knowledge to en	courage knowledge	e creation, use, re-use and sha	aring.								
2. Encourage the sharing and transfer of knowledge by id	entifying and levera	aging motivational factors.									
3. Create an environment, tools and artefacts that support	the sharing and tr	ansfer of knowledge.									
4. Embed knowledge management practices into other IT	processes.										
5. Set management expectations and demonstrate approperture of the set of the	priate attitude rega	rding the usefulness of knowle	edge and the need to share								
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs								
BAI08.02 Identify and classify sources	From	Description	Description	То							
of information. Identify, validate and classify diverse sources of internal and external information required to enable effective use and operation of business processes and IT services.	Outside COBIT	Knowledge requirements and sources	Classification of information sources	Internal							
	Activ	vities									
1. Identify potential knowledge users, including owners of requirements and sources of information from identified		nay need to contribute and app	prove knowledge. Obtain knov	vledge							
2. Consider content types (procedures, processes, structu and structured and unstructured information (experts, s			s), artefacts (documents, reco	ds, video, voice),							
3. Classify sources of information based on a content clas classification scheme.	sification scheme (e.g., information architecture	model). Map sources of inforn	nation to the							
4. Collect, collate and validate information sources based accuracy, consistency, confidentiality, currency and relia		dation criteria (e.g., understan	dability, relevance, importance	e, integrity,							
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs								
BAI08.03 Organise and contextualise information	From	Description	Description	То							
into knowledge. Organise information based on classification criteria. Identify and create meaningful relationships between	BAI03.03	Documented solution components	Published knowledge repositories	AP007.03							
information elements and enable use of information. Identify owners and define and implement levels of access to knowledge resources.	BAI05.07	Knowledge transfer plans									
	Activ	vities									
1. Identify shared attributes and match sources of information	tion, creating relat	ionships between information	sets (information tagging).								
2. Create views to related data sets, considering stakehold	der and organisatio	nal requirements.									
2. Groute views to related data sets, considering starchold											
3. Devise and implement a scheme to manage unstructur	ed knowledge not	available through formal sourc	ces (e.g., expert knowledge).								
3. Devise and implement a scheme to manage unstructur											
3. Devise and implement a scheme to manage unstructur 4. Publish and make knowledge accessible to relevant sta Management Practice BAI08.04 Use and share knowledge.		n roles and access mechanisr	ns.	То							
3. Devise and implement a scheme to manage unstructur 4. Publish and make knowledge accessible to relevant sta Management Practice BAI08.04 Use and share knowledge. Propagate available knowledge resources to relevant stakeholders and communicate how these	keholders based o	n roles and access mechanism	ns. Outputs	To Internal							
3. Devise and implement a scheme to manage unstructur 4. Publish and make knowledge accessible to relevant sta Management Practice BAI08.04 Use and share knowledge. Propagate available knowledge resources to relevant stakeholders and communicate how these resources can be used to address different needs (e.g., problem solving, learning, strategic planning	keholders based o	n roles and access mechanism Inputs Description Documented solution	ns. Outputs Description Knowledge user database Knowledge awareness and	-							
3. Devise and implement a scheme to manage unstructur 4. Publish and make knowledge accessible to relevant sta Management Practice BAI08.04 Use and share knowledge. Propagate available knowledge resources to relevant stakeholders and communicate how these resources can be used to address different needs (e.g.,	keholders based o From BAI03.03	n roles and access mechanism Inputs Description Documented solution components	ns. Outputs Description Knowledge user database	Internal							
3. Devise and implement a scheme to manage unstructur 4. Publish and make knowledge accessible to relevant sta Management Practice BAI08.04 Use and share knowledge. Propagate available knowledge resources to relevant stakeholders and communicate how these resources can be used to address different needs (e.g., problem solving, learning, strategic planning	keholders based o From BAI03.03 BAI05.05 BAI05.07	n roles and access mechanism Inputs Description Documented solution components Operation and use plan	ns. Outputs Description Knowledge user database Knowledge awareness and	Internal							
3. Devise and implement a scheme to manage unstructur 4. Publish and make knowledge accessible to relevant sta Management Practice BAI08.04 Use and share knowledge. Propagate available knowledge resources to relevant stakeholders and communicate how these resources can be used to address different needs (e.g., problem solving, learning, strategic planning and decision making).	keholders based o From BAI03.03 BAI05.05 BAI05.07 Activ	n roles and access mechanism Inputs Description Documented solution components Operation and use plan Knowledge transfer plans	ns. Outputs Description Knowledge user database Knowledge awareness and	Internal							
3. Devise and implement a scheme to manage unstructur 4. Publish and make knowledge accessible to relevant sta Management Practice BAI08.04 Use and share knowledge. Propagate available knowledge resources to relevant stakeholders and communicate how these resources can be used to address different needs (e.g., problem solving, learning, strategic planning	keholders based o From BAI03.03 BAI05.05 BAI05.07 Activ fication.	n roles and access mechanism Inputs Description Documented solution components Operation and use plan Knowledge transfer plans vities	ns. Outputs Description Knowledge user database Knowledge awareness and training schemes	Internal							

BAI08 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities	s <i>(cont.)</i>											
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs									
BAI08.05 Evaluate and retire information.	From	Description	Description	То								
Measure the use and evaluate the currency and relevance of information. Retire obsolete information.			Knowledge use evaluation results	Internal								
			Rules for knowledge retirement	Internal								
Activities												
1. Measure the use and evaluate the usefulness, relevance enterprise's knowledge requirements.	e and value of kno	wledge elements. Identify rela	ted information that is no long	ger relevant to the								

2. Define the rules for knowledge retirement and retire knowledge accordingly.

BAI08 Related Guidance	
Related Standard	Detailed Reference
ITIL V3 2011	Service Transition, 4.7 Knowledge Management

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BAI09 Manage Assets											Area: Management Domain: Build, Acquire and Implement															
Process Description Manage IT assets through their lift accounted for and physically prote licences to ensure that the optima compliance with licence agreement	ected I nur	l, and	d thos	se as	sets	that	are o	critica	al to	supp	ort s	ervic	e ca	pabil	ity ar	e rel	iable	and	avai	lable	. Ma	nage	soft	ware		
Process Purpose Statement Account for all IT assets and optim	nise t	the v	alue	provi	ided	by th	iese	asse	ts.																	
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related goals:																										
IT-related Goal										Re	elate	d Me	etrics	6												
06 Transparency of IT costs, benef	fits a	nd ri	sk								expe Perce costs Satis	cted ent of and factio	IT-re f IT s expe on su	lated ervic ectec irvey	l cost ces w l ben r of k	ts an rith c efits ey st	d bei learly akeh	nefits / defi oldei	s ined rs reg	and : gardi	appr ing th	oved ne lev	oper vel of	nd ap ratior f rmat	nal	ed
11 Optimisation of IT assets, resou	urces	s and	l cap	abilit	ies					 Frequency of capability maturity and cost optimisation assessments Trend of assessment results Satisfaction levels of business and IT executives with IT-related costs and capabilities 																
Process Goals and Metrics																										
Process Goal										Related Metrics																
1. Licences are compliant and alig	ned	with	busi	ness	need	d.				Percent of used licences against paid-for licences																
2. Assets are maintained at optima	al lev	els.								 Number of assets not utilised Benchmark costs Number of obsolete assets 																
BAI09 RACI Chart	-	•		•	•		•	•	•	•		-	-			_					•	•	•			
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
-			-																			<u> </u>				

Note: Some governance and management practices produce outputs that serve as inputs to many practices. Those outputs are detailed in **figure 11**. Please refer to **figure 11** to ensure completeness when working with the practices that follow.

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BAI09.04

BAI09.05

assets. BAI09.02

Identify and record current

Manage critical assets.

Optimise asset costs.

Manage licences.

Manage the asset life cycle.

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Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs		
BAI09.01 Identify and record current assets.	From	Description	Description	То	
Aaintain an up-to-date and accurate record of all F assets required to deliver services and ensure Jignment with configuration management and financial	BAI03.04	Updates to asset inventory	Asset register	AP006.01 BAI10.03	
nanagement.	BAI10.02	Configuration repository	Results of physical inventory checks	BAI10.03 BAI10.04 DSS05.03	
			Results of fit-for-purpose reviews	AP002.02	
	Acti	vities			
. Identify all owned assets in an asset register that record management processes, the configuration managemen			ange management and config	guration	
l. Identify legal, regulatory or contractual requirements that	at need to be addr	essed when managing the ass	et.		
 Verify the existence of all owned assets by performing r discovery tools. 	egular physical an	d logical inventory checks and	reconciliation including the u	se of softwar	
. Verify that the assets are fit for purpose (i.e., in a useful	condition).				
. Determine on a regular basis whether each asset contir	nues to provide val	ue and, if so, estimate the exp	ected useful life for delivering	value.	
6. Ensure accounting for all assets.					
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs		
AI09.02 Manage critical assets.	From	Description	Description	То	
dentify assets that are critical in providing service apability and take steps to maximise their reliability and availability to support business needs.			Communication of planned maintenance downtime	AP008.04	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Maintenance agreements	Internal	
	Acti	vities			
Listen Martin Barlanda and Alberta and A			initions SLAs and the configu		
 Identify assets that are critical in providing service capa management system. 	bility by referencir	ng requirements in service def		ration	
management system.		- ·	· · ·	ration	
 Identify assets that are critical in providing service capa management system. Monitor performance of critical assets by examining inc On a regular basis, consider the risk of failure or need for 	ident trends and, v	where necessary, take action t	· · ·	ration	
management system. 2. Monitor performance of critical assets by examining inc 3. On a regular basis, consider the risk of failure or need for	ident trends and, v or replacement of ular preventive ma	where necessary, take action t each critical asset.	o repair or replace.		
management system. 2. Monitor performance of critical assets by examining inc 3. On a regular basis, consider the risk of failure or need for 4. Maintain the resilience of critical assets by applying reg and/or additional assets to minimise the likelihood of failure	ident trends and, v or replacement of ular preventive ma ilure.	where necessary, take action t each critical asset. aintenance, monitoring perform	o repair or replace. nance, and, if required, provid	ing alternative	
management system. Monitor performance of critical assets by examining inc On a regular basis, consider the risk of failure or need for Maintain the resilience of critical assets by applying reg and/or additional assets to minimise the likelihood of fail Establish a preventive maintenance plan for all hardwar personnel and other relevant factors.	ident trends and, v or replacement of ular preventive ma ilure. e, considering cos v access to organis g to all necessary	where necessary, take action t each critical asset. aintenance, monitoring perform at-benefit analysis, vendor reco sational IT facilities for on-site	o repair or replace. nance, and, if required, provid mmendations, risk of outage, and off-site activities (e.g., ou	ing alternative qualified tsourcing).	
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	s <i>(cont.)</i>			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	.
BAI09.03 Manage the asset life cycle. Manage assets from procurement to disposal to ensure	From	Description	Description	То
that assets are utilised as effectively and efficiently as possible and are accounted for and physically protected.			Approved asset procurement requests	Internal
			Asset register revisions	BAI10.03
			Authorised asset retirements	BAI10.03
	Activ	vities		
1. Procure all assets based on approved requests and in a	ccordance with the	e enterprise procurement poli	cies and practices.	
2. Source, receive, verify, test and record all assets in a co	ntrolled manner, in	cluding physical labelling, as	required.	
3. Approve payments and complete the process with supp	liers according to a	agreed-on contract condition	S.	
4. Deploy assets following the standard implementation lif	e cycle, including o	change management and acc	eptance testing.	
5. Allocate assets to users, with acceptance of responsibili	ities and sign-off, a	as appropriate.		
6. Reallocate assets whenever possible when they are no of a service.	longer required du	e to a change of user role, re	dundancy within a service, or	retirement
7. Dispose of assets when they serve no useful purpose d	ue to retirement of	all related services, obsolete	technology or lack of users.	
8. Dispose of assets securely, considering, e.g., the perma	nent deletion of an	ly recorded data on media de	vices and potential damage to	o the environmen
9. Plan, authorise and implement retirement-related activity	ties, retaining appr	opriate records to meet ongo	ing business and regulatory r	ieeds.
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI09.04 Optimise asset costs.	From	Description	Description	То
Regularly review the overall asset base to identify ways to optimise costs and maintain alignment with business needs.			Results of cost optimisation reviews	AP002.02
			Opportunities to reduce asset costs or increase value	AP002.02
	Activ	vities		
1. On a regular basis, review the overall asset base, consid	dering whether it is	aligned with business requir	rements.	
2. Assess maintenance costs, consider reasonableness, ar	nd identify lower-co	ost options, including, where	necessary, replacement with	new alternatives.
3. Review warranties and consider value for money and re	eplacement strateg	ies to determine lowest-cost	options.	
 Review the overall base to identify opportunities for star maintenance costs. 	ndardisation, single	e sourcing, and other strategi	es that may lower procureme	nt, support and
5. Use capacity and utilisation statistics to identify underut	tilised or redundan	t assets that could be conside	ered for disposal or replaceme	ent to lower costs

BAI09 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities	s <i>(cont.)</i>			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
BAI09.05 Manage licences.	From	Description	Description	То
Manage software licences so that the optimal number of licences is maintained to support business requirements and the number of licences owned is sufficient to cover			Register of software licences	BAI10.02
the installed software in use.			Results of installed licence audits	MEA03.03
			Action plan to adjust licence numbers and allocations	AP002.05
	Activ	vities		
1. Maintain a register of all purchased software licences a	nd associated licer	nce agreements.		
2. On a regular basis, conduct an audit to identify all instar	nces of installed lic	enced software.		
3. Compare the number of installed software instances wi	th the number of li	cences owned.		
 When instances are lower than the number owned, deciunnecessary maintenance, training and other costs. 	ide whether there i	s a need to retain or terminate	e licences, considering the po	tential to save on
When instances are higher than the number owned, cor then, if necessary, purchase additional licences to com			that are no longer required or	justified, and
6. On a regular basis, consider whether better value can b	e obtained by upgr	ading products and associate	d licences.	

BAI09 Related Guidance	
Related Standard	Detailed Reference
ITIL V3 2011	Service Transition, 4.3 Service Asset and Configuration Management

BAI10 Manage Configuration	Area: Management Domain: Build, Acquire and Implement
Process Description Define and maintain descriptions and relationships between key resources a configuration information, establishing baselines, verifying and auditing confi	
Process Purpose Statement Provide sufficient information about service assets to enable the service to be incidents.	e effectively managed, assess the impact of changes and deal with service
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	als:
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics
02 IT compliance and support for business compliance with external laws and regulations	 Cost of IT non-compliance, including settlements and fines, and the impact of reputational loss Number of IT-related non-compliance issues reported to the board or causing public comment or embarrassment Number of non-compliance issues relating to contractual agreements with IT service providers Coverage of compliance assessments
11 Optimisation of IT assets, resources and capabilities	 Frequency of capability maturity and cost optimisation assessments Trend of assessment results Satisfaction levels of business and IT executives with IT-related costs and capabilities
14 Availability of reliable and useful information for decision making	 Level of business user satisfaction with quality and timeliness (or availability) of management information Number of business process incidents caused by non-availability of information Ratio and extent of erroneous business decisions where erroneous or unavailable information was a key factor
Process Goals and Metrics	
Process Goal	Related Metrics
1. Configuration repository is accurate, complete and up to date.	 Number of deviations between the configuration repository and live configuration Number of discrepancies relating to incomplete or missing configuration information

BAI10 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
BAI10.01 Establish and maintain a configuration model.						С											С	С	С	I	А	R	R			
BAI10.02 Establish and maintain a configuration repository and baseline.																			С	R	A	R	R			
BAI10.03 Maintain and control configuration items.																		А	С	R	R	R	С			\square
BAI10.04 Produce status and configuration reports.						I											I	I	С	С	А	R	I			
BAI10.05 Verify and review integrity of the configuration repository.						I											R		R	R	А		R			

BAI10 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	S								
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs						
BAI10.01 Establish and maintain a	From	Description	Description	То					
configuration model. Establish and maintain a logical model of the	BAI07.06	Release plan	Scope of configuration	Internal					
services, assets and infrastructure and how to record			management model						
configuration items (Cls) and the relationships amongst them. Include the Cls considered necessary to manage			Logical configuration model	Internal					
services effectively and to provide a single reliable			Inoder						
description of the assets in a service.									
	Acti	vities							
1. Define and agree on the scope and level of detail for co items to include).		· · · ·							
Establish and maintain a logical model for configuration relationship types, relationship attributes and status con		luding information on configur	ation item types, configuratio	n item attributes					
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs						
BAI10.02 Establish and maintain a configuration	From	Description	Description	То					
repository and baseline. Establish and maintain a configuration management repository and create controlled configuration baselines.	BAI09.05	Register of software licences	Configuration repository	BAI09.01 DSS02.01					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Configuration baseline	BAI03.11					
	Acti	vities							
1. Identify and classify configuration items and populate the	ne repository.								
2. Create, review and formally agree on configuration base	elines of a service,	application or infrastructure.							
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs						
BAI10.03 Maintain and control configuration items.	From	Description	Description	То					
Maintain an up-to-date repository of configuration items by populating with changes.	BAI06.03	Change request status reports	Updated repository with configuration items	DSS02.01					
	BAI09.01	 Results of physical inventory checks Asset register 	Approved changes to baseline	BAI03.11					
	BAI09.03	 Authorised asset retirements Asset register revisions 							
	Activ	vities	1	1					
1. Regularly identify all changes to configuration items.									
2. Review proposed changes to configuration items agains	st the baseline to e	nsure completeness and accu	iracy.						
3. Update configuration details for approved changes to co	onfiguration items.								
4. Create, review and formally agree on changes to config	uration baselines v	vhenever needed.							
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs						
BAI10.04 Produce status and configuration reports.	From	Description	Description	То					
Define and produce configuration reports on status changes of configuration items.	BAI09.01	Results of physical inventory checks	Configuration status reports	BAI03.11 DSS02.01					
	Activ	vities	·						
1. Identify status changes of configuration items and repo	rt against the base	line.							
Match all configuration changes with approved request change management.	s for change to ide	ntify any unauthorised change	es. Report unauthorised chang	jes to					
 Identify reporting requirements from all stakeholders, in identified requirements. 	cluding content, fr	equency and media. Produce	reports according to the						

BAI10 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities	s <i>(cont.)</i>								
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs						
BAI10.05 Verify and review integrity of the	From	Description	Description	То					
configuration repository. Periodically review the configuration repository and verify completeness and correctness against the desired target.			Results of physical verification of configuration items	Internal					
			Licence deviations	MEA03.03					
			Results of repository completeness reviews	Internal					
	Activ	vities							
1. Periodically verify live configuration items against the condiscovery tools, as required.	onfiguration reposit	tory by comparing physical an	d logical configurations and u	sing appropriate					
2. Report and review all deviations for approved correction	ns or action to remo	ove any unauthorised assets.							
3. Periodically verify that all physical configuration items, a	as defined in the re	pository, physically exist. Repo	ort any deviations to manager	nent.					
4. Set and periodically review the target for completeness	of the configuratio	n repository based on busines	s need.						
5. Periodically compare the degree of completeness and a repository data.	ccuracy against ta	rgets and take remedial actior	n, as necessary, to improve th	e quality of the					

BAI10 Related Guidance	
Related Standard	Detailed Reference
ISO/IEC 20000	9.1 Configuration management
ITIL V3 2011	Service Transition, 4.3 Service Asset and Configuration Management

Deliver, Service and Support (DSS)

01	Manage operations.
02	Manage service requests and incidents.
03	Manage problems.
04	Manage continuity.
05	Manage security services.
06	Manage business process controls.

Area: Management Domain: Deliver, Service and Support
d to deliver internal and outsourced IT services, including the execution of ctivities.
goals:
Related Metrics
 Percent of critical business processes, IT services and IT-enabled business programmes covered by risk assessment Number of significant IT-related incidents that were not identified in risk assessment Percent of enterprise risk assessments including IT-related risk Frequency of update of risk profile
 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery
 Frequency of capability maturity and cost optimisation assessments Trend of assessment results Satisfaction levels of business and IT executives with IT-related costs and capabilities
Related Metrics
 Number of non-standard operational procedures executed Number of incidents caused by operational problems
 Ratio of events compared to the number of incidents Percent of critical operational event types covered by automatic detection systems

DSS01 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
DSS01.01 Perform operational procedures.																					А		С	С	С	
DSS01.02 Manage outsourced IT services.											I							А			R					
DSS01.03 Monitor IT infrastructure.				Ι		С					I						С	Ι		С	А		С	С		
DSS01.04 Manage the environment.						I					С	А				С	С	С	I	С	R		Ι	R	I	
DSS01.05 Manage facilities.						Ι					С	А				С	С	С	Ι	С	R		Ι	R	I	

COBIT₆: Enabling Processes

DSS01 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es								
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs						
DSS01.01 Perform operational procedures.	From	Description	Description	То					
Maintain and perform operational procedures and operational tasks reliably and consistently.	BAI05.05	Operation and use plan	Operational schedule	Internal					
			Backup log	Internal					
Activities									
1. Develop and maintain operational procedures and related activities to support all delivered services.									
2. Maintain a schedule of operational activities, perform the activities, and manage the performance and throughput of the scheduled activities.									
3. Verify that all data expected for processing are received with enterprise requirements. Support restart and repro									
4. Ensure that applicable security standards are met for the enterprise's security policy and regulatory requirements		ing, storage and output of data	a in a way that meets enterpris	se objectives, the					
5. Schedule, take and log backups in accordance with est	tablished policies a	nd procedures.							
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs						
DSS01.02 Manage outsourced IT services.	From	Description	Description	То					
Manage the operation of outsourced IT services to maintain the protection of enterprise information and reliability of service delivery.	AP009.03	• OLAs • SLAs	Independent assurance plans	MEA02.06					
	BAI05.05	Operation and use plan							
	Acti	vities							
1. Ensure that the enterprise's requirements for security of parties hosting or providing services.	of information proce	esses are adhered to in accord	lance with contracts and SLAs	with third					
2. Ensure that the enterprise's operational business and l' contracts and SLAs with third parties hosting or providi	T processing requir ing services.	ements and priorities for servi	ce delivery are adhered to in a	accordance with					
3. Integrate critical internal IT management processes with change management, configuration management, serv continuity, and the monitoring of process performance	vice request and inc								
4. Plan for independent audit and assurance of the operation adequately addressed.	tional environments	s of outsourced providers to co	onfirm that agreed-on requiren	nents are being					
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs						
DSS01.03 Monitor IT infrastructure.	From	Description	Description	То					
Monitor the IT infrastructure and related events. Store sufficient chronological information in operations logs to enable the reconstruction, review and examination	BAI03.11	Service definitions	Asset monitoring rules and event conditions	DSS02.01 DSS02.02					
of the time sequences of operations and the other			Event logs	Internal					
activities surrounding or supporting operations.			Incident tickets	DSS02.02					
Activities									
1. Log events, identifying the level of information to be real	corded based on a	consideration of risk and perfo	ormance.						
2. Identify and maintain a list of infrastructure assets that items and services that depend on them.	need to be monito	red based on service criticality	and the relationship between	configuration					
3. Define and implement rules that identify and record thr events and significant events so event logs are not ove			ance between generating spu	rious minor					
4. Produce event logs and retain them for an appropriate	period to assist in t	future investigations.							
5. Establish procedures for monitoring event logs and con	nduct regular review	VS.							

SS01.04 Manage the environment. From Description Environmental policies APOD1 Infaint measures for protection against environmental forces. Instal specialized equipment and devices to nonitor and control the environment. Activities Insurance policy reports MEA03 1. Identify natural and man-made disasters that might occur in the area within which the IT facilities. Tacilities. Activities 2. Identify how IT equipment, including mobile and off-site equipment, is protected against environmental threats. Ensure that the policy limits of excludes eating, dirinking and smoking in sensitive areas, and prohibits storage of stationery and other supplies posing a fine hazard within computer rooms. Activities 3. Situate and construct IT facilities to minimise and mitigate susceptibility to environmental threats. Acquirity monitor and maintain devices that proactively detect environmental threats (e.g., fire, water, smoke, humidity). 5. Respond to environmental alarms and other notifications. Document and test procedures, which should include prioritisation of alarms and or with local energency response authorities, and rain personnel in these procedures. Compare measures and contingency plans against insurance policy requirements and report results. Address points of non-compliance in a finely manner. 7. Ensure that IT sites are built and designed to minimise the impact of environmental risk (e.g., theft, air, fire, smoke, water, vibration, terror, va famage facilities. Management Practice Inputs Outputs <t< th=""><th>Manager I Devel</th><th></th><th>Investo</th><th></th><th></th></t<>	Manager I Devel		Investo		
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excludes eating, drinking and smoking in sensitive areas, and prohibits storage of stationery and other supplies posing a fire hazard within computer rooms. 3. Situate and construct IT facilities to minimise and mitigate susceptibility to environmental threats. 4. Regularly monitor and maintain devices that proactively detect environmental threats (e.g., fire, water, smoke, humidity). 5. Respond to environmental alarms and other notifications. Document and test procedures, which should include prioritisation of alarms and other notifications. Document and test procedures, which should include prioritisation of alarms and con with local emergency response authorities, and train personnel in these procedures. 6. Compare measures and contingency plans against insurance policy requirements and report results. Address points of non-compliance in a timely manner. 7. Ensure that IT sites are built and designed to minimise the impact of environmental risk (e.g., theft, air, fire, smoke, water, vibration, terror, van chemicals, explosives). Consider specific security zones and/or fireproof cells (e.g., locating production and development environments/server form each other). 8. Keep the IT sites and server rooms clean and in a safe condition at all times (i.e., no mess, no paper or cardboard boxes, no filled dustbins, n flammable chemicals or materials). Xetivities Xetivities Xetivitis Xetivities Xetivities X		cur in the area wit	hin which the IT facilities are I	located. Assess the potential	effect on
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			ons, and relevant guidelines. E	ducate personnel on fire and	rescue drills t
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			T incident management proce	ss. Make available reports or	n facilities
 Ensure that IT sites and equipment are maintained according to the supplier's recommended service intervals and specifications. The mainte must be carried out only by authorised personnel. 		ording to the supp	lier's recommended service ir	ntervals and specifications. The second s	ne maintenand
11. Analyse physical alterations to IT sites or premises to reassess the environmental risk (e.g., fire or water damage). Report results of this analy business continuity and facilities management.					

DSS01 Related Guidance	
Related Standard	Detailed Reference
ITIL V3 2011	Service Operation, 4.1 Event Management

DSS02 Manage Service Requests and Incidents	Area: Management Domain: Deliver, Service and Support
Process Description Provide timely and effective response to user requests and resolution of all trecord, investigate, diagnose, escalate and resolve incidents.	ypes of incidents. Restore normal service; record and fulfil user requests; and
Process Purpose Statement Achieve increased productivity and minimise disruptions through quick reso	lution of user queries and incidents.
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related ge	pals:
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics
04 Managed IT-related business risk	 Percent of critical business processes, IT services and IT-enabled business programmes covered by risk assessment Number of significant IT-related incidents that were not identified in risk assessment Percent of enterprise risk assessments including IT-related risk Frequency of update of risk profile
07 Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery
Process Goals and Metrics	
Process Goal	Related Metrics
1. IT-related services are available for use.	 Number and percent of incidents causing disruption to business-critical processes Mean time between incidents according to IT-enabled service
2. Incidents are resolved according to agreed-on service levels.	Percent of incidents resolved within an agreed-on/acceptable period of time
3. Service requests are dealt with according to agreed-on service levels and to the satisfaction of users.	 Level of user satisfaction with service request fulfilment Mean elapsed time for handling each type of service request

COBIT₆: Enabling Processes

DSS02 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
DSS02.01 Define incident and service						С									-			A	C	R	R	-	R	c	С	С
request classification schemes. DSS02.02 Record, classify and prioritise requests and incidents.						1															A		R			1
DSS02.03 Verify, approve and fulfil service requests.						R												I		R	R		А			
DSS02.04 Investigate, diagnose and allocate incidents.						R					I	I				I	I	I		С	R		А	С		
DSS02.05 Resolve and recover from incidents.						I					I	I				С	С	I		R	R		А	R		С
DSS02.06 Close service requests and incidents.						I					Ι	I				I	I	Ι		Ι	А		I	R		I
DSS02.07 Track status and produce reports.						I					I	I				I	I	I		Ι	А		R	I		

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs			
DSS02.01 Define incident and service request	From	Description	Description	То		
classification schemes. Define incident and service request classification schemes and models.	AP009.03	SLAs	Incident and service request classification schemes and models	Internal		
	BAI10.02	Configuration repository	Rules for incident escalation	Internal		
	BAI10.03	Updated repository with configuration items	Criteria for problem registration	DSS03.01		
	BAI10.04	Configuration status reports]			
	DSS01.03	Asset monitoring rules and event conditions				
	DSS03.01	Problem classification scheme				
	DSS04.03	Incident response actions and communications				
	A	ctivities				
1. Define incident and service request classification ar handling, informing users about and conducting tree		emes and criteria for problem rec	gistration, to ensure consist	ent approaches fo		
2. Define incident models for known errors to enable e	efficient and effectiv	e resolution.				
3. Define service request models according to service	request type to ena	ble self-help and efficient service	e for standard requests.			
4. Define incident escalation rules and procedures, es	pecially for major in	cidents and security incidents.				
5. Define incident and request knowledge sources and		-				

DSS02 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activiti	es <i>(cont.)</i>				
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs		
DSS02.02 Record, classify and prioritise requests	From	Description	Description	То	
and incidents. dentify, record and classify service requests and ncidents, and assign a priority according to business	AP009.03	SLAs	Incident and service request log	Internal	
criticality and service agreements.	BAI04.05	Emergency escalation procedure	Classified and prioritised incidents and service	AP008.03 AP009.04	
	DSS01.03	 Incident tickets Asset monitoring rules and event conditions 	requests	AP013.03	
	DSS05.07	Security incident tickets			
	Act	ivities			
 Log all service requests and incidents, recording all rel be maintained. 	evant information	so that they can be handled eff	ectively and a full historical re	cord can	
2. To enable trend analysis, classify service requests and	incidents by identi	fying type and category.			
3. Prioritise service requests and incidents based on SLA	service definition	of business impact and urgency	<i>y.</i>		
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs		
DSS02.03 Verify, approve and fulfil service requests.	From	Description	Description	То	
Select the appropriate request procedures and verify that the service requests fulfil defined request criteria.	AP012.06	Risk-related root causes	Approved service requests	BAI06.01	
Dbtain approval, if required, and fulfil the requests.			Fulfilled service requests	Internal	
	Act	ivities	^		
. Verify entitlement for service requests using, where po	ssible, a predefine	d process flow and standard ch	anges.		
2. Obtain financial and functional approval or sign-off, if r	equired, or predefi	ned approvals for agreed-on st	andard changes.		
 Fulfil the requests by performing the selected request for frequently requested items. 	procedure, using, v	vhere possible, self-help autom	nated menus and predefined r	equest models	
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs		
		mputs	Uutputs		
	From	Description	Description	То	
allocate incidents.	From BAI07.07			To Internal	
allocate incidents. dentify and record incident symptoms, determine		Description	Description		
allocate incidents. dentify and record incident symptoms, determine	BAI07.07	Description	Description Incident symptoms	Internal	
allocate incidents. dentify and record incident symptoms, determine possible causes, and allocate for resolution.	BAI07.07 Act	Description Supplemental support plan ivities causes, of the incidents. Reference	Description Incident symptoms Problem log nce available knowledge reso	Internal DSS03.01	
allocate incidents. dentify and record incident symptoms, determine possible causes, and allocate for resolution.	BAI07.07 Act ne most probable on nt resolutions (tem	Description Supplemental support plan ivities causes, of the incidents. Refere porary workarounds and/or per	Description Incident symptoms Problem log nce available knowledge reso rmanent solutions).	Internal DSS03.01 urces (includin	
allocate incidents. dentify and record incident symptoms, determine bossible causes, and allocate for resolution. 1. Identify and describe relevant symptoms to establish th known errors and problems) to identify possible incide 2. If a related problem or known error does not already ex-	BAI07.07 Act ne most probable of nt resolutions (tem kist and if the incid	Description Supplemental support plan ivities causes, of the incidents. Reference porary workarounds and/or per ent satisfies agreed-on criteria	Description Incident symptoms Problem log nce available knowledge reso rmanent solutions). for problem registration, log a	Internal DSS03.01 urces (includin a new problem	
allocate incidents. dentify and record incident symptoms, determine bossible causes, and allocate for resolution. 1. Identify and describe relevant symptoms to establish th known errors and problems) to identify possible incide 2. If a related problem or known error does not already ex-	BAI07.07 Act ne most probable of nt resolutions (tem kist and if the incid	Description Supplemental support plan ivities causes, of the incidents. Reference porary workarounds and/or per ent satisfies agreed-on criteria	Description Incident symptoms Problem log nce available knowledge reso rmanent solutions). for problem registration, log a	Internal DSS03.01 urces (includin a new problem	
allocate incidents. dentify and record incident symptoms, determine bossible causes, and allocate for resolution. 1. Identify and describe relevant symptoms to establish th known errors and problems) to identify possible incide 2. If a related problem or known error does not already ex 3. Assign incidents to specialist functions if deeper experi- Management Practice DSS02.05 Resolve and recover from incidents.	BAI07.07 Act ne most probable of nt resolutions (tem kist and if the incid	Description Supplemental support plan ivities causes, of the incidents. Reference porary workarounds and/or per ent satisfies agreed-on criteria engage the appropriate level of	Description Incident symptoms Problem log nce available knowledge reso rmanent solutions). for problem registration, log a f management, where and if	Internal DSS03.01 urces (includin a new problem	
2. If a related problem or known error does not already ex 3. Assign incidents to specialist functions if deeper experi- Management Practice DSS02.05 Resolve and recover from incidents. Document, apply and test the identified solutions or workarounds and perform recovery actions to restore	BAI07.07 Act ne most probable of nt resolutions (term kist and if the incid tise is needed, and	Description Supplemental support plan ivities causes, of the incidents. Reference porary workarounds and/or per ent satisfies agreed-on criteria engage the appropriate level of Inputs	Description Incident symptoms Problem log nce available knowledge reso rmanent solutions). for problem registration, log a f management, where and if Outputs	Internal DSS03.01 urces (includin new problem needed.	
allocate incidents. dentify and record incident symptoms, determine bossible causes, and allocate for resolution. 1. Identify and describe relevant symptoms to establish th known errors and problems) to identify possible incide 2. If a related problem or known error does not already ex 3. Assign incidents to specialist functions if deeper experi- Management Practice DSS02.05 Resolve and recover from incidents. Document, apply and test the identified solutions or	BAI07.07 Act the most probable of the resolutions (term kist and if the incid tise is needed, and From	Description Supplemental support plan ivities causes, of the incidents. Refere porary workarounds and/or per ent satisfies agreed-on criteria engage the appropriate level or Inputs Description Risk-related incident	Description Incident symptoms Problem log nce available knowledge reso rmanent solutions). for problem registration, log a of management, where and if Outputs Description	Internal DSS03.01 urces (includin new problem needed. To	
allocate incidents. dentify and record incident symptoms, determine bossible causes, and allocate for resolution. 1. Identify and describe relevant symptoms to establish th known errors and problems) to identify possible incide 2. If a related problem or known error does not already ex 3. Assign incidents to specialist functions if deeper experi Management Practice DSS02.05 Resolve and recover from incidents. Document, apply and test the identified solutions or workarounds and perform recovery actions to restore	BAI07.07 Act ne most probable o nt resolutions (tem kist and if the incid tise is needed, and From AP012.06	Description Supplemental support plan ivities causes, of the incidents. Reference porary workarounds and/or per ent satisfies agreed-on criteria engage the appropriate level or Inputs Description Risk-related incident response plans	Description Incident symptoms Problem log nce available knowledge reso rmanent solutions). for problem registration, log a of management, where and if Outputs Description	Internal DSS03.01 urces (includin new problem needed. To	
Allocate incidents. dentify and record incident symptoms, determine bossible causes, and allocate for resolution. 1. Identify and describe relevant symptoms to establish the known errors and problems) to identify possible incide 2. If a related problem or known error does not already exits 3. Assign incidents to specialist functions if deeper experi- Management Practice DSS02.05 Resolve and recover from incidents. Document, apply and test the identified solutions or workarounds and perform recovery actions to restore	BAI07.07 Act ne most probable o nt resolutions (tem kist and if the incid tise is needed, and From AP012.06 DSS03.03 DSS03.04	Description Supplemental support plan ivities causes, of the incidents. Refere porary workarounds and/or per ent satisfies agreed-on criteria engage the appropriate level of Inputs Description Risk-related incident response plans Known-error records Communication of	Description Incident symptoms Problem log nce available knowledge reso rmanent solutions). for problem registration, log a of management, where and if Outputs Description	Internal DSS03.01 urces (includin new problem needed. To	
Allocate incidents. dentify and record incident symptoms, determine bossible causes, and allocate for resolution. 1. Identify and describe relevant symptoms to establish the known errors and problems) to identify possible incide 2. If a related problem or known error does not already exits 3. Assign incidents to specialist functions if deeper experi- Management Practice DSS02.05 Resolve and recover from incidents. Document, apply and test the identified solutions or workarounds and perform recovery actions to restore	BAI07.07 Act ne most probable on nt resolutions (term kist and if the incide tise is needed, and From AP012.06 DSS03.03 DSS03.04	Description Supplemental support plan ivities causes, of the incidents. Refere porary workarounds and/or per ent satisfies agreed-on criteria engage the appropriate level of Inputs Description Risk-related incident response plans Known-error records Communication of knowledge learned ivities	Description Incident symptoms Problem log nce available knowledge reso rmanent solutions). for problem registration, log a of management, where and if Outputs Description Incident resolutions	Internal DSS03.01 urces (includin new problem needed. To	
Allocate incidents. dentify and record incident symptoms, determine bossible causes, and allocate for resolution. I dentify and describe relevant symptoms to establish the known errors and problems) to identify possible incide 2. If a related problem or known error does not already exits 3. Assign incidents to specialist functions if deeper experi- Management Practice DSS02.05 Resolve and recover from incidents. Document, apply and test the identified solutions or vorkarounds and perform recovery actions to restore the IT-related service. I. Select and apply the most appropriate incident resolution	BAI07.07 Act ne most probable o nt resolutions (tem kist and if the incid tise is needed, and From AP012.06 DSS03.03 DSS03.04 Cons (temporary we	Description Supplemental support plan ivities causes, of the incidents. Refere porary workarounds and/or per ent satisfies agreed-on criteria engage the appropriate level of Inputs Description Risk-related incident response plans Known-error records Communication of knowledge learned ivities	Description Incident symptoms Problem log nce available knowledge reso rmanent solutions). for problem registration, log a of management, where and if Outputs Description Incident resolutions	Internal DSS03.01 urces (includin new problem needed. To	
Allocate incidents. dentify and record incident symptoms, determine bossible causes, and allocate for resolution. 1. Identify and describe relevant symptoms to establish the known errors and problems) to identify possible incident 2. If a related problem or known error does not already exits 3. Assign incidents to specialist functions if deeper experi- Management Practice DSS02.05 Resolve and recover from incidents. Document, apply and test the identified solutions or workarounds and perform recovery actions to restore the IT-related service.	BAI07.07 Act ne most probable o nt resolutions (tem kist and if the incid tise is needed, and From AP012.06 DSS03.03 DSS03.04 Cons (temporary we	Description Supplemental support plan ivities causes, of the incidents. Refere porary workarounds and/or per ent satisfies agreed-on criteria engage the appropriate level of Inputs Description Risk-related incident response plans Known-error records Communication of knowledge learned ivities	Description Incident symptoms Problem log nce available knowledge reso rmanent solutions). for problem registration, log a of management, where and if Outputs Description Incident resolutions	Internal DSS03.01 urces (includin new problem needed. To	

COBIT : Enabling Processes

DSS02 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es <i>(cont.)</i>					
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs			
DSS02.06 Close service requests and incidents.	From	Description	Description	То		
Verify satisfactory incident resolution and/or request fulfilment, and close.	DSS03.04	Closed problem records	Closed service requests and incidents	AP008.03 AP009.04 DSS03.04		
			User confirmation of satisfactory fulfilment or resolution	AP008.03		
	Activ	vities				
1. Verify with the affected users (if agreed on) that the ser	vice request has be	een satisfactory fulfilled or the	incident has been satisfactor	y resolved.		
2. Close service requests and incidents.						
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs			
DSS02.07 Track status and produce reports.	From	Description	Description	То		
Regularly track, analyse and report incident and request fulfilment trends to provide information for	AP009.03	OLAs	Incident status and trends	AP008.03		
continual improvement.	DSS03.01	Problem status reports	report	AP009.04 AP011.04		
	DSS03.02	Problem resolution reports		AP012.01		
	DSS03.05	Problem resolution		MEA01.03		
		monitoring reports	Request fulfilment status and trends report	AP008.03 AP009.04 AP011.04 MEA01.03		
	Activ	<i>v</i> ities	^			
1. Monitor and track incident escalations and resolutions	and request handlir	ng procedures to progress tow	vards resolution or completion	l.		
2. Identify information stakeholders and their needs for da	ita or reports. Ident	ify reporting frequency and m	edium.			
 Analyse incidents and service requests by category and inefficiencies. Use the information as input to continual 			recurring issues, SLA breache	es or		
4. Produce and distribute timely reports or provide control	led access to onlin	e data.				

DSS02 Related Guidance							
Related Standard	Detailed Reference						
IS0/IEC 20000	 6.1 Service level management 8.2 Incident management						
ISO 27002	13. Information Security Incident Management						
ITIL V3 2011	 Service Operation, 4.2 Incident Management Service Operation, 4.3 Request Fulfilment 						

DSS03 Manage Problems	Area: Management Domain: Deliver, Service and Support							
Process Description Identify and classify problems and their root causes and provide timely resol for improvements.	ution to prevent recurring incidents. Provide recommendations							
Process Purpose Statement Increase availability, improve service levels, reduce costs, and improve custo operational problems.	mer convenience and satisfaction by reducing the number of							
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	als:							
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics							
04 Managed IT-related business risk	 Percent of critical business processes, IT services and IT-enabled business programmes covered by risk assessment Number of significant IT-related incidents that were not identified in risk assessment Percent of enterprise risk assessments including IT-related risk Frequency of update of risk profile 							
07 Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery 							
11 Optimisation of IT assets, resources and capabilities	 Frequency of capability maturity and cost optimisation assessments Trend of assessment results Satisfaction levels of business and IT executives with IT-related costs and capabilities 							
14 Availability of reliable and useful information for decision making	 Level of business user satisfaction with quality and timeliness (or availability) of management information Number of business process incidents caused by non-availability of information Ratio and extent of erroneous business decisions where erroneous or unavailable information was a key factor 							
Process Goals and Metrics								
Process Goal	Related Metrics							
1. IT-related problems are resolved so that they do not reoccur.	 Decrease in number of recurring incidents caused by unresolved problems Percent of major incidents for which problems were logged Percent of workarounds defined for open problems Percent of problems logged as part of the proactive problem management activity Number of problems for which a satisfactory resolution that addressed root causes were found 							

DSS03 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
DSS03.01 Identify and classify problems.					1	С					I	I				Ι	I	R	С	R	R		А	С		\square
DSS03.02 Investigate and diagnose problems.											I	I							С	С	А		R	R		
DSS03.03 Raise known errors.																					Α		R	R		\square
DSS03.04 Resolve and close problems.					1	С					I	I				С	С	Ι	С	С	R		А			
DSS03.05 Perform proactive problem management.						С													С	С	R		A			

Note: Some governance and management practices produce outputs that serve as inputs to many practices. Those outputs are detailed in **figure 11**. Please refer to **figure 11** to ensure completeness when working with the practices that follow.

k and service definition. nation from the change mar cause analysis and solution uch as hardware, network, s oblem identification and roo pact and urgency.		guration/asset lem port software.
riteria for problem egistration roblem log ies ther problem identification r ik and service definition. nation from the change mar cause analysis and solution uch as hardware, network, s roblem identification and roo pact and urgency.	scheme Problem status reports Problem register resources. Determine priority la nagement system and IT config determination to support prob software, applications and sup ot cause analysis are handled pt informed.	DSS02.07 Internal evels and guration/asset lem port software.
egistration roblem log ies ther problem identification r sk and service definition. nation from the change mar cause analysis and solution uch as hardware, network, s roblem identification and roo pact and urgency.	Problem register esources. Determine priority le nagement system and IT confi determination to support prob software, applications and sup ot cause analysis are handled pt informed.	Internal evels and guration/asset lem port software.
ther problem identification r k and service definition. nation from the change mar cause analysis and solution uch as hardware, network, s roblem identification and roo pact and urgency.	resources. Determine priority le nagement system and IT confi determination to support prob software, applications and sup ot cause analysis are handled pt informed.	evels and guration/asset lem port software.
ther problem identification r k and service definition. hation from the change mar cause analysis and solution uch as hardware, network, s roblem identification and roo pact and urgency.	nagement system and IT config determination to support prob software, applications and sup ot cause analysis are handled pt informed.	guration/asset lem port software.
k and service definition. nation from the change mar cause analysis and solution uch as hardware, network, s oblem identification and roo pact and urgency.	nagement system and IT config determination to support prob software, applications and sup ot cause analysis are handled pt informed.	guration/asset lem port software.
cause analysis and solution uch as hardware, network, s roblem identification and roo pact and urgency.	determination to support prob coftware, applications and sup ot cause analysis are handled opt informed.	lem port software.
uch as hardware, network, s roblem identification and roc pact and urgency.	oftware, applications and sup ot cause analysis are handled pt informed.	port software.
pact and urgency.	pt informed.	in a timely
d IT management can be ke	plish audit trails of the problem	
plems identified and to estab ss or closed).		n management
Inputs	Outputs	
Description	Description	То
isk-related root causes	Root causes of problems	Internal
	Problem resolution reports	DSS02.07
ies		
the database of known and	I suspected errors (e.g., those	communicated
i	es	Problem resolution reports

DSS03 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activities (cont.)										
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs							
DSS03.03 Raise known errors.	From	Description	Description	То						
As soon as the root causes of problems are identified, create known-error records and an appropriate			Known-error records	DSS02.05						
workaround, and identify potential solutions.			Proposed solutions to known errors	BAI06.01						
	Activ	<i>v</i> ities								
1. As soon as the root causes of problems are identified, c	reate known-error	records and develop a suitabl	e workaround.							
 Identify, evaluate, prioritise and process (via change ma impact and urgency. 	nagement) solutior	ns to known errors based on a	cost-benefit business case a	nd business						
Management Practice										
DSS03.04 Resolve and close problems.	From	Description	Description	То						
Identify and initiate sustainable solutions addressing the root cause, raising change requests via the established	DSS02.05	Incident resolutions	Closed problem records	DSS02.06						
change management process if required to resolve errors. Ensure that the personnel affected are aware of the actions taken and the plans developed to prevent future incidents from occurring.	DSS02.06	Closed service requests and incidents	Communication of knowledge learned	AP008.04 DSS02.05						
	Activ	vities								
1. Close problem records either after confirmation of successful elimination of the known error or after agreement with the business on how to alternatively handle the problem.										
2. Inform the service desk of the schedule of problem closure, e.g., the schedule for fixing the known errors, the possible workaround or the fact that the problem will remain until the change is implemented, and the consequences of the approach taken. Keep affected users and customers informed as appropriate.										
3. Throughout the resolution process, obtain regular repor	ts from change ma	nagement on progress in reso	lving problems and errors.							
4. Monitor the continuing impact of problems and known	errors on services.									
5. Review and confirm the success of resolutions of major	problems.									
6. Make sure the knowledge learned from the review is in	corporated into a s	ervice review meeting with th	e business customer.							
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs							
DSS03.05 Perform proactive problem management. Collect and analyse operational data (especially incident	From	Description	Description	То						
and change records) to identify emerging trends that may indicate problems. Log problem records to			Problem resolution monitoring reports	DSS02.07						
enable assessment.			Identified sustainable solutions	BAI06.01						
	Activ	vities								
 Capture problem information related to IT changes and reports to and periodic meetings amongst incident, prol potential corrective actions. 										
 Ensure that process owners and managers from incider and future planned changes. 	nt, problem, change	e and configuration managem	ent meet regularly to discuss	known problems						
3. To enable the enterprise to monitor the total costs of pro (e.g., fixes to problems and known errors) and report or		ange efforts resulting from pro	oblem management process a	ctivities						
 Produce reports to monitor the problem resolution again escalation to a higher management level according to a increase the priority of an urgent request for change (RI 	greed-on criteria, o	contacting external vendors, o								
5. To optimise the use of resources and reduce workarour	ds, track problem	trends.								
 Identify and initiate sustainable solutions (permanent fix management processes. 	addressing the ro	oot cause, and raise change re	quests via the established ch	ange						
DCC02 Polated Cuidance										

DSS03 Related Guidance						
Related Standard	Detailed Reference					
ISO/IEC 20000	8.3 Problem management					
ITIL V3 2011	Service Operation, 4.4 Problem Management					

DSS04 Manage Continuity	Area: Management Domain: Deliver, Service and Support						
Process Description Establish and maintain a plan to enable the business and IT to respond to inc processes and required IT services and maintain availability of information a							
Process Purpose Statement Continue critical business operations and maintain availability of information	at a level acceptable to the enterprise in the event of a significant disruption.						
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	als:						
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics						
04 Managed IT-related business risk	 Percent of critical business processes, IT services and IT-enabled business programmes covered by risk assessment Number of significant IT-related incidents that were not identified in risk assessment Frequency of update of risk profile 						
07 Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery 						
14 Availability of reliable and useful information for decision making	 Level of business user satisfaction with quality and timeliness (or availability) of management information Number of business process incidents caused by non-availability of information Ratio and extent of erroneous business decisions where erroneous or unavailable information was a key factor 						
Process Goals and Metrics							
Process Goal	Related Metrics						
1. Business-critical information is available to the business in line with minimum required service levels.	 Percent of IT services meeting uptime requirements Percent of successful and timely restoration from backup or alternate media copies Percent of backup media transferred and stored securely 						
2. Sufficient resilience is in place for critical services.	Number of critical business systems not covered by the plan						
3. Service continuity tests have verified the effectiveness of the plan.	 Number of exercises and tests that have achieved recovery objectives Frequency of tests 						
4. An up-to-date continuity plan reflects current business requirements.	 Percent of agreed-on improvements to the plan that have been reflected in the plan Percent of issues identified that have been subsequently addressed in the plan 						
5. Internal and external parties have been trained in the continuity plan.	 Percent of internal and external stakeholders that have received training Percent of issues identified that have been subsequently addressed in the training materials 						

DSS04 RACI Chart	•	*			•		•			•											P		*			
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
DSS04.01 Define the business continuity policy, objectives and scope.				A	с	R					с					С	С	R			R	С	R		R	
DSS04.02 Maintain a continuity strategy.				A	С	R					1					С	С	R	R	С	R				R	
DSS04.03 Develop and implement a business continuity response.					I	R									I	С	С	R	С	С	R				A	
DSS04.04 Exercise, test and review the BCP.					I	R									I		R	R		С	R				A	
DSS04.05 Review, maintain and improve the continuity plan.				A	I	R					I							R		С	R				R	
DSS04.06 Conduct continuity plan training.					I	R												R		R	R	R			A	\square
DSS04.07 Manage backup arrangements.																				С	A				R	\square
DSS04.08 Conduct post-resumption review.					С	R					I							R	С	С	R	R			A	

Note: Some governance and management practices produce outputs that serve as inputs to many practices. Those outputs are detailed in **figure 11**. Please refer to **figure 11** to ensure completeness when working with the practices that follow.

	Inputs	Outputs	
From	Description	Description	То
AP009.03	SLAs	Policy and objectives for business continuity	AP001.04
		Disruptive incident scenarios	Internal
		Assessments of current continuity capabilities and gaps	Internal
Activ	vities	·	
d service activities	that are critical to the enterpr	ise operations or necessary t	o meet legal and
for defining and ag	reeing on continuity policy an	d scope.	
	AP009.03 Activities	From Description AP009.03 SLAs Activities Activities d service activities that are critical to the enterpresent	From Description Description AP009.03 SLAs Policy and objectives for business continuity Disruptive incident scenarios Assessments of current continuity capabilities and gaps

4. Identify essential supporting business processes and related IT services.

DSS04 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es <i>(cont.)</i>								
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs						
DSS04.02 Maintain a continuity strategy.	From	Description	Description	То					
Evaluate business continuity management options and choose a cost-effective and viable continuity strategy	AP012.06	Risk-related root causes	Business impact analyses	AP012.02					
that will ensure enterprise recovery and continuity in the		 Risk impact communications 	Continuity requirements	Internal					
face of a disaster or other major incident or disruption.		oommanioadono	Approved strategic options	AP002.05					
	Activ	vities							
1. Identify potential scenarios likely to give rise to events t	hat could cause sig	gnificant disruptive incidents.							
2. Conduct a business impact analysis to evaluate the imp have on them.	act over time of a	disruption to critical business	functions and the effect that a	a disruption would					
3. Establish the minimum time required to recover a busin maximum tolerable outage.	less process and s	upporting IT based on an acce	ptable length of business inte	rruption and					
4. Assess the likelihood of threats that could cause loss of improved prevention and increased resilience.	business continuit	y and identify measures that v	will reduce the likelihood and	impact through					
5. Analyse continuity requirements to identify the possible strategic business and technical options.									
6. Determine the conditions and owners of key decisions that will cause the continuity plans to be invoked.									
7. Identify resource requirements and costs for each strategic technical option and make strategic recommendations.									
8. Obtain executive business approval for selected strateg	ic options.								
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs						
DSS04.03 Develop and implement a business	From	Description	Description	То					
continuity response. Develop a business continuity plan (BCP) based on the	AP009.03	OLAs	Incident response actions and communications	DSS02.01					
strategy that documents the procedures and information in readiness for use in an incident to enable the			BCP	Internal					
enterprise to continue its critical activities.			DUF	Internal					
	Activ	vities	•						
1. Define the incident response actions and communication accountability for policy and implementation.	ons to be taken in t	he event of disruption. Define	related roles and responsibilit	ies, including					
2. Develop and maintain operational BCPs containing the temporary processing arrangements, including links to			peration of critical business pr	ocesses and/or					
3. Ensure that key suppliers and outsource partners have	effective continuity	plans in place. Obtain audited	d evidence as required.						
4. Define the conditions and recovery procedures that wou information databases to preserve information integrity.		tion of business processing, in	cluding updating and reconcil	iation of					
5. Define and document the resources required to support	the continuity and	recovery procedures, conside	ering people, facilities and IT i	nfrastructure.					
6. Define and document the information backup requirem and consider the need for security and off-site storage.	ents required to su	pport the plans, including plan	is and paper documents as w	ell as data files,					
7. Determine required skills for individuals involved in exe	cuting the plan and	l procedures.							
8. Distribute the plans and supporting documentation secu disaster scenarios.	urely to appropriate	ely authorised interested partie	es and make sure they are ac	cessible under all					

DSS04 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	es <i>(cont.)</i>			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
DSS04.04 Exercise, test and review the BCP.	From	Description	Description	То
Test the continuity arrangements on a regular basis to exercise the recovery plans against predetermined			Test objectives	Internal
outcomes and to allow innovative solutions to be			Test exercises	Internal
developed and help to verify over time that the plan will work as anticipated.			Test results and recommendations	Internal
	Activ	vities		
1. Define objectives for exercising and testing the busines completeness of the BCP in meeting business risk.	s, technical, logisti	cal, administrative, procedural	and operational systems of th	ne plan to verif
Define and agree on with stakeholders exercises that a retention arrangements that cause minimum disruption			clude roles and responsibilitie	es and data
3. Assign roles and responsibilities for performing continui	ty plan exercises a	nd tests.		
4. Schedule exercises and test activities as defined in the	continuity plan.			
5. Conduct a post-exercise debriefing and analysis to cons	sider the achievem	ent.		
6. Develop recommendations for improving the current co	ntinuity plan based	I on the results of the review.		
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
DSS04.05 Review, maintain and improve the	From	Description	Description	То
continuity plan. Conduct a management review of the continuity			Results of reviews of plans	Internal
capability at regular intervals to ensure its continued			Recommended changes	Internal
suitability, adequacy and effectiveness. Manage changes to the plan in accordance with the change			to plans	
control process to ensure that the continuity plan				
is kept up to date and continually reflects actual business requirements.				
	Activ	vities		
1. Review the continuity plan and capability on a regular b	asis against any as	sumptions made and current	business operational and stra	tegic objective
2. Consider whether a revised business impact assessme	nt may be required	, depending on the nature of t	he change.	
3. Recommend and communicate changes in policy, plans processing via the change management process.	, procedures, infra	structure, and roles and respo	nsibilities for management ap	proval and
 Review the continuity plan on a regular basis to conside outsourcing arrangements, technologies, infrastructure, 			prise organisation, business pr	OCESSES,
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
DSS04.06 Conduct continuity plan training.	From	Description	Description	То
Provide all concerned internal and external parties with regular training sessions regarding the procedures and	HR	List of personnel	Training requirements	AP007.03
their roles and responsibilities in case of disruption.		requiring training	Monitoring results of skills and competencies	AP007.03
	Activ	vities		
1. Define and maintain training requirements and plans fo communication and incident response. Ensure that the	r those performing training plans cons	continuity planning, impact as ider frequency of training and	ssessments, risk assessments training delivery mechanisms	s, media S.
2. Develop competencies based on practical training inclu	ding participation i	n exercises and tests.		
3. Monitor skills and competencies based on the exercise	and test results.			

BSS04.07 Manage backup arrangements. From Description Te To Maintain availability of business-critical information. Activities Internal Internal 1. Back up systems, applications, data and documentation according to a defined schedule, considering: •	Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs							
Activities 1. Back up systems, applications, data and documentation according to a defined schedule, considering: • Trequency (monthy, weekly, daily, etc.) • Mode of Backup (e.g., disk mirroring for real-time backups vs. DVD-ROM for long-term retention) • Type of media • Automated online backups • Data types (e.g., volce, optical) • Creation of logical location of data sources • Security and access rights • Encryption 2. Forume that systems, applications, data and documentation maintained or processed by third parties are adequately backed up or otherwise securits of adakup data. 3. Define requirements for on-site and off-site storage of backup data that meet the business requirements. Consider the accessibility required to back up data. 4. Roll out BCP awareness and training. 5. Periodically test and refresh archived and backup data. Wanagement Practice Inputs Outputs DSSOA 08 Conduct post-resumption review. Assess the adequacy of the BCP following the auscuessful examption. Post-resumption Internal review report Activities 1. Assess adherence to the documented BCP. Loterwites BAllo6.01 Description Concester the plan continuity capabilities, roles and responsibilities, skills and competencies, resilience to the incident, techn infrastructure	DSS04.07 Manage backup arrangements.	From	Description	Description	То						
Back up systems, applications, data and documentation according to a defined schedule, considering: Frequency (monthly, weekly, daily, etc.) Mode of backup (e.g., disk mirroring for real-time backups vs. DVD-ROM for long-term retention) Type of backup (e.g., disk mirroring for real-time backups vs. DVD-ROM for long-term retention) Type of backup (e.g., disk mirroring for real-time backups vs. DVD-ROM for long-term retention) Type of backup (e.g., disk mirroring for real-time backups vs. DVD-ROM for long-term retention) Type of backup (e.g., disk mirroring for real-time backups vs. DVD-ROM for long-term retention) Type of backup (e.g., disk mirroring for real-time backups vs. DVD-ROM for long-term retention) Type of backup (e.g., disk mirroring for real-time backups vs. DVD-ROM for long-term retention) Type of backup (e.g., disk mirroring for real-time backups set on third parties. Consider retearting return of backups from third parties. Consider rescrew or deposit arrangements. Consider requiring return of backups from third parties. Consider escrew or deposit arrangements. Consider requiring return of backup data. Roll out BCP awareness and training. From Description Management Practice Inputs Outputs SOSOAB Conduct post-resumption review. Assess the adequacy of the BCP following the uuccessful resumption of business processes and ervices after a disruption. Activities Ac	Maintain availability of business-critical information.			Test results of backup data	Internal						
		Acti	vities								
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back up data. Impute Impute . Roll out BCP awareness and training. . . Periodically test and refresh archived and backup data. Impute Outpute ISSO4.08 Conduct post-resumption review. From Description To seess the adequacy of the BCP following the uccessful resumption of business processes and ervices after a disruption. From Description Post-resumption review. Assess adherence to the documented BCP. Activities Activities . Assess adherence to the documented BCP. . . Determine the effectiveness of the plan, continuity capabilities, roles and responsibilities, skills and competencies, resilience to the incident, techn infrastructure, and organisational structures and relationships. . . . Identify weaknesses or omissions in the plan and capabilities and make recommendations for improvement. . . . Obtain management approval for any changes to the plan and apply via the enterprise change control process. . . SS04 Related Guidance . . . Batiled Reference . .	Consider requiring return of backups from third partie	s. Consider escrow	or deposit arrangements.								
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3S 25999:2007 Business Continuity Standard	Assess adherence to the documented BCP. Determine the effectiveness of the plan, continuity cap infrastructure, and organisational structures and relati dentify weaknesses or omissions in the plan and cap Obtain management approval for any changes to the DSS04 Related Guidance	From Acti Dabilities, roles and ro onships. abilities and make ro olan and apply via th	Description Description vities responsibilities, skills and com ecommendations for improver	Description Post-resumption review report Approved changes to the plans petencies, resilience to the inc	To Internal BAI06.01						

6.3 Service continuity and availability management

Service Design, 4.6 IT Service Continuity Management

14. Business Continuity Management

ISO/IEC 20000

ITIL V3 2011

ISO/IEC 27002:2011

DSS05 Manage Security Services	Area: Management Domain: Deliver, Service and Support				
Process Description Protect enterprise information to maintain the level of information security ri Establish and maintain information security roles and access privileges and	sk acceptable to the enterprise in accordance with the security policy.				
Process Purpose Statement Minimise the business impact of operational information security vulnerabili	ties and incidents.				
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	pals:				
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics				
02 IT compliance and support for business compliance with external laws and regulations	 Cost of IT non-compliance, including settlements and fines, and the impact of reputational loss Number of IT-related non-compliance issues reported to the board or causing public comment or embarrassment Number of non-compliance issues relating to contractual agreements with IT service providers Coverage of compliance assessments 				
04 Managed IT-related business risk	 Percent of critical business processes, IT services and IT-enabled business programmes covered by risk assessment Number of significant IT-related incidents that were not identified in risk assessment Percent of enterprise risk assessments including IT-related risk Frequency of update of risk profile 				
10 Security of information, processing infrastructure and applications	 Number of security incidents causing financial loss, business disruption or public embarrassment Number of IT services with outstanding security requirements Time to grant, change and remove access privileges, compared to agreed-on service levels Frequency of security assessment against latest standards and guidelines 				
Process Goals and Metrics					
Process Goal	Related Metrics				
1. Networks and communications security meet business needs.	 Number of vulnerabilities discovered Number of firewall breaches 				
 Information processed on, stored on and transmitted by endpoint devices is protected. 	 Percent of individuals receiving awareness training relating to use of endpoint devices Number of incidents involving endpoint devices Number of unauthorised devices detected on the network or in the end-user environment 				
3. All users are uniquely identifiable and have access rights in accordance with their business role.	 Average time between change and update of accounts Number of accounts (vs. number of authorised users/staff) 				
 Physical measures have been implemented to protect information from unauthorised access, damage and interference when being processed, stored or transmitted. 	 Percent of periodic tests of environmental security devices Average rating for physical security assessments Number of physical security-related incidents 				
5. Electronic information is properly secured when stored, transmitted or destroyed.	Number of incidents relating to unauthorised access to information				

DSS05 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
DSS05.01 Protect against malware.						R	ı				С	А			R	С	С	С	I	R	R		I	R		Π
DSS05.02 Manage network and connectivity security.						I					С	A				С	С	С	I	R	R		I	R		
DSS05.03 Manage endpoint security.						I					С	А				С	С	С	I	R	R		I	R		
DSS05.04 Manage user identity and logical access.						R					С	A			I	С	С	С	I	С	R		I	R		С
DSS05.05 Manage physical access to IT assets.						I					С	А				С	С	С	I	С	R		I	R	I	
DSS05.06 Manage sensitive documents and output devices.											I					С	С	A			R					
DSS05.07 Monitor the infrastructure for security-related events.				I		С					I	А				С	С	С	I	С	R		I	R	I	I

Note: Some governance and management practices produce outputs that serve as inputs to many practices. Those outputs are detailed in **figure 11**. Please refer to **figure 11** to ensure completeness when working with the practices that follow.

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs			
DSS05.01 Protect against malware.	From	Description	Description	То		
Implement and maintain preventive, detective and corrective measures in place (especially up-to-date security patches and virus control) across the enterprise			Malicious software prevention policy	AP001.04		
to protect information systems and technology from malware (e.g., viruses, worms, spyware, spam).			Evaluations of potential threats	AP012.02 AP012.03		
	Activ	vities				
1. Communicate malicious software awareness and enform	ce prevention proc	edures and responsibilities.				
 Install and activate malicious software protection tools o (automatically or semi-automatically). 	n all processing fa	acilities, with malicious softwa	re definition files that are u	pdated as required		
3. Distribute all protection software centrally (version and p	atch-level) using	centralised configuration and	change management.			
4. Regularly review and evaluate information on new poten	tial threats (e.g., r	eviewing vendors' products a	nd services security adviso	ries).		
C Filter incoming troffic, such as small and downloads to		colicited information (a.g. on	nuoro nhiahing amaila)			

5. Filter incoming traffic, such as email and downloads, to protect against unsolicited information (e.g., spyware, phishing emails).

6. Conduct periodic training about malware in email and Internet usage. Train users to not install shared or unapproved software.

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs		
DSS05.02 Manage network and	From	Description	Description	То	
connectivity security. Use security measures and related management procedures to protect information over all methods	AP001.06	Data classification guidelines	Connectivity security policy	AP001.04	
of connectivity.	AP009.03	SLAs	Results of penetration tests	MEA02.08	
	Ac	tivities			
1. Based on risk assessments and business requirement	s, establish and m	aintain a policy for security of o	connectivity.		
2. Allow only authorised devices to have access to corport	rate information a	nd the enterprise network. Con	figure these devices to force pa	assword entr	
 Implement network filtering mechanisms, such as fire outbound traffic. 	walls and intrusior	detection software, with appr	opriate policies to control inbou	ind and	
4. Encrypt information in transit according to its classification	ation.				
5. Apply approved security protocols to network connecti	ivity.				
6. Configure network equipment in a secure manner.					
7. Establish trusted mechanisms to support the secure tr	ansmission and re	ceipt of information.			
8. Carry out periodic penetration testing to determine add	equacy of network	protection.			
9. Carry out periodic testing of system security to determ	nine adequacy of s	ystem protection.			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs		
DSS05.03 Manage endpoint security.	From	Description	Description	То	
Ensure that endpoints (e.g., laptop, desktop, server, and other mobile and network devices or software) are secured at a level that is equal to or greater than	AP003.02	Information architecture model	Security policies for endpoint devices	AP001.04	
the defined security requirements of the information processed, stored or transmitted.	AP009.03	• OLAs • SLAs			
	BAI09.01	Results of physical inventory checks			
	DSS06.06	Reports of violations			
	Ac	tivities			
1. Configure operating systems in a secure manner.					
2. Implement device lockdown mechanisms.	cation.				
 Implement device lockdown mechanisms. Encrypt information in storage according to its classified 	cation.				
 Implement device lockdown mechanisms. Encrypt information in storage according to its classified Manage remote access and control. 	cation.				
 Implement device lockdown mechanisms. Encrypt information in storage according to its classified Manage remote access and control. Manage network configuration in a secure manner. Implement network traffic filtering on endpoint devices 					
4. Manage remote access and control.5. Manage network configuration in a secure manner.					

DSS05 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activitie	s (com.)			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
DSS05.04 Manage user identity and logical access.	From	Description	Description	То
Ensure that all users have information access rights in accordance with their business requirements and co-ordinate with business units that manage their own	AP001.02	Definition of IT-related roles and responsibilities	Approved user access rights	Internal
access rights within business processes.	AP003.02	Information architecture model	Results of reviews of user accounts and privileges	Internal
	Activ	vities		
 Maintain user access rights in accordance with busines the defined roles and responsibilities, based on least-pr 				access rights to
Uniquely identify all information processing activities by defined, including roles that are defined by the business			ts to ensure that all roles are	consistently
 Authenticate all access to information assets based on t within applications used in business processes to ensure 				hentication
 Administer all changes to access rights (creation, modif documented transactions authorised by designated man 			opriate time based only on ap	proved and
5. Segregate and manage privileged user accounts.				
6. Perform regular management review of all accounts and	d related privileges			
Ensure that all users (internal, external and temporary) a development and maintenance) are uniquely identifiable				operations,
8. Maintain an audit trail of access to information classifie	d as highly sensitiv	е.		
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
DSS05.05 Manage physical access to IT assets. Define and implement procedures to grant, limit	From	Description	Description	То
and revoke access to premises, buildings and areas			Approved access requests	Internal
according to business needs, including emergencies.			Access logs	DSS06.03
Access to premises, buildings and areas should be ustified, authorised, logged and monitored. This should				
apply to all persons entering the premises, including				
staff, temporary staff, clients, vendors, visitors or any other third party.				
	Activ	vities		-
1. Manage the requesting and granting of access to the co	mputing facilities.			
management of the IT site, and the request records reta	omputing facilities. ined. The forms sh	Formal access requests are to ould specifically identify the a	reas to which the individual is	granted acces
management of the IT site, and the request records reta 2. Ensure that access profiles remain current. Base access	omputing facilities. ined. The forms sh s to IT sites (server	Formal access requests are to ould specifically identify the a rooms, buildings, areas or zor	reas to which the individual is nes) on job function and respo	granted acces
management of the IT site, and the request records retained. Ensure that access profiles remain current. Base access Log and monitor all entry points to IT sites. Register all	omputing facilities. ined. The forms sh s to IT sites (server visitors, including c	Formal access requests are to ould specifically identify the a rooms, buildings, areas or zor ontractors and vendors, to the	reas to which the individual is nes) on job function and respo site.	granted access nsibilities.
management of the IT site, and the request records reta 2. Ensure that access profiles remain current. Base access 3. Log and monitor all entry points to IT sites. Register all 4. Instruct all personnel to display visible identification at a	omputing facilities. ined. The forms sh s to IT sites (server <i>i</i> isitors, including c Ill times. Prevent th	Formal access requests are to ould specifically identify the a rooms, buildings, areas or zor ontractors and vendors, to the he issuance of identity cards o	reas to which the individual is nes) on job function and respo site. r badges without proper autho	granted access nsibilities. prisation.
management of the IT site, and the request records reta 2. Ensure that access profiles remain current. Base access 3. Log and monitor all entry points to IT sites. Register all 4. Instruct all personnel to display visible identification at a	omputing facilities. ined. The forms sh s to IT sites (server <i>i</i> isitors, including c Ill times. Prevent th	Formal access requests are to ould specifically identify the a rooms, buildings, areas or zor ontractors and vendors, to the he issuance of identity cards o	reas to which the individual is nes) on job function and respo site. r badges without proper autho	granted access nsibilities. prisation.
management of the IT site, and the request records reta 2. Ensure that access profiles remain current. Base access 3. Log and monitor all entry points to IT sites. Register all 4. Instruct all personnel to display visible identification at a 5. Require visitors to be escorted at all times while on-site	omputing facilities. ined. The forms sh is to IT sites (server visitors, including c ull times. Prevent th . If an unaccompan- meter restrictions, m in the event of u	Formal access requests are to ould specifically identify the a rooms, buildings, areas or zor ontractors and vendors, to the le issuance of identity cards o hied, unfamiliar individual who such as fences, walls, and sec	reas to which the individual is nes) on job function and respo site. r badges without proper author is not wearing staff identifica urity devices on interior and e	risation. tion is identified

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
SS05.06 Manage sensitive documents and	From	Description	Description	То
utput devices. stablish appropriate physical safeguards, accounting ractices and inventory management over sensitive IT	AP003.02	Information architecture model	Inventory of sensitive documents and devices	Internal
assets, such as special forms, negotiable instruments, special-purpose printers or security tokens.			Access privileges	Internal
	Activ	vities		
1. Establish procedures to govern the receipt, use, remova	al and disposal of s	pecial forms and output devic	es into, within and out of the e	enterprise.
2. Assign access privileges to sensitive documents and ou	Itput devices based	l on the least-privilege princip	le, balancing risk and busines	s requiremen
3. Establish an inventory of sensitive documents and outp	ut devices, and cor	nduct regular reconciliations.		
4. Establish appropriate physical safeguards over special t	forms and sensitive	e devices.		
Destroy sensitive information and protect output device shredders or locked paper baskets available to destroy			destruction of memory device	es, making
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
DSS05.07 Monitor the infrastructure for	From	Description	Description	То
and the second				1
			Security event logs	Internal
security-related events. Using intrusion detection tools, monitor the infrastructure for unauthorised access and ensure that any events are integrated with general event monitoring and			Security event logs Security incident characteristics	Internal Internal
Using intrusion detection tools, monitor the infrastructure for unauthorised access and ensure that any events are integrated with general event monitoring and			Security incident	
Using intrusion detection tools, monitor the infrastructure for unauthorised access and ensure that any events are	Activ	rities	Security incident characteristics	Internal
Using intrusion detection tools, monitor the infrastructure for unauthorised access and ensure that any events are integrated with general event monitoring and incident management.	ecurity monitoring	tools, identifying the level of in	Security incident characteristics Security incident tickets	Internal DSS02.02
Using intrusion detection tools, monitor the infrastructure for unauthorised access and ensure that any events are integrated with general event monitoring and incident management. 1. Log security-related events reported by infrastructure s consideration of risk. Retain them for an appropriate pe	ecurity monitoring riod to assist in fut	tools, identifying the level of in ure investigations.	Security incident characteristics Security incident tickets formation to be recorded bas	Internal DSS02.02 sed on a
Using intrusion detection tools, monitor the infrastructure for unauthorised access and ensure that any events are integrated with general event monitoring and incident management. 1. Log security-related events reported by infrastructure s consideration of risk. Retain them for an appropriate pe 2. Define and communicate the nature and characteristics understood to enable a commensurate response.	ecurity monitoring riod to assist in fut	tools, identifying the level of in ure investigations.	Security incident characteristics Security incident tickets formation to be recorded bas	Internal DSS02.02 sed on a
Using intrusion detection tools, monitor the infrastructure for unauthorised access and ensure that any events are integrated with general event monitoring and incident management. 1. Log security-related events reported by infrastructure s consideration of risk. Retain them for an appropriate pe 2. Define and communicate the nature and characteristics	ecurity monitoring riod to assist in fut s of potential securi	tools, identifying the level of in ure investigations. ity-related incidents so they ca	Security incident characteristics Security incident tickets nformation to be recorded bas an be easily recognised and th	Internal DSS02.02 sed on a heir impacts

Related Standard	Detailed Reference
ISO/IEC 27002:2011	Code of practice for information security management
NIST SP800-53 Rev 1	Recommended Security Controls for USA Federal Information Systems
ITIL V3 2011	Service Operation, 4.5 Access Management

DSS06 Manage Business Process Controls	Area: Management Domain: Deliver, Service and Support					
Process Description Define and maintain appropriate business process controls to ensure that inf processes satisfies all relevant information control requirements. Identify the adequate controls to ensure that information and information processing sat	relevant information control requirements and manage and operate					
Process Purpose Statement Maintain information integrity and the security of information assets handled	within business processes in the enterprise or outsourced.					
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	als:					
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics					
04 Managed IT-related business risk	 Percent of critical business processes, IT services and IT-enabled business programmes covered by risk assessment Number of significant IT-related incidents that were not identified in risk assessment Percent of enterprise risk assessments including IT-related risk Frequency of update of risk profile 					
07 Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery 					
Process Goals and Metrics						
Process Goal	Related Metrics					
1. Coverage and effectiveness of key controls to meet business requirements for processing information are complete.	 Percent of completed inventory of critical processes and key controls Percent of coverage of key controls within test plans Number of incidents and audit report findings indicating failure of key controls 					
 The inventory of roles, responsibilities and access rights is aligned with authorised business needs. 	 Percent of business process roles with assigned access rights and levels of authority Percent of business process roles with clear separation of duties Number of incidents and audit findings due to access or separation of duties violations 					
3. Business transactions are retained completely and as required in logs.	 Percent of completeness of traceable transaction log Number of incidents where transaction history cannot be recovered 					

DSS06 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
DSS06.01 Align control activities embedded in business processes with enterprise objectives.		с	с	с	А	R					ı	ı				С	С	С			С		С	С		с
DSS06.02 Control the processing of information.		R	R	R	A	R					I	I				С	С	С			С		С	С		
DSS06.03 Manage roles, responsibilities, access privileges and levels of authority.			R		А	R						I			I	С	С	С			С		С	R		С
DSS06.04 Manage errors and exceptions.				1	I	A										С	С	I			С		R			
DSS06.05 Ensure traceability of information events and accountabilities.					С	А						I				С	С	С			С		С	С		
DSS06.06 Secure information assets.			С	С	С	A					1	I				С	С	С			С			С	С	С

Note: Some governance and management practices produce outputs that serve as inputs to many practices. Those outputs are detailed in figure 11. Please refer to figure 11 to ensure completeness when working with the practices that follow.

Management Practice		Inputs	Output	S
DSS06.01 Align control activities embedded in	From	Description	Description	То
business processes with enterprise objectives. Continually assess and monitor the execution of the business process activities and related controls, based	AP001.06	 Data integrity procedures Data classification 	Results of processing effectiveness reviews	MEA02.04
on enterprise risk, to ensure that the processing controls are aligned with business needs.		guidelines	Root cause analyses and recommendations	BAI06.01 MEA02.04 MEA02.07 MEA02.08
	Activ	vities		
1. Identify and document control activities of key business compliance objectives	processes to satis	fy control requirements for str	ategic, operational, reportin	g and
2. Prioritise control activities based on the inherent risk to	the business and i	dentify key controls.		
3. Ensure ownership of key control activities.				
4. Continually monitor control activities on an end-to-end l	pasis to identify op	portunities for improvement.		
5. Continually improve the design and operation of busines	ss process controls	3.		

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs		
DSS06.02 Control the processing of information.	From	Description	Description	То	
perate the execution of the business process activities	BAI05.05	Operation and use plan	Processing control reports	Internal	
nd related controls, based on enterprise risk, to nsure that information processing is valid, complete,	BAI07.02	Migration plan		lintorna	
ccurate, timely, and secure (i.e., reflects legitimate and		5			
uthorised business use).					
. Create transactions by authorised individuals following		tivities	riata, adaquata aparagation a	of dution rogars	
the origination and approval of these transactions.		dures, including, where approp	inale, adequale segregation o	n uulles regard	
Authenticate the originator of transactions and verify the	at he/she has the	authority to originate the trans	action.		
. Input transactions in a timely manner. Verify that transa back for correction as close to the point of origination a		te, complete and valid. Validate	input data and edit or, where	applicable, se	
. Correct and resubmit data that were erroneously input reconstruction, retain original source documents for the			risation levels. Where appropr	riate for	
 Maintain the integrity and validity of data throughout th of valid transactions. 	e processing cycl	e. Ensure that detection of erro	neous transactions does not d	lisrupt process	
6. Maintain the integrity of data during unexpected interru	ptions in busines	s processing and confirm data i	ntegrity after processing failu	ires.	
Y. Handle output in an authorised manner, deliver to the a completeness of the output.	ppropriate recipie	nt and protect the information of	during transmission. Verify th	e accuracy and	
Before passing transaction data between internal application addressing, authenticity of origin and integrity of conternational application.				heck for prope	
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs		
SS06.03 Manage roles, responsibilities, access	From	Description	Description	То	
rivileges and levels of authority. Aanage the business roles, responsibilities, levels of	EDM04.02	Assigned responsibilities for resource management	Allocated roles and responsibilities	AP001.02	
uthority and segregation of duties needed to support business process objectives. Authorise access to ny information assets related to business information	AP011.01	QMS roles, responsibilities and decision rights	Allocated levels of authority	AP001.02	
uthority and segregation of duties needed to support he business process objectives. Authorise access to ny information assets related to business information rocesses, including those under the custody of the	AP011.01 AP013.01			AP001.02 AP007.04	
uthority and segregation of duties needed to support ne business process objectives. Authorise access to ny information assets related to business information rocesses, including those under the custody of the usiness, IT and third parties. This ensures that the usiness knows where the data are and who is handling		and decision rights	of authority		
uthority and segregation of duties needed to support be business process objectives. Authorise access to ny information assets related to business information rocesses, including those under the custody of the usiness, IT and third parties. This ensures that the usiness knows where the data are and who is handling	AP013.01 DSS05.05	and decision rights ISMS scope statement	of authority		
uthority and segregation of duties needed to support ne business process objectives. Authorise access to ny information assets related to business information rocesses, including those under the custody of the usiness, IT and third parties. This ensures that the usiness knows where the data are and who is handling ata on its behalf.	AP013.01 DSS05.05 Act	and decision rights ISMS scope statement Access logs	of authority Allocated access rights		
uthority and segregation of duties needed to support he business process objectives. Authorise access to ny information assets related to business information rocesses, including those under the custody of the usiness, IT and third parties. This ensures that the usiness knows where the data are and who is handling ata on its behalf.	AP013.01 DSS05.05 Act b descriptions an	and decision rights ISMS scope statement Access logs ivities d allocated business process a	of authority Allocated access rights ctivities.	AP007.04	
uthority and segregation of duties needed to support ne business process objectives. Authorise access to ny information assets related to business information rocesses, including those under the custody of the usiness, IT and third parties. This ensures that the usiness knows where the data are and who is handling ata on its behalf. . Allocate roles and responsibilities based on approved jo . Allocate levels of authority for approval of transactions,	AP013.01 DSS05.05 Act b descriptions an limits and any oth at is required to p taff member leav	and decision rights ISMS scope statement Access logs ivities d allocated business process a her decisions relating to the bus erform job activities, based on p	of authority Allocated access rights ctivities. siness process, based on appropre-defined job roles. Remove	AP007.04 roved job roles	
uthority and segregation of duites needed to support ne business process objectives. Authorise access to ny information assets related to business information rocesses, including those under the custody of the usiness, IT and third parties. This ensures that the usiness knows where the data are and who is handling ata on its behalf. Allocate roles and responsibilities based on approved jc . Allocate levels of authority for approval of transactions, . Allocate access rights and privileges based on only wha access rights immediately if the job role changes or a s appropriate for the current threats, risk, technology and	AP013.01 DSS05.05 Act b descriptions an limits and any oth at is required to p taff member leav I business need.	and decision rights ISMS scope statement Access logs ivities d allocated business process a her decisions relating to the bus erform job activities, based on p es the business process area. F	of authority Allocated access rights ctivities. siness process, based on appropre-defined job roles. Remove	AP007.04 roved job roles	
Allocate levels of authority for approval of transactions, Allocate access rights and privileges based on only what access rights immediately if the job role changes or a s	AP013.01 DSS05.05 Act b descriptions an limits and any oth at is required to p taff member leav business need. ear segregation c sponsibilities on a	and decision rights ISMS scope statement Access logs ivities d allocated business process a her decisions relating to the business process area. F efform job activities, based on period f duties. regular basis so that everyone	of authority Allocated access rights ctivities. siness process, based on appro- pre-defined job roles. Remove Periodically review to ensure t understands their responsibil	AP007.04 roved job roles e or revise hat the access	

COBIT: Enabling Processes

es <i>(cont.)</i>			
	Inputs	Outputs	
From	Description	Description	То
		Evidence of error correction and remediation	MEA02.04
		Error reports and root cause analysis	Internal
Activ	vities	•	
orrect errors, overr	ide errors and handle out-of-b	palance conditions.	
ients and transacti	ons.		
a timely manner to	perform root cause and trend	ling analysis.	
	Inputs	Outputs	
From	Description	Description	То
		Retention requirements	Internal
		Record of transactions	Internal
Activ	vities	•	•
rements, to meet o	operational, financial reporting	and compliance needs.	
e record of transa	ctions.		
I the record of tran	sactions in accordance with th	ne retention policy.	
	Inputs	Outputs	
From	Description	Description	То
		Reports of violations	DSS05.03
Activ	vities		
ty policies and pro	cedures to protect information	assets under the control of th	ne business.
ation according to i	ts classification.		
ation according to i s to reasonably veri			
	From Activ Orrect errors, overr ents and transacti a timely manner to From From Cherese and transacti the record of transacti Activ	Inputs From Description Activities orrect errors, override errors and handle out-of-te nents and transactions. a timely manner to perform root cause and trend Inputs From Description Activities rements, to meet operational, financial reporting rements, to meet operational, financial reporting rements, to meet operations in accordance with th Ithe record of transactions in accordance with th From Description Activities From Description	Inputs Outputs From Description Evidence of error correction and remediation Evidence of error correction and remediation Evidence of error correction and remediation Activities Error reports and root cause analysis orrect errors, override errors and handle out-of-balance conditions. Inputs a timely manner to perform root cause and trending analysis. Inputs From Description Description From Description Retention requirements From Description Retention requirements Record of transactions. Record of transactions Record of transactions erecord of transactions. Inputs Outputs From Description Record of transactions It he record of transactions. Inputs Outputs From Description Description From Description Reports of violations

DSS06 Related Guidance									
Related Standard	Detailed Reference								
None									

MONITOR, EVALUATE AND ASSESS (MEA)

- **O1** Monitor, evaluate and assess performance and conformance.
- **02** Monitor, evaluate and assess the system of internal control.
- **03** Monitor, evaluate and assess compliance with external requirements.

MEA01 Monitor, Evaluate and Assess Performance and Conformance	Area: Management Domain: Monitor, Evaluate and Assess
Process Description Collect, validate and evaluate business, IT and process goals and metrics. M conformance goals and metrics and provide reporting that is systematic and	
Process Purpose Statement Provide transparency of performance and conformance and drive achievement	ent of goals.
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	als:
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics
04 Managed IT-related business risk	 Percent of critical business processes, IT services and IT-enabled business programmes covered by risk assessment Number of significant IT-related incidents that were not identified in risk assessment Percent of enterprise risk assessments including IT-related risk Frequency of update of risk profile
07 Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	 Number of business disruptions due to IT service incidents Percent of business stakeholders satisfied that IT service delivery meets agreed-on service levels Percent of users satisfied with the quality of IT service delivery
11 Optimisation of IT assets, resources and capabilities	 Frequency of capability maturity and cost optimisation assessments Trend of assessment results Satisfaction levels of business and IT executives with IT-related costs and capabilities
15 IT compliance with internal policies	 Number of incidents related to non-compliance to policy Percent of stakeholders who understand policies Percent of policies supported by effective standards and working practices Frequency of policies review and update
Process Goals and Metrics	
Process Goal	Related Metrics
1. Goals and metrics are approved by the stakeholders.	Percent of goals and metrics approved by stakeholders
2. Processes are measured against agreed-on goals and metrics.	Percent of processes with defined goals and metrics
3. The enterprise monitoring, assessing and informing approach is effective and operational.	 Percent of processes with effectiveness of goals and metrics reviewed and improved Percent of critical processes monitored
4. Goals and metrics are integrated within enterprise monitoring systems.	Percent of goals and metrics aligned to enterprise monitoring system
5. Process reporting on performance and conformance is useful and timely.	Percent of performance reports delivered as scheduled

COBIT : Enabling Processes

MEA01 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
MEA01.01 Establish a monitoring approach.		A	R	R	R	I	С		1						С	С	С	R	I	С	С	I	С	I	I	I
MEA01.02 Set performance and conformance targets.		I	I	I	A	R			I						С			С	С	R	R	I	R	I	I	I
MEA01.03 Collect and process performance and conformance data.					С	R			I						С			A		R	R	I	R	I	I	I
MEA01.04 Analyse and report performance.					A	R			С						С	С	С	С	С	R	R	С	R	С	С	С
MEA01.05 Ensure the implementation of corrective actions.	I	I	I	I	С	R			С						С	С	С	A	С	R	R	С	R	С	С	С

Note: Some governance and management practices produce outputs that serve as inputs to many practices. Those outputs are detailed in figure 11. Please refer to figure 11 to ensure completeness when working with the practices that follow.

MEA01 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activiti	es			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
MEA01.01 Establish a monitoring approach.	From	Description	Description	То
0	EDM05.01	 Reporting and 	Monitoring requirements	Internal
method for measuring business solution and service delivery and contribution to enterprise objectives. Integrate this approach with the corporate performance management system.		communications principles • Evaluation of enterprise reporting requirements	Approved monitoring goals and metrics	Internal
	EDM05.02	Rules for validating and approving mandatory reports		
	EDM05.03	Assessment of reporting effectiveness		
	Activ	vities		
1. Identify stakeholders (e.g., management, process owned	ers and users).			
Engage with stakeholders and communicate the enterp definitions (e.g., enterprise glossary, metadata and taxo		,	aggregating and reporting, us	ing common
 Align and continually maintain the monitoring and evaluent enterprise reporting (e.g., business intelligence application) 		th the enterprise approach and	d the tools to be used for data	gathering and
 Agree on the goals and metrics (e.g., conformance, per and data (evidence) retention. 	formance, value, ri	sk), taxonomy (classification a	nd relationships between goal	s and metrics)
Agree on a life cycle management and change control p approach, baselining and benchmarking.	process for monitor	ing and reporting. Include imp	rovement opportunities for rep	porting, metrics,
6. Request, prioritise and allocate resources for monitoring	g (consider approp	riateness, efficiency, effectiver	ness and confidentiality).	
7. Periodically validate the approach used and identify nev	w or changed stake	holders, requirements and rea	sources.	

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
MEA01.02 Set performance and	From	Description	Description	То
conformance targets. Work with stakeholders to define, periodically review, update and approve performance and conformance targets within the performance measurement system.	AP001.07	Performance goals and metrics for process improvement tracking	Monitoring targets	AII APO AII BAI AII DSS AII MEA
	Ac	tivities		
 Define and periodically review with stakeholders the g and tolerances. 	oals and metrics t	o identify any significant missin	g items and define reasonable	eness of targe
2. Communicate proposed changes to performance and (e.g., legal, audit, HR, ethics, compliance, finance).	conformance targe	ets and tolerances (relating to n	netrics) with key due diligence	stakeholder
3. Publish changed targets and tolerances to users of thi	s information.			
4. Evaluate whether the goals and metrics are adequate,	i.e., specific, mea	surable, achievable, relevant an	d time-bound (SMART).	
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
MEA01.03 Collect and process performance and	From	Description	Description	То
conformance data. Collect and process timely and accurate data aligned with enterprise approaches.	AP001.07	Process capability assessments	Processed monitoring data	Internal
	AP005.04	Investment portfolio performance reports		
	AP009.04	Service level performance reports		
	AP010.05	Supplier compliance monitoring review results		
	BAI01.06	Results of programme performance reviews		
	BAI04.04	Availability, performance and reports		
	BAI05.05	Success measures and results		
	DSS01.05	Facilities assessment reports		
	DSS02.07	 Request fulfilment status and trends report Incident status and trends report 		
	Ac	tivities		
1. Collect data from defined processes-automated, wh	ere possible.			
 Assess efficiency (effort in relation to insight provided) completeness) of collected data. 	and appropriatene	ess (usefulness and meaning) a	nd validate integrity (accuracy	and
3. Aggregate data to support measurement of agreed-on	metrics.			
4. Align aggregated data to the enterprise reporting appr	oach and objective	es.		
5. Use suitable tools and systems for the processing and		an al vala		

Monitor, Evaluate and Assess

MEA01 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activiti	es <i>(cont.)</i>			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
MEA01.04 Analyse and report performance.	From	Description	Description	То
Periodically review and report performance against targets, using a method that provides a succinct all-around view of IT performance and fits within the enterprise monitoring system.			Performance reports	EDM01.03 AII APO AII BAI AII DSS AII MEA
	Acti	vities		
 Design process performance reports that are concise, e effective, timely decision making (e.g., scorecards, traff communicated in an understandable manner. 	easy to understand ic light reports) and	, and tailored to various managed and tailored to various managed ensure that the cause and end	gement needs and audiences. ffect between goals and metri	Facilitate cs are
2. Compare the performance values to internal targets and	d benchmarks and	, where possible, to external b	enchmarks (industry and key	competitors).
3. Recommend changes to the goals and metrics, where a	appropriate.			
4. Distribute reports to the relevant stakeholders.				
5. Analyse the cause of deviations against targets, initiate review all deviations and search for root causes, where				
6. Where feasible, link achievement of performance target	ts to the organisati	onal reward compensation sys	stem.	
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
MEA01.05 Ensure the implementation of	From	Description	Description	То
corrective actions. Assist stakeholders in identifying, initiating and tracking corrective actions to address anomalies.	EDM05.02	Escalation guidelines	Remedial actions and assignments	aii apo aii bai aii dss aii mea
	AP001.08	Non-compliance remedial actions	Status and results of actions	EDM01.03
	Acti	vities	·	·
1. Review management responses, options and recomme	ndations to addres	s issues and major deviations		
2. Ensure that the assignment of responsibility for correct	ive action is mainta	ained.		
3. Track the results of actions committed.				
4. Report the results to the stakeholders.				

MEA01 Related Guidance	
Related Standard	Detailed Reference
ISO/IEC 20000	6.2 Service reporting
ITIL V3 2011	Continual Service Improvement, 4.1 The 7-Step Improvement Process

MEA02 Monitor, Evaluate and Assess the System of Internal Control		Area: Management Domain: Monitor, Evaluate and Assess
Process Description Continuously monitor and evaluate the control environment, including self-as identify control deficiencies and inefficiencies and to initiate improvement ac and assurance activities.		
Process Purpose Statement Obtain transparency for key stakeholders on the adequacy of the system of i achievement of enterprise objectives and an adequate understanding of resi		thus provide trust in operations, confidence in the
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related go	als:	
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics	
02 IT compliance and support for business compliance with external laws and regulations	impact of reputat • Number of IT-rela causing public co • Number of non-co with IT service pr	ated non-compliance issues reported to the board or omment or embarrassment compliance issues relating to contractual agreements
04 Managed IT-related business risk	 business program Number of signification risk assessment 	prise risk assessments including IT-related risk
15 IT compliance with internal policies	 Percent of stakeh Percent of policie working practices 	ents related to non-compliance to policy nolders who understand policies es supported by effective standards and s icies review and update
Process Goals and Metrics		
Process Goal	Related Metrics	
1. Processes, resources and information meet enterprise internal control system requirements.	within tolerances	sses with assured output meeting targets s sses assured as compliant with internal control targets
2. All assurance initiatives are planned and executed effectively.	 Percent of assuration programme and 	ance initiatives following approved assurance plan standards
 Independent assurance that the system of internal control is operational and effective is provided. 	Percent of proces	sses receiving independent review
 Internal control is established and deficiencies are identified and reported. 	certification repo • Number of major	nesses identified by external qualification and rts r internal control breaches ternal control deficiency occurrence and reporting

MEA02 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Privacy Officer
MEA02.01 Monitor internal controls.		1	С	1	С	R			R		R					R	R	Α	I	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
MEA02.02 Review business process controls effectiveness.	I	I	R	ı	А	R	1				ı	1				R	R	с			с		С	С	с	
MEA02.03 Perform control self-assessments.		I	с	1	С	R			R		R					R	R	А	I	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
MEA02.04 Identify and report control deficiencies.		I	с	I	С	R			R		I	I				R	R	А	I	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
MEA02.05 Ensure that assurance providers are independent and qualified.						R										А	А	R								
MEA02.06 Plan assurance initiatives.		A			С	R			С							С	С	R	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
MEA02.07 Scope assurance initiatives.				R	R	R			С							С	А	R	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
MEA02.08 Execute assurance initiatives.	I	I			С	R			С		Ι	1				С	А	R	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С

Note: Some governance and management practices produce outputs that serve as inputs to many practices. Those outputs are detailed in **figure 11**. Please refer to **figure 11** to ensure completeness when working with the practices that follow.

MEA02 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activit	ies			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
MEA02.01 Monitor internal controls.	From	Description	Description	То
Continuously monitor, benchmark and improve the IT control environment and control framework to meet organisational objectives.	AP012.04	Results of third-party risk assessments	Results of internal control monitoring and reviews	EDM01.03 AII APO AII BAI AII DSS AII MEA
	AP013.03	ISMS audit reports	Results of benchmarking	EDM01.03
	Outside COBIT	Industry standards and good practices	and other evaluations	aii apo Aii bai Aii dss Aii mea
	Act	ivities		
1. Perform internal control monitoring and evaluation acti practices. Include monitoring and evaluation of the effi				ameworks and
2. Consider independent evaluations of the internal control	ol system (e.g., by	internal audit or peers).		
Identify the boundaries of the IT internal control system offshore development or production activities).	n (e.g., consider ho	w organisational IT internal cor	ntrols take into account outsou	urced and/or
 Ensure that control activities are in place and exception prioritised and implemented according to the risk man 				
5. Maintain the IT internal control system, considering on and IT processes, and IT risk. If gaps exist, evaluate an			sational control environment, ı	relevant business
Regularly evaluate the performance of the IT control fra formal adoption of a continuous improvement approac			ed standards and good practic	es. Consider
7. Assess the status of external service providers' interna	I controls and conf	irm that service providers com	ply with legal and regulatory r	requirements and

7. Assess the status of external service providers' internal controls and confirm that service providers comply with legal and regulatory requirements and contractual obligations.

Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
MEA02.02 Review business process	From	Description	Description	То
controls effectiveness. Review the operation of controls, including a review of	BAI05.06	Compliance audit results	Evidence of control	Internal
monitoring and test evidence, to ensure that controls within business processes operate effectively. Include activities to maintain evidence of the effective operation of controls through mechanisms such as periodic testing of controls, continuous controls monitoring, independent assessments, command and control centres, and network operations centres. This provides the business with the assurance of control effectiveness to meet requirements related to business, regulatory and social responsibilities.	BAI05.07	Reviews of operational use	effectiveness	
	Acti	vities		1
1. Understand and prioritise risk to organisational objectiv	es.			
2. Identify key controls and develop a strategy suitable for	validating controls	S.		
3. Identify information that will persuasively indicate whe	her the internal co	ntrol environment is operating	effectively.	
4. Develop and implement cost-effective procedures to de	etermine that persu	asive information is based on	the information criteria.	
5. Maintain evidence of control effectiveness.				
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	
MEA02.03 Perform control self-assessments. Encourage management and process owners to take positive ownership of control improvement through a continuing programme of self-assessment to evaluate	From	Description	Description Self-assessment plans and criteria	All APO All BAI All DSS
the completeness and effectiveness of management's control over processes, policies and contracts.				All MEA
			Results of	Internal
			self-assessments	Internal
				EDM01.03 All APO All BAI All DSS All MEA
	Acti	vities	self-assessments Results of reviews of	EDM01.03 All APO All BAI All DSS
	a for conducting s	elf-assessments. Plan the com	self-assessments Results of reviews of self-assessments munication of results of the	EDM01.03 All APO All BAI All DSS All MEA self-assessmu
I. Maintain plans and scope and identify evaluation criter process to business, IT and general management and t	a for conducting so he board. Consider	elf-assessments. Plan the corr r internal audit standards in the	self-assessments Results of reviews of self-assessments munication of results of the e design of self-assessments	EDM01.03 All APO All BAI All DSS All MEA self-assessmu
 Maintain plans and scope and identify evaluation criter process to business, IT and general management and t 2. Determine the frequency of periodic self-assessments, 	a for conducting so he board. Consider considering the ov	elf-assessments. Plan the com r internal audit standards in the rerall effectiveness and efficier	self-assessments Results of reviews of self-assessments munication of results of the e design of self-assessments ncy of ongoing monitoring.	EDM01.03 All APO All BAI All DSS All MEA self-assessmu
 Maintain plans and scope and identify evaluation criter process to business, IT and general management and the 2. Determine the frequency of periodic self-assessments, 3. Assign responsibility for self-assessment to appropriate 	a for conducting so he board. Consider considering the ov hindividuals to ens	elf-assessments. Plan the com r internal audit standards in the rerall effectiveness and efficier ure objectivity and competenc	self-assessments Results of reviews of self-assessments munication of results of the e design of self-assessments ncy of ongoing monitoring. e.	EDM01.03 All APO All BAI All DSS All MEA self-assessmu
 Maintain plans and scope and identify evaluation criter process to business, IT and general management and t Determine the frequency of periodic self-assessments, Assign responsibility for self-assessment to appropriate Provide for independent reviews to ensure objectivity o other enterprises. 	a for conducting si he board. Consider considering the ov individuals to ens f the self-assessme	elf-assessments. Plan the com r internal audit standards in the rerall effectiveness and efficier ure objectivity and competenc ent and enable the sharing of i	self-assessments Results of reviews of self-assessments munication of results of the e design of self-assessments ncy of ongoing monitoring. e.	EDM01.03 All APO All BAI All DSS All MEA self-assessm
 Maintain plans and scope and identify evaluation criter process to business, IT and general management and to 2. Determine the frequency of periodic self-assessments, 3. Assign responsibility for self-assessment to appropriate 4. Provide for independent reviews to ensure objectivity or 	ia for conducting s he board. Consider considering the ov individuals to ens f the self-assessme dustry standards a	elf-assessments. Plan the com r internal audit standards in the rerall effectiveness and efficier ure objectivity and competenc ent and enable the sharing of i and good practices.	self-assessments Results of reviews of self-assessments munication of results of the e design of self-assessments ncy of ongoing monitoring. e.	EDM01.0 All APO All BAI All DSS All MEA self-assessr

MEA02 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activiti	es <i>(cont.)</i>				
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	;	
MEA02.04 Identify and report control deficiencies.	From	Description	Description	То	
Identify control deficiencies and analyse and identify their underlying root causes. Escalate control deficiencies and report to stakeholders.	AP011.05	Root causes of quality delivery failures	Control deficiencies	aii apo Aii bai	
	AP012.06	Risk-related root causes		aii dss Aii mea	
	DSS06.01	 Root cause analyses and recommendations Results of processing effectiveness reviews 	Remedial actions	AII APO AII BAI AII DSS AII MEA	
	DSS06.04	Evidence of error correction and remediation			
	Acti	vities			
1. Identify, report and log control exceptions, and assign r	esponsibility for res	olving them and reporting on	the status.		
2. Consider related enterprise risk to establish thresholds	for escalation of co	ontrol exceptions and breakdo	wns.		
3. Communicate procedures for escalation of control exce	eptions, root cause	analysis, and reporting to proc	cess owners and IT stakehold	lers.	
 Decide which control exceptions should be communica Inform affected process owners and stakeholders. 	ited to the individua	al responsible for the function	and which exceptions should	be escalated.	
5. Follow up on all exceptions to ensure that agreed-on a	ctions have been a	ddressed.			
6. Identify, initiate, track and implement remedial actions	arising from contro	l assessments and reporting.			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	;	
	From	Description	Description	To Internal	
independent and qualified. Ensure that the entities performing assurance are independent from the function, groups or organisations in scope. The entities performing assurance should demonstrate an appropriate attitude and appearance, competence in the skills and knowledge necessary to perform assurance, and adherence to codes of ethics and professional standards.			provider evaluations		
	Activ	vities			
 Establish adherence to applicable codes of ethics and s assurance standards, e.g., IT Audit and Assurance Stan International Framework for Assurance Engagements (I 2. Establish independence of assurance providers. Establish competency and qualification of assurance providers. 	dards of ISAČA and AASB Assurance Fr	I the International Auditing and			
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs	;	
MEA02.06 Plan assurance initiatives.	From	Description	Description	То	
Plan assurance initiatives based on enterprise objectives	BAI01.05	Programme audit plans	High-level assessments	Internal	
and strategic priorities, inherent risk, resource constraints, and sufficient knowledge of the enterprise.	DSS01.02	Independent assurance plans	Assurance plans	EDM01.03 AII APO AII BAI AII DSS AII MEA	
			Assessment criteria	Internal	
	Activ	vities			
1. Determine the intended users of the assurance initiativ	e output and the ot	ject of the review.			
 Determine the intended users of the assurance initiativ Perform a high-level risk assessment and/or assessme 		-	ntify critical IT processes.		

Management Practice			Inputs	Outputs	
MEA02.07 Scope assurance initiatives.		From	Description	Description	То
Define and agree with management on the scope assurance initiative, based on the assurance obje		AP011.05	Root causes of quality delivery failures	Assurance review scope	Internal
		AP012.06	Risk-related root causes	Engagement plan	Internal
		DSS06.01	Root cause analyses and recommendations	Assurance review practices	Internal
		MEA03.04	Reports of non-compliance issues and root causes		
	ĺ	Acti	vities		
1. Define the actual scope by identifying the enter relevant auditable entities within the enterprise	rprise and e and exte	d IT goals for the e ernal to the enterp	environment under review, the rise (e.g., service providers), if	set of IT processes and resou applicable.	irces, and all
2. Define the engagement plan and resource requ	uirements	3.			
3. Define practices for gathering and evaluating in (both positive assurance and any deficiencies)	nformatic for risk e	on from process(es valuation.	s) under review to identify cont	rols to be validated, and curre	ent findings
 Define practices to validate control design and organisational or process risk assessment). 	outcome	es and determine v	vhether the level of effectivene	ess supports acceptable risk (required by
5. Where control effectiveness is not acceptable,	define pr	actices to identify	residual risk (in preparation fo	r reporting).	
Management Practice			Inputs	Outputs	
MEA02.08 Execute assurance initiatives.		From	Description	Description	То
Execute the planned assurance initiative. Report on identified findings. Provide positive assurance opinions, where appropriate, and recommendation for improvement relating to identified operational performance, external compliance and internal com-	ns	AP011.05	Root causes of quality delivery failures	Refined scope	aii apo aii bai aii dss aii mea
system residual risk.		AP012.04	Risk analysis and risk profile reports for stakeholders	Assurance review results	EDM05.01 EDM05.03 All APO
		AP012.06	Risk-related root causes		AII BAI AII DSS
		DSS05.02	Results of penetration tests		All MEA
		DSS06.01	Root cause analyses and recommendations	Assurance review report	EDM05.03 All APO
		MEA03.03	Identified compliance gaps		AII BAI AII DSS AII MEA
		Acti	vities	•	
1. Refine the understanding of the IT assurance s	ubject.				
2. Refine the scope of key control objectives for t	he IT ass	urance subject.			
3. Test the effectiveness of the control design of t	he key co	ontrol objectives.			
4. Alternatively/additionally test the outcome of th	ne key co	ntrol objectives.			
5. Document the impact of control weaknesses.					
Communicate with management during execu acceptance of the preliminary findings and rec			there is a clear understanding	of the work performed and a	greement on
7. Supervise the assurance activities and make s	ure the w	ork done is comp	lete, meets objectives and is o	f an acceptable quality.	
 Provide management with a report (aligned wi initiative and enables a clear focus on key issu 			cope and agreed-on reporting	standards) that supports the	results of the
MEA02 Related Guidance					
Related Standard Det	ailed Re	ference			

Related Standard	Detailed Reference							
None								

MEA03 Monitor, Evaluate and Assess Compliance with External Requi	rements	Area: Management Domain: Monitor, Evaluate and Assess
Process Description Evaluate that IT processes and IT-supported business processes are compl that the requirements have been identified and complied with, and integrat		
Process Purpose Statement Ensure that the enterprise is compliant with all applicable external requirem	nents.	
The process supports the achievement of a set of primary IT-related g	oals:	
IT-related Goal	Related Metrics	
02 IT compliance and support for business compliance with external laws and regulations	impact of reputa • Number of IT-recausing public of • Number of non- with IT service p	elated non-compliance issues reported to the board or comment or embarrassment -compliance issues relating to contractual agreements
04 Managed IT-related business risk	 business progra Number of sign risk assessmen Percent of enter 	al business processes, IT services and IT-enabled ammes covered by risk assessment ificant IT-related incidents that were not identified in t rprise risk assessments including IT-related risk odate of risk profile
Process Goals and Metrics		
Process Goal	Related Metrics	
1. All external compliance requirements are identified.	and resolution	g between identification of external compliance issues ompliance reviews
2. External compliance requirements are adequately addressed.		cal non-compliance issues identified per year ess owners signing off, confirming compliance

MEA03 RACI Chart																										
Management Practice	Board	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Operating Officer	Business Executives	Business Process Owners	Strategy Executive Committee	Steering (Programmes/Projects) Committee	Project Management Office	Value Management Office	Chief Risk Officer	Chief Information Security Officer	Architecture Board	Enterprise Risk Committee	Head Human Resources	Compliance	Audit	Chief Information Officer	Head Architect	Head Development	Head IT Operations	Head IT Administration	Service Manager	Information Security Manager	Business Continuity Manager	Drivery Officer
MEA03.01 Identify external compliance requirements.					A	R										R	R	R								R
MEA03.02 Optimise response to external requirements.		R	R	R	A	R	I		R							R	R	R	Ι	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
MEA03.03 Confirm external compliance.	I	R	R	R	R	R	Ι	Ι	С							А	Ι	R	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	R
MEA03.04 Obtain assurance of external compliance.	I	I	I	I	С	С	I		С							С	A	R	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С

Note: Some governance and management practices produce outputs that serve as inputs to many practices. Those outputs are detailed in **figure 11**. Please refer to **figure 11** to ensure completeness when working with the practices that follow.

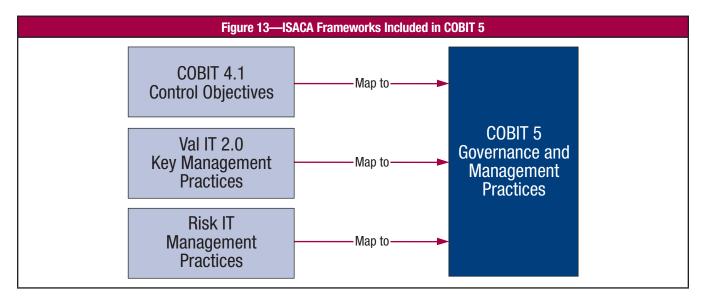
MEA03 Process Practices, Inputs/Outputs and Activiti	es						
Management Practice Inputs Outputs							
MEA03.01 Identify external	From	Description	Description	То			
compliance requirements. On a continuous basis, identify and monitor for changes in local and international laws, regulations and other	Outside COBIT	Legal and regulatory compliance requirements	Compliance requirements register	Internal			
external requirements that must be complied with from an IT perspective.			Log of required compliance actions	Internal			
	Acti	vities					
 Assign responsibility for identifying and monitoring any IT resources and the processing of information within t 	changes of legal, r he business and IT	egulatory and other external c operations of the enterprise.	contractual requirements relev	ant to the use of			
Identify and assess all potential compliance requirement reporting, industry-specific regulations, intellectual pro			as data flow, privacy, internal c	controls, financia			
Assess the impact of IT-related legal and regulatory red trading partners.	quirements on third	-party contracts related to IT o	operations, service providers a	ind business			
4. Obtain independent counsel, where appropriate, on cha	anges to applicable	laws, regulations and standar	rds.				
5. Maintain an up-to-date log of all relevant legal, regulate	ory and contractual	requirements, their impact ar	nd required actions.				
6. Maintain a harmonised and integrated overall register o	of external complia	nce requirements for the enter	rprise.				
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs				
MEA03.02 Optimise response to	From	Description	Description	То			
external requirements. Review and adjust policies, principles, standards, procedures and methodologies to ensure that legal, regulatory and contractual requirements are addressed			Updated policies, principles, procedures and standards	AP001.07 AP001.08			
and communicated. Consider industry standards, codes of good practice, and good practice guidance for adoption and adaptation.			Communications of changed compliance requirements	EDM01.01 AII APO AII BAI AII DSS AII MEA			
	Acti	vities	•				
 Regularly review and adjust policies, principles, standa and addressing enterprise risk using internal and exter 			ctiveness in ensuring necessa	ry compliance			
2. Communicate new and changed requirements to all re	evant personnel.						
Management Practice		Inputs	Outputs				
MEA03.03 Confirm external compliance.	From	Description	Description	То			
Confirm compliance of policies, principles, standards, procedures and methodologies with legal, regulatory	BAI05.06	Compliance audit results	Identified compliance gaps	MEA02.08			
and contractual requirements.	BAI09.05	Results of installed licence audits	Compliance confirmations	EDM01.03			
	BAI10.05	Licence deviations					
	DSS01.04	Insurance policy reports					
	Acti	vities					
 Regularly evaluate organisational policies, standards, p relevant legal and regulatory requirements in relation to 			the enterprise to ensure comp	liance with			
2. Address compliance gaps in policies, standards and pre	ocedures on a time	ly basis.					
3. Periodically evaluate business and IT processes and ac	tivities to ensure a	dherence to applicable legal, r	egulatory and contractual req	uirements.			
 Regularly review for recurring patterns of compliance f associated processes and activities. 	ailures. Where nece	essary, improve policies, stand	lards, procedures, methodolog	ies, and			

From	Inputs Description	Outputs				
	Description					
	Description	Description	То			
EDM05.02	Rules for validating and approving mandatory reports	Compliance assurance reports	EDM01.03			
EDM05.03	Assessment of reporting effectiveness	Reports of non-compliance issues and root causes	EDM01.03 MEA02.07			
Activities						
1. Obtain regular confirmation of compliance with internal policies from business and IT process owners and unit heads.						
2. Perform regular (and, where appropriate, independent) internal and external reviews to assess levels of compliance.						
3. If required, obtain assertions from third-party IT service providers on levels of their compliance with applicable laws and regulations.						
4. If required, obtain assertions from business partners on levels of their compliance with applicable laws and regulations as they relate to intercompany electronic transactions.						
5. Monitor and report on non-compliance issues and, where necessary, investigate the root cause.						
6. Integrate reporting on legal, regulatory and contractual requirements at an enterprisewide level, involving all business units.						
	Acti policies from busi nternal and extern providers on level levels of their con re necessary, inves	approving mandatory reports EDM05.03 Assessment of reporting effectiveness Activities policies from business and IT process owners a nternal and external reviews to assess levels of providers on levels of their compliance with app levels of their compliance with applicable laws and re necessary, investigate the root cause.	approving mandatory reports reports EDM05.03 Assessment of reporting effectiveness Reports of non-compliance issues and root causes Activities policies from business and IT process owners and unit heads. nternal and external reviews to assess levels of compliance. providers on levels of their compliance with applicable laws and regulations. levels of their compliance with applicable laws and regulations as they relate re necessary, investigate the root cause.			

MEAUS Related Guidance								
Related Standard	Detailed Reference							
None								

Appendix A Mapping Between COBIT 5 and Legacy ISACA Frameworks

Figure 13 shows the ISACA frameworks included in COBIT 5.



The mapping of COBIT 4.1, Val IT and Risk IT components to COBIT 5 is shown in figures 14, 15 and 16.

	Figure 14—COBIT 4.1 Contr	rol Objectives Mapped to COBIT 5
	COBIT 4.1 Control Objective	Covered in COBIT 5 by:
AC1	Source Data Preparation and Authorisation	DSS06.02; DSS06.03; BAI03.02; BAI03.03; BAI03.05; BAI03.07
AC2	Source Data Collection and Entry	DSS06.02
AC3	Accuracy, Completeness and Authenticity Checks	DSS06.02
AC4	Processing Integrity and Validity	DSS06.02
AC5	Output Review, Reconciliation and Error Handling	DSS06.02
AC6	Transaction Authentication and Integrity	DSS06.02
P01.1	IT Value Management	EDM02
P01.2	Business-IT Alignment	AP002.01
P01.3	Assessment of Current Capability and Performance	AP002.02
P01.4	IT Strategic Plan	AP002.03-05
P01.5	IT Tactical Plans	AP002.05
P01.6	IT Portfolio Management	AP005.05
P02.1	Enterprise Information Architecture Model	AP003.02
P02.2	Enterprise Data Dictionary and Data Syntax Rules	AP003.02
P02.3	Data Classification Scheme	AP003.02
P02.4	Integrity Management	AP001.06
P03.1	Technological Direction Planning	AP002.03; AP004.03
P03.2	Technical Infrastructure Plan	AP002.03-05; AP004.03-05
P03.3	Monitor Future Trends and Regulations	EDM01.01; AP004.03
P03.4	Technology Standards	AP003.05
P03.5	IT Architecture Board	AP001.01
P04.1	IT Process Framework	AP001.03; AP001.07
P04.2	IT Strategy Committee	AP001.01
P04.3	IT Steering Committee	AP001.01
P04.4	Organisational Placement of the IT Function	AP001.05

	Figure 14—COBIT 4.1 Control	Objectives Mapped to COBIT 5 <i>(cont.)</i>
	COBIT 4.1 Control Objective	Covered in COBIT 5 by:
P04.5	IT Organisational Structure	AP001.01
P04.6	Establishment of Roles and Responsibilities	AP001.02
P04.7	Responsibility for IT Quality Assurance	AP011.01
P04.8	Responsibility for Risk, Security and Compliance	Deleted—these specific roles are no longer explicitly specified as a practice.
P04.9	Data and System Ownership	AP001.06
P04.10	Supervision	AP001.02
P04.11	Segregation of Duties	AP001.02
P04.12	IT Staffing	AP007.01
P04.13	Key IT Personnel	AP007.02
P04.14	Contracted Staff Policies and Procedures	AP007.06
P04.15	Relationships	AP001.01
P05.1	Financial Management Framework	AP006.01
P05.2	Prioritisation Within IT Budget	AP006.02
P05.3	IT Budgeting	AP006.03
P05.4	Cost Management	AP006.04-05
P05.5	Benefit Management	AP005.06
P06.1	IT Policy and Control Environment	AP001.03
P06.2	Enterprise IT Risk and Control Framework	EDM03.02; AP001.03
P06.3	IT Policies Management	AP001.03; AP001.08
P06.4	Policy, Standards and Procedures Rollout	AP001.03; AP001.08
P06.5	Communication of IT Objectives and Direction	AP001.04
P07.1	Personnel Recruitment and Retention	AP007.01; AP007.05
P07.2	Personnel Competencies	AP007.03
P07.3	Staffing of Roles	AP001.02; AP007.01
P07.4	Personnel Training	AP007.03
P07.5	Dependence Upon Individuals	AP007.02
P07.6	Personnel Clearance Procedures	AP007.01; AP007.06
P07.7	Employee Job Performance Evaluation	AP007.04
P07.8	Job Change and Termination	AP007.01
P08.1	Quality Management System	AP011.01
P08.2	IT Standards and Quality Practices	AP011.02
P08.3	Development and Acquisition Standards	AP011.02; AP011.05
P08.4	Customer Focus	AP011.03
P08.5	Continuous Improvement	AP011.06
P08.6	Quality Measurement, Monitoring and Review	AP011.04
P09.1	IT Risk Management Framework	EDM03.02; AP001.03
P09.2	Establishment of Risk Context	AP012.03
P09.3	Event Identification	AP012.01; AP012.03
P09.4	Risk Assessment	AP012.02; AP012.04
P09.5	Risk Response	AP012.06
P09.6	Maintenance and Monitoring of a Risk Action Plan	AP012.04-05
P010.1	Programme Management Framework	BAI01.01
P010.2	Project Management Framework	BAI01.01
P010.3	Project Management Approach	BAI01.01
10.0	- isjoot management approach	

	Figure 14—COBIT 4.1 Control Objectiv	es Mapped to COBIT 5 <i>(cont.)</i>
	COBIT 4.1 Control Objective	Covered in COBIT 5 by:
P010.4	Stakeholder Commitment	BAI01.03
P010.5	Project Scope Statement	BAI01.07
P010.6	Project Phase Initiation	BAI01.07
P010.7	Integrated Project Plan	BAI01.08
P010.8	Project Resources	BAI01.08
P010.9	Project Risk Management	BAI01.10
P010.10	Project Quality Plan	BAI01.09
P010.11	Project Change Control	BAI01.11
P010.12	Project Planning of Assurance Methods	BAI01.08
P010.13	Project Performance Measurement, Reporting and Monitoring	BAI01.06; BAI01.11
P010.14	Project Closure	BAI01.13
Al1.1	Definition and Maintenance of Business Functional and Technical Requirements	BAI02.01
Al1.2	Risk Analysis Report	BAI02.03
Al1.3	Feasibility Study and Formulation of Alternative Courses of Action	BAI02.02
Al1.4	Requirements and Feasibility Decision and Approval	BAI02.04
Al2.1	High-level Design	BAI03.01
Al2.2	Detailed Design	BAI03.02
Al2.3	Application Control and Auditability	BAI03.05
Al2.4	Application Security and Availability	BAI03.01-03; BAI03.05
Al2.5	Configuration and Implementation of Acquired Application Software	BAI03.03; BAI03.05
Al2.6	Major Upgrades to Existing Systems	BAI03.10
Al2.7	Development of Application Software	BAI03.03-04
Al2.8	Software Quality Assurance	BAI03.06
Al2.9	Applications Requirements Management	BAI03.09
Al2.10	Application Software Maintenance	BAI03.10
Al3.1	Technological Infrastructure Acquisition Plan	BAI03.04
Al3.2	Infrastructure Resource Protection and Availability	BAI03.03; DSS02.03
AI3.3	Infrastructure Maintenance	BAI03.10
Al3.4	Feasibility Test Environment	BAI03.07-08
Al4.1	Planning for Operational Solutions	BAI05.05
AI4.2	Knowledge Transfer to Business Management	BAI08.01-04
AI4.3	Knowledge Transfer to End Users	BAI08.01-04
AI4.4	Knowledge Transfer to Operations and Support Staff	BAI08.01-04
AI5.1	Procurement Control	BAI03.04
AI5.2	Supplier Contract Management	AP010.01; AP010.03
AI5.3	Supplier Selection	AP010.02
AI5.4	IT Resources Acquisition	AP010.03
Al6.1	Change Standards and Procedures	BAI06.01-04
Al6.2	Impact Assessment, Prioritisation and Authorisation	BAI06.01
AI6.3	Emergency Changes	BAI06.02
Al6.4	Change Status Tracking and Reporting	BAI06.03
Al6.5	Change Closure and Documentation	BAI06.04
AI7.1	Training	BAI05.05
AI7.2	Test Plan	BAI07.01; BAI07.03
rui .2	Itorriali	טרוט ו, טרו, טרויט ו, טרוט וויט וויט אוויט איז א טרוט וויט וויט איז א טרוט וויט איז א טרוט וויט איז א טרוט איז

	Figure 14—COBIT 4.1 Control Objective	es Mapped to COBIT 5 <i>(cont.)</i>
	COBIT 4.1 Control Objective	Covered in COBIT 5 by:
AI7.3	Implementation Plan	BAI07.01
AI7.4	Test Environment	BAI07.04
AI7.5	System and Data Conversion	BAI07.02
AI7.6	Testing of Changes	BAI07.05
AI7.7	Final Acceptance Test	BAI07.05
AI7.8	Promotion to Production	BAI07.06
AI7.9	Post-implementation Review	BAI07.08
DS1.1	Service Level Management Framework	AP009.01-05
DS1.2	Definition of Services	AP009.01-02
DS1.3	Service Level Agreements	AP009.03
DS1.4	Operating Level Agreements	AP009.03
DS1.5	Monitoring and Reporting of Service Level Achievements	AP009.04
DS1.6	Review of Service Level Agreements and Contracts	AP009.05
DS2.1	Identification of All Supplier Relationships	AP010.01
DS2.2	Supplier Relationship Management	AP010.03
DS2.3	Supplier Risk Management	AP010.04
DS2.4	Supplier Performance Monitoring	AP010.05
DS3.1	Performance and Capacity Planning	BAI04.03
DS3.2	Current Performance and Capacity	BAI04.01-02
DS3.3	Future Performance and Capacity	BAI04.01
DS3.4	IT Resources Availability	BAI04.05
DS3.5	Monitoring and Reporting	BAI04.04
DS4.1	IT Continuity Framework	DSS04.01-02
DS4.2	IT Continuity Plans	DSS04.03
DS4.3	Critical IT Resources	DSS04.04
DS4.4	Maintenance of the IT Continuity Plan	DSS04.02; DSS04.05
DS4.5	Testing of the IT Continuity Plan	DSS04.04
DS4.6	IT Continuity Plan Training	DSS04.06
DS4.7	Distribution of the IT Continuity Plan	DSS04.03
DS4.8	IT Services Recovery and Resumption	DSS04.03
DS4.9	Offsite Backup Storage	DSS04.07
DS4.10	Post-resumption Review	DSS04.08
DS5.1	Management of IT Security	AP013.01; AP013.03
DS5.2	IT Security Plan	AP013.02
DS5.3	Identity Management	DSS05.04
DS5.4	User Account Management	DSS05.04
DS5.5	Security Testing, Surveillance and Monitoring	DS05.07
DS5.6	Security resting, Surveillance and Monitoring	DS00.07
DS5.0 DS5.7	Protection of Security Technology	DSS05.05
DS5.8	Cryptographic Key Management	DS05.03
DS5.8 DS5.9	Malicious Software Prevention, Detection and Correction	DS05.03
DS5.9 DS5.10	Network Security	DS05.01 DS05.02
DS5.10 DS5.11		DS05.02 DS05.02
DS5.11 DS6.1	Exchange of Sensitive Data Definition of Services	
		AP006.04 AP006.01
DS6.2	IT Accounting	AF 000.01

		ves Mapped to COBIT 5 <i>(cont.)</i>
	COBIT 4.1 Control Objective	Covered in COBIT 5 by:
DS6.3	Cost Modelling and Charging	AP006.04
DS6.4	Cost Model Maintenance	AP006.04
DS7.1	Identification of Education and Training Needs	AP007.03
DS7.2	Delivery of Training and Education	AP007.03
DS7.3	Evaluation of Training Received	AP007.03
DS8.1	Service Desk	Deleted—ITIL 3 does not refer to Service Desk as a process.
DS8.2	Registration of Customer Queries	DSS02.01-03
DS8.3	Incident Escalation	DSS02.04
DS8.4	Incident Closure	DSS02.05-06
DS8.5	Reporting and Trend Analysis	DSS02.07
DS9.1	Configuration Repository and Baseline	BAI10.01-02; BAI10.04; DSS02.01
DS9.2	Identification and Maintenance of Configuration Items	BAI10.03
DS9.3	Configuration Integrity Review	BAI10.04-05; DSS02.05
DS10.1	Identification and Classification of Problems	DSS03.01
DS10.2	Problem Tracking and Resolution	DSS03.02
DS10.3	Problem Closure	DSS03.03-04
DS10.4	Integration of Configuration, Incident and Problem Management	DSS03.05
DS11.1	Business Requirements for Data Management	DSS01.01
DS11.2	Storage and Retention Arrangements	DSS04.08; DSS06.04
DS11.3	Media Library Management System	DSS04.08
DS11.4	Disposal	DSS05.06; DSS06.05-06
DS11.5	Backup and Restoration	DSS04.08
DS11.6	Security Requirements for Data Management	DSS001.01; DSS05.02-05; DSS06.03; DSS06.06
DS12.1	Site Selection and Layout	DSS01.04-05; DSS05.05
DS12.2	Physical Security Measures	DSS05.05
DS12.3	Physical Access	DSS05.05
DS12.4	Protection Against Environmental Factors	DSS01.04
DS12.5	Physical Facilities Management	DSS01.05
DS13.1	Operations Procedures and Instructions	DSS01.01
DS13.2	Job Scheduling	DSS01.01
DS13.3	IT Infrastructure Monitoring	DSS01.03
DS13.4	Sensitive Documents and Output Devices	DSS05.06
DS13.5	Preventive Maintenance for Hardware	BAI09.02
ME1.1	Monitoring Approach	MEA01.01
ME1.2	Definition and Collection of Monitoring Data	MEA01.02-03
ME1.3	Monitoring Method	MEA01.03
ME1.4	Performance Assessment	MEA01.04
ME1.5	Board and Executive Reporting	MEA01.04
ME1.6	Remedial Actions	MEA01.05
ME2.1	Monitoring of Internal Control Framework	MEA02.01-02
ME2.2	Supervisory Review	MEA02.01
ME2.3	Control Exceptions	MEA02.04
ME2.4	Control Self-assessment	MEA02.03
ME2.5	Assurance of Internal Control	MEA02.06-08
ME2.6	Internal Control at Third Parties	MEA02.01

	Figure 14—COBIT 4.1 Control Object	ctives Mapped to COBIT 5 <i>(cont.)</i>
	COBIT 4.1 Control Objective	Covered in COBIT 5 by:
ME2.7	Remedial Actions	MEA02.04
ME3.1	Identification of External Legal, Regulatory and Contractual Compliance Requirements	MEA03.01
ME3.2	Optimisation of Response to External Requirements	MEA03.02
ME3.3	Evaluation of Compliance With External Requirements	MEA03.03
ME3.4	Positive Assurance of Compliance	MEA03.04
ME3.5	Integrated Reporting	MEA03.04
ME4.1	Establishment of an IT Governance Framework	EDM01
ME4.2	Strategic Alignment	Deleted—In COBIT 5, alignment is considered to be the result of all governance and management activities.
ME4.3	Value Delivery	EDM02
ME4.4	Resource Management	EDM04
ME4.5	Risk Management	EDM03
ME4.6	Performance Measurement	EDM01.03; EDM02.03; EDM03.03; EDM04.03
ME4.7	Independent Assurance	MEA02.05-07; MEA02-08

	Figure 15—Val IT 2.0 Key Management	Practices Covered by COBIT 5
	Val IT 2.0 Key Management Practice	Covered in COBIT 5 by:
VG1.1	Develop an understanding of the significance of IT and the role of governance.	EDM01.01
VG1.2	Establish effective reporting lines.	EDM01.01
VG1.3	Establish a leadership forum.	EDM01.02; AP001.01
VG1.4	Define value for the enterprise.	EDM02.02
VG1.5	Ensure alignment and integration of business and IT strategies with key business goals.	AP002.01
VG2.1	Define the value governance framework.	EDM01.02
VG2.2	Assess the quality and coverage of current processes.	AP001.07
VG2.3	Identify and prioritise process requirements.	AP001.07
VG2.4	Define and document the processes.	AP001.07
VG2.5	Establish, implement and communicate roles, responsibilities and accountabilities.	AP001.02
VG2.6	Establish organisational structures.	EDM01.02; AP001.02
VG3.1	Define portfolio types.	EDM02.02
VG3.2	Define categories (within portfolios).	EDM02.02
VG3.3	Develop and communicate evaluation criteria (for each category).	EDM02.02
VG3.4	Assign weightings to criteria.	EDM02.02
VG3.5	Define requirements for stage-gates and other reviews (for each category).	EDM02.02
VG4.1	Review current enterprise budgeting practices.	AP006.03
VG4.2	Determine value management financial planning practice requirements.	AP006.01
VG4.3	Identify changes required.	AP006.01
VG4.4	Implement optimal financial planning practices for value management.	AP006.01
VG5.1	Identify key metrics.	EDM02.03
VG5.2	Define information capture processes and approaches.	EDM02.03
VG5.3	Define reporting methods and techniques.	EDM02.03
VG5.4	Identify and monitor performance improvement actions.	EDM02.03
VG6.1	Implement lessons learned.	EDM02.03
PM1.1	Review and ensure clarity of the business strategy and goals.	AP005.01

	Figure 15—Val IT 2.0 Key Management Pra	ctices Covered by COBIT 5 <i>(cont.)</i>
	Val IT 2.0 Key Management Practice	Covered in COBIT 5 by:
PM1.2	Identify opportunities for IT to influence and support the business strategy.	AP005.01
PM1.3	Define an appropriate investment mix.	AP005.01
PM1.4	Translate the business strategy and goals into IT strategy and goals.	AP005.01
PM2.1	Determine overall investment funds.	AP005.02
PM3.1	Create and maintain an inventory of business human resources.	AP007.01
PM3.2	Understand the current and future demand (for business human resources).	AP007.01
PM3.2	Identify shortfalls (between current and future business human resource demand).	AP007.01
PM3.4	Create and maintain tactical plans (for business human resources).	AP007.01
PM3.5	Monitor, review and adjust (business function allocation and staffing).	AP007.05
PM3.6	Create and maintain an inventory of IT human resources.	AP007.05
PM3.7	Understand the current and future demand (for IT human resources).	AP007.05
PM3.8	Identify shortfalls (between current and future IT human resource demand).	AP007.05
PM3.9	Create and maintain tactical plans (for IT human resources).	AP007.05
PM3.10	Monitor, review and adjust (IT function allocation and staffing).	AP007.05
PM4.1	Evaluate and assign relative scores to programme business cases.	AP005.03
PM4.2	Create an overall investment portfolio view.	AP005.03
PM4.3	Make and communicate investment decisions.	AP005.03
PM4.4	Specify stage-gates and allocate funds to selected programmes.	AP005.03
PM4.5	Adjust business targets, forecasts and budgets.	AP005.03
PM5.1	Monitor and report on investment portfolio performance.	AP005.04
PM6.1	Optimise investment portfolio performance.	AP005.04
PM6.2	Reprioritise the investment portfolio.	AP005.04
IM1.1	Recognise investment opportunities.	AP005.03
IM1.2	Develop the initial programme concept business case.	BAI01.02
IM1.3	Evaluate the initial programme concept business case.	AP005.03
IM2.1	Develop a clear and complete understanding of the candidate programme.	BAI01.02
IM2.2	Perform analysis of the alternatives.	BAI01.02
IM3.1	Develop the programme plan.	BAI01.04
IM4.1	Identify full life-cycle costs and benefits.	BAI01.04
IM4.2	Develop a benefits realisation plan.	BAI01.04
IM4.3	Perform appropriate reviews and obtain sign-offs.	BAI01.03-04
IM5.1	Develop the detailed programme business case.	BAI01.02
IM5.2	Assign clear accountability and ownership.	BAI01.02
IM5.3	Perform appropriate reviews and obtain sign-offs.	BAI01.02-03
IM6.1	Plan projects, and resource and launch the programme.	BAI01.05
IM6.2	Manage the programme.	BAI01.05
IM6.3	Track and manage benefits.	BAI01.05
IM7.1	Update operational IT portfolios.	AP005.05
IM8.1	Update the business case.	BAI01.04
IM9.1	Monitor and report on programme (solution delivery) performance.	BAI01.06
IM9.2	Monitor and report on business (benefit/outcome) performance.	BAI01.06
IM9.3	Monitor and report on operational (service delivery) performance.	BAI01.06
IM10.1	Retire the programme.	BAI10.14
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	Figure 16—Risk IT Key Management	Practices Covered by COBIT 5
	Risk IT Key Management Practice	Covered in COBIT 5 by:
RG1.1	Perform enterprise IT risk assessment.	EDM03.01; AP012.02-03
RG1.2	Propose IT risk tolerance thresholds.	EDM03.01
RG1.3	Approve IT risk tolerance.	EDM03.01-02
RG1.4	Align IT risk policy.	EDM03.01-02
RG1.5	Promote IT risk-aware culture.	EDM03.02
RG1.6	Encourage effective communication of IT risk.	EDM03.03
RG2.1	Establish and maintain accountability for IT risk management.	EDM03.02
RG2.2	Co-ordinate IT risk strategy and business risk strategy.	EDM03.01-02
RG2.3	Adapt IT risk practices to enterprise risk practices.	EDM03.01-02
RG2.4	Provide adequate resources for IT risk management.	EDM04.01; AP007.01; AP007.03
RG2.5	Provide independent assurance over IT risk management.	EDM03.03
RG3.1	Gain management buy-in for the IT risk analysis approach.	EDM01.01-02; EDM03.02
RG3.2	Approve IT risk analysis.	EDM03.01
RG3.3	Embed IT risk considerations in strategic business decision making.	EDM03.01
RG3.4	Accept IT risk.	EDM03.01
RG3.5	Prioritise IT risk response activities.	EDM03.02
RE1.1	Establish and maintain a model for data collection.	AP012.01
RE1.2	Collect data on the operating environment.	AP012.01
RE1.3	Collect data on risk events.	AP012.01
RE1.4	Identify risk factors.	AP012.01
RE2.1	Define IT risk analysis scope.	AP012.02
RE2.2	Estimate IT risk.	AP012.02
RE2.3	Identify risk response options.	AP012.02
RE2.4	Perform a peer review of IT risk analysis.	AP012.02
RE3.1	Map IT resources to business processes.	AP012.02
RE3.2	Determine business criticality of IT resources.	AP012.03
RE3.3	Understand IT capabilities.	AP012.03
RE3.4	Update IT risk scenario components.	AP012.03
RE3.5	Maintain the IT risk register and IT risk map.	AP012.03
RE3.6	Develop IT risk indicators.	AP012.03
RR1.1	Communicate IT risk analysis results.	AP012.04
RR1.2	Report IT risk management activities and state of compliance.	AP012.04
RR1.3	Interpret independent IT assessment findings.	AP012.04
RR 1.4	Identify IT-related opportunities.	AP012.04
RR2.1	Inventory controls.	AP012.05
RR2.2	Monitor operational alignment with risk tolerance thresholds.	AP012.05
RR2.3	Respond to discovered risk exposure and opportunity.	AP012.05
RR2.4	Implement controls.	AP012.05
RR2.5	Report IT risk action plan progress.	AP012.05
RR3.1	Maintain incident response plans.	AP012.06
RR3.2	Monitor IT risk.	AP012.06
RR3.3	Initiate incident response.	AP012.06
RR3.4	Communicate lessons learned from risk events.	AP012.06

Appendix B Detailed Mapping Enterprise Goals—IT-related Goals

The COBIT 5 goals cascade is explained in chapter 2. Figure 17 contains:

- In the columns, all 17 generic enterprise goals defined in COBIT 5, grouped by BSC dimension
- In the rows, all 17 IT-related goals, also grouped in IT BSC dimensions
- A mapping of how each enterprise goal is supported by IT-related goals. This mapping is expressed using the following scale:
- 'P' stands for primary, when there is an important relationship, i.e., the IT-related goal is a primary support for the enterprise goal.
- 'S' stands for secondary, when there is still a strong, but less important, relationship, i.e., the IT-related goal is a secondary support for the enterprise goal.

The table was created based on the following inputs:

- Research by the University of Antwerp Management School IT Alignment and Governance Research Institute
- Additional reviews and expert opinions obtained during the development and review process of COBIT 5

		Figure 17—Mappi	ng C(OBIT	5 En	terpr	ise G	oals	to IT	-rela	ted (ioals							
										Enter	prise	Goal							
						Compliance with external laws and regulations	Financial transparency	Customer-oriented service culture	Business service continuity and availability	Agile responses to a changing business environment	Information-based strategic decision making	Optimisation of service delivery costs	Optimisation of business process functionality	Optimisation of business process costs	Managed business change programmes	Operational and staff productivity	Compliance with internal policies	Skilled and motivated people	Product and business innovation culture
	IT-related Goal			2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	ar	17. ning nd
	01		D		nanci	al I		D		ustom		•		_	nterna	al I			wth
	01 02	Alignment of IT and business strategy IT compliance and support for business compliance with external laws and regulations	Р	Р	S S	Р		Р	S	Р	Р	S	Р	S	Р		Р	S	S
Financial	03	Commitment of executive management for making IT-related decisions	Р	S	S					S	S		S		Р			S	S
L L	04	Managed IT-related business risk			Р	S			Р	S		Р			S		S	S	
	05	Realised benefits from IT-enabled investments and services portfolio	P	Р				S		S		S	S	P		S			S
	06	Transparency of IT costs, benefits and risk	S		S		Р				S	Р		Р					
Customer	07	Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	P	Р	S	S		Р	S	P	S		Р	S	s			S	S
Cust	08	Adequate use of applications, information and technology solutions	S	S	S			S	S		S	S	P	S		P		S	S
	09	IT agility	S	Р	S			S		Р			Р		S	S		S	Р
	10	Security of information, processing infrastructure and applications			Р	Р			Р								Р		
	11	Optimisation of IT assets, resources and capabilities	Р	S						S		Р	S	Р	S	S			S
Internal	12	Enablement and support of business processes by integrating applications and technology into business processes	S	P	S			S		S		S	Р	S	S	S			S
	13	Delivery of programmes delivering benefits, on time, on budget, and meeting requirements and quality standards	Р	S	S			S				S		S	Р				
	14	Availability of reliable and useful information for decision making	S	S	S	S			Р		Р		S						
	15	IT compliance with internal policies			S	S											Р		
Learning and Growth	16	Competent and motivated business and IT personnel	S	S	P			S		S						P		P	S
Lea al Gro	17	Knowledge, expertise and initiatives for business innovation	S	Р				S		Р	S		S		S			S	Р

When using the table in figure 17, please consider the remarks made in chapter 2 on how to use the COBIT 5 goals cascade.

Appendix C Detailed Mapping IT-related Goals—IT-related Processes

Figure 18 contains:

- In the columns, all 17 generic IT-related goals defined in chapter 2, grouped in IT BSC dimensions
- In the rows, all 37 COBIT 5 processes, grouped by domain
- A mapping of how each IT-related goal is supported by a COBIT 5 IT-related process. This mapping is expressed using the following scale:
- 'P' stands for primary, when there is an important relationship, i.e., the COBIT 5 process is a primary support for the achievement of an IT-related goal.
- 'S' stands for secondary, when there is still a strong, but less important, relationship, i.e., the COBIT 5 process is a secondary support for the IT-related goal.

The table was created based on the following inputs:

- Research by the University of Antwerp Management School IT Alignment and Governance Research Institute
- Additional reviews and expert opinions obtained during the development and review process of COBIT 5

When using the table in figure 18, please consider the remarks made in chapter 2 on how to use the COBIT 5 goals cascade.

		F	igur	e 18—	-Марр	ing	COBIT	5 IT-	relate	ed Goa	ls to	Proce	sses						
										IT·	relate	ed Goal							
			Alignment of IT and business strategy	IT compliance and support for business compliance with external laws and regulations	Commitment of executive management for making IT-related decisions	Managed IT-related business risk	Realised benefits from IT-enabled investments and services portfolio	Transparency of IT costs, benefits and risk	Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	Adequate use of applications, information and technology solutions	IT agility	Security of information, processing infrastructure and applications	Optimisation of IT assets, resources and capabilities	Enablement and support of business processes by integrating applications and technology into business processes	Delivery of programmes delivering benefits, on time, on budget, and meeting requirements and quality standards	Availability of reliable and useful information for decision making	IT compliance with internal policies	Competent and motivated business and IT personnel	Knowledge, expertise and initiatives for business innovation
			01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	C	COBIT 5 Process			Finan	cial			Cust	omer	Internal						Learning and Growth		
Monitor	EDM01	Ensure Governance Framework Setting and Maintenance	Р	S	Р	S	S	S	P		S	S	S	S	S	S	S	s	S
and	EDM02	Ensure Benefits Delivery	Р		S		Р	Р	Р	S			S	S	S	S		S	Р
rect	EDM03	Ensure Risk Optimisation	S	S	S	Р		Р	S	S		Р			S	S	Р	S	S
Evaluate, Direct and Monitor	EDM04	Ensure Resource Optimisation	S		S	S	S	S	S	S	P		Р		S			P	S
Eval	EDM05	Ensure Stakeholder Transparency	S	S	Р			P	Р						S	S	S		S

COBIT : Enabling Processes

		Figu	re 18	3—Ma	pping	COE	BIT 5 1	-rel a	ated G	oals to) Pro	cesse	s <i>(con</i>	t.)					
										IT-	relat	ed Goal							
			Alignment of IT and business strategy	IT compliance and support for business compliance with external laws and regulations	Commitment of executive management for making IT- related decisions	Managed IT-related business risk	Realised benefits from IT-enabled investments and services portfolio	Transparency of IT costs, benefits and risk	Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	Adequate use of applications, information and technology solutions	IT agility	Security of information, processing infrastructure and applications	Optimisation of IT assets, resources and capabilities	Enablement and support of business processes by integrating applications and technology into business processes	Delivery of programmes delivering benefits, on time, on budget, and meeting requirements and quality standards	Availability of reliable and useful information for decision making	IT compliance with internal policies	Competent and motivated business and IT personnel	Knowledge, expertise and initiatives for business innovation
			01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16 Lea	17 rning
	(COBIT 5 Process			Finan	cial			Cust	omer				Internal				a	nd owth
	AP001	Manage the IT Management Framework	Р	Р	S	S			S		Р	S	Р	S	S	S	Р	Р	Р
	AP002	Manage Strategy	Р		S	S	S		Р	S	S		S	S	S	S	S	S	Р
	AP003	Manage Enterprise Architecture	Р		S	s	S	s	S	S	Р	S	Р	S		S			S
	AP004	Manage Innovation	S			S	Р			Р	Р		Р	S		S			Р
anise	AP005	Manage Portfolio	P		S	S	Р	S	S	S	S		S		Р				S
d Org	AP006	Manage Budget and Costs	\$		S	S	Р	Р	S	S			S		S				
Align, Plan and Organise	AP007	Manage Human Resources	P	S	S	S			S		S	S	Р		Р		S	Р	Р
dign,	AP008	Manage Relationships	P		S	S	S	S	P	S			S	Р	S		S	S	P
	AP009	Manage Service Agreements	S			S	S	S	Р	S	S	S	S		S	Р	S		
	AP010	Manage Suppliers		S		P	S	S	Р	S	Р	S	S		S	S	S		S
	AP011	Manage Quality	S	S		S	Р		P	S	S		S		P	S	S	S	S
	AP012	Manage Risk		P		P		P	S	S	S	P			Р	S	S	S	S
	AP013 BAI01	Manage Security Manage Programmes and	Р	Р	S	P P	Р	P S	S S	S S		Р	S		Р	Р		S	S
	BAI02	Projects Manage Requirements Definition	Р	S	S	S	S		Р	S	S	S	S	Р	S	S			S
nt	BAI03	Manage Solutions Identification and Build	S			S	S		Р	S			S	S	S	S			S
mpleme	BAI04	Manage Availability and Capacity				S	S		Р	S	s		Р		S	Р			S
Build, Acquire and Implement	BAI05	Manage Organisational Change Enablement	S		S		S		S	Р	S		S	S	Р				Р
Acqu	BAI06	Manage Changes			S	Р	S		Р	S	S	Р	S	S	S	S	S		S
Build,	BAI07	Manage Change Acceptance and Transitioning				s	S		S	Р	s			Р	S	S	s		s
	BAI08	Manage Knowledge	S				S		S	S	Р	S	S			S		S	Р
	BAI09	Manage Assets		S		S		Р	S		S	S	Р			S	S		
	BAI10	Manage Configuration		Р		S		S		S	S	S	Р			Р	S		

Figure 18—Mapping COBIT 5 IT-related Goals to Processes (cont.)																			
				IT-related Goal															
			Alignment of IT and business strategy	IT compliance and support for business compliance with external laws and regulations	Commitment of executive management for making IT- related decisions	Managed IT-related business risk	Realised benefits from IT-enabled investments and services portfolio	Transparency of IT costs, benefits and risk	Delivery of IT services in line with business requirements	Adequate use of applications, information and technology solutions	IT agility	Security of information, processing infrastructure and applications	Optimisation of IT assets, resources and capabilities	Enablement and support of business processes by integrating applications and technology into business processes	Delivery of programmes delivering benefits, on time, on budget, and meeting requirements and quality standards	Availability of reliable and useful information for decision making	IT compliance with internal policies	Competent and motivated business and IT personnel	Knowledge, expertise and initiatives for business innovation
			01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
COBIT 5 Process				Financial					Cust	omer	Internal						Learning and Growth		
+	DSS01	Manage Operations		S		Р	S		Р	S	S	S	Р			S	S	S	S
Deliver, Service and Support	DSS02	Manage Service Requests and Incidents				P			Р	S		S				S	s		S
	DSS03	Manage Problems		S		Р	S		P	S	S		Р	S		Р	S		S
	DSS04	Manage Continuity	S	S		Р	S		Р	S	S	S	S	S		Р	S	S	S
	DSS05	Manage Security Services	S	Р		P			S	S		Р	S	S		S	S		
	DSS06	Manage Business Process Controls		S		P			Р	S		S	S	S		S	S	S	S
Monitor, Evaluate and Assess	MEA01	Monitor, Evaluate and Assess Performance and Conformance	S	S	S	P	S	S	Р	s	S	S	Р		S	S	P	S	S
	MEA02	Monitor, Evaluate and Assess the System of Internal Control		Р		P		S	S	s		S				s	P		S
	MEA03	Monitor, Evaluate and Assess Compliance With External Requirements		Р		Р	S		S			S					S		S

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