

Unit 00a - Introduction

MIS5214 – Security Architecture



Agenda

- Welcome
- Course Goals
- Course Web Site
- Instructor
- Syllabus
- Textbook and readings
- Class Schedule
- Grading

Course Goals – Security Architecture

Learn about how organizations

- Align their IT security capabilities with their business goals and strategy
- Plan, design and develop enterprise security architectures
- Assess IT system security architectures and capabilities

Objectives

1. Learn key Enterprise Security Architecture concepts
2. Develop an understanding of contextual, conceptual, logical, component, and physical levels of security architectures and how they relate to one another
3. Learn how security architectures are planned, designed and documented
4. Gain an overview of how security architectures are evaluated and assessed
5. Gain experience working as part of a team, developing and delivering a professional presentation

Course Web Site

Class MIS Community Web Site:

<https://community.mis.temple.edu/mis5214sec951spring2025/welcome-to-security-architecture/>

Class Canvas Web Site:

<https://templeu.instructure.com/courses/156069>

Instructor

Instructor: Paul Warner
Email: paul.warner@temple.edu

Syllabus

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MIS 5214 – Security Architecture Spring 2022

Instructor
David Lanter, Ph.D. GISP CISA CISP
Office Hours: Via Zoom by appointment
Email: David.lanter@temple.edu
e-profile: <http://community.mis.temple.edu/dlanter/>

Class Format: Online
Class Meetings: February 27- March 6, 8:00 AM – 12:00 PM Beijing Time
Class Location: [Zoom link \(click here\)](#)
Website: <https://community.mis.temple.edu/mis5214sec5214spring2022/welcome-to-sec5214-architecture/>
Canvas: <https://temple.instructure.com/courses/110308>

Description
In this course you will study and learn about how organizations plan, design and develop enterprise security architecture. IT security capabilities are aligned with business goals and strategy, and IT systems security architectures and capabilities are assessed.

Objectives

- Learn key Enterprise Security Architecture concepts
- Develop an understanding of contextual, conceptual, logical, physical and component levels of security architecture and how they relate to one another
- Learn how security architectures are planned, designed and documented
- Gain an overview of how security architectures are evaluated and assessed
- Gain experience working as part of a team, developing and delivering a professional presentation

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Assignments
The readings, questions, and case study assignments have been chosen to bring the real world into class discussion while illustrating fundamental concepts.

1. Readings: Below is the reading schedule you are responsible for completing. Complete each reading and answer reading discussion questions posted to the class website before the first class:

| Unit # | Readings |
|--------|---|
| 0b | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Boyle and Panko, Chapter 1 The Threat EnvironmentRoss, J.W., Weill P., and Robertson D.C. (2006). "Implement the Operating Model Via Enterprise Architecture" in the <i>Harvard Business Publishing course pack</i>NIST SP 800-100, <i>Information Security Handbook: A Guide for Managers</i>, Chapter 10 Risk Management, pp. 91-95 |
| 1a | <ul style="list-style-type: none">NIST SP 800-181-1 "Guide for Developing Security Plans for Federal Information Systems"FEDRAMP System Security Plan (SSP) Low Moderate High Baseline Matrix TemplateFIPS 199 "Standards for Security Categorization of Federal Information and Information Systems" |
| 1b | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Boyle and Panko, Chapter 2 Planning and PolicyNIST SP 800-100, <i>Information Security Handbook: A Guide for Managers</i>, Chapter 4 – Security Planning, pp. 61-77NIST SP 800-60V V1R1 "Guide for Mapping Types of Information and Information Systems to Security Categories", pp. 1-34FIPS 200 "Minimum Security Requirements for Federal Information and Information Systems", pp. 1-9 |
| 2a | <ul style="list-style-type: none">NIST SP 800-60V2R1 "Appendices to Guide for Mapping Types of Information and Information Systems to Security Categories"Case Study 1 "A High performance computing cluster under attack: The Titan incident", in the <i>Harvard Business Publishing course pack</i> |

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2. Answer Questions: Questions for each topical unit are available on the class website, under "READING & CASE STUDY QUESTIONS". Post your answer to each of the questions you work through the readings by the **Saturday before our first face to face class at midnight.**

3. One Key Point Taken from Each Assigned Reading: To facilitate participation and active participation in class you are required to summarize and discuss one key point you took from each assigned reading.

Case Studies: Case study analysis will be conducted in three phases:
1. **Individual preparation:** is done as homework assignment questions you answer that will prepare you to contribute to group discussion meetings. It will

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A mixed exam can only be made up in the case of documented and verifiable extreme emergency-situation. To make-up is possible for Final Exam.

Evaluation and Grading

| Item | Weight | Grading Scale |
|---------------|-------------|------------------|
| Assignments | 25% | 84-100 A 73-76 C |
| Participation | 25% | 70-79 B 61-69 D |
| Team Project | 25% | 83-86 B 63-66 D |
| Exams | 25% | 80-82 B 60-62 D |
| | 100% | 77-79 C+ 60-60 F |

Grading Criteria
The following criteria are used for evaluating assignments. You can roughly translate a letter grade as the midpoint in the scale (for example, an A, equates to a 91.5).

| Criteria | Grade |
|---|-----------|
| The assignment consistently exceeds expectations. It demonstrates originality of thought and creativity throughout. Beyond completing all of the required elements, new concepts and ideas are detailed that transcend general discussions along similar topic areas. There are no mechanical, grammatical, or organization issues that detract from the ideas. | A or A- |
| The assignment consistently meets expectations. It contains all the information prescribed for the assignment and demonstrates a command of the subject matter. There is sufficient detail to cover the subject completely but not too much as to be distracting. There are no serious procedural issues, such as grammar or organizational challenges, but there are not significantly detract from the intended assignment goals. | B, B+, B- |
| The assignment falls to consistently meet expectations. That is, the assignment is complete but contains problems that detract from the intended goals. These issues may be relating to content, detail, grammatical, or be a general lack of clarity. Other problems might include not fully following assignment directions. | C, C+, C- |
| The assignment consistently fails to meet expectations. It is incomplete or in some other way does not meet the assignment's requirements. | Below C- |

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Online Classroom Etiquette
The expectation is that students attending online courses will behave in the same manner as if they were in a live classroom. Be courteous and professional in your location, attire and behavior. Specifically, your location should reflect a clean and professional appearance - not a bedroom, crowded conference room, loud restaurant/bar, etc. Your attire should mirror what you might wear to a live classroom. We expect that students will not disrupt class through visuals or verbal outbursts, such as but not limited to, conversations with other people in the room, engaging in inappropriate behavior while you are in class or distracting the class in any other way. In addition, students should refrain from doing something in their online class that they would not do in a live classroom, which includes eating large meals, drinking alcohol, vaping, getting up often and leaving the online class (not staying at their computer). You should arrive on time and leave when the class is over. If there is an emergency of some kind, notify your faculty member via email or the chat function in Zoom.

Online exam proctoring
ZoomLabs or a similar proctoring tool may be used to proctor exams or quizzes in this course. These tools verify your identity and record online actions and surroundings. It is your responsibility to have the necessary government or school issued ID, a laptop or desktop computer with a reliable internet connection, the Google Chrome and ZoomLabs extension, a webcam/built-in camera and microphone, and system requirements for using ZoomLabs or a similar proctoring tool. Before the exam begins, the proctor may require a scan of the room in which you are taking the exam.

Student and Faculty Academic Rights & Responsibilities
Freedom to teach and freedom to learn are inseparable facets of academic freedom. The University has a policy on Student and Faculty Academic Rights and Responsibilities (Policy #03370.02) which can be accessed at policy.temple.edu.

Inclement Weather Policy
Please be advised that while Temple University campuses may close for inclement weather, online courses are not on campus and therefore are still expected to meet. Your instructor will contact you regarding any adjustments needed in the event of a power outage or severe weather.

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Required Textbook and Readings

- Secure Computer Security, 3rd Edition*, 2011, Boyle, Randall J., and Panko, Raymond R., Pearson, ISBN: 13 9780135212428
- Weekly readings will also be found under the SCHEDULE menu on the class website, including:
 - National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Special Publication 800 Series documents describing federal government security policies, procedures and guidelines
 - Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS)
 - Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program (FedRAMP) documents and templates
 - Articles from OWASP, Microsoft, and other sources
- Case studies and a reading are available as a course pack for purchase from Harvard Business Publishing available at <https://hbsp.harvard.edu/courses/10671306>

Class Schedule

| Unit # | Topics |
|--------|--|
| 0a | Introduction |
| 0b | The Threat Environment |
| 1a | System Security Plan |
| 1b | Planning and Policy |
| 2a | Case Study 1 "A High-Performance Computing Cluster Under Attack: The Titan Incident" |
| 2b | Cryptography |
| 3a | Secure Networks |
| 3b | Firewalls, Intrusion Detection and Protection Systems |
| 4a | MID-Term Exam |
| 4b | Case Study 2 "Data Breach or Equifax" |
| 5a | Access Control |
| 5b | Host Hardening |
| 6a | Application Security |
| 6b | Data Protection |
| 7a | Incident and Disaster Response |
| 7b | Team Project Presentations |
| 8 | Team Project Presentations / Final Exam |

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Participation
Your participation in class discussions is critical. Evaluation is based on you consistently demonstrating your thoughtful engagement with the material. Assessment is based on what you contribute. The frequency and quality of your contributions are equally important.

Team Project Presentation
During Unit #1b students will be organized into project teams. Each team will identify an information system and follow up throughout the week by developing a system security plan (SSP) for the information system which they will present to the class during Units #7b-8. Each team will present their SSP in 15 minutes and answer questions posed by the members of the other teams during a question and answer (Q&A) session.

| Unit # | Team Project Schedule |
|--------|---|
| 2 | 1 st Draft System Security Plan (SSP) review |
| 3 | 2 nd Draft SSP Review |
| 4 | 3 rd Draft SSP Review |
| 7b | Presentation of Final Deliverables |
| 8 | Presentation of Final Deliverables |

Final deliverable document submission instructions: For your name, class name, section number and the week of the assignment in the top-left corner of the header of the document. Name your submitted document file using the following naming convention and upload it to your Canvas. File naming convention course number (MIS5214), followed by a dash (-), followed by your name (first-last), followed by an underscore (_), followed by the name of the assignment. For example: MIS5214-David-Lanter_2ndDraft-SSP.pdf.

Exams
There will be two exams given during the semester: Mid-Term and Final exams. Together these exams are weighted 20% of your final grade.

| Unit # | Exam |
|--------|----------|
| 4a | Mid-Term |
| | Final |

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Attendance Protocol and Your Health
Instructors are required to ensure that attendance is recorded for each in-person or synchronous class session. The primary reason for documentation of attendance is to facilitate contact tracing so that a student or instructor with whom you have had close contact tests positive for COVID-19, the university can contact you. Recording of attendance will also provide an opportunity for outreach from student services and/or academic support units to support students should they become ill. Faculty and students agree to act in good faith and work with mutual flexibility. The expectation is that students will be honest in representing class attendance.

Video Recording and Sharing Policy
Any recordings permitted in this class can only be used for the student's personal educational use. Students are not permitted to copy, publish, or redistribute audio or video recordings of any portion of the class session to individuals who are not students in the course or academic program without the express permission of the faculty member and of any students who are recorded. Distribution without permission may be a violation of educational privacy law, known as FERPA as well as certain copyright laws. Any recordings made by the instructor or university of this course are the property of Temple University. Any unauthorized redistribution of video content is subject to review by the Dean's office and the University Disciplinary Committee. Penalties can include revoking an F in the course and posting your name to the University's disciplinary website. This includes but is not limited to: assignment video submissions, faculty recorded lectures or reviews, class meetings (live or recorded), breakout sessions, meetings, and more.

Code of Conduct Statement for Online Classes Online Behavior
Students are expected to be respectful of one another and the instructor in online discussions. The goal is to foster a safe learning environment where students feel comfortable in discussing concepts and in applying them in class. If for any reason your behavior is viewed as disruptive to the class, you will be asked to leave and you will be marked absent from that class. Please read the university policy concerning disruptive behavior.
The disruptive student is one who persistently makes inordinate demands for time and attention from faculty and staff, habitually interferes with the learning environment by disruptive verbal or behavioral expressions, verbally threatens or abuses college personnel, willfully damages college property, misuses drugs or alcohol on college premises, or physically threatens or assaults others. The

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Attendance Protocol and Your Health
Instructors are required to ensure that attendance is recorded for each in-person or synchronous class session. The primary reason for documentation of attendance is to facilitate contact tracing so that a student or instructor with whom you have had close contact tests positive for COVID-19, the university can contact you. Recording of attendance will also provide an opportunity for outreach from student services and/or academic support units to support students should they become ill. Faculty and students agree to act in good faith and work with mutual flexibility. The expectation is that students will be honest in representing class attendance.

Video Recording and Sharing Policy
Any recordings permitted in this class can only be used for the student's personal educational use. Students are not permitted to copy, publish, or redistribute audio or video recordings of any portion of the class session to individuals who are not students in the course or academic program without the express permission of the faculty member and of any students who are recorded. Distribution without permission may be a violation of educational privacy law, known as FERPA as well as certain copyright laws. Any recordings made by the instructor or university of this course are the property of Temple University. Any unauthorized redistribution of video content is subject to review by the Dean's office and the University Disciplinary Committee. Penalties can include revoking an F in the course and posting your name to the University's disciplinary website. This includes but is not limited to: assignment video submissions, faculty recorded lectures or reviews, class meetings (live or recorded), breakout sessions, meetings, and more.

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Disability Statement
Any student who has a need for accommodations based on the impact of a documented disability or medical condition should contact Disability Resources and Services (DRS) in 100 Ritter Annex (drr@temple.edu, 215-204-1280) to request accommodations and learn more about the resources available to you. If you have a DRS accommodation letter to share with me or you would like to discuss your accommodations please contact me as soon as practical. I will work with you and with DRS to coordinate reasonable accommodations for all students with documented disabilities. All discussions related to your accommodations will be confidential.

Temple University's Technology Usage Policy
This site includes information on unauthorized access, disclosure of passwords, and sharing of accounts. <https://security.temple.edu/sites/default/files/policies/04/711.pdf>

MIS 5214 – Security Architecture Spring 2022

Instructor

David Lanter, Ph.D. GISP CISA CISSP
Office Hours: Via Zoom by appointment
Email: David.Lanter@temple.edu
e-profile: <http://community.mis.temple.edu/dlanter/>

Class Format:

Online
Class Meetings: February 27- March 6, 8:00 AM – 12:00 PM Beijing Time

Class Location: [Zoom link \(click here\)](#)

Website: <https://community.mis.temple.edu/mis5214sec951spring2022/welcome-to-security-architecture/>

Canvas: <https://templeu.instructure.com/courses/110308>

Description

In this course you will study and learn about how organizations plan, design and develop enterprise security architecture. IT security capabilities are aligned with business goals and strategy, and IT system security architectures and capabilities are assessed.

Objectives

1. Learn key Enterprise Security Architecture concepts
2. Develop an understanding of contextual, conceptual, logical, physical and component levels or security architectures and how they relate to one another
3. Learn how security architectures are planned, designed and documented
4. Gain an overview of how security architectures are evaluated and assessed
5. Gain experience working as part of team, developing and delivering a professional presentation

Required Textbook and Readings

- [Corporate Computer Security, 5th Edition](#), 2021, Boyle, Randall J. and Panko, Raymond R., Pearson, ISBN-13: 9780135823248
- Weekly readings will also be found under the SCHEDULE menu on the class website, including:
 - National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Special Publication 800 Series documents describing federal government security policies, procedures and guidelines
 - Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS)
 - Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program (FedRAMP) documents and templates
 - Articles from OWASP, Microsoft, and other sources
- Case studies and a reading are available as a course pack for purchase from Harvard Business Publishing available at: <https://hbsp.harvard.edu/import/897080>

Class Schedule

| Unit # | Topics |
|--------|--|
| 0a | Introduction |
| 0b | The Threat Environment |
| 1a | System Security Plan |
| 1b | Planning and Policy |
| 2a | Case Study 1 "A High-Performance Computing Cluster Under Attack: The Titan Incident" |
| 2b | Cryptography |
| 3a | Secure Networks |
| 3b | Firewalls, Intrusion Detection and Protection Systems |
| 4a | Mid-Term Exam |
| 4b | Case Study 2 "Data Breach at Equifax" |
| 5a | Access Control |
| 5b | Host Hardening |
| 6a | Application Security |
| 6b | Data Protection |
| 7a | Incident and Disaster Response |
| 7b | Team Project Presentations |
| 8 | Team Project Presentations / Review |
| | Final Exam |

Syllabus

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Assignments

The readings, questions, and case study assignments have been chosen to bring the real world into class discussion while illustrating fundamental concepts.

1. **Readings:** Below is the reading schedule you are responsible for completing. Complete each reading and answer reading discussion questions posted to the class website before the first class:

| Unit # | Readings |
|--------|---|
| 0b | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Boyle and Panko: Chapter 1 The Threat EnvironmentRoss, J.W., Weill P., and Robertson D.C. (2008), "Implement the Operating Model Via Enterprise Architecture" (in the Harvard Business Publishing course pack)NIST SP 800-100 "Information Security Handbook: A Guide for Managers", Chapter 10 Risk Management pp.84-95 |
| 1a | <ul style="list-style-type: none">NIST SP 800-18r1 "Guide for Developing Security Plans for Federal Information Systems""FedRAMP System Security Plan (SSP) Low Moderate High Baseline Master Template"FIPS 199 "Standards for Security Categorization of Federal Information and Information Systems" |
| 1b | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Boyle and Panko, Chapter 2 Planning and PolicyNIST SP 800-100 "Information Security Handbook: A Guide for Managers", Chapter 8 – Security Planning, pp. 67-77NIST SP 800-60V1R1 "Guide for Mapping Types of Information and Information Systems to Security Categories", pp. 1-34FIPS 200 "Minimum Security Requirements for Federal Information and Information Systems", pp. 1-9 <p>Reference</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">NIST SP 800-60V2R1 "Appendices to Guide for Mapping Types of Information and Information Systems to Security Categories" |
| 2a | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Case Study 1: "A High-performance computing cluster under attack: The Titan Incident", (in the Harvard Business Publishing course pack) |
| 2b | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Boyle and Panko, Chapter 3 CryptographyNIST SP 800-53r4 "Security and Privacy Controls for Federal Information Systems and Organizations", pp. 1-44NIST SP 800-53Ar4 "Assessing Security and Privacy Controls for Federal Information and Information Systems", pp. 1-28 |
| 3a | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Boyle and Panko, Module A "Networking Concepts" and Chapter 4 "Security Networks"NIST SP 800-145 "The NIST Definition of Cloud Computing"An Introduction to DDoS – Distributed Denial of Service Attack |

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| | |
|----|--|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Public Key Infrastructure and PKI Elements |
| 3b | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Boyle and Panko, Chapter 6 FirewallsBasile, C., Matteo, M.C., Mutti, S. and Paraboschi, S. "Detection of Conflicts in Security Policies", in Vacca, J.R. (2017) <i>Computer and Information Security Handbook, Third Edition, Chapter 55, pp. 781-799.</i> |
| 4b | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Case Study 2 "Data Breach at Equifax", (in the Harvard Business Publishing course pack) |
| 5a | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Boyle and Panko, Chapter 5 Access ControlNIST SP 800-63-3 "Digital Identity Guidelines"NIST SP 800-63A "Digital Identity Guidelines Enrollment and Identity Proofing"NIST SP 800-63B "Digital Identity Guidelines Authentication and Lifecycle Management" |
| 5b | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Boyle and Panko, Chapter 7 Host HardeningNIST SP 800-123 Guide to General Server Security |
| 6a | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Boyle and Panko, Chapter 8 Application SecurityOWASP Top 10, IntroductionHow to use the OWASP Top 10 as a standardHow to start an AppSec program with OWASP Top 10OWASP Attack Surface Cheat Sheet |
| 6b | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Boyle and Panko, Chapter 9 Data Protection |
| 7a | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Boyle and Panko, Chapter 10 Incident & Disaster ResponseNIST SP 800-34r1 Contingency Planning Guide for Federal Information Systems |

2. **Answer Questions:** Questions for each topical unit are available on the class website, under "READING & CASE STUDY QUESTIONS". Post your answer to each of the questions as you work through the readings **by the Saturday before our first face to face class at midnight.**

To do so, click "Leave a Comment". Provide a paragraph or two of thoughtful analysis as your answer to each question. Late submissions of answers will result in lost credit for the assignment.

- **One Key Point Taken from Each Assigned Reading:** To facilitate preparation and active participation in class you are required to summarize and discuss one key point you took from each assigned reading.

Case Studies: Case study analysis will be conducted in three phases:

- i. **Individual preparation** is done as homework assignment questions you answer that will prepare you to contribute in group discussion meetings. It will

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prepare you to learn from what others say. To fully benefit from the interchange of ideas about a case's problem, however, you must possess a good understanding of the facts of the case and have your own ideas. Studying the case, doing your homework and answering the questions readies you to react to what others say. This is how we learn.

- ii. **Group discussions** will be conducted during class as informal sessions of give and take. Come with your own ideas and leave with better understanding. By pooling your insights with the group you advance your own analysis. Discussions within small groups is also helpful for those uncomfortable talking in large classes to express their views and gain feedback.
- iii. **Class discussion** advances learning from the case but does not solve the case. Rather it helps develop your understanding why you need to gain more knowledge and learn concepts that provide the basis of your intellectual toolkit you develop in class and apply in practice.

You will find the questions for each case study posted on the class website under READING & CASE STUDY QUESTIONS. You will not post your answers to the case study questions on the class website. Instead you will upload two files to Canvas: One file will contain your answers to Case Study 1's questions, and the second file will contain your answers to Case Study 2.

Upload your answers to the case study questions to Canvas no later than the **Saturday before our first face to face class together at Midnight.**

Your written answers to the case study questions should not exceed one single-spaced page using 11 point Times New Roman font with one-inch margins. Be sure to include each question (including number) along with the answers in your document. Do not prepare a separate cover page, instead put your name, the class section number (MIS5214.BNAI), and the case name in the top-left corner of the header.

Name your submitted document file and upload it to Canvas using the following file naming convention: class section number (MIS5214-BNAI), followed by an underscore (" _ "), followed by your name (last-first), followed by an underscore (" _ "), followed by the Case for the assignment.

For example: MIS5214-BNAI_Lanter-David_Case1.pdf for the first case study, and MIS5214-BNAI_Lanter-David_Case 2.pdf for the second case study.

Below is the schedule for the Case Studies:

| Unit | Case Study |
|------|---|
| 1c | Case Study 1: A High-performance computing cluster under attack: the Titan incident |
| 3b | Case Study 2: "Cyberattack: The Maersk Global Supply-Chain Meltdown" |

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Participation

Your participation in class discussions is critical. Evaluation is based on you consistently demonstrating your thoughtful engagement with the material. Assessment is based on what you contribute. The frequency and quality of your contributions are equally important.

Team Project Presentation

During Unit #1b students will be organized into project teams. Each team will identify an information system and follow up throughout the week by developing a system security plan (SSP) for the information system which they will present to the class during Units #7b/#8. Each team will present their SSP in 15 minutes and answer questions posed by the members of the other teams during a question and answer (Q&A) session.

Below is the schedule for the Team Projects:

| Unit # | Team Project Schedule |
|--------|---|
| 2 | 1 st Draft System Security Plan (SSP) review |
| 3 | 2 nd Draft SSP Review |
| 4 | 3 rd Draft SSP Review |
| 7b | Presentation of Final Deliverables |
| 8 | Presentation of Final Deliverables |

Draft System Security Plans: For these assignments you and your team should schedule time and meet with your instructor to review and gain feedback on your security architecture solution. You may produce system and security architecture diagrams using a graphic drawing software tool of your choosing. (e.g. <https://app.diagrams.net/>, PowerPoint, Microsoft Visio, etc.)

Final deliverable document submission instructions: Put your name, class section number and the week of the assignment in the top-left corner of the header of the document. Name your submitted document file using the following naming convention and upload it to your Canvas. File naming convention: course number (MIS5214), followed by a dash ("-"), followed by your name (first-last), followed by an underscore ("dash"), followed by the name of the assignment. For example: MIS5214-David-Lanter_2ndDraft-SSP.pdf.

Exams

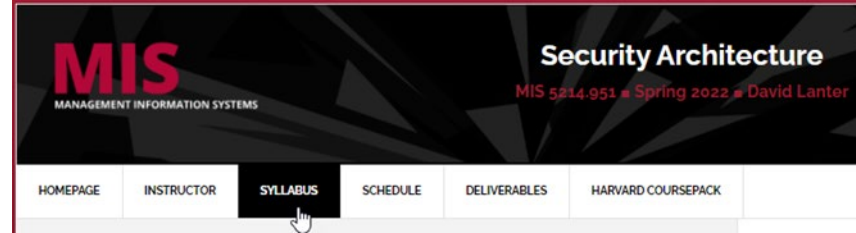
There will be two exams given during the semester: Mid-Term and Final exams. Together these exams are weighted 20% of your final grade.

Below is the Exam schedule:

| Unit # | Exam |
|--------|----------|
| 4a | Mid-Term |
| | Final |

Mid-Term Exam will occur during class on March 4, and Final Exam will be made available in Canvas and must be completed on March 9. In general, the final exam will be cumulative.

Syllabus



A missed exam can only be made up in the case of documented and verifiable extreme emergency-situation. No make-up is possible for Final Exam.

Evaluation and Grading

| Item | Weight | Grading Scale | | | |
|---------------|--------|---------------|----|----------|----|
| Assignments | 25% | 94 – 100 | A | 73 – 76 | C |
| Participation | 25% | 90 – 93 | A- | 70 – 72 | C- |
| Team Project | 25% | 87 – 89 | B+ | 67 – 69 | D+ |
| Exams | 25% | 83 – 86 | B | 63 – 66 | D |
| | 100% | 80 – 82 | B- | 60 – 62 | D- |
| | | 77 – 79 | C+ | Below 60 | F |

Grading Criteria

The following criteria are used for evaluating assignments. You can roughly translate a letter grade as the midpoint in the scale (for example, an A- equates to a 91.5).

| Criteria | Grade |
|---|-----------|
| The assignment consistently exceeds expectations. It demonstrates originality of thought and creativity throughout. Beyond completing all of the required elements, new concepts and ideas are detailed that transcend general discussions along similar topic areas. There are no mechanical, grammatical, or organization issues that detract from the ideas. | A- or A |
| The assignment consistently meets expectations. It contains all the information prescribed for the assignment and demonstrates a command of the subject matter. There is sufficient detail to cover the subject completely but not too much as to be distracting. There may be some procedural issues, such as grammar or organizational challenges, but these do not significantly detract from the intended assignment goals. | B-, B, B+ |
| The assignment fails to consistently meet expectations. That is, the assignment is complete but contains problems that detract from the intended goals. These issues may be relating to content detail, be grammatical, or be a general lack of clarity. Other problems might include not fully following assignment directions. | C-, C, C+ |
| The assignment constantly fails to meet expectations. It is incomplete or in some other way consistently fails to demonstrate a firm grasp of the assigned material. | Below C- |

Late Assignment Policy

An assignment is considered late if it is turned in after the assignment deadlines stated above. No late assignments will be accepted without penalty unless arrangements for validated unusual or unforeseen situations have been made.

- Participation and case study contributions cannot be turned in late. If you miss contributing prior to the deadline for class that week you will receive no credit for it.
- Assignments will be assessed a 20% penalty each day they are late. No credit is given for assignments turned in over five calendar days past the due date.

- You must submit all assignments, even if no credit is given. If you skip an assignment, an additional 10 points will be subtracted from your final grade in the course.
- Plan ahead and backup your work. **Equipment failure is not an acceptable reason for turning in an assignment late.**

TEMPLE AND COVID-19

Temple University's motto is *Perseverance Conquers*, and we will meet the challenges of the COVID pandemic with flexibility and resilience. The university has made plans for multiple eventualities. Working together as a community to deliver a meaningful learning experience is a **responsibility** we all share: we're in this together so we can be together.

Attendance Protocol and Your Health

Instructors are required to ensure that attendance is recorded for each in-person or synchronous class session. The primary reason for documentation of attendance is to facilitate contact tracing, so that if a student or instructor with whom you have had close contact tests positive for COVID-19, the university can contact you. Recording of attendance will also provide an opportunity for outreach from student services and/or academic support units to support students should they become ill. Faculty and students agree to act in good faith and work with mutual flexibility. The expectation is that students will be honest in representing class attendance.

Video Recording and Sharing Policy

Any recordings permitted in this class can only be used for the student's personal educational use. Students are not permitted to copy, publish, or redistribute audio or video recordings of any portion of the class session to individuals who are not students in the course or academic program without the express permission of the faculty member and of any students who are recorded. Distribution without permission may be a violation of educational privacy law, known as FERPA as well as certain copyright laws. Any recordings made by the instructor or university of this course are the property of Temple University. Any unauthorized redistribution of video content is subject to review by the Dean's office, and the University Disciplinary Committee. Penalties can include receiving an F in the course and possible expulsion from the university. This includes but is not limited to: assignment video submissions, faculty recorded lectures or reviews, class meetings (live or recorded), breakout session meetings, and more.

Code of Conduct Statement for Online Classes Online Behavior

Students are expected to be respectful of one another and the instructor in online discussions. The goal is to foster a safe learning environment where students feel comfortable in discussing concepts and in applying them in class. If for any reason your behavior is viewed as disruptive to the class, you will be asked to leave and you will be marked absent from that class. Please read the university policy concerning disruptive behavior:

The disruptive student is one who persistently makes inordinate demands for time and attention from faculty and staff, habitually interferes with the learning environment by disruptive verbal or behavioral expressions, verbally threatens or abuses college personnel, willfully damages college property, misuses drugs or alcohol on college premises, or physically threatens or assaults others. The

result is the disruption of academic, administrative, social, or recreational activities on campus.

Online Classroom Etiquette

The expectation is that students attending online courses will behave in the same manner as if they were in a live classroom. Be courteous and professional in your location, attire and behavior. Specifically, your location should reflect a clean and professional appearance - not a bedroom, crowded conference room, loud restaurant/bar, etc. Your attire should mirror what you might wear to a live classroom. We expect that students will not disrupt class through visuals or verbal outbursts, such as but not limited to, conversations with other people in the room, engaging in inappropriate behavior while you are in class or distracting the class in any other way. In addition, students should refrain from doing something in their online class that they would not do in a live classroom, which includes eating large meals, drinking alcohol, vaping, getting up often and leaving the online class (not staying at their computer). You should arrive on time and leave when the class is over. If there is an emergency of some kind, notify your faculty member via email or the chat function in Zoom.

Online exam proctoring

Proctorio or a similar proctoring tool may be used to proctor exams or quizzes in this course. These tools verify your identity and record online actions and surroundings. It is your responsibility to have the necessary government or school issued ID, a laptop or desktop computer with a reliable internet connection, the Google Chrome and **Proctorio** extension, a webcam/built-in camera and microphone, and system requirements for using **Proctorio** or a similar proctoring tool. Before the exam begins, the proctor may require a scan of the room in which you are taking the exam.

Student and Faculty Academic Rights & Responsibilities

Freedom to teach and freedom to learn are inseparable facets of academic freedom. The University has a policy on Student and Faculty Academic Rights and Responsibilities (Policy #03.70.02) which can be accessed at policies.temple.edu.

Inclement Weather Policy

Please be advised that while Temple University campuses may close for inclement weather, online courses are not on-campus and therefore are still expected to meet. Your instructor will contact you regarding any adjustments needed in the event of a power outage or severe circumstances. Should you have any questions, please contact the professor.

Academic Honesty

Learning is both an individual and a cooperative undertaking. Asking for and giving help freely in all appropriate setting helps you to learn. You should represent only your own work as your own. *Personal integrity* is the basis for intellectual and academic integrity. *Academic integrity is the basis for academic freedom and the University's position of influence and trust in our society.* University and school rules and standards define and prohibit "academic misconduct" by all members of the academic community including students. You are asked and expected to be familiar with these standards and to abide by them. A link to Temple's Policy on Academic Dishonesty can be found at the following link: <https://grad.temple.edu/resources/policies-procedures>

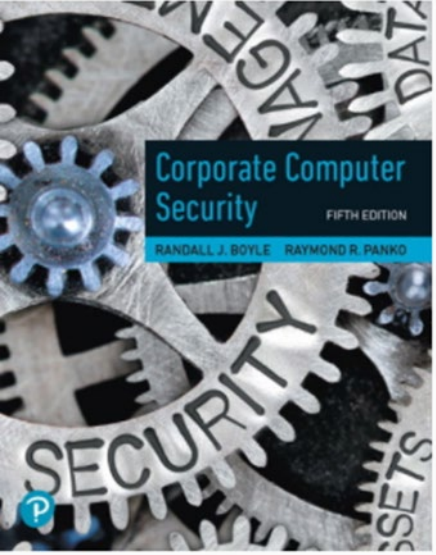
Disability Statement

Any student who has a need for accommodations based on the impact of a documented disability or medical condition should contact Disability Resources and Services (DRS) in 100 Ritter Annex (drs@temple.edu; 215-204-1280) to request accommodations and learn more about the resources available to you. If you have a DRS accommodation letter to share with me, or you would like to discuss your accommodations, please contact me as soon as practical. I will work with you and with DRS to coordinate reasonable accommodations for all students with documented disabilities. All discussions related to your accommodations will be confidential.

Temple University's Technology Usage Policy

This site includes information on unauthorized access, disclosure of passwords, and sharing of accounts. <https://secretary.temple.edu/sites/secretary/files/policies/04.71.11.pdf>

Readings - Textbook and Readings



| Unit # | Readings |
|--------|--|
| 0b | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Boyle and Panko: Chapter 1 The Threat Environment Ross, J.W., Weill P., and Robertson D.C. (2008), "Implement the Operating Model Via Enterprise Architecture" (in the Harvard Business Publishing course pack) NIST SP 800-100 "Information Security Handbook: A Guide for Managers", Chapter 10 Risk Management pp.84-95 |
| 1a | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> NIST SP 800-18r1 "Guide for Developing Security Plans for Federal Information Systems" "FedRAMP System Security Plan (SSP) Low Moderate High Baseline Master Template" FIPS 199 "Standards for Security Categorization of Federal Information and Information Systems" |
| 1b | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Boyle and Panko, Chapter 2 Planning and Policy NIST SP 800-100 "Information Security Handbook: A Guide for Managers", Chapter 8 – Security Planning, pp. 67-77 NIST SP 800-60V1R1 "Guide for Mapping Types of Information and Information Systems to Security Categories", pp. 1-34 FIPS 200 "Minimum Security Requirements for Federal Information and Information Systems", pp. 1-9 <p>Reference</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> NIST SP 800-60V2R1 "Appendices to Guide for Mapping Types of Information and Information Systems to Security Categories" |
| 1c | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Case Study 1: "A High-performance computing cluster under attack: The Titan Incident", (in the Harvard Business Publishing course pack) |
| 2a | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Boyle and Panko, Chapter 3 Cryptography NIST SP 800-53r4 "Security and Privacy Controls for Federal Information Systems and Organizations", pp. 1-44 NIST SP 800 53Ar4 "Assessing Security and Privacy Controls for Federal Information and Information Systems", pp. 1-28 |
| 2b | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Boyle and Panko, Module 1 "Networking Concepts" and Chapter 4 "Security Networks" NIST SP 800-145 "The NIST Definition of Cloud Computing" An Introduction to DDoS – Distributed Denial of Service Attack Public Key Infrastructure and PKI Elements |
| 2c | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Boyle and Panko, Chapter 6 Firewalls Basile, C., Matteo, M.C., Mutti, S. and Paraboschi, S. "Detection of Conflicts in Security Policies", in Vacca, J.R. (2017) Computer and Information Security Handbook, Third Edition, Chapter 55, pp. 781-799. |
| 3b | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Case Study 2 "Cyberattack: The Maersk Global Supply-Chain Meltdown", (in the Harvard Business Publishing course pack) |
| 3c | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Boyle and Panko, Chapter 5 Access Control NIST SP 800-63-3 "Digital Identity Guidelines" NIST SP 800-63A "Digital Identity Guidelines Enrollment and Identity Proofing" NIST SP 800-63B "Digital Identity Guidelines Authentication and Lifecycle Management" |
| 4a | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Boyle and Panko, Chapter 7 Host Hardening NIST SP 800-123 Guide to General Server Security |
| 4b | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Boyle and Panko, Chapter 8 Application Security OWASP Top 10 OWASP Attack Surface Analysis Cheat Sheet |
| 4c | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Boyle and Panko, Chapter 9 Data Protection |
| 5a | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Boyle and Panko, Chapter 10 Incident & Disaster Response NIST SP 800 34r1 Contingency Planning Guide for Federal Information Systems |

Readings - Listed under SCHEDULE

The screenshot shows the course website for MIS 5214 Security Architecture. The header includes the MIS logo and the course title. A navigation menu contains links for HOME PAGE, INSTRUCTOR, SYLLABUS, SCHEDULE, DELIVERABLES, and HARVARD COURSEPACK. The SCHEDULE tab is active, displaying a table with two rows: 'First Half of the Course' and 'Second Half of the Course'. The 'Second Half of the Course' row is expanded to show sub-units: 'Unit 0a - Introduction', 'Unit 0b - The Threat Environment', 'Unit 1a - System Security Plan', and 'Unit 1b - Planning and'. The 'Unit 1a - System Security Plan' sub-unit is highlighted with a mouse cursor. Below the table, the 'Readings' section lists two items: 'NIST SP 800-18r1 "Guide for Developing Security Plans for Federal Information Systems"' and 'FedRAMP System Security Plan (SSP) Low Moderate High Baseline Master Template'. On the right side of the page, there is a section titled 'READINGS & CASE STUDY QUESTIONS' with two expandable items: 'oa - Introduction (1)' and 'ob - The Threat Environment (5)'.

Unit 1a – System Security Plan

Readings

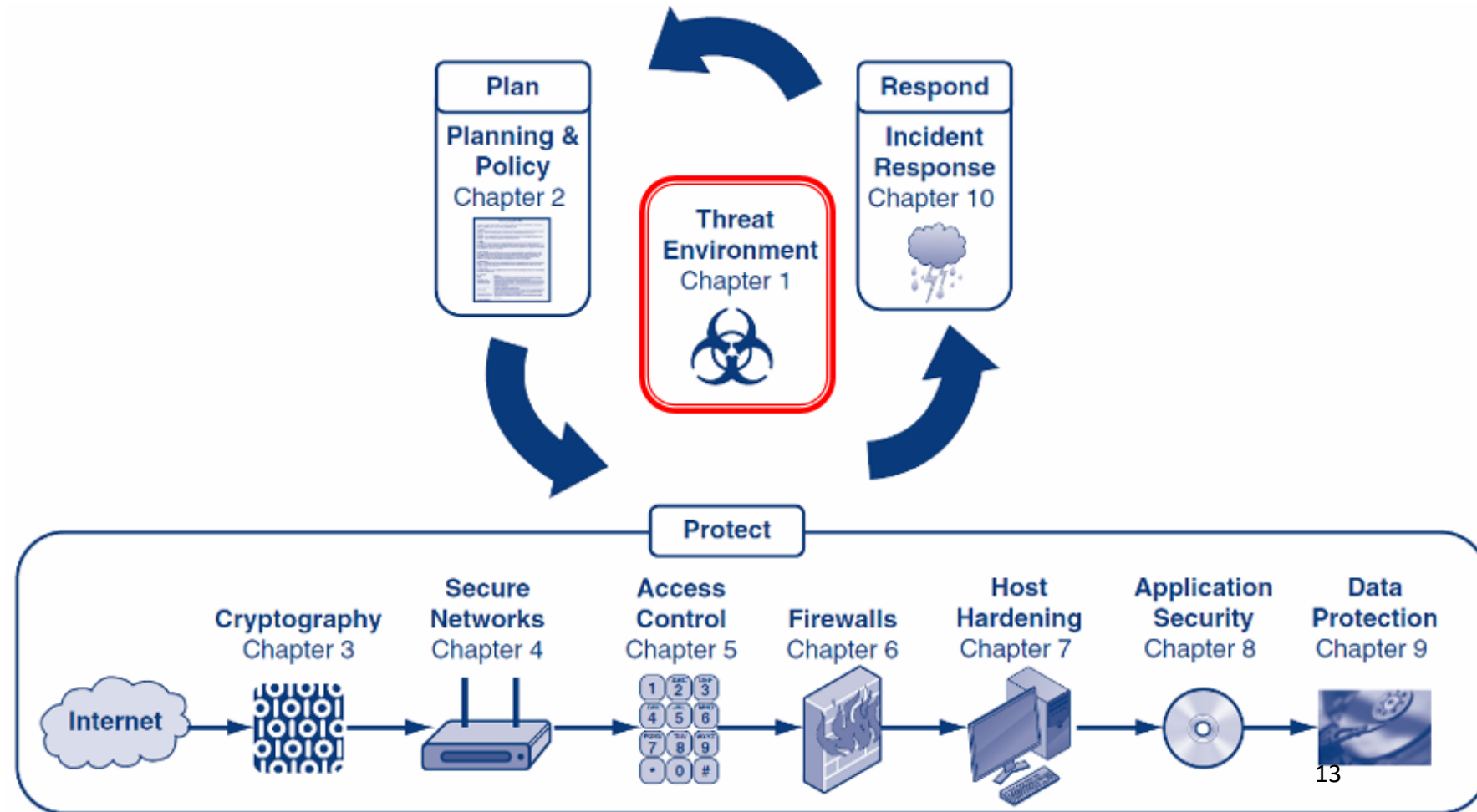
- NIST SP 800-18r1 "Guide for Developing Security Plans for Federal Information Systems"
- FedRAMP System Security Plan (SSP) Low Moderate High Baseline Master Template
- FIPS Pub 199 Standards for Security Categorization of Federal Information and Information Systems

Readings - Organization of textbook

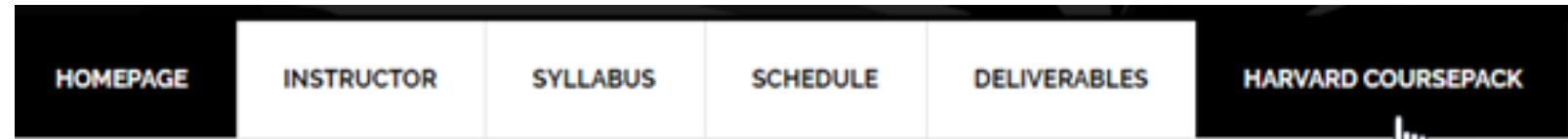


Corporate Computer Security,
5th Edition, 2021, Boyle, Randall
J. and Panko, Raymond R.,
Pearson, ISBN-13:
9780135823248

How is this book organized?



Harvard Business Publishing Course Pack



- 1 Reading
- 2 Case Studies

<https://hbsp.harvard.edu/import/897080>

MIS 5214
DAVID LANTER
Jan 03, 2022 – May 04, 2022

**MIS5214 Security Architecture -
Spring 2022**

Purchase required to access your materials

PURCHASE COURSEPACK

\$12.75

Chapter **Implement the Operating Model Via Enterprise Architecture** **Required**
\$4.25
Jeanne W. Ross, Peter Weill, David C. Robertson
27 page(s)
Expiration Date: July 3, 2022

Main Case **A High Performance Computing Cluster Under Attack: The Titan Incident** **Required**
\$4.25
Mark-David J McLaughlin, W Alec Cram, Janis L. Gogan
7 page(s)
Expiration Date: July 3, 2022

Main Case **Data Breach at Equifax** **Required**
\$4.25
Suraj Srinivasan, Quinn Pitcher, Jonah S. Goldberg
28 page(s)
Expiration Date: July 3, 2022

Class Schedule

Class Schedule

| Unit # | Topics |
|--------|---|
| 0a | Introduction |
| 0b | The Threat Environment |
| 1a | System Security Plan |
| 1b | Planning and Policy |
| 1c | Case Study 1 <i>"A High-Performance Computing Cluster Under Attack: The Titan Incident"</i> |
| 2a | Cryptography |
| 2b | Secure Networks |
| 2c | Firewalls, Intrusion Detection and Protection Systems |
| 3a | Mid-Term Exam |
| 3b | Case Study 2 <i>"Cyberattack: The Maersk Global Supply-Chain Meltdown"</i> |
| 3c | Access Control |
| 4a | Host Hardening |
| 4b | Application Security |
| 4c | Data Protection |
| 5a | Incident and Disaster Response |
| 5b | Team Project Presentations |
| 5c | Team Project Presentations / Review |
| | Final Exam |

Grading

| Item | Weight |
|---------------|-------------|
| Assignments | 25% |
| Participation | 25% |
| Team Project | 25% |
| Exams | 25% |
| | 100% |

Grading - Assignments

One Key Point Taken from Each Assigned Reading

*Post one or two sentences of thoughtful analysis about one key point you took from each assigned reading by **Saturday before our first class at Midnight***

ob - The Threat Environment

Boyle and Panko: Chapter 1 "The Threat Environment"

DECEMBER 1, 2020 BY DAVID LANTER — LEAVE A COMMENT (EDIT)

Post your thoughtful analysis about one key point you took from this assigned reading.

FILED UNDER: ob - THE THREAT ENVIRONMENT
TAGGED WITH:

NIST 800 100 Information Security Handbook Chapter 8

DECEMBER 1, 2020 BY DAVID LANTER — LEAVE A COMMENT (EDIT)

FILED UNDER: ob - THE THREAT ENVIRONMENT
TAGGED WITH:

Ross, J.W., Weill P., and Robertson D.C. (2008), "Implement the Operating Model Via Enterprise Architecture"

DECEMBER 1, 2020 BY DAVID LANTER — LEAVE A COMMENT (EDIT)

Post your thoughtful analysis about one key point you took from this assigned reading.

FILED UNDER: ob - THE THREAT ENVIRONMENT
TAGGED WITH:

NIST SP 800-100, Chapter 10 "Risk Management"

DECEMBER 1, 2020 BY DAVID LANTER — LEAVE A COMMENT (EDIT)

Post your thoughtful analysis about one key point you took from this assigned reading.

READINGS & CASE STUDY QUESTIONS

- > 0a - Introduction (1)
- > ob - The Threat Environment (5)
- > 1a - System Security Plan (4)
- > 1b - Planning and Policy (4)
- > 2a - Case Study 1 (4)
- > 2b - Cryptography (4)
- > 3a - Secure Networks (5)
- > 3b - Firewalls and IDS and IPS (3)
- > 4b - Case Study 2 (3)
- > 5a - Access Control (5)
- > 5b - Host Hardening (3)
- > 6a - Application Security (4)
- > 6b - Data Protection (2)
- > 7a - Incident and Disaster Response (3)

Grading - Participation

Your participation in class discussions is critical

- **Evaluation is based on you consistently demonstrating your thoughtful engagement with the material. Assessment is based on what you contribute**
- **The frequency and quality of your contributions are equally important**

Grading - Case Studies

| HOMEPAGE | INSTRUCTOR | SYLLABUS | SCHEDULE | DELIVERABLES | HARVARD COURSEPACK |
|----------|------------|----------|----------|---------------------|---|
| | | | | Assignments | |
| | | | | Case Studies | Case Study 1 – A High Performance Computing Cluster Under Attack: The Titan Incident |
| | | | | Participation | |
| | | | | Team Project | Case Study 2 – Data Breach at Equifax |

Journal of Information Technology Teaching Cases (2015) 5, 1-7
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jit.grajevnik.com/jitc

Teaching Case
A high performance computing cluster under attack: the Titan incident
Mark-David J McLaughlin^{1,2}, W Alec Cram¹, Janis L Gogan¹

¹Bentley University, Waltham, USA
²Osco Systems, San Jose, USA

Correspondence:
MDJ McLaughlin, Bentley University, 175 Forest St, Smith Technology Center, Waltham, MA 02452, USA.
Tel: +978 936 0188
Fax: +978 991 2599

Abstract
At the University of Oslo (UiO), CERT manager Margrete Raam learned of a network attack on Titan, a high-performance computing cluster that supported research conducted by scientists at CERT and other research institutions across Europe. The case describes the incident response, investigation, and clarification of the information security events that took place. As soon as Raam learned of the attack, she ordered that the system be disconnected from the Internet to contain the damage. Next, she launched an investigation, which over a few days pieced together logs from previous weeks to identify suspicious activity and locate the attack vector. Raam hopes to soon return Titan to its prior safe condition. In order to do so, she must decide what tasks still need to be completed to validate the systems and determine if it is safe to reconnect it to the Internet. She must also consider further steps to improve her team's ability to prevent, detect, and respond to similar incidents in the future. This case is designed for an undergraduate or graduate information security (infosec) class that includes students with varied technical and business backgrounds. The case supports discussion of technical and managerial infosec issues in inter-organizational systems—a topic that is currently underrepresented in major case collections. *Journal of Information Technology Teaching Cases* (2015) 5, 1-7. doi:10.1057/jitc.2015.1; published online 17 March 2015
Keywords: information security; incident response; risk management; inter-organizational collaboration; IT governance; high performance computing

Introduction
On the morning of 12 August, Margrete Raam, Computing Emergency Response Team (CERT) manager at the University of Oslo (Universitetet i Oslo, UiO), sat down to drink a cup of strong coffee and reflect on the events of the previous two and a half days. Around 5 o'clock in the evening on 9 August, Raam had returned to Norway after attending the annual DefCon security conference in Las Vegas with several colleagues. She was drowsy from jet-lag when her phone had rung and an engineer in UiO's research computing operations group told her, "Um, I think there might have been a break-in on the Titan cluster."
Raam now thought, "That may have been the understatement of the year," as she took another sip of coffee. UiO was a member of the Nordic Data Grid Facility (NDGF) of the European Grid Infrastructure (EGI). Titan, a high-performance computing cluster, was a shared resource that supported astrophysics research and other scientific initiatives sponsored by NDGF and/or EGI. The computational power supplied by Titan was essential to molecular biology research, DNA sequencing analysis, and petroleum reservoir simulations. Many scientists took advantage of Titan's extensive computational power by writing their own custom applications for their research. Ensuring the security of the Titan cluster was one of Raam's many responsibilities, and she was well aware of a troubling worldwide trend: cybercriminals frequently broke into various organizations' networks to steal username and password combinations (credentials) and then (capitalizing on the knowledge that many users re-used their passwords on other sites) used the stolen credentials to attack higher value targets. So, instead of catching up on her sleep the evening of 9 August, Margrete Raam was jolted into command mode.
News of the attack had triggered a madstrom of international activity as Raam and her team tried to determine what happened, contain the damage, and plan an orderly return to full operation. At Raam's direction, the Titan master node

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W19132

CYBERATTACK: THE MAERSK GLOBAL SUPPLY-CHAIN MELTDOWN¹

David Wesley and Professors Luis Dau and Alexandra Roth wrote this case solely to provide material for class discussion. The authors do not intend to illustrate either effective or ineffective handling of a managerial situation. The authors may have disguised certain names and other identifying information to protect confidentiality.

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Version: 2010-04-10

On June 26, 2017, Jim Hagemann Snabe had just arrived in California, where he was scheduled to speak the next morning on global risks and uncertainty at Stanford University's Directors' College. As he skimmed the participants' handout, he took note of the usual suspects: inflation, trade, energy price fluctuations, monetary policies, macroeconomic trends, and strained markets. Unbeknownst to Snabe, an event unfolding halfway across the globe was about to challenge those conventional notions of risk.

That night, while fast asleep in his Palo Alto hotel room, Snabe was suddenly jolted from his slumber by an incoming call on his cellphone. The Maersk chairman glanced at the iPhone dock on his bedside, which read "4:00 a.m." in a dim blue digital font. Who could be calling at this hour, he wondered.¹

"We've suffered a major cyberattack!" exclaimed the caller. "The network is down for the entire company—every system, in every location around the globe." Not even the telephone lines were spared. Maersk, which accounted for 18 per cent of global container shipping, had gone dark.

JIM HAGEMANN SNABE

Jim Hagemann Snabe was born in the small Danish commune of Egedal, approximately 30 kilometres from the Swedish border but spent his early childhood in Nnuk, a remote outpost in Greenland where his father was a helicopter pilot. It was a lonely and isolated existence in a place where it took a week or longer to receive a message from the outside world. Returning to Denmark for his high-school education was not easy, but he found solace in the "cold logic" of computers, on which he programmed simple games.¹

A self-described "nerd," Snabe attended Aarhus University in the late 1980s, where he studied mathematical proofs. However, his main love continued to be computers, and he secured part-time work in the business school's information technology department. "Mathematics is a lonely enterprise," explained Snabe. "My thesis was only read by three people, including my mother, and she did it out of courtesy."²

Upon receiving his master's degree in 1990, Snabe became a trainee at software giant SAP, Germany's second-largest company after Siemens.³ In the mid-1990s, Snabe left SAP for IBM, but returned less than two years later after being offered a position as regional manager for SAP's Nordic region. "At that time,

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es during the semester. I will prov
case study. Answer the questions in a way that demonstrat
ding of the security and audit concerns represented by the case. Case
shape process

Case study analysis

1. Individual preparation
2. Group discussion
3. Class discussion

BU-MIS-5214-951-39509-202203 > Assignments

2022 Spring

Search for Assignment

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Upcoming Assignments

Case Study 1: "A High-performance computing cluster under attack: The Titan Incident"
Available until Feb 26 at 11:59pm | Due Feb 25 at 10:59pm | -/10 pts

Case Study 2 "Data Breach at Equifax"
Available until Feb 26 at 11:59pm | Due Feb 25 at 11:59pm | -/10 pts

Team Project
Not available until Feb 26 at 12:00am | Due Mar 6 at 11:59am | -/20 pts

Grading - Team Project

Students will be organized into teams that work together on case studies and on the Team Project

Each team will be responsible for researching, developing and presenting a system security plan (SSP) for a cloud based enterprise information system

| Unit # | Team Project Schedule |
|--------|---|
| 2 | 1 st Draft System Security Plan (SSP) review |
| 3 | 2 nd Draft SSP Review |
| 4 | 3 rd Draft SSP Review |
| 7b | Presentation of Final Deliverables |
| 8 | Presentation of Final Deliverables |

- SSP will include technical specifications and diagrams illustrating the security architecture of an information system
- Teams will develop and deliver a 15-minute presentation on the system's security architecture, followed by questioning by the other project teams

Grading - Exams

| Unit # | Exam |
|--------|----------|
| 3a | Mid-Term |
| | Final |

Agenda

- Welcome
- Course Goals
- Course Web Site
- Instructor
- Syllabus
- Textbook and readings
- Class Schedule
- Grading